

NEW BATTLE DEVELOPING NORTH OF PRZEMYSL WHERE RUSSIANS HOLD STRONG POSITIONS

Germans Bring Troops From West in Effort To Crush Russians

Czar's Troops Have Made Strong Stand and Germans Find Themselves on Defensive — Saxon and Bavarian Regiments Suffered Heavy Losses — Carpathian Campaign an Unwise Undertaking?

Petrograd, May 18.—The following official announcement was given out today at Russian army headquarters: "After the complete repulse of the attacks delivered last Friday by two German divisions in the vicinity of Shavil, the German forces in this region have adopted purely defensive tactics, and this in spite of the concentration in the Shavil district of large enemy forces of all arms."

"On the Duhysa river the presence has been revealed of German regiments only recently brought to the Russian front. It evidently is the plan of our adversaries to send against our positions in both Galicia and Courland soldiers who have been brought from France and Belgium. Entire army corps and separate divisions belonging to different units are moving to our front."

"It would appear that the renewed activity on the French front has prevented the enemy from carrying out his plans thus to move his forces, in spite of the fact that this project had assumed considerable proportions in the month of April."

"The Saxon and Bavarian regiments of the enemy, and apparently all the infantry regiments of the Prussian Guard, have sustained very heavy losses during their attack on our fortified positions."

GERMANS CONCENTRATING NORTH OF PRZEMYSL WHERE ANOTHER BIG BATTLE IS DEVELOPING

Petrograd, via London, May 18 (5 p. m.).—Efforts of the Germans to force a crossing of the River San, in Central Galicia are being concentrated north of Przemyśl, where a battle for

the fortifications along the river slopes is now developing. According to latest reports the Germans have been unable as yet to reach within striking distance of Jaroslau and the other fortresses which constitute one of the strongest Russian defensive lines.

(The Austrian official report of May 15 said that the Germans had occupied Jaroslau.)

Further south along the San in the neighborhood of Lisok and Sanok, German activity also is reported, but the operations there evidently are less important, being more in the nature of cavalry reconnaissances.

Retirement of the Russian forces from positions in the Carpathians resulted in a compact and effective massing of their troops from the San to Bukovina. Russian successes in the latter region, giving them entire control of the River Pruth and Dniester are regarded here as offsetting the success of the Austro-German forces in West Galicia.

The railway line between Kolomea and Delatyn, which has been of great importance to the Austrians for maintaining communication with their base in Bukovina is reported today to be in Russian hands. It had been defended stubbornly by the Austrians.

The evacuation by the Russians of their positions in the Carpathians became inevitable as the Germans proceeded with their powerful drive from Cracow upon the Russian right. This threatened the cutting off of the whole Carpathian army of the Russians, whose rear communications were only narrow footpaths.

Russian critics now go so far as to hint that the Carpathian campaign was an unwise undertaking, since it led to a great extension of the front which was not easily defensible.

COALITION GOV'T SCHEME DECIDED ON?

London, May 18, (6.05 p. m.).—Persistent rumors were in circulation in the lobby of the House of Commons tonight that a coalition government was about to be formed. Unionist leaders held a conference with Mr. Asquith this afternoon, and it is stated that the question of a coalition was settled.

According to these reports, the allocation of offices has not been finally determined. It is rumored that Mr. A. J. Balfour, former premier, will succeed Mr. Churchill as First Lord of the Admiralty, the latter taking some other office.

\$1,000.00 Reward Forfeited if Remedy Fails

We hope this notice will reach the eyes of people who are troubled with constipation and bowel trouble. Dr. Hamilton's Pills have been guaranteed to cure any case within three days, and the above reward will be paid for any case resisting this great cure of all remedies.

No prescription ever written could surpass Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. For years they have been curing the most obstinate cases of constipation, biliousness, headaches and sour stomach. Here is your chance to test Dr. Hamilton's Pills. If they fail—your money back for the asking. Be sure you get the yellow box, and insist on being supplied with only Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, 25c. at all dealers.

OFFERS TO EQUIP A CORPS OF ZULUS

London, May 18.—The raising of a Zulu corps has been proposed to the War Office by R. H. Houston, M. P., who has already contributed to the equipment of the Second King Edward Horse. So far the offer has not been accepted as the War Office hitherto has refused to use the South African natives as soldiers. They are enrolled as police for dealing with natives only. Mr. Houston argues that the strength and warrior spirit of the Zulu ought now to be utilized.

A SPLENDID GAIN IN CANADA'S TRADE FIGURES FOR APRIL

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Ont., May 18.—Canadian trade for the month of April reached a total of \$65,000,000, an increase of \$10,000,000 over the corresponding month last year, according to the monthly statement issued by Hon. J. D. Reid, minister of customs, yesterday. The exports of manufactured articles total \$13,000,000, as against \$4,000,000 for April, 1914, while the total merchandise exported was \$28,991,000, compared with \$17,751,000 for April, 1914. Imports fell off considerably, the amount of free and dutiable goods being \$23,991,000, compared with \$26,997,000 for last April. Duty collected was \$5,986,000, as against \$6,458,000 for April, 1914. Exports of animals and their produce was a feature, the value being \$3,312,000, as against \$1,860,000 for 1914.

Taken as a whole the result of the first four months of the new fiscal year is satisfactory from the viewpoint of Canadian trade.

HUNDRED AND FIFTY CANADIAN NURSES ARRIVE IN ENGLAND

No. 1 General Hospital moved from Salisbury Plain and located at Etaples in charge of Col. MacLaren.

London, May 18, (Gazette Cable).—Officers of the Twenty-First Battalion, which was mobilized at Kingston, and the McGill and French-Canadian hospital units who arrived in England this week were much perturbed on hearing that the report of a disaster to them had been printed in Canadian newspapers. The Canadians had a splendid voyage and all praised the Canadian Pacific steamer, which was nameless, carrying them. There were one hundred and fifty Canadian nurses on board and they bore the strain bravely after the news of the Lusitania disaster leaked out early on the voyage.

No. 1 General Hospital which was until recently at Salisbury Plain is now at Etaples-in charge of Surgeon Col. MacLaren, of St. John, N. B. Lady Allan who is at Dublin with her daughter, Miss Martha Allan, is reported to be progressing favorably towards recovery.

TURKISH REPORT OF OPERATIONS IN THE DARDANELLES

Constantinople, May 18, via London, 7.05 p. m.—The following official statement was issued here today: "On the Dardanelles front, near Avri burnu, there have been very small artillery and infantry engagements, but no important action. Some small transport ships have been damaged by our shells."

"Our troops on the right wing have taken a height 200 meters from our positions."

"A French cruiser yesterday landed near Sarakale, west of Mekei, on the southern shore of the Gulf of Smyrna, sixty soldiers who fled when our coast guards replied to their rifle fire. Other cruisers landed about 100 soldiers near Sefat, west of Tenika. On the night of May 15-16 two enemy ships, which were cruising near the Smyrna forts, retired after being damaged by our batteries."

A CONVALESCENT HOME FOR CANADIANS

Ottawa, May 18.—Announcement is made that as a result of a desire having been expressed by the authorities connected with the Canadian hospitals in England and France the first convalescent home in which Canadian soldiers after leaving hospital can enjoy the recuperative influences of a resting place will be opened in England early next month.

By the exertions of Lady Sandford Fleming of Ottawa steps have been taken to place the institution upon a very satisfactory basis.

The nurses at the home are to receive the rank of sub-lieutenants. Surgeon General Carlton Jones is taking a great interest in the work. A New York committee is meeting with a generous response from citizens of the United States. Subscriptions received during the past week include \$500 from James J. Hill, chairman of the Great Northern of St. Paul, Minn.

INHUMAN METHODS OF WARFARE NOT HELPING GERMANY, SOCIALIST SAYS

Warns Government That Present Methods Neither Make for Victory Nor Put Nation in Good Light Before the World.

Berlin, via London, May 18.—In an article in the Vorwaerts, headed: "A Warning Word to all Whom it Concerns," Edward Bernstein, Socialist and former member of the Reichstag, protests against reprisals which go beyond the conduct of warfare in the usual sense of the word.

"The sinking of the Lusitania, coming as a climax to former incidents of a similar nature, together with the badly advised comments on these incidents in German newspapers, resulted in excesses against Germans in England and the colonies, as well as in the United States." Herr Bernstein writes: "These excesses are regrettable because they are directed against persons not responsible for what has been done. They are also regrettable from a political viewpoint, because they form another step on the ominous path which leads to nothing else than multiplication of the already

MUST HAVE PHOTOS ON THEIR PASSPORTS APPEAL CASE OF TWEEDIE VS. THE KING

Photograph of every person mentioned in Passport must appear on document, British Gov't decrees.

London, May 18, 4.48 p. m.—The British government has decided that the photograph of every person mentioned in a passport must appear on the document. Under the American regulations, when a man is travelling with a family passport, it is made out in his name with an addenda stating that he is accompanied by "wife and son" or other members of his family. Hereafter, however, under the new British order, a photo of each member of a family travelling in this country must be attached to the passport.

Last Saturday several Americans, with their families, had considerable difficulty owing to the fact that the passports did not have the photographs of all members of the party attached to them.

HOW TO SEND MAIL TO CANADIANS WHO ARE PRISONERS IN GERMANY

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, May 18.—The Postmaster General has issued instructions to postmasters that they may accept correspondence for transmission to prisoners of war in Germany under the following regulations: Letters should be left open, postcards and postal parcels should be addressed as follows: 1.—Rank, initials, name; 2.—Regiment or other unit; 3.—British or Canadian, French, Belgian or Russian prisoners of war, and place of internment; 4.—Germany. Place of internment should be stated always, if possible, and parcels cannot be accepted unless place of internment is stated. All addresses must be ink.

Communications should be limited to private and family news and to necessary business communications and should not be sent too frequently. No reference to the naval, military or political situation, or to naval or military movements or organizations is allowed. Letters or postcards containing such references will not be delivered.

Friends of prisoners of war are advised to send postcards in preference to letters, as postcards are less likely to be delayed. If letters are sent they should not exceed in length two sides of a sheet of note paper and shall contain nothing but the sheet of note paper. On no account shall the writing be crossed. Letters cannot at present be accepted for registration.

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Wise Precaution

will prevent the little illness of today from becoming the big sickness of tomorrow and after. For troubles of the digestive organs you can rely on

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents

ROYAL Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

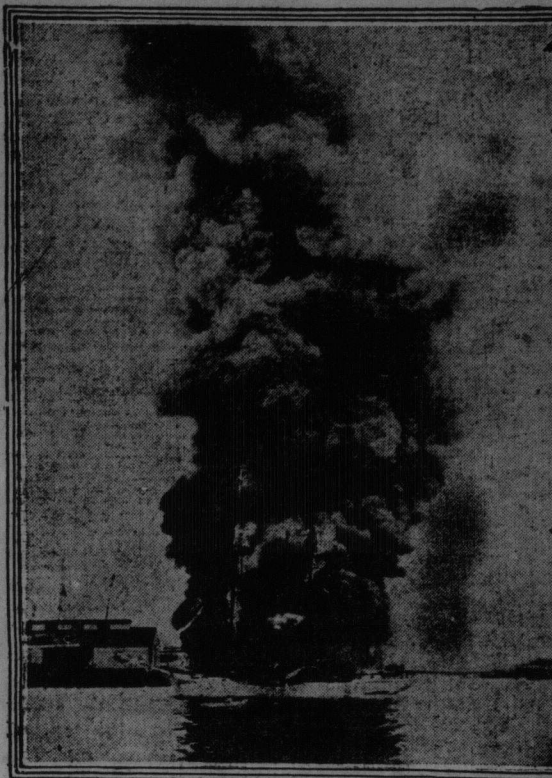


The Prudent Housewife Uses No Other



Contains No Alum

DESTRUCTION OF A DUTCH SCHOONER



The destruction by fire of the Dutch schooner Argo in San Juan Harbor. The vessel took fire on April 28, 1915, and its cargo of 50,000 gallons of gasoline burned for three days.

Wool to the value of more than \$20,000,000 was held up by the congestion on the London docks at the beginning of April. A London market reporter writes: "The wool detained in the river includes large quantities of crossbred varieties urgently needed for the manufacture of khaki cloth. Merchants say that they could dispose of these wools far faster than they can get delivery. In some cases manufacturers have been so anxious to get supplies that, fearing delay in the sheds and in railway transit, they sent their motor lorries from Yorkshire to the London docks to take back the wool. But the main delay to the wool is in the ships and on the quays. The liners which bring the wool from Australia and New Zealand also bring frozen meat and while every effort is made to discharge and dispose of the meat there is apparently thought to be no urgency for dealing with the wool."

Orchestra every afternoon and evening. All welcome. J. Clark & Son, Ltd., 17 Germain street.

HAD GOOD REFERENCES. A husky young man with mits with a pair of hams had applied to the president of a baseball league for a job as umpire.

"What asked the president, "are your references?" "Eleven knockouts in fourteen games," he replied. "You may go to work at once," cried the president, falling on the young man's neck.

Doctor Said Only Hope Was in an Operation

Was Skeptical When He Began the Use of Dr. Chase's Ointment—Relief Came Quickly.

Here is a plain, honest statement in regard to Dr. Chase's Ointment. Between the lines of this letter you can read the gratitude which his writer feels. One does not suffer from annoying, distressing piles for ten years without appreciating a cure when it is obtained.

Almost every mail brings the report of someone who has been cured of piles by the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment. Such statements are never used without the permission of the writer, and until we are satisfied that the cure is genuine and the writer a person of responsibility.

You may believe in operations for piles, and think there is no other cure. Write to Mr. Ingles, enclosing stamp, and he will gladly verify his statement. He will tell you that the pain, the expense, the risk of an operation are quite unnecessary. That relief and cure come with the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment. Mr. Ernest W. Ingles, Penitentiary, B. C., writes: "I suffered from piles for ten years, and though I tried all kinds of ointments and injections I really had no permanent relief until I used Dr. Chase's Ointment! When I began this treatment I had absolutely no faith in it, for I had been examined by a well-known physician in Vancouver, and he said that an operation was the only thing that would benefit me. It was surprising the relief I obtained from the very first box, and now after using four boxes I am practically cured. My case was so exceptionally bad that I received no relief day or night, and for this reason the results are wonderful."

You can obtain Dr. Chase's Ointment from any dealer at 60 cents a box. If you do not want to risk this much send a two-cent stamp to pay postage, and mention this paper, and we shall send you a sample box free. We are so certain that any sufferer from piles will obtain relief by using this ointment that we do not hesitate to make you this offer. Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.