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POOR DOCUMENT

THE EVENING GAZETTE

is published every evening (Sundays excepted) at No. 21 Canterbury Street.

JOHN A. BOWES, Editor and Publisher

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

THE EVENING GAZETTE will be delivered to any part of the City of St. John by Carriers on the following terms:

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ONE YEAR	4.00.

The Subscription to THE GAZETTE is payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING.

We insert short condensed advertisements under the heads of Lost, For Sale, To Let, Found and WANTS for 10 CENTS each insertion or 50 CENTS a week, payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

General advertising $1 an inch for first insertion and 25 cents an inch for continuations. Contracts by the year at Reasonable rates.

ST. JOHN, N. B. FRIDAY, AUG. 2, 1889

ELECTORAL FRANCHISE ACT.

LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVES ATTENTION.

The committee have secured an office at No. 7 Palmer Chambers, Princess street where all friends are invited to call and obtain the necessary information and assistance to have their names enrolled, thereby to enable them to vote at the next Dominion election. The rooms will be open seven to ten every every morning, in order that working men and others engaged during the day may enroll their names as voters. A notary public will be present to attend to the necessary legal formalities.

THE BEHRING SEA AFFAIR.

We published last evening the language said to have been used by Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Tichenor, in regard to the Behring sea seizure, in a conversation with a reporter of the Washington Post The newly fledged Yankee official was very defiant and said: "There will be no child's play about this administration. The officers of the revenue cutter in Behring sea have plain and unequivocal orders. They will seize every vessel, American or British, found violating the law. Great Britain claims the right to fisheries, it is true, but Great Britain is in the habit of claiming everything. All idea of redress or indemnity under the circumstances is absurd." Mr. Jas. G. Blaine the Secretary of State, in an interview at Bangor, the day before yesterday, had his attention called to an editorial in the Boston Herald, in which it was stated that it would be impossible for the United States to "sustain the pretension of Secretary Blaine that Behring Sea is distinctly American waters." Mr Blaine wanted the Herald to indicate the occasion, official or unofficial, where he had said anything at all on the point. He made the farther statement that everything done on the fur seal question since the 4th of last March was in literal compliance with the directions contained in the act of Congress, which was approved by President Cleveland on the last day of his term of office. Congress has made laws which involve a claim of exclusive jurisdiction in Behring Sea, but then Congress might make laws which would involve exclusive jurisdiction for the United States in the waters of the Bay of Fundy. The present difficulty is the result of untenable national pretensions set up by ignorant men and embodied in statutory enactments, and indicates the weak spot in the American system of government. Secretary Blaine does not pretend to say that the claim to exclusive jurisdiction in Behring sea can be maintained; in fact the language he used would lead to the inference that he considers such claims to be untenable, but nevertheless the administration of which he is a member is compelled to take measures to carry out these ridiculous pretensions, although the result may be a war in which the United States would suffer enormous loss. Mr. Tichenor's utterances are those of an irresponsible person who thinks he can twist the tail of the British lion on his own account, and thereby win the applause of his countrymen; but Mr. Blaine, although as fond of popular applause as any one, sees that the matter is too serious to be treated in so light a fashion.

THE HARVEY-SALISBURY LINE.

Mr. Vernon Smith C, E, who was sent down from Ottawa to survey the Harvey-Salisbury line has been telling his friends in Fredericton that his survey is completed, and that he has found a splendid line from Harvey to the I. C R., via Fredericton, which will be at least thirty miles shorter than the present line, between these points. The work of locating, he says, is to begin next week. It will be seen from this that the government is evidently determined to build the Harvey-Salisbury line unless such pressure is placed upon them as will give this absurd scheme its quietus. We again call the attention of the St. John Board of Trade to the situation and ask them what they purpose to do about it. It is time same step was taken to defeat this proposal to side track St. John at a cost of $4,000,000 of public money, which might be much more profitably spent in other directions.

LORD SALISBURY'S GOVERNMENT AND IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

According to a cable despatch to the Montreal Gazette, Lord Salisbury has refused to comply with the request of the Imperial Federation League, to summon a convention of representatives of the colonies for the purpose of discussing the federation of the Empire. He says that the government does not think it within its province to summon such a convention. If the colonies desire to consult together he says they can do so without assistance from her majesty's government. The intervention of the government, in his opinion, will only lead to misapprehension, and would seem to imply that the government had prepared and made recommendations for a closer and more substantial union between the mother country and the colonies, or at least that the government was fully convinced of the possibility of doing so.

The attitude of Lord Salisbury's government, in regard to this matter has, naturally enough aroused much displeasure among the advocates of Imperial Federation in the British Islands. Lord Rosebery points out that for the colonies to meet and discuss the subject of Imperial Federation without any reference to the Imperial government, would be properly considered as insulting to the dignity of the mother country. The plain meaning of Lord Salisbury's reply seems to be that he and his colleagues in the government are opposed to the idea of Imperial Federation, and do not desire to be responsible for any recommendations on the subject. This is a plain and easily understood position and quite in harmony with the antecedents of the men now in power in the United Kingdom. They have partly got over the idea that the colonists are an inferior order of beings, but have not yet fully embraced the idea that they are sufficiently intelligent to be admitted to a share of the government of the empire. It is useless for Imperial Federationists to look to either of the two present English parties for a firm support for their novel proposals, for both are too much wedded to tradition to understand them in all their bearings, or to adopt them as a part of their policy. They must rely on the new men who are now coming to the front, and a little delay in this matter cannot do any harm. THE GAZETTE intimated at the time that the proposal to call an Imperial Federation convention was premature, and as usual THE GAZETTE has proved to be right.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

The disloyal Globe thinks it is making a point against the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway when it states that our line has been carrying tea and silk to New York. It is of course annoyed that a Canadian line should be able to compete successfully with the American railways for American business. It is quite sufficient that an institution be Canadian or British to call out all the envy, hatred and malice of the Globe.

Yesterday we published the opinion of Judge Watters that for the purposes of a Dominion election the former City of Portland is not a part of the constitucency of the City of St. John. According to this view, if an election was now held only those on the electoral lists of the old City of St John could vote. Judge Watters in revising the electoral lists is going on this idea of the law, so that if the constituency should be changed by the Dominion Parliament, another revision of the voters list would be necessary. It certainly will be the duty of Parliament to make this change at as early a date as possible.

It would be a thousand pities if the design of the Exhibition Association to hold a show here this fall should not be carried out. Much of course will depend on the manufacturers, who have now to decide whether they have time within the next six weeks to prepare such an exhibit of their goods as will be creditable to them and to the province.

There seems to be a family likeness betwen the lumbermen of Maine and [illegible] On the Aroostook are openly disobeying the law passed by the Maine legislature to prevent them from throwing refuse coming from their saws into the river. The law took effect July 1st and it is not reported that any of the mills have taken action to dispose of their sawdust, other than making the river a receptable for it. "What use is it," said a prominent politician and member of the legislature, "to secure appropriations to dredge and improve the channel of the river if it is to be constantly filled up by debris from the mills." The people of New Brunswick are as much interested in this question as the people of Maine, and will await the result of the efforts of the Maine legislature to enforce its laws with interest.

Charley Mitchell, who acted as Kilrain's second in the recent fight has been obliged to fly to England; Kilrain himself is hiding somewhere, so that it seemed rather singular that Slugger Sullivan should be allowed to escape, and indeed to grow so bold that he actually held a sort of reception at the Brooklyn City Hall the other day. Sullivan, however showed himself once too often, and is now under arrest, at the instance of the Governor of Mississippi, for violation of the laws of that state. It is to be hoped that this ruffian will be duly tried and sentenced to a good long term in the penitentiary, but this is too much to expect.

WALKING ON OCEAN'S WAVES.

Prof. Oldrieve Goes Five Miles Over a Big, Choppy Sea in Two Hours.

BOSTON, July 31—Prof. Oldrieve had one of the toughest walks over the ocean that he ever expects to undertake, and when he had completed the conditions of the wager mentioned in to-days Sun, he declared that he would rather walk down the Hudson a dozen times than take another trip like to-day's. A fierce easterly gale had raised a big, choppy sea, and waves five feet high were scudding along when the plucky aquatic pedestrain stepped off the tugboat. The conditions of the wager called for a distance of twenty miles from Boston, which would make a stretch of ten or twelve miles of open sea. But to-day it was so rough that the party accompanying the professor refused to go more than five miles from land. They were afraid to venture further, and told Prof. Oldrieve they would be satisfied if he reached shore from that distance.

The intrepid navigator stepped into his largest shoes, which are about four feet long, and struck out for the shore at a lively gait, considering the great disadvantages under which he was laboring. The first mile was walked against a strong tide, which, running against the wind, kicked up a heavy sea. It was so rough that nearly all the politicians who had put up the $250 wager were seasick. Prof. Oldrieve had a hard struggle with the waves, and many times narrowly escaped being capsized. He had hard work to keep his feet together, and, in spite of his efforts, he was badly wrenched. He covered the five miles in a little less than two hours.

J. B. Labelle, M. P. for Richelieu, died at Sorel, Quebec, yesterday from lung complaint.

WED ONLY FOR WEALTH.

STORY OF A YOUNG BRIDE'S DARING INTRIGUE.

Miss Bridges, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., Marries Millionaire Barton's Son, of Omaha, Having Previously Schemed with a Paramour to Ruin Her Husband.

OMAHA, July 30.—Omaha society has been startled by a sensation strange but true, in which love, passion, matrimony, intrigue, and betrayal are interwoven. Rumors of the affair have been in the air for some days, but it was not until today, when K. C. Barton, son of Millionaire Guy C. Barton, returned from his wedding tour without his bride that the facts became known. The plot of the story opens at Ogdensburg, N. Y., where lived Alice Bridges, now Mrs. Barton. She was not beautiful, but bright, interesting, energetic, and thoroughly attractive. She had been adopted by a well-known lady who had also taken to her home a young man named Hallam. The latter was a handsome man, and fascinating. Hallam and Miss Bridges fell in love desperately, but both agreed that they were too poor to marry. This however did not prevent a step which only marriage could atone, and in this relation the two remained secretly.

MISS BRIDGES VISITS OMAHA.

In the midst of this romance Miss Bridges came to visit relatives, who are high in the best circles, and her entree was advantageous. She went everywhere and her vivacity secured for her a large circle of admirers, mostly gentlemen. Among them the most ardent and most persistent was the young man who afterward married her. Before she returned they were engaged and a few weeks ago they were married in Ogdensburg in fine style, the wealthy parents of the groom and a small and congenial party of Omaha society people going from here to attend the wedding. Among the guests was Hallam, who so far captivated the groom as to secure from him an invitation to visit here when the contracting parties should have returned from their tour. The parents of the groom and the rest of the party, after spending a few days at Ogdensburg, came back to the city.

SPEEDY DEVELOPMENTS.

Congratulations had scarcely ceased when one morning the father received a letter and a package of letters from Ogdensburg which proved beyond a doubt that in marrying Miss Bridges his son had become the victim of one of the most audacious and villainous plots ever concocted either in reality or fiction. The letter was from an old friend of the father. The package of letters this friend had also sent. They were letters written by Miss Bridges to Hallam, most of them dated subsequent to the marriage. They showed that even before the acceptance by Miss Bridges of the offer of the Omaha young man these two lovers and conspirators had consulted over it in the most cold-blooded way, that he had advised the marriage on account of the wealth of the prospective groom and the possibility of reaping a harvest from it, and that she, caring nothing whatever for the man she promised to marry, but blindly infatuated with her lover at Ogdensburg, had finally consented to do her share in carrying out the scheme.

AN EXTRAORDINARY PLOT.

The letter showed that the original design was that Hallam should meet the husband and wife at Montreal, where they expected to stop during their wedding journey; that Hallam should there induce the husband to drink; that the liquor should be drugged; that the stupified man should then be led or conveyed to a house of ill-repute; that in this predicament he should be discovered in the most public way possible; that his dishonor should be made the basis of an immediate suit for divorce and alimony. They showed that for some reason Hallam did not materialize at Montreal, and that after this failure the conspiracy assumed a most serious shape. The minutiæ of the climax of the plot could not be secured from the letters.

THE BRIDE'S ADMISSION.

Armed with these letters the father, accompanied by a prominent attorney of this city, took the first train to St. Louis, where he intercepted the bridal couple and confronted the bride with the documents in the case. She made no attempt at denial, and beyond shedding a few tears quietly showed no particular emotion. The father insisted upon the immediate separation of the bride and groom, and upon her agreement to an amicable securement by the husband of a decree of divorce. To this she consented without argument. It was only when the father demanded the return to him of the wedding presents that they might be distributed among the donors that she strongly demurred, and this disagreement was speedily settled by his payment to her of an ample cash consideration.

THE USUAL "MUTUAL FRIEND."

The informant in the affair was the usual mutual friend. He is a lawyer at Ogdensburg and had long been a companion of Hallam. It appears from the evidence that he had been a party to the plot up to the time the final suggestion had been made, but that there his conscience overcame him and he went to the intimate friend of the father before referred to, made a clean breast of the whole thing and delivered the letters of the remarkable bride to the friend to be used as he might decide. These letters Hallam, with the strange fatuity which seems often to possess the intelligent man in a complication of this variety, had deposited in the lawyer's safe. They are at present in Omaha, in the keeping of the attorney who accompanied the father to St. Louis.

FREEMASONS IN THE COURT.

First Time Such an Appeal Has Ever Been Made.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., July 30.—An action was begun yesterday in the district court at Marion that will startle Masonic circles more than anything else, perhaps, of late years. Judge Preston of the 18th judical district, on the petition of C. E. Barnes of Burlington, J. C. Graves and Henry Bennett, plaintiffs and grand officers of the Iowa consistory of that branch of Scottish rite Masonry commonly known as the Cerneau, ordered a temporary injunction against the grand lodge of Iowa, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, restraining them from putting into effect the legislation of the last session of the grand lodge referring to the Cerneau bodies, and which commanded master Masons to leave the consistory of Iowa of that rite under punishment of expulsion.

The petition states that as the body represented by the plaintiffs does not confer the blue lodge degrees, and the grand lodge or its subordinate lodges do not confer the 29 higher degrees, the grand lodge has no jurisdiction whatever, and its action is illegal, arbitrary, oppressive, proscriptive of their individual consciences and Masonic relations, and hurtful to their standing as good and reputable citizens.

This is the first time a Masonic body has appealed to the state courts, and the action of the supreme court, to which it will finally go, will be a precedent for other states. The time for hearing the arguments for a perpetual injunction will be in the October term of court at Marion.

FABLED FOUNTAIN OF YOUTH.

Alleged Discovery of Another Life-Renewing Elixir.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 31.—Dr. W. A. Hammond, the distinguished physician, formerly of New York, who has permanently located in this city, is experimenting successfully with an elixir of life. When the doctor first heard of the discovery of Dr. Brown-Sequard of Paris of an elixir thus named, his information on the character of the fluid said to produce such remarkable results in rejuvenating decrepit and aged persons was so crude that he was forced to the belief that the report was either a canard or the experimenter had given to the world statements that could be only explained by the fact of his dotage. Since then he has received detailed accounts of the methods employed by Dr. Brown-Sequard, and they impressed him so favorably that he determined to test the virtue of the elixir practically.

The report of the experiment first given to the world on this side of the Atlantic stated that the youth-giving fluid was compounded of the vital organs of the body, a mixture of the heart, liver, kidneys, etc., whereas the fact is that it is made from the most delicate portion of every animal's anatomy, that which is already known for its life-giving qualities. The distinguished Frenchman secured his material from a guinea pig, whereas Dr. Hammond took the lamb for his use, which he believed to be superior to any other animal for the purpose. This material he places in a mortar, pounds to a pulp, and, adding water, distils an essence which is administered to the patient by a hypodermic injection.

The actual work of experiment by Dr. Hammond began a week ago, and he has pursued it constantly ever since. His subject is an old man who is decrepit to an extreme degree. The treatment is exceedingly simple, and consists of an injection in the patient's leg every other day. The quick results already obtained have astonished and gratified the doctor. The decrepit patient has already shown signs of returning vitality that seem incredible, this change having been marked on the third day after the application of the elixir was first made. The doctor stated the facts of the experiment last evening practically as above, but reserves his decision on the merits of the life-giving fluid until his experiment is complete, which it will not be until six weeks after inaugurating the treatment.

Beside the case mentioned, two other patients will be subjects for the elixir's work, and that no question can be raised as to the way of reaching the result, they will be ignorant of the character of their treatment until it is concluded.

Dr. Hammond feels a good deal of respect for the believers in the possibility of discovering a youth giving fluid, and holds himself ready to be converted to any innovation on medical lore, however extravagant its pretenses may be. Immediately upon the conclusion of his present work he will prepare a full report of it for the medical journal.

Last evening he said: "I have just received information from Paris to the effect that Dr. Variolt has administered the elixir to decrepit individuals with the most astonishing results. The report states that they have become rejuvenated under the influence of the treatment."

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker-mouth.

The break at lock 16 of the new Welland canal has been repaired.

ARE you made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by H. W. BARKER.

It is reported that in the river near Maugerville, a bear was killed a few evenings since by one of a party in a boat, by a blow from a pick-axe.

THE Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure. Sold by H. W. BARKER.

DR. A. F. EMERY,
—OFFICE—
50 WATERLOO STREET,
(Formerly Dr. A. Alward's Office.)
SAINT JOHN, N. B.

1828 Established 1828
J. HARRIS & Co.,
(Formerly Harris & Allen).
Paradise Row, Portland, St. John.

NEW BRUNSWICK FOUNDRY
—AND—
Railway Car Works,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Railway Cars of Every Description,
"PEARLESS" STEEL TYRES,
CHILLED CAR WHEELS,
—ALSO—
Steam Engines and Mill Machinery
The Improved Lowell Turbine Water Wheel, Ship Castings, Pumps, Bridge and Fence Castings, etc., etc.
Portland Rolling Mill,
STRAIT SHORE, PORTLAND.
Tapered and Parallel Bars for Ships' Knees Nail Plate, Hammered Railway Car Axles, Shafting, and shapes of all kinds.

City Advertisement and Bill Posting Company,
Office 9 Canterbury street.
Bills posted, Circulars, Dodgers &c. distributed at lowest prices.
Orders may also be left at the National, 22 Charlottestreet.

VISITORS
Are respectfully invited to inspect our NEW STYLES in Ladies and Gent's
WATERPROOF CLOTHING.
Also our fine stock of
RUBBER GOODS.
ESTEY, ALLWOOD & CO.,
Dealers in Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose &c.
68 Prince Wm. St.

The Old Doctors
Drew blood, modern doctors cleanse it; hence the increased demand for Alteratives. It is now well known that most diseases are due, not to over-abundance, but to impurity, of the Blood; and it is equally well attested that no blood medicine is so efficacious as Ayer's Sarsaparilla.
"One of my children had a large sore break out on the leg. We applied simple remedies, for a while, thinking the sore would shortly heal. But it grew worse. We sought medical advice, and were told that an alterative medicine was necessary. Ayer's Sarsaparilla being
Recommended
above all others, we used it with marvelous results. The sore healed and health and strength rapidly returned." —J. J. Armstrong, Weimar, Texas.
"I find Ayer's Sarsaparilla to be an admirable remedy for the cure of blood diseases. I prescribe it, and it does the work every time." —E. L. Pater, M. D., Manhattan, Kansas.
"We have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla here for over thirty years and always recommend it when asked to name the best blood-purifier." —W. T. McLean, Druggist, Augusta, Ohio.
"Ayer's medicines continue to be the standard remedies in spite of all competition." —T. W. Richmond, Bear Lake, Mich.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

ELECTION CARDS.

To the Electors of the City of St. John.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—

In the Election for Mayor to be held on the Sixth Day of August, I shall be a Candidate for that honor. An experience of eight years in the Common Council (1880 to 1887) during which time I inaugurated many reforms, the benefit of which the citizens have enjoyed up to the present time, and of twenty years as a Member of the Legislative Council of the Province, has qualified me for the position of Chief Magistrate of our City.

I challenge any criticism of my public life, claiming that my actions have been such as conduced to the benefit of all, and were done in fairness to all, according to the dictates of my judgment and conscience.

With this record I present myself as a Candidate for the office of

MAYOR,

and solicit your votes.

As owing to the union of the two cities, the area to be gone over is too large to enable me to see each voter personally; I hope that this notice will be taken as a personal request, and I will probably take occasion to hold a few public meetings in order to address you on civic affairs, during which meetings I hope to create a favorable impression on the public.

Yours truly,
THOS. R. JONES.

Telegraph, Sun.

To the Electors of the City of St. John.

AT the solicitation of many of the Citizens I have decided to be a Candidate for the office of

MAYOR,

of St. John at the coming Election to be held on Tuesday the 6th August next.

Should you honor me with your confidence on that occasion I shall endeavor to discharge the duties of the office in the best interests of the City.

W. A. LOCKHART.

Bananas,
Cucumbers,
B. Berries,
Plums,
Tomatoes,
Pears,
G. Beans
G. Peas.
SCOTT BROTHERS.

Goods sold on easy Weekly Payments.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
F. A. JONES,
34 Dock St.

F. S. SHARPE, F. C. A.,
Chartered Accountant and Auditor,
120 Prince Wm. St., St. John N. B.
Complicated accounts adjusted, Partnership settlements effected, Financial Statements examined and reported upon, Balance Sheets and Profit and Loss statements prepared or certified Books, arranged and adapted to any business so as to record transactions and exhibit results clearly, comprehensively, and with the least labor.

North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.
Capital $10,000,000.
70 Prince Wm. street.
D. R. JACK, - - Agent

LATH TIES,
Shingle Ties,
Bed Cords,
Manilla Rope,
AT LOWEST PRICES.
W. H. THORNE & CO.,
Market Square.

Spring Outfits.
White Dress Shirts made to order
$1.50.
A Perfect Fit guaranteed at
TENNANT'S
"THE SHIRT MAKER,"
63 Charlotte St., St. John, N. B.

Notice of Co-Partnership.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a professional co-partnership, under the name, style and firm of Straton & Hazen.

JAMES STRATON.
J. DOUGLAS HAZEN.

July 5th, 1889.

STRATON & HAZEN,
Barristers, Solicitors, &c.
—OFFICE—
Ritchie's Building, Princess Street.

PIANOS MENDELSSOHN —AND— EVANS PIANOS, —IN— Mahogany, Walnut, Rosewood and Ebonized Cases. ORGANS
A. T. BUSTIN,
38 Dock Street.

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,
East End City,
Waterloo, near Union St.
FOR CARNIVAL PARADE.
A large variety of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, in all the leading departments.
SPECIAL LINES.
Berlin Shawls, Sunshades, Gloves, Hosiery, Prints, Dress Materials, Gents Furnishings, &c., &c.
T. PATTON & CO.,

SPECIAL.
Ladies India Kid Button Boots,
One dollar per pair.
Extra Value.
R. A. C. BROWN,
19 Charlotte St.

BOOTS and SHOES.
A large stock of Ladies and Gentlemen's fashionable
BOOTS AND SHOES
—AT—
MRS. McCONNELL'S,
King street.

THE NATIONAL.
—IS—
THE BEST PLACE IN TOWN,
Charlotte St.
The Best Dinner,
The Best Lunch,
The Best Cigar.
If you want a good dinner and afterwards smoke a really good cigar, call at the NATIONAL between 12 and 2 o'clock.
Meals served at all hours. Cigars and Tobaccos
The National, Charlotte st.

LARGE GOOSEBERRIES.
CULTIVATED RASPBERRIES,
NEW POTATOES,
GREEN PEAS and BEANS,
SWEET CREAM,
Fresh every day.
J. S. ARMSTRONG & BRO.

Removed to No 33 Charlotte Street,
Furlong Building.
Will open in good shape on SATURDAY in our New Stand with a full line of latest importations of
PURE TEAS and COFFEES.
N. B.—Look out for the grand opening night.
C. L. & C. TEA CO,
Charlotte Street.

FLOUR, MEAL &C
—JUST RECEIVED—
1 Car Manitoba Flour,
1 do Oatmeal, Roller and Standard,
90 Bags Rice,
20 Half Bags Rice,
150 Half Chests Tea,
350 Qutls Codfish,
30 Bbls Plate Beef,
20 do Pork, Clear Backs
50 Cases C Corn,
50 Pkgs Morton's Fi. kles
50 Boxes Fresh Dates,
15 Cans Condensed Milk,
15 do do Coffee.
TO ARRIVE
1 Car Extra Quality Pot Barley,
50 Cases Evap Apples.
GEO. S. deFOREST & SONS
13 South Wharf.

NOTICE.

Just received at the City Market Clothing Hall, 51 Charlotte Street, 10 Cases of New Goods, consisting of English and Scotch Tweeds and Diagonals and Corkscrews which we make up to order at the lowest bottom prices. It would be to the advantage of strangers who may visit our City during the Carnival to give us a look in and see our Stock which cannot be surpassed. Our Ready-made Suits are good and will give good satisfaction to the Purchaser. We have the finest stock also, of Gents' furnishing goods to be found in the City. All goods will be marked down 25 per cent. during the Carnival. No trouble to show goods.

Proprietor.
T. YOUNGCLAUS,

SPECIAL.

The success of this popular place for Ladies to their do Buying is still on the increase.

Special Lots for this week; I shall only mention a few lines; to wit;

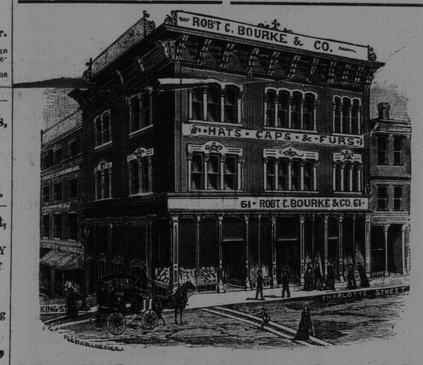
Several Hundred Yards of
GRENADINE SPOTTED MUSLINS
suitable for Picnic Dresses, down to 5c a yard; old price was 12c.

Several Hundred Yards of
GIBSON'S GINGHAMS,
4c a yard, old price was 8c.

300 Ladies and Misses
STRAW HATS,
newest styles, costs 90c., down to 50c.; this lot is a gem; all must go, no reserve, whole stock selling rapidly.

J. W. MONTGOMERY,
9 King Street.

COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS



HATS AND CAPS.
We are now complete in all Spring Styles.
Robert C. Bourke & Co.,
61 Charlotte st., St. John, N. B.

Livery and Boarding Stables,
Sydney Street, St. John, N. B.
DAVID CONNELL.
Horses Boarded on Reasonable Terms.
Horses and Carriages on Hire. Fine Fit-outs at Short Notice

OAK HALL.
August is a month when trade is naturally quiet. We have recognized this fact with a genuine Mark Down Sale. The following are but a few from the many bargains which will be closed out regardless of cost.

SUITS.
For $6.00 All Wool Suits, regular price $9.00
For $7.00 Natty Business Suits, regular price $10.00.
For $8.00, Goods on which the workmanship costs almost the price.
For $10.00 Garments that have brought from $13.00 to $15.00.
For $12.00, at almost half price, Suits that have sold for $20.00 and more.
For $15.00, the very choicest patterns and designs in Tailoring Work.

TROUSERS.
For 99c., They are going at less than manufacturers cost.
For $1.25, Several lines, that have sold at $2.50.
For $1.50, Yarmouth Woolen Mills, that have sold ot $2.50.
For $2.00, Extra Good Styles, many were $3.00.
For $3.00, Goods that sold readily in season for $4.50.
For $3.50 The usual $5.00 crowd.

SCOVIL, FRASER & CO.,
Corner King and Germain Streets.