8. In what time will 5 cents, at 8 per cent., give 5 cents interest?

9. In what time will \$3\frac{3}{5} at 10 per cent., give \$3\frac{3}{5} interest?

10. In what time will 1 dime, at 12½ per cent., give 1 dime interest?

## Lesson XIII.

1. Bought a bushel of grass-seed, for \$5 and sold it for \$7; what was the gain per cent.?

SOLUTION.—Since it was bought for \$5 and sold for \$7, the gain must have been \$7—\$5, which is \$2. Therefore, \$\frac{2}{3}\$ of the cost equals the gain. If on \$1 I gain \$\frac{2}{3}\$, on \$100 I will gain 100 times \$\frac{2}{3}\$, or \$40. Therefore, the gain is 40 per cent.

2. A book was bought for \$2, and sold for \$3; what was the gain per cent.?

3. A shawl cost \$5, and was sold for \$8; what was

the gain per cent.?

4. A cow was bought for \$20, and sold for \$25; what was the gain per cent.?

5. A merchant bought a hogshead of molasses for \$80, and sold it for \$95; what did he gain per cent.?

6. A barrel of pork cost \$12, and was sold for \$11; what was the loss per cent.?

7. A horse was bought for \$140, and sold for \$60; what was the loss per cent.?

8. Bought an orange for 4 cents, and sold it for 6 cents; what was the gain per cent.?

9. Bought a melon for 15 cents, and sold it for 20 cents; what was the gain per cent.?

10. Bought a book for 5 dimes, and sold it for 8 dimes; what was the gain per cent.?

11. Bought a quantity of silk for \$120, and sold it for \$200; what was the gain per cent.?

12. A boy sold melons, at the rate of 10 cents