not exactly the

eił ne.

he was on the iméus, es-chlzí-

, Emné. Thou n, " Chshintégu '

g, sarcasm, les-

en, Uíski. Ishi. ée.

ini.

gu, Chpikaze.

even if the inquestion.) Whither I go -lkontégu kuks-

oi.

WHITTLE, v. t. Ies-gutlim, Ies-chgutlélkom.

- WHO, pron. 1st. Interrogative, or in answer to a question, either explicit or implied, Suét? Who died? "Suét u thi?" (lit. Who is that died?) Who art thou? "Ku suét?" Who might he be, who knows who he is? "Goá suét?" For whom, to whom it belongs? "Ki-suét?" Who made thee? "T'suét u kólenz?" (lit. Who is he that made thee?) In this way Suét is the Latin quis, not qui.
- 2d. Who, not interrogative, before the verb to be, or any intransitive verb, is not rendered at all, but the following verb is made a participle, present, past or future according to the case; or (not to question about theories), is rendered by Eu. Those who are good shall be happy, "Eu gest nem lemt," (lit. The good ones shall rejoice). I like those who obey, "In-gamench is upl tentene." Those who obey shall be rewarded, "Nem gakantem is e-nsugune."
- 3d. Who, not interrogative, governing a transitive verb, u. It is I who killed him, "Tkoiè u pólsten."

NOTE.-(a) Not to mistake the pure who (Lat. qui) with he who (Lat. ille qui). He who, is rendered by Łu shèi u, and Łu shei stands for he (Lat. ille), and u stands for who. (b) When governing a transitive verb, the t characteristic of the agent is prefixed to shei, and not to u, which remains unaltered all time. I know who killed my father, I know him, the one who killed my father, "Es-súgusten lu t-shéi u pólstem lu in--leéu." I know that Peter is he who killed my father, "Es--mistén lu t-Pièl u pólstem lu in-leéu." (c) Not to dispute about words one may say that our who, not interrogative, cannot be found in Indian, but it is rendered by repeating the one, he, with u after, which u is in reality the conjunction and. I know who struck me, "Es-mistén łu t-suét u ko-spentèm," (Scio quis me percussit.) (d) Who, governing a transitive verb, is oftener rendered by making a substantive of the verb. He prayed for those who killed him, " Cháushits łu t-shéi u pólstem;" or, He prayed for his murderers, " Chaushits łu pelszútis." Be merciful to those that slander you, "Nkonnemínt lu t'shéi u kues-chiókom," or, " Nkonuemínt lu an-chikonzúten."

WHOEVER, whosoever, pron. Esià łu shéi u (lit. All those who),

2