ing the book in consequence very valuable to the butter and cheese maker. The introduction to the book rightly points out that the product of the dairy farmer, unlike the product of other classes, must be disposed of without delay; that the march of modern civilization and sanitary improvements, while increasing our knowledge as to the great value of the products which the farmer has to dispose of from a dietetic point of view, have at the same time imposed a high standard of purity, flavor and freedom from all sources of contamination on his wares. For this reason the daily farmer should be acquainted with a knowledge of the world of microscopic beings with which he is beset on all sides, and be able to distinguish his friends from his foes among this host which he cannot see; but to which he owes and from which he fears so much.—Bacteria Friends and Foes of the Dairy Farmer. By Wilfrid Sadler, Lecturer, Theory of Dairying; Assistant Instructor in Dairying; Demonstrator in Dairy Bacteriology. The Midland Agricultural and Dairy College, Kingston, Derby. With 8 illustrations. London: Methuen and Co., Limited, 36Essex St., W.C. 1/6.

"Text Book of Hygiene for Teachers."

Dr. Lyster here writes from his long experience in public health matters and brings practically up to date his former work, "School Hygiene," which was produced in the early days of the medical inspection of school children. Dividing his subject into three parts, The School, The Scholar and the Medical Supervision of School Life, the author goes very fully into consideration of school location and its hygienic surroundings. He takes up the question of physiology and the numerous questions bearing on the organization of medical inspection, stating it as his opinion that the hygiene of school life is of paramount importance to the questions of political economy and the prosperity of the nation.—Text Book of Hygiene for Teachers. By Robert L. Lyster, M.D., Ch.B., B.Sc., (Lond.), D.P.H., B.Sc. (Public Health); County Medical Officer of Health for Hampshire and Chief Medical Officer to the Education Committee of the County Council; Tutor in Public Health

at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London; formerly Assistant Lecturer in Hygiene at the University of Birmingham; Bacteriologist and Assistant County Medical Officer for the West Riding of Yorkshire. London: W. B. Clive. 4/6 net.

"Cambridge Manuals of Science and Literature."

Among the numbers of this excellent library of special interest to our readers, we would mention: The Coming of Evolution; Heredity in the Light of Recent Research; Plant-Animals; A Study in Symbiosis; Links with the Past in the Plant World; The Wanderings of Peoples; Primitive Animals; The Moral Life and the Moral Worth; Pre-Historic Man; and Earth Worms and Their Allies. Each number is authoritative in its class and will pay well for its perusal, the volumes being small and condensed in such a way as not to detract from scientific accuracy or good literary style.—The Cambridge Manuals of Science and Literature. Edited by P. Giles, Litt.D., and A. C. Seward, M.D., F.R.S. Bound in rose colored art cloth. Cambridge University Press. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons, 2, 4 and 6 West 45th St. 40c. per volume.

"A Guide to Prevention of Disease and the Preservation of Health."

The author states his object in writing this book to be the enlightenment of his readers regarding the proof of the facts presented along the lines of professional advancement toward eradication of disease, the prolonging of life; and timely warning is given against nostrums and patent medicines. The book is well worth reading and may be safely placed in the hands of the laity.—A Guide to Prevention of Disease and the Preservation of Health. By Dr. W. A. Chamberlain. Boston: The Roxburgh Publishing Co. \$1.50.

"Modern Methods of Nursing."

In writing this book so as to fit the curriculum required for a modern training school, Miss Sanders acknowledges that she had to face the drawback that some of the subjects which were to be presented could but be superficially appreciated. Yet the author has taken hold of the subjects