

talis, and cupping gave relief, but with the penalty of a return of more severe attacks. Dyspnea, cough and expectoration in this case was something frightful to witness. In this case, prompt hypodermic injection of 1-8 grain of morphia relieved somewhat, followed by the use of Glyco-heroin, one teaspoonful every hour for three hours, then every four hours, and on the third day every six hours. In this case the Glyco-heroin seemed to continue the effect of the morphia.

A new point in favor of Glyco-heroin is that it enhances the effect of morphia when given hypodermically. Although in seven other cases of asthma, with attacks similar to the above, Glyco-heroin was administered, in two-hourly doses, with the remarkable effect that the cough and dyspnea ceased within four hours.

CASE IV.—*Pharyngitis*.—Miss D. F., aged 17 years, complained of fever, hoarseness, cough, and soreness in throat. Culture of reddened throat did not reveal any streptococci or Klebs-Löffler bacilli. Glyco-heroin, given every three hours, cured in two days. The after-cough was removed in four more days, by the administration of Glyco-heroin in doses of one teaspoonful every six hours.

CASE V.—*Acute bronchitis*.—Carl F., aged 22 years; chills, fever, soreness of throat, pain on swallowing; cough dry, no expectoration; Glyco-heroin, one teaspoonful every two hours, promoted expectoration, changed the character of the cough, and gave relief in a most happy manner. In my opinion there is no doubt that patient would have ended up in a pneumonia, unless he was relieved inside of 48 hours. As regards his cough, character of it was so completely changed that the bronchial disease seemed to "flow from him," as it were.

In whooping cough, 22 cases from my case-book show that I prescribed Glyco-heroin with permanent and speedy results, given in doses of five and ten drops, as indicated, to these little sufferers. It seemed to be borne well and efficaciously. Readers do not care much for the recital of cases; bare facts are meat from which all can subsist with profit. Glyco-heroin (Smith) is far superior to codeine, as sedative, in affections where a direct action upon the respiratory centre is looked for. For, certainly, its action must be direct where it is noted that respiration is deepened and prolonged. No vomiting, no nausea, no headache, no depressing of powers of mind or body, no untoward symptoms. Glyco-heroin is *par excellence* the remedy for conditions affecting the respiratory organs, whether in children or adults, in the weakly and in the strong.