# THE WEEKLY MONITOR.

ISSUED ON WEDNESDAY,

At Bridgetown, Annapolis Co., N. S.

M. K. PIPER, Proprietor and Publisher.

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## The Weekly Monitor.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 8th, 1893.

—The Hawaiian Kingdom, or group of Sandwich Islands, has been attracting a good deal of attention of late. About three weeks ago a revolution broke out, the reigning queen was deposed, a provincial government established, and a delegation sent to Washington with a petition asking the American government to annex the islands to the United States.

This group of islands, as is of course well known, is situated in the Pacific Ocean midway between the American continent and japan, and they therefore form a convenient coaling station for steamers engaged in trade between this continent and China and Japan. The population of the islands, according to the census of 1890, was 89,990, of which 34,500 were natives, 15,000, Chinese, 12,000 Japanese, 6,000 half-casts, 7,500 native born, but of American parentage, 2,000 Americans, 8,600 Portugues 1,300 British 1,600 Germans and about 100 French. The total public debt of the islands on March 31, 1892 was 3,217,-161, total revenue about $3,900,000, total real and personal property assessed in 1890 $36,056,620.

The difficulty which led to the present outbreak and revolution is just what might be expected of a country composed of such a variety of people and interests. The native population is extremely jealous of the foreign element, the latter of which under the late order of things has been holding the principal offices of the government. The queen who is herself half cast, yielding to the clamors of her native subjects, was about to promulgate a new constitution, depriving foreigners of the franchise and of all voice in the government of the country, which would of course subject all foreign residents to a government of exclusively native rule. Thereat the foreign residents met and by resolution declared the queen deposed and a provisional government established, troops from a United States warship being in the meantime landed to preserve order.

The Hawaiian difficulty is simply the old question of the survival of the fittest; the struggle for mastery between the ignorant and uncivilized native and his enlightened white brother, and there can be little question what the ultimate outcome will be. The action which the American Congress will take in response to the petition of the provincial government asking for annexation will be watched with deep interest. A few years ago when the United States was granted a coaling station on one of the islands there was a distinct understanding entered into between England, Germany and the United States that neither power would attempt to annex or seize any of these islands. It now remains to be seen whether the American Congress will break faith with the other powers by annexing them. Queen Liliuokalani the late sovereign is 55 years of age and she is described as a very intelligent good-looking woman. She succeeded to the throne on the death of her brother the late king Kalakaua on January 29th 1891. A member of the late King's cabinet was a Canadian. He was for years the attorney general and a leading member of the government. There are also several Nova Scotians residing at Honolulu, the capital of the islands.

—Dr. Weldon, dean of the Halifax Law School and member for Albert County, N. B., has introduced into the Dominion Parliament a bill to disfranchise corrupt voters. Under this bill a man who can be convicted of taking a bribe, whether for voting or refraining from voting, can be deprived of his vote for a period of ten years. There is, we believe, at present, a law to punish the giver of bribes but none to meet the case of the corrupt elector who sells his vote. Dr. Weldon's bill is therefore another step in the direction of securing purity at elections. There are unfortunately in many constituencies a certain number who look upon the franchise not as a sacred trust to be discharged honestly and conscientiously as the best interests of the country demand, but rather as a commodity from which a money consideration may be derived. These men surely do not deserve votes and to deprive them of the franchise is simply to take from them something they are not capable of using properly. In the same way the liberty of buying and using drugs has been taken from all but those who understand their proper use. The corrupt voter is one of the worst evils of our system of parliamentary government. It is unreasonable to expect honesty in politicians unless the people themselves are first honest. The electors are the source, the fountain head, of political power in all countries enjoying representative institutions. If that be pure and above the power of temptation it will not take long to secure absolute purity in the entire machinery of government.

—The series of events which have taken place in this town during the last week has stirred the community as it has not been before for many years. A woman who was at one time highly respected in the community is arrested and sent to prison, charged with the terrible crime of poisoning her husband, the man whom she promised at the altar to love, honor and obey. It is of course the part of Christian charity to suspend judgment until she has had a fair trial. And Mrs. Cameron's friends can feel fully assured that this she will get. In a British court and under British law a person gets justice no matter under what flag he was born or what tongue he may speak. All the facts of the case are fully narrated in another column. It is not our province as journalists to express opinions or to draw conclusions. The reader can see for himself how the case stands.

—Twelve hundred beds at a penny a night are offered to London's poor in a new Salvation Army shelter erected on the bank of the Thames near Blackfriars bridge. A shelter with four hundred beds was opened a year ago, mainly to "clear the embankment of its destitute," but this was always more than crowded, with dozens of applicants for beds turned away nightly. If a man has not even the necessary penny he can earn his bed by half an hour's wood chopping.

—The latest excitement in St. John, N. B., is over the raising of a fund sufficient to send a four-oared crew to Chicago to compete in the aquatic races to be held at the time of the World's Fair. The Telegraph recently had a lengthy article in connection with the idea, and it is just possible the old boat racing spirit of St. John will be sufficiently revived to admit of the scheme being carried into effect. If so, we have no doubt she will give a good account of her ability in this direction.

## SUPPOSED POISONING CASE.

### Mrs. Cameron, Wife of Deceased, Under Arrest and Charged With the Crime.

### Attempt at Suicide with a Razor Handed Her by the Jailer.

### THE VERDICT OF THE JURY AND OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES CONNECTED WITH THE TRAGIC AFFAIR.

Since our last issue this community and those of the surrounding country have been in a state of intense excitement owing to the mysterious death of A. D. Cameron, Esq., a brief announcement of which was made in our issue of last week; and the daily developments transpiring have led to an intensified interest never equalled in the history of the county. It is only natural for human nature to err in reaching conclusions drawn from the highly-colored reports that reach the masses from hour to hour in connection with a sensation similar to the one now agitating the public mind; but as the revelations which have been brought to light in connection with the demise of our former citizen are so self-convincing and supported by a chain of circumstances leading up to the belief that death was caused from an overdose of morphine, it would be almost impossible to make the majority of the people who have followed the evidence thus far obtained, arrive at any other conclusion than that Mr. Cameron came to his death from other than natural causes. Let the result be as it may, it is to the credit of the authorities of the town, that after hearing the stories circulated by some of the residents living adjacent to the premises in which the death occurred, they thwarted the plans of Mrs. Cameron, whose intention it was to have the remains conveyed to Picton for burial, and for which purpose a sum of money had been given Mr. Farnsworth, by intercepting him and ordering him to convey the casket to the Court House, as it was deemed necessary to make an inquiry into the now strongly suspicious circumstance.

As soon as the necessary arrangements could be effected for an inquest, Dr. S. Primrose of Lawrencetown was called upon to hold the same. This occurred on Tuesday, when Mr. Farnsworth, Dr. G. Barnaby and R. D. Taylor were examined, and though we cannot furnish our readers with the evidence of these witnesses it was of such a nature as to cause the jury after being out only a short time, to arrive at the conclusion that a postmortem was necessary, when the court adjourned till Wednesday, Feb. 1st. On that day the postmortem was made by Drs. L. G. deBlois and I. B. Freeman, and as the inquiry was proceeded with, the eager throng who had gathered in the building to watch the proceedings became satisfied, as the physicians passed from one stage to another, that the rumors which had been continually gaining credence, were now strongly substantiated by the careful and searching scrutiny of those conducting it. When the autopsy had been completed, the court was adjourned by the coroner, with instructions that the jury be summoned at eight o'clock to hear the result; and that there may be no misunderstanding on this point we herewith annex the evidence of the physicians taken before the jurors, which is as follows, together with their verdict, given after a very short deliberation.

EVIDENCE OF THE PHYSICIANS.

DR. DEBLOIS, sworn: Dr. Freeman and I conducted the post mortem examination. We examined the body. We first made a very thorough examination of the brain; found no disease of that organ such as effusion of blood or *cerum* which would cause death. We also examined his kidneys and liver; there was no disease of those organs that could cause death. We next drew a quantity of urine from the bladder, which we found distended. We then removed the stomach for analysis. Both the stomach and urine were handed to the coroner to be forwarded for examination and analysis. These were put in a glass jar and sealed, and delivered to the coroner. It was not necessary from the symptoms to examine heart or lungs. There was no natural cause for death that I could discover.

DR. I. B. FREEMAN, sworn: The symptoms as detailed by Dr. Barnaby were strongly those of morphine poisoning. I assisted at the autopsy from commencement to end. We made an exceedingly careful examination. There was no accumulation of water or clot in the brain. I wish to state here that the symptoms detailed by Dr. Barnaby in his examination in reference to the uniform contraction of the pupils is distinctive of morphine poisoning. In other conditions of brain trouble one pupil would be dilated and the other contracted, or both dilated, but never both contracted. The degree of contraction of pupil is another strong feature of the case. What is called *pin head* contraction usually takes place in death by morphine. The retention of the urine is another strong symptom of morphine poisoning. We sent the stomach and a quantity of the urine for chemical analysis. Morphine poisoning leaves no traces by which we can discover its presence in the tissues. Its presence can only be discovered by chemical analysis. The bladder was full; not distended. In cases of morphine poisoning the bladder is found full after death. This was the case with Mr. Cameron. One kidney was healthy, the other not so healthy; but there was nothing in its condition to produce death.

THE JURY'S VERDICT.

*County of Annapolis, S.S.:*

An investigation taken at Bridgetown, in the County of Annapolis, aforesaid, the 31st day of January, A.D. 1893, and adjourned to Wednesday the 1st day of February, A.D. 1893, before me, Samuel C. Primrose, gentleman, a coroner of our said Lady the Queen, for the County aforesaid, upon the view of the body of Alexander D. Cameron then and there lying dead, upon the oaths of, John P. Murdoch, Harry Crowe, John Ross, Forrest Connell, Oliver F. Ruffee, James DeWitt, William Bath, George Dixon, Albert Wade, Arthur Sulis, James H Hawkesworth and William Reed, good and lawful men of the township of Granville, in the County aforesaid, who being charged to inquire on the part of our said Lady the Queen, when, where, how, and after what manner the said Alexander D. Cameron came to his death, do say upon their oath that according to the evidence of Drs. Freeman and DeBlois, who made a post mortem examination of the remains of said Alexander D. Cameron and from other evidences given before us, on oath, we believe the said Alexander D. Cameron came to his death from unnatural causes, and that his death was caused by morphine poison.

Dated this Feb. 1st, 1893.

During the autopsy and in the presence of a number of witnesses, a quantity of the urine was secured as also the stomach, the former being placed in a bottle and the latter in a glass jar, both of which had been carefully washed and thoroughly cleansed by Dr. DeBlois, when they were conveyed to Medical Hall, and firmly sealed, after which they were given in charge of the coroner.

The result of the autopsy being wired the Attorney General, the case was then handed over to J. M. Owen, Esq., Q. C., of Annapolis, who at once arrived here and took the necessary steps for the arrest of Mrs. Cameron, she having in the meantime returned to her former boarding-place, the residence of Mrs. W. W. Saunders. We may here state that Mrs. Cameron's unexpected appearance in the dining-room of this estimable woman, who, with two other boarders were partaking of a cup of tea, caused no little consternation, as both of Mrs. Saunders' guests immediately made a hasty exit and secured themselves in their rooms, she herself falling in a swoon upon the floor. After some of the neighbors had been summoned, and order partially restored, an explanation followed, resulting in the departure of the unexpected visitor to the residence of her former home, now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Burpee Chute. However, the unfortunate woman soon began to realize her true position, and when all the details that had transpired had been made known, the haughty spirit which characterized her in the past, must have been deeply and sorely humiliated.

At eleven o'clock on the following night, upon the coroner's instructions, a warrant was placed in the hands of Sheriff Morse, and accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Bath, he proceeded to the apartments of Mrs. C., placed her under arrest, and conveyed her to the Revere House, where she was held till the following morning.

On Friday at 10 a.m. the prisoner was brought before Stipendiary Forsythe upon a charge of wilful murder, Mr. Owen appearing for the crown; but as she was undefended an adjournment was held until yesterday morning.

In a brief and impartial manner we will endeavor to present to our readers some of the facts, as far as elicited, which have been paramount in bringing this exciting case to its present stage; and though the conclusions are as yet based wholly upon circumstantial evidence, it will be readily admitted that they are of such a character as to arouse the gravest suspicions, and to warrant the action thus far taken.

It is a generally admitted statement that there has been a lack of that affection exhibited by Mrs. Cameron toward her late husband that should here manifest

and notwithstanding that he has for the past two years been in a partly demented condition, attributed it is said to the excessive use of quinine wine, we have yet to find the first person who is prepared to accuse him of drunkenness or in any way conducting himself in a manner that would bring disgrace upon himself or any of his relatives or friends. In fact, his amiable and even deportment during his long residence in this town, have won for him the admiration and esteem of all with whom he became intimate; and after his overthrow in business, he not only had the deep sympathy of the entire community, but as his health gradually improved, we believe that we state what is true when we assert that there were men of affluence and position, who had known him in other sections of the province, who stood ready to assist him in a financial way had they seen any disposition whatever on the part of the wife to have bestowed upon him that support and consideration which might reasonably have been looked for. This was not to be the case, and after the troublesome business trial through which he passed was satisfactorily arranged, Mrs. Cameron took her departure from this town, presumably for a visit among relatives living at Calais and Eastport, leaving her husband in the care of Mr. and Mrs. Burpee Chute, who had in the meantime purchased, so it is said, the store and dwelling-house owned by the Camerons', and who at present are occupying and conducting a general merchandise business in the store. From what can be ascertained, her absence among relatives across the border must have been of short duration, as shortly afterward it was learned that she was boarding at the residence of a gentleman in the upper end of the county. During her vacation there was a marked improvement in the physical condition of the invalid husband, so much so that it was frequently mentioned by those with whom he was associated and came in contact; and on one occasion when being congratulated on his rapid restoration to health, he frankly admitted that were it not for the unfortunate circumstances which surrounded his domestic life, he would make another effort to battle with the world and recover the position once held in the eyes of the public.

Fate blasted this hope, however, for soon after Mrs. Cameron again arrived on the scene, and after a short sojourn at her former home where her husband had remained, set him over the mountain to the home of Mr. E. Farnsworth, while she engaged board and room at the home of the lady before alluded to, Mrs. W. W. Saunders.

Let us pass over his life for the next few weeks, further than to state that from outward appearances he was daily increasing in mental and physical vigor; helped Mr. F. about his chores around the premises; recognized his former acquaintances whenever he came in contact with them; talked intelligently and went through his daily routine of life in about the same way that others of us would under similar circumstances.

From the time of his advent at the home of Mr. F. until the 21st of January, he had none of the companionship of his wife; but on that day she visited him, and though it was the impression of Mrs. Saunders that she would return at once, she did not do so till after the death of Mr. Cameron and the intended interment of his remains at Picton.

Previous to her departure, she visited the drug store of R. D. Taylor, purchased the unusually large quantity of thirty grains of morphine, which she took with her over to the Bay, where she arrived on Saturday, and on the following Thursday evening Mr. Cameron, from some unknown cause, dozed off into a stupor. This coma continued, and on Friday, at the suggestion of Mr. Farnsworth, who deemed it expedient that medical aid should be summoned, Dr. G. Barnaby was sent for. The summons was promptly complied with, and at half past ten o'clock on Friday morning Dr. B. reached the bedside of the insensible patient, made a hasty though careful examination of Mr. Cameron's condition, and at once stated that there was no possible chance of the unfortunate man's recovery. After asking some important and pointed questions, to which he received negative replies, and owing to the fact that his wife was quite seriously ill, he only remained a short time, but could see during his stay that the patient was gradually sinking into his farewell sleep.

From that period up to the present time, the details are already given, and though there are many other circumstances in connection, we hardly deem them of sufficient interest to give publicity.

The deceased Alexander D. Cameron was born at West River, Picton county, and had attained the age of fifty-nine years. After the death of his father, his mother married a widower named McDonald, whose son by his first wife was John A. McDonald, at one time M. P. P. for Guysboro.

Mrs. Cameron's maiden name was Jennie McNichol, a native of Deer Island, N.B. She is about fifty years old, and was on a visit at the home of her sister, a Mrs. McLean, who was keeping a boarding house at Goldenville, when she became acquainted with Mr. Cameron, and has been married some twenty-five years.

THE ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

Early on Monday morning last it was reported about town that on the preceding Saturday, the day following her incarceration at Annapolis, the unfortunate prisoner had made an attempt at suicide. This fact was soon confirmed by gentlemen who arrived from the shire town, and what prevented the complete accomplishment of the crime has not been satisfactorily explained as yet. From what we can learn Mrs. Cameron was placed in the most comfortable cell in the jail, though as strong and secure as any of the others, and had among other personal effects three satchels containing wearing apparel and other necessary articles for her comfort, which were also allowed to be deposited in the room assigned her.

Some time during Saturday evening she asked Jailer McMillan for a razor, giving as a reason for the request that she had a troublesome corn which prevented her from obtaining sleep, and which she was desirous of paring down. The demand was willing conceded, and nothing more was tho ght of the matter. Later in the evening Mrs. McMillan, from the fact that the prisoner had not partaken of any tea, visited the room for the purpose of furnishing some refreshment if desired, and otherwise making matters comfortable for the night; but to her great astonishment she found that the request for the razor had proved only a blind, and lying on the bed, surrounded by a pool of blood, and in a comparatively dazed condition was the unfortunate victim of attempted suicide. Medical aid in the person of Dr. Russell Withers was hastily summoned, restoratives applied, the wound examined, and everything else the situation demanded, professionally treated. It was then found that the razor had played a most important part in the sad affair, as a gash of sufficient length to necessitate some four or five stitches had been made across the throat. Dr. Withers remained with the sufferer till the following morning, at which time all danger had been passed, though the effects of the loss of blood were plainly visible in the woman's pale and emaciated condition.

COMMENCEMENT OF PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION.

Yesterday morning Sheriff Morse brought Mrs. Cameron from the gaol in Annapolis by early train, and took her to the Revere House, in this town, and at 10 o'clock, the hour appointed, she was brought by him to the Court House and arraigned before Mr. Justice Forsyth, stipendiary magistrate, who proceeded to read the information against her in due form. Mr. Roscoe, one of the council, for the defence, made some objections as to the illegality of the proceedings, and which were overruled by the court, when Mr. Owen, crown prosecutor, proceeded to call the witnesses for the prosecution, the first of whom was Daniel Sheehan, who testified as follows:

DANIEL SHEEHAN, sworn: I reside in Bridgetown. Have done so off and on for eight years. Have been acquainted with the deceased four or five years. Have known Mrs. Cameron same length of time. Recollect October 1892, and remember during that month of driving Mr. and Mrs. Cameron to Farnsworth's over the mountain. My brother William was along with us. It was on Sunday morning, 9th of October between 9 and 10 o'clock. The day was rainy, bad underfoot and chilly when we left. The rain continued from the time we left home until our return. I said to Mrs. Cameron before starting that I thought it was a pretty tough day to take Mr. Cameron over there. She replied by saying no, she thought it would clear up owing to the way the mountain looked. How were Mr. and Mrs. Cameron equipped for protection against the weather? Mrs. C. had an umbrella, Mr. C. had none. How was Mr. C. protected about the throat? I couldn't see that he had any protection around his throat for an old man. He had on an overcoat. We proceeded on our way, Mrs. C. sitting on the front seat with my brother William, and he in rear seat with myself. On the way over we got out to walk up the mountain, my brother William and I. This was near the residence of Mr. Chute. What was the reason for doing so? It was on account of the hill. Mr. C. also got out about 50 or 60 rods this side of the watering-trough, where we came to a halt. It was here that Mrs. C. spoke of her husband getting out. Mrs. C. turned round to her husband and said C. you get out and walk. When Mrs. C. made this remark, I said there was no necessity for his doing so. She said let him get out and walk it would do him good. She also said that he had walked up and down Chute's platform all day long, and could now walk, whereupon we objected again. She then turned round, called him by name, and requested him to get out and walk. Mr. C. got out and walked. What was the reason for stopping the second time? It was plain to be seen that Mr. C. was becoming fatigued, and we stopped to allow him to get in. He first got out about 50 rods on the south side of the trough. Our reason for getting out was because we were young and we wanted to rest the colt. At the place where Mr. C. got out the road was level; it then started up steep. The distance of the hill he walked up was some forty yards. He had a cane in his hand. I saw Mr. C. walk this distance. He exhibited fatigue in walking this distance. When he first got out of the wagon he was weaker and weaker. When he reached the end of the 40 yards he appeared ready to drop, staggered, and seemed out of breath. He commenced to stagger when about two-thirds of the distance. I thought he was going to drop. (Further evidence on this point was objected to.) At the end of the 40 yards he was thoroughly exhausted. He manifested these symptoms by heavy breathing, short and slow steps. I walked up this 40 yards. It was a difficult piece, owing to the ascent. I then spoke to Mrs. C. and told her that Mr. C. was not able to walk any further, and then stopped the horse. She then said let him walk up this next little hill and then he can get in. The distance to the top of the next little hill was likewise about 35 or 40 yards. This hill also, on account of the ascent, was difficult. When she said let him walk up both hills my brother and myself objected, and said we would not let him walk any further. I then told my brother Willie to go and help Mr. C. into the wagon, which he did. The road was muddy and in a bad condition for walking. We then proceeded on our way to Hampton. When Mr. C. got into the wagon he was completely played out. When on our way from Hampton there was very slight reference, if any, concerning Mr. C. We reached our destination, left Mr. C., and brought Mrs. C. home with us. We remained at Mr. F.'s till late in afternoon. On our return home Mrs. C. asked us what we thought of Mr. C's. chances of recovering. I said that Mr. C. would get around all right again as the place was in his favor. She asked what made me think so. I told her that I thought it was more like melancholy than anything else he was afflicted with. She said she didn't expect he would ever get better. When we returned we left Mrs. C. at Mr. Chute's house from where we started.

At this point court was adjourned till 2 o'clock.

On the court assembling after dinner, the names of the different witnesses were called, and on motion of the counsel for the defence, to the effect that they be deprived of hearing each other's evidence, they were placed in charge of the court and removed to the jury room.

DANIEL SHEEHAN, re-called: Mrs. C. took some clothing along, and I think a satchel as well.

Cross-examined by Mr. Roscoe: Reside in Bridgetown. Remember the day of the month from it being Sunday. Made no memorandum. We had our horse—a colt—aged four last Sept. We had a double-seated wagon belonging to Mr. Norman Chute. We got there before dinner and remained there till late in the afternoon. We were in and out of house at times through afternoon, as also Mr. C., who went out with Mr. Farnsworth. I was in the barn with brother, and they came into barn. The distance of barn from house is about 25 feet. Mr. C. was with us some 15 minutes, when he was called back to the house. Don't know who called him. I was smoking in barn. Mr. C. was sitting on a stool. We had dinner there. All of us ate together. Cameron had no overcoat when he went to barn. No umbrella. I have made no statement to any one of what I told the court this morning. May have told Mr. Owen a part of it. Have talked it some around the town. I have given all my statement respecting conversation held with Mr. C. Don't know of any further. Began talking of the affair again when I heard of Mr. C.'s death. Had no conversation with Mr. Dennis of the *Herald*. I was asked to go over the mountain the previous night by my brother. Neither of us had an umbrella. Might have exchanged words with Mr. C. going over. Heard no conversation between my brother and Mr. C. My brother talked with Mr. C. I was sitting in the rear seat. When we first got out we were walking first on one side and then the other, and at times both on same side. We walked at a moderate pace. I held the reins. After Mr. C. got out I continued on the right side of wagon; brother walked in the rear of Mr. C. When I got to the top of the hill, or nearly so, they were 60 feet behind the team. I spoke first about Mr. C. getting in, and then my brother called to me from the rear. The rise was about 40 or 50 yards. Was there at the spot a week ago last Tuesday night. The second rise was about 35 yards. The first one was the steepest. Mrs. C. said a walk would do him good, as he was used to walking Chute's platform. I was close to the hind wheel. When we first stopped it was about one-third of the way up the mountain. I didn't hear Mrs. C. offer at any time to get out and walk. The mountain road is an ordinary one. I heard Mr. C. speak a couple of times, but don't remember what he said. He did not talk much. It was while in wagon he spoke. He addressed me. Had talk with him after we got over there, but no person else had in my presence. It was after we got on first level that Mrs. C. told Mr. C. he had better get out. I wouldn't swear that hill was more than thirty yards. Mr. C. was out of breath when he got into wagon, and said nothing. Think he was troubled with asthma. Think he held his cane in both hands on flooring of wagon after he got in. I observed this when he got in. I know Mr. C. failed in business by hearsay. The draught on the horse being heavy, we stopped the first time to give him wind. Was never at Farnsworth's after that while Mr. C. was there. Mrs. C. asked her husband to get out when we stopped. Mr. Owen called upon me the other night and listened to what I had to say. Did not tell him any more than once, and don't think he wrote it down.

WILLIAM SHEEHAN, sworn: Am a brother of the last witness. Have lived here going on eight years. Knew Mr. Cameron. Known him all this time. Have known Mrs. C. same length of time. Recollect October, 1892. Took Mr. C. over the mountain. Was engaged by Mrs. C. to take him over. It was on Sunday morning. Couldn't say day of month. It was in October. Was engaged to do so previous night. Had a double-seated wagon. Was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. C. and brother Daniel. We went to Hampton to the house of Mr. Farnsworth. The distance is about five miles. Left home about 9 o'clock a.m. It was raining when we started, and continued doing so. The roads were bad. Mrs. C. set side of me in the front seat. Others were in back seat. I drove up to Chute's. When we got there Dan and I got out, when I asked him to take the reins as it was muddy and he had on a rubber coat. Mrs. C. had an umbrella. None of the rest of us had one. It was a chilly day. Mr. C. had on a brown overcoat; no muffler about neck. After Mr. C. had been walking and got into the wagon Dan put the blanket around him. No one used the umbrella but Mrs. C. who kept it over herself. I getting no benefit of it. It was not at any time held over Mr. C. We stopped this side of watering trough about fifty yards. Before starting from home we spoke about the weather not being fit to start, when Mrs. C. replied she thought it would clear up. Where we first stopped it was hilly—the side of the mountain. We got out, from the fact that the load was heavy. It was raining quite heavy at this point. The road was not very muddy, though it was new; neither good walking nor very heavy. The distance from the trough to the top of the mountain is about three-quarters of a mile. Mr. C. got out of the wagon at the place we held up near the trough. At this point Mrs. C. said that Mr. C. had better get out and walk. Dan said there was no need of it. I said we were going up all right so far. From the trough up the road is the steepest. Mrs. C. said the walk would do him good, as he was in the habit of walking the platform. Mr. C. then got out and walked up to the landing at the trough.

Court adjourned to Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

NOTES.

The Court House was crowded when the inquiry commenced, and remained so nearly the entire day.

The rumor of the attempt to open a blood vessel by use of a hairpin on Monday evening last, as near as can be learned, is doubtless true.

With the number of witnesses to be examined, unless more progress is made than on yesterday, the investigation will be long and tedious.

Stipendiary Forsyth manifested wonderful evenness of temper all through yesterday's proceedings, and conducted the hearing in a manner that won favor.

J. M. Owen, Q. C., and J. G. H. Parker are conducting the prosecution. J. J. Ritchie, Q. C., W. E. Roscoe and E. Ruggles are engaged in the defence.

Mrs. Cameron's brother, a distinguished lawyer of Calais, Me., is attending the court, and in all other ways administering support and kindness to the unfortunate sister.

Mr. Dennis, of the Halifax *Herald* and Mr. Taunton of the Halifax *Chronicle* are here reporting the trial. Other gentlemen are also engaged, but for what papers remains unknown.

Dr. S. C. Primrose left Lawrencetown on Monday last for St. John, with the contents of the stomach and a quantity of the urine, where an analysis is to be made by an expert. On arriving at Halifax he had a lengthy interview with the Attorney-General.

Mrs. Cameron showed unmistakable effects of the attempted suiside; the great loss of blood was strikingly apparent in her pale face and haggard down-cast look, so very different from the bright, joyous, and always pleasant expression characteristic of her daily walk. She sat in a large and comfortable arm-chair, kindly provided for her by the sheriff, but never looked up or at the general surroundings during the day's proceedings. In the evening, at the Revere House, whither she was again escorted by the sheriff, she appeared in rather better spirits and conversed freely with the sheriff and others who had access to her room and whose sympathies were the occasion of their visit. She will be again taken to the court house this a. m., when the proceedings will be continued.

WINS A BARREL OF FLOUR.—The jar containing the nuts in the window of Mr. John P. Murdoch's boot and shoe store was opened a day or two ago, and on being carefully counted was found to contain 418. The nearest guesses were 415, 400, 425, 419, the latter being the winner. Mr. Frank Crowe, of Granville, was the fortunate young man, and was accordingly awarded the barrel of flour.

—A SIMILE FOR A SMILE.—Apropos of Lady Aberdeen and the likelihood of her coming here in a viceregal capacity, Prof. Robertson, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, recently referred to her in a style which, while no doubt inadequate to the subject, will be thoroughly appreciated: "The radiance of Lady Aberdeen's smile is like the rising of the sun in the Annapolis Valley, with the apple trees all in blossom."

—A decree against mixed marriages between Catholics and Protestants was read in all the Catholic churches of Quebec on Sunday. This decree forbids Catholics marrying Protestants, except by special dispensation, and with the understanding that the marriage ceremony is to be performed by a priest and the contracting parties bind themselves to have their children brought up as Catholics.

—An exchange says: As evidence of what a few public-spirited people can do for their town. Wolfville has a decided boom as the result of the land company's operations. W. C. Archibald, the promotor of the scheme, sold $5,000 worth of lots in a week. Contracts have been given for building 10 cottages for the company, and probably 20 more will be built next summer.

### The Newspaper "Ad" Does the Business.

A neat illustration of the value of sagacious advertising was given at the Portland Young Men's Christian Association meeting Sunday, when General Secretary McDonald stated that he had curiosity to know what method of advertising reached the most people. He had circulated thousands of little dodgers, giving notice of the meeting, and he had asked those who had seen them and had been moved to come through that means to rise. The hall was packed as full as it could hold, and of the entire number about fifteen arose. Then Mr. McDonald asked all who had read the notices in the newspapers, and had been influenced by them, to rise, and the crowd rose in a body.

### Local Legislature.

In the House of Assembly on Tuesday the bill to incorporate the Dominion Coal Company passed its third reading and was sent to the Legislative Council for concurrence.

The same day the Legislative Council passed the coal bill through all its stages.

On Wednesday the Lieutenant-Governor gave his assent to eleven bills including the famous coal bill and the legislature adjourned to meet again on March 16th.

—Nothing else can equal Johnson's Anodyne Liniment for any form of sore throat. Try it once.

## New Advertisements.


**I. S. HOLMES,**
**Champion Theological Debater,**
will lecture at the COURT HOUSE, in this town, on
*THURSDAY EVENING, FEB'Y 9th,*
at 8 o'clock.
Mr. Holmes will prove that the Church of England teaches the most of Holy Writ.
Admission is only 10 cents. 1i

**AN ENTERTAINMENT**
CONSISTING OF
**Readings and Recitations,**
chiefly of a humorous character, will be given by the REV. F. P. GREATOREX, in VICTORIA HALL, on
**TUESDAY EV'NG, FEB. 14th,**
at 8 o'clock.
Admission, 15 cents; Children, 10 cents.
Proceeds for St. James' Sunday school.

**SPRING & SUMMER SUITINGS!**
MESSRS. SHAFNER & BATH,
Granville Street,
Have just received full and complete lines of all the leading patterns of
**NEW CLOTHS,**
suitable for the Spring and Summer wear, which they offer at most favorable prices, at the same time
GUARANTEEING PERFECT FITS
and well-made garments.
Those anticipating new clothing in the near future, will find it to their advantage to make a personal inspection of their fine stock before placing orders in any other source.
Bridgetown, Feb. 7th, 1893. 45 tf

**FARMING WITH CHEMICALS!**
Fertilizer farming is assuming large proportions in Nova Scotia. Some of the most successful farmers both in Canada and the States use only artificial manures. Prejudice against them is dying out before the light of science and experience, and now a good reliable Fertilizer is generally acknowledged as a good thing.
What constitutes a good Fertilizer is not as generally known as it should be. Nitrogen, Phosphoric Acid and Potash are the three essential elements to be supplied to the soil, and the larger the percentage of these, the more available the form, and the better the mechanical condition the better the Fertilizer will be. These points should be carefully looked into by purchasers, rather than how to get the barrel filled for the least money.
**20 YEARS OF EXPERIENCE**
in the sale and use of Artificial Manures have taught me the importance of the market, they are as safe and reliable in every respect as the best stable manure, and for many uses have decided advantages over it. Such Fertilizers are made up of
**GENUINE PLANT FOOD**
and differ widely from those whose cheapness only makes them sell. For fifteen years I have practically farmed only with chemicals. My home farm of ten acres has produced a crop that sold for $2,000 in a single year.
The same formula I have so successfully used myself, I am now offering to the Fruit Growers of the Annapolis Valley under the name of
MILLER'S
**SPECIAL FRUIT FERTILIZER,**
confident that its lasting and producing qualities will commend it to all who give it a trial.
UNDER THE NAME OF
**Miller's Complete Bone Fertilizer,**
I am offering a preparation of Animal Bone and Valuable Chemicals, compounded on the most scientific principles. It is especially intended for the growth of grain, followed by permanent grass, but will be found valuable for other crops. As the elements of plant-food not found in Bone are fully supplied, and as the insufficient ones are strengthened, the whole combination is in perfect balance, and can be used on any soil for unlimited years with no falling off from first results.
**CHEMICALS.**
I will have constantly in stock, Nitrate of Soda, Sulphate of Ammonia, Muriate of Potash, Bone Black, Dried Blood, Sulphuric Acid, etc., which will be supplied at lowest cash price.
**Bradley's XL,**
the oldest and best known Fertilizer in Nova Scotia, will be kept in stock, and sold through the various agencies throughout the provinces.
☞ See my circular and get my figures before placing your orders elsewhere.
G. C. MILLER.
Middleton, February 1st, 1893. 4tf

**SEE! SEE!**
I do not advertise to sell goods below cost, simply because it cannot legitimately be done; but I am here at
**The Old Stand**
to serve my customers with the best assorted stock to be found in the county, including
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Dry Goods,
Ready-made Clothing,
Crockery & Glassware,
*HEAVY and FANCY GROCRIES.*
In any of the above lines I am prepared to OFFER SPECIAL VALUES.
☞ No trouble to show our goods and give prices.
H. H. WHITMAN,
—SUCCESSOR TO—
J. W. WHITMAN.
Lawrencetown, February 1st, 1893.

**FRESH LEMONS**
JUST ARRIVED.

**STATIONERY!**
JUST RECEIVED AT
**McCORMICK'S:**
Goya Lily Papetries.
Cream Ruled Papteries.
Pocket Memo. Books.
Shorthand Books.
Butchers' Memo. Books.
Blank Note Books.
Blank Receipt Books.
Maple Leaf Scribblers.
Ladies "100-page" Perfection Note Tablets.
Clear Lake Linen Note Tablets.
Silver Stream Note Tablets.
Envelopes in different varieties.
Pens, Lead and Slate Pencils, Inks, etc.
WEDDING-CARD BOXES.
CALL AND INSPECT.

**NEW SEASONABLE GOODS**
For 1893.
A LARGE STOCK OF
**Staple Goods**
JUST OPENED
—AT—
**RUNCIMAN, RANDOLPH & CO'S.**
Grey Cottons.
White Shirtings.
White Sheetings.
Grey Sheetings.
**FANCY PRINTS,**
IN LATEST DESIGNS.
Dress Ginghams.
Shirting Ginghams.
**FLANELETTES!**
ALL COLORS.
Rollerings, Towelings.
NEW SILK
JAPANESE Handkerchiefs.
White and Colored
SILK HANDKERCHIEFS.
New Goods Arriving Weekly.
As all Cotton Goods are advancing in price
Now is the time to purchase,
Bridgetown, Jan. 21th, 1893.

**CARD OF THANKS!**
I wish to thank my friends and customers for their very liberal patronage the past nine years, and especially the last year, which has far exceeded my expectations.
It is always my aim to keep such a class of goods as will speak for themselves, and by taking advantage of extra cash discounts, I am prepared to sell first-class goods as low as any one in the trade for cash or marketable produce.
Soliciting a continuance of your much esteemed patronage
I remain, yours truly,
T. G. BISHOP.

**Extension of Time!**
A. J. MORRISON
will extend the time of settlement of his accounts for thirty days more to save costs. Please attend to them, as they will be left for collection at the expiration of the thirty days. Remit all monies and communications to A. J. Morrison, Middleton, N.S., who will send receipt upon arrival of money. 42 2i

**WANTED.**
AGENTS to sell our choice and hardy Nursery Stock. We have many special varieties, both in fruits and ornamentals to offer, which are controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary. Write us at once for terms, and secure choice of territory.
MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y. 41 4i

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**CARD.**
*In tendering the compliments of the season to my numerous customers and friends, the subscriber must first express his sincere thanks for their extended patronage during the past year, and which has increased beyond the capacity of his much enlarged business premises.*
*The rapidly increasing number of his customers, together with the kind expressions of confid