General News.

— Government telegraph stations are to be opened at Baddeck, Big Bras d'Or, Englishtown, near O'Neil's Harbor, and Aspey Bay, Cape Breton, forthwith.

— It has been decided to offer the "Great Eastern" steamship for sale by public auction early in October unless she is previously disposed of by private treaty.

— Toronto stock exporters are scouring Western Ontario for cattle. Last week a firm purchased 130 head for $11,000 from one man in Watford.—*Montreal Witness.*

— The Government Bank statement shows that on July 31st there were $26,047,733 worth of notes in circulation exclusive of Dominion notes. Total liabilities of banks, $124,963,571, and assets, $198,828,315.

— A neatly bound little octavo volume, entitled "The Revised Edition of the New Testament," has been received by the San Francisco *News Letter*, which says; "Although the story seems in some places a trifle unconnected, and the incidents at times a little improbable, still, on the whole this is a most readable little work."

THE LAST TICHBORNE CLAIMANT.—A letter has been received here from Buffalo purporting to be written by Jules Ferrant, who, it is alleged, was Sir Roger Tichborne's valet when the latter was travelling in South America. The latter asserts that Charles Ferris, of San Francisco, the latest claimant, is the veritable Sir Roger.

A Losing Joke.

A prominent physician of Pittsburg said jokingly to a lady patient who was complaining of her continued ill health, and of his inability to cure her, "try Hop Bitters!" The lady took it in earnest and used the Bitters, from which she obtained permanent health. She now laughs at the doctor for his joke, but he is not so well pleased with it, as it cost him a good patient.—*Harrisburgh Patriot.*

— A Long Island man has "gone up." He had discovered a sulphur spring on his farm. He organized a company at once. A quantity of water was sent to New York for analysis, and the company sat down to quaff fluid sulphur, and wait returns. They came in an autograph letter from the chemist in these words:—"If you will move your ——— old stable about twenty feet from your well, you will have less sulphur."

— One of the Paris Rothschilds announces his intention to bequeath to the Louvre an art collection upon which he has spent twenty-five million francs and a large part of his life. The collection is famous among connoisseurs. He also promises to leave one million francs with it, to meet the expenses of keeping it in preservation and the salaries of the custodians. The reason assigned for this act is the desire to keep the collection intact, and wish to repay France in part for its just and liberal treatment of the Jews. The Secretary of State for Fine Arts promises to keep the collection in a separate gallery bearing the name Rothschild.

A Discovery in Shipbuilding.

The Geneva correspondent of the *Times* telegraphs as follows: "Professor Paoul Pictet, who has been giving his attention lately to marine architecture, announces a discovery which, if anticipations are realized, will effect a revolution in the art of shipbuilding. The discovery consists of a new method of construction, and such an arrangement of keel as will diminish the resistance of the water to the lowest possible point. Vessels built in the fashion devised by Pictet, instead of sinking their prows in the water as the speed increases, will rise out of the water the faster they go in such a way that the only parts exposed to the friction of the water will be the sides of the hull and the neighborhood of the wheel. In other words, ships thus constructed instead of pushing their way through the water will glide over it. According to the Professor's calculations, in the accuracy of which he has the fullest confidence, steamers built after this design will attain a speed of from fifty to sixty kilometres an hour. A model steamer is in the course of construction on the principle which he has discovered at Geneva. The machinery has been ordered at Winterthur. When it is ready the new vessel will make a trial trip on Laman."

FALSE BILLS OF LADING—A GIGANTIC SWINDLE FOLLOWED BY A FLIGHT TO CANADA.—The grain commission firm of E. R. Williams & Bros., of Toledo, it is alleged by the city journals, have issued forged or fraudulent bills of lading covering three cargoes of grain upon which they have realized a sum approximating $100,000. According to the fraudulent bills the grain was shipped from Toledo in the schooners "Benson," "St. Peter" and "Atmosphere," and was consigned to the firm of J. M. Fuller & Co., New York. In order that the many who are not familiar with the methods employed for realizing on a cargo of grain in transit may better understand the proceedings alleged against E. R. Williams & Bros., the *modus operandi* will be briefly explained. When a cargo of grain is shipped aboard a vessel, bills of lading in triplicate are issued signed by the master of the vessel. The original bill, which is the only one of real value, belongs to the shipper, and accompanies as proof of shipment his draft on the consignee for the value of the cargo. Shippers in good standing are allowed to draw for the value of a cargo in transit, the the bills of lading being proof of shipment. In the case of E. R. Williams & Bros. it is alleged that they issued bills on vessel cargoes as above named when no such cargoes were afloat or in stock; that they drew on J. M. Fuller & Co., of New York, through the Merchants' National Bank of Toledo, for the value of the cargo as alleged in the bills; and that the Merchants' National Bank accommodated them with the amount sought to be obtained from J. M. Fuller & Co. It is stated that the last named firm, becoming suspicious of a transaction they could not fully comprehend, sent an agent here to investigate the matter and to secure a settlement with E. R. Williams & Bros., and that through this means matters have been brought to a focus. It is furthermore stated that the firm have obtained large accommodations from the Merchants' National Bank upon documents purporting to represent considerable quantities of wheat in store at the Wabash elevators, which documents, it is alleged, were fraudulent, in that the company had no wheat in store in the elevators named, or not the quantity covered by the bills. The firm in question has been a very prominent one in Board of Trade circles, although they failed about three years ago, by which some of the banks of the city lost heavily, and now that the matter has come to light citizens can call to mind the fact that during the past three or four days they have frequently seen officers in citizens' dress following closely in the path taken by different members of the firm only a few minutes before. For several days and nights past the police have had the members of the firm constanty in view, or knew exactly where they could be found, until last night. They managed to give the officers the slip, and since then they have not been seen, but word has been received that they have since crossed the Canadian line, and are, therefore, all beyond the authority of the police.

The Nova Scotia Cattle Disease.

Dr. Andrew Smith, veterinary surgeon and Principal of the Ontario Veterinary College of Toronto, writes the following letter to the *Mail*:—

"SIR,—In to-day's issue I notice an official account of the Nova Scotia cattle plague. With all due deference to this official statement, I believe it is incorrect, and from my experience among diseases of cattle in Canada I have no hesitation in stating that the Canadian cattle are entirely free from any alarming contagious or infectious disease. I have no doubt but a careful and competent investigation will show that the disease in question is entirely local and due to influences quite the opposite of contagion or infection."

— An old soldier named Cook was fined and compelled to pay costs at Brownsville, Ohio, for slapping a man who expressed a wish that Garfield would die. A Cincinnati newspaper opened one cent subscriptions to pay the fine and costs, which amounted to $32. In a few hours 8,000 persons subscribed. This leaves a balance of $48, which it is proposed to hand over to any one who will slap the fellow again.

THE AFRICAN SLAVE TRADE VIGOROUS.—From time to time intelligence reaches England from the Soudan which leaves no room for doubt that the African slave trade continues to be in vigorous operation in that country. It is indeed stated that no fewer than 50,000 or 60,000 negroes are still annually conveyed to the Turkish and Egyptian ports of the Red Sea, where they are disposed of to dealers from all parts of the Sultan's dominions.

— A woman exhorter among the negroes of South Georgia wears on her head a halo of burnished brass, which she says was given her by an angel in a vision as a reward for superlative piety, and is the only one ever conferred on a person before reaching heaven. Its possession, she claims, gives her miraculous power over diseases and enables her to intercede effectually for sinners. Sad to relate, her superstitious hearers believe her.

— Mrs. Julia Ann Estep, residing in Forestville, Va., is now in her 91st year, and has enjoyed good health until recently. She is the mother of twelve children—nine sons and three daughters; the grandmother of eighty-six children; the great-grand-mother of 146 children; the great-great-grandmother of ten children—254 souls in all. One son has only one child and another son only two children; so the other ten children of Mrs. Estep have eighty-three sons and daughters, an average of over eight to each. "More the merrier," it is said, and happiness greatly abounds in this household.

LUMBER ADVANCING.—At a joint meeting of the Buffalo and Tonawanda Lumber Exchanges, held in Buffalo on the 11th, it was resolved to advance the prices of pine lumber $1 per 1,000 feet on all grades below shelving, and $2 on shelving and higher grades. The established terms hereafter will be 60 days, or 1½ per cent. off for cash.

ADVANCE IN MANUFACTURED IRON.—Says the Montreal *Gazette*:—Messrs. Forthingham & Workman have issued the following card:—"Owing to the fact that the leading makers of iron in England and Scotland have lately advanced their prices materially, we are compelled to make a corresponding increase here. From this date our prices for bar, hook, sheet and plate iron will be ten cents per 100 lbs., higher than the rates hitherto charged."

— In his detail of Indian horrors that came under his notice Mr. Markley, the the New Mexico Indian killer, stated that in 1867 he gave an Indian half a dollar for a hair rope ten feet in length and about the size of his little finger. He untwisted the end and found that it was made of red, auburn and black hair, which, from the length of each hair, was evidently that of women. He questioned the Indian, who told him the rope was made from the hair of the woman and girls slain in the Mountain Meadow massacre, for complicity with which murder John D. Lee, the Mormon, was tried and shot a few years ago. The place where he purchased the rope was at Paleronagote, 65 miles from Mountain Meadow, where the most harrowing and brutal massacre of modern times occurred.—*St. Louis Republican.*

The Census of Great Britain.

On the night of April 4 the population of the United Kingdon of Great Britain and Ireland, including the islands in British waters (the Isle of Man and the Channel Islands), together with the army and navy, and merchant seamen abroad, was found to be 35,246,562 an increase of 4,147,236 as compared with the returns of the census of 1871. The females exceed the males by a little over 700,000. The percentage of population for England was 69·8; for Wales, 3·8; for Scotland, 10·6; for Ireland, 14·6. The remainder, 1·2 per cent. was distribnted between the Isle of Man (0·2), the Channel Islands (0·3), and the army, navy, and seamen abroad (0·7).

The density of population in England and Wales is 440 to the square mile. The greatest density is in the mining and manufacturing counties. Lancashire has over 1,700 to the square mile, and Middlesex (outside of London), 1,364. Six counties in England and one in Wales have over 500 to the square mile. London has 486,286 houses and a population of 3,814,571, having increased over half a million in the past ten years. The density of population in London is now 32,326 to the square mile.

Liverpool ranks next London in England, with a population over 550,000; Birmingham has over 400,000; Manchester and Leeds each exceed 300,000; Sheffield and Bristol have over 200,000 inhabitants each. Curiously the population of Manchester has fallen off 10,000 since the census of 1871.—*Scientific American.*

— A Catamaran is now in our harbor. That is what two boats are called framed together at a suitable distance apart, between which a deck is built, with a mast placed in the centre. The one now in port, called the Louise and Lorne, was built at South Bay, a few miles above St. John, by Mr. Gilbert Purdy. Mr. P. left St. John on Sunday afternoon last alone in his peculiar fashioned boat, and got to Digby during that night, having had scarcely any wind while crossing the Bay. After taking some rest at Digby, he started on Monday morning for Annapolis, and beat up the River with a light head wind and strong ebb tide, in a little over three hours,—something that cannot be done with boats of the usual fashion. The craft is an oddity in these waters. Her boats are 28 feet long and 3 feet wide, is sloop-rigged, and carries about thirty people. During the week she has afforded our citizens a great deal of amusement by her exploits. Either sailing before the wind, or tacking by the wind, she goes like a race-horse. Her speed is about sixteen miles per hour. Her owner and builder is the gentleman who built the Railroad wharf at Annapolis, and now is engaged with Mr. Delap in constructing the Acadia Steamship Pier in this harbor.—*Journal.*

Cured of Drinking.

"A young friend of mine was cured of an insatiable thirst for Liquor, which had so prostrated him that he was unable to do any business. He was entirely cured by the use of Hop Bitters. It allayed all that burning thirst; took away the appetite for liquor; made his nerves steady, and he has remained a sober and steady man for more than two years, and has no desire to return to his cups; I know of a number of others that have been cured of drinking by it."—From a leading R. R. Official, Chicago, Ills.

A Thousand Dollars a Minute.

Mr. Eddy, the veteran patent solicitor, of Boston, is a regular encyclopedia of incidents referring to inventors. He tells of a man named Hurd, who belonged in Stoneham, who realized $30,000 and gave to the world one of the most valuable inventions ever produced—all the result of only about half an hour's thought. His invention was the machine now everywhere used for extracting molasses from sugar. When the idea occurred to him he sketched it down and gave it to Mr. Eddy and authorized him to take out a patent. Returning home he forgot all about the matter and applied himself to other affairs. Subsequently a gentleman engaged in the sugar business saw the invention in Mr. Eddy's office and at once appreciated its value. The solicitor was instructed to purchase the patent, which he supposed he could do for a moderate sum. The first offer of $1,000 was refused, and not until the figures of $30,000 was reached did Mr. Hurd surrender. The machine is used in all the sugar countries of the world. Mr. Robertson, who was the American Consul at the Hague, and the Aspinwalls of New York, made millions out of the invention.—*Boston Herald.*

— The ex-Empress Eugenie has been travelling in Germany incognito, but retains enough of her former magnificence to keep a retinue of ten persons wherever she goes.

— A gentleman passing through Long Acre the other day, peeped into a little shop and started suddenly at the sight of several dead bodies. They had been dead for over two thousand years—they were mummies. Where did they come from? From Thebes. Are more coming? Yes, plenty. There appears to be a regular business going on in mummies between Thebes and Long Acre. The mummies are brought over enveloped in their rich bituminous covering and—*horresco referens*—ground-up, bones, cases, coverings bitumen and all! What for? Why for paint. There seems to be no burnt sienna like ground mummy. The artists are willing to pay high for this mummy paint. Our Academy walls may be limned with the dust of the Ptolemies!—*London Truth.*

— The gospel dynamite progresses bravely. A packet of this destructive material was found on Saturday at Hullside steel works, near Glasgow, between two furnaces, in quantity sufficient to blow up the whole of the works. I understand the assassins of Germany have graciously assured the present Emperor, by letter, that his life will not again be attempted, in consideration of his advanced age and the good he has done in his life-time; but no such exemption is extended to the Crown Prince on his accession, while the Emperor of Russia and the Czarina and her children are still under the ban.

— A sad shooting accident occurred on Wednesday by which a boy named William N. Baker, aged 13 years, lost his life. Baker, with two companions went out in the woods blueberrying. Baker had a cheap dollar pistol in his pocket loaded with slugs. He fell and the pistol discharged, the contents entering his abdomen. He was taken to a house and attended by Dr. McGatridge, but died within an hour.—*Hx. paper.*

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

MR. EDITOR:—

In the last MONITOR, a correspondent in an article entitled "Lights along the Shores," spoke of a series of practical jokes perpetrated by a lot of rowdies and blackguards, upon a poor but honest man, Mr. Andrew Taylor, and your correspondent seemed to treat it as a good joke, rather than a dastardly outrage upon a civil and inoffensive man.

Since last spring several attempts have been made to injure Mr. Taylor and his property, his fence has been let down when cattle were running at large upon the road, filth put in his well and verdegris paint daubed around his cow's face and mouth, which nearly poisoned the animal, and injured the milk so as to cause sickness in his family. Such tricks neither show manliness, cuteness nor common sense, and could the perpetrators be found out they should be punished as they richly deserve to be.

Yours truly,
FAIR PLAY.

Margaretville, Aug. 22nd, 1881.

TELEGRAPH NOTES FOR THE WEEK

Toronto, Aug. 16.—Last evening Hanlan sent the following letter to the editor of the Boston *Herald* in reply to Ross' challenge:

"Sir,—Herewith I beg to enclose a cheque for $200 to cover the deposit which I understand Wallace Ross has made with you to row me a four mile race for $2,000 a side on a course yet to be agreed on. I have delayed forwarding my cheque for the simple reason that I expected a notification from the temporary stakeholder that the deposit had been placed in his hands, but having received none, and gathering from the newspapers in this city that such a challenge had been issued, I have decided to waive my rights to an official notification and cover the deposit.

"I have only to say that I shall be most happy to row Mr. Ross the race he proposes, on any course on which we can mutually agree, and shall be happy to meet him when and where he wishes to settle preliminaries.

"Yours obediently,
EDWARD HANLAN."

Montreal, Aug. 15.—Another important railway enterprise has been taken in hand here by Canadian and American capitalists. It is the building of a line, for which they have obtained a charter from the Dominion Government, from some point in the Canadian territory, on the Atlantic coast or Bay of Fundy, by way of Lake Megantic, Sherbrooke, Montreal, Ottawa, and French River, to a point on the east side of Lake Superior, receiving aid from municipalities in Canada and the state of Maine. The company is empowered to build a telegraph line the entire length of the road, and to own and operate steamers in connection with the line, and acquire existing lines of railway by purchase, amalgamation or lease. The capital is $10,000,000, with power to increase by vote of shareholders. The following are among the promoters: Duncan McIntyre, Pacific Railway syndicate; Mr. H. Gault, M. P.; Andrew Robertson, president Montreal harbor board; Hon. G. G. Stevens, Hon. A. H. Gilmour, Hon. L. Church and Hon. J. R. Thibaudau. The majority of the above gentlemen belong to this city. A meeting of shareholders has been called for August 30, to organize and commence surveys.

Weymouth, August 18.—The auction sale of ship property belonging to the estate of the late Colin Campbell took place here this afternoon as follows:—

Barque "Susan L. Campbell," 720 tons, register. Forty-eight sixty-fourths sold for $6,350. Barque "Douglas Campbell," 845 tons register. Fifty-six sixty-fourths sold for $10,575. Barque "John Campbell," 727 tons register. The whole ship sold for $3,500. Barque "Campbell," 1132 tons register. Whole ship sold for $25,250. Barque "Mary K. Campbell," 578 tons register. Whole ship sold for $4250. Barque "Harry Douglas," 1112 tons register. Whole ship sold for $20,275. Barque "Harriet Campbell," 649 tons register. Fifty-six sixty-fourths sold for $5450. Brigt. "Thomas Campbell," 193 tons register. Whole ship sold for $1250. The above vessels were purchased by John Campbell and others of London, England.

Los Vegas, N. M., August 15.—The Apaches surrounded a small Mexican village, eighteen miles from Rio Puro, and murdered twenty-seven of the twenty-nine inhabitants. Two Mexicans escaped nearly exhausted when they reached the railway. They had their horses shot from under them before getting out of reach of the Indians.

Galveston, Aug. 19.—Mrs. F. Fitch, whose husband was killed near Fort Worth some months since, has filed a suit in the District Court against the Missouri Pacific Railway for $100,000 damages.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 19.—The new treaty between Russia and China will be ratified to-day. Territorial boundaries are agreed upon and Russia receives an indemnity of 9,000,000 roubles in specie. Russians are to be entitled to trade freely with both slopes of the Thian Shan as far as the Great Wall, and a tariff is to be established. Other important concessions have been granted to the Russians.

San Francisco, Aug. 19.—A despatch from Victoria, B. C., says the town of Yale is in flames. Nearly all the business houses, three hotels, the jail, the court house and many residences have been destroyed. The fire broke out in the Caledonia Hotel and swept everything before it.

Later.—The fire has crossed the street. Hemer's brick warehouse was the only fireproof building in the town, and it is now in flames. The stock of goods is very heavy; insurance light. The loss will be great.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 19.—The fire at Yale was got under control at 8 o'clock last night. The ruin is most complete, and the loss is estimated at from $300,000 to $400,000. All the best buildings, except the church and the Hudson Bay Co.'s store and building and the warehouse of the railway, are gone. There is only one hotel left standing.

Lasalle, Ill., Aug. 15.—A strange epidemic has prostrated four hundred horses here.

New York, August 17.—The *Herald's* special says the Lords have accepted the amended Land Bill, and the curtain has fallen on the most stupendous political farce of modern times. The results has most seriously damaged the reputations both of Mr. Gladstone and Lord Salisbury. Both have displayed moral cowardice unworthy of great statesmen. Important sections of the Conservative party already bewail the lost opportunity, and thoroughpaced Liberals feel that Mr. Gladstone has sacrificed principle to the possession of power. Lord Salisbury by challenging a collision with the Commons has excited bitter hatred to the hereditary chamber, and by a compromise has shown that the Lords prefer private interest to public good. He has played the bragga t's part weakly and demonstrated the mental and political importance of the Lords. When he might have played the role of the "saviour of society," and have rolled back the Radical tide for many years had he had the moral courage of his convictions. He seems never to have taken any intelligent steps to acquaint himself with the real view of the Irish party, and now his trusted henchmen are crying out—as one expressed himself to-night, "had I known this in time no compromise would have accepted." The crisis has been solved in the interest of the Irish landlords without reference to the welfare of the English Conservatism. This perhaps is not astonishing when it is known that the conference which arranged the double surrender was composed of two Irishmen, and Sir Farrar Herschel, a Hebrew, for the Liberals. The Irishmen played for their own hand and the Solicitor-General evidently considered that the maintainence of the Ministry was more important than any other consideration. Hence the compromise which saved the Ministry at the expense of its own honor and which succeeded in "fishing" the Conservatives. Rumors are circulated that the Queen interfered to put an end to the conflict between the Lords and Commons, but this is pure invention. Had either party been in earnest the interference of the Queen would have been repudiated as unconstitutional. The truth is that the compromise was due to want of nerve on the part of Lord Salisbury, who had a great game to play, but allowed himself to be overruled by the more timid elements of the party. The Irish land holders feared that the postponement of a settlement would lead to a general strike against rent, and in consequence to a depreciation of the value of landed property in Ireland. Rather than run this risk they demanded the acceptance of the settlement offered by the Government. Under pressure of the representations Lord Salisbury was fain to content himself with a barren victory over Mr. Gladstone and the Liberal majority.

London, Aug. 21.—Mr. Herbert Gladstone, in his speech at the meeting of electors at Leeds last night, said: "One of the satisfactory points in foreign outlook is that increasing friendship between England and America. If anything is more satisfactory than the outburst of British sympathy with President Garfield, it was the manner in which that outburst was received in America."

New York, Aug. 21.—At Westfield, Staten Island, on receiving news concerning the unfavorable change in President Garfield's condition a very exciting meeting was held. Every man present pledged himself under oath to proceed to Washington in case the President died, and take part in any movement that might be organized to avenge the Chief Magistrate's death.

Washington, Aug. 22, 11 p. m.—Soon after the evening examination the President went to sleep and slept continuously for two hours. His fever has gradually abated and his pulse has fallen to 102. Dr. Boynton, who came from his room a short time since, reports that he seems slightly better than at the date of the evening bulletin. He has swallowed today in all about 20 ounces of liquid food and has taken eighteen or twenty ounces more by enemata. So far as his ability to take nourishment is concerned his condition to-night is better than last night. In other respects he is substantially unchanged.

☞ The circulation of the blood has been demonstrated by the microscope, and the proof of the circulation of Esterbrook's Pens is that they are found everywhere.

☞ Ayer's Pills are a general favorite, because of their powerful yet gentle operation. Medical men prefer them for nervous or delicate constitutions.

☞ BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP can now be purchased right at home, it is the most successful preparation ever introduced to our people. It works like a charm in all cases of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhages, Asthma, severe Coughs, Croup and all other Throat and Lung Diseases. No person has ever used this medicine without getting immediate relief, yet there are a great many poor, suffering, skeptical persons going about our streets with a suspicious cough, and the voice of consumption coming from their lungs, that will not try it. If you die, it is your own fault, as you can go to your Druggist and get a Sample Bottle free 10 cents and try it; three doses will relieve any case. Regular size only 75 cts.

Farmers' Market, Halifax.

Butter, Large packages 14c @ 17c; small tubs or packages retail, 16c @ 18c.
Beef ℔ lb, by the qtr., 4c @ 9c.
Eggs ℔ dozen, wholesale, fresh, 15c @ 16c; pickled, 12c. @ 13c.
Cheese—Domestic ℔ lb, 6c @ 9c; Factory, new 11: @ 11½c ℔ lb.
Hams and Bacon ℔ lb. 9c @ 12c.
Hay ℔ ton, $16 @ $16.50
Straw ℔ ton, $7.00.
Oats ℔ bushel. 55c @ 55c.
Potatoes ℔ bushel, new, 30c @ 40 c.
Pork ℔ lb, 0c @ 0c.
Apples ℔ bbl., Nova Scotia, $3 @ $4.00.
Mutton, by the carcase, 4c @ 5½c.
Lamb, by the carcase, 6c @ 8c.
Veal, by the carcase, 3c @ 5c ℔ lb.
Geese, (dead) 00c @ 00 wholesale.
Turkeys, 13c. @ 15c.
Green Hides, ℔ lb, 7c.
Tallow, ℔ lb, rough, 3½c.
Calf Skins, ℔ lb, 9c @ 11c.
Feathers, goose, 25 @ 35c.
Wool, ℔ lb, 20c @ 25c.
Wool Skins, (lamb) 30c @ 45c.
Fowls, 25c @ 55c.
Ducks, (alive) 45c. @ 60c.

St. John Country Market Prices.

Beef, ℔ lb, c. @ 7½c.
Beets, ℔ bbl., 00c. @ $1.50.
Butter, in firkins, ℔ lb 17c. @ 21c.
Butter, roll, ℔ lb, 22c. @ 28c.
Buckwheat Flour, grey, ℔ cwt., $1.60 @ $2.00.
Buckwheat Flour, yellow, ℔ cwt., $0.00 @ $0.00.
Cabbag ½, ℔ dozen, 60c. @ $1.20.
Carrots, ℔ barrel, 80c. $1.00.
Celery, ℔ dozen heads., 00c. @ $0.00
Cheese, ℔ lb, 0c. @ 00c.
Chickens, ℔ pair, 50c. @ 60c.
Calf Skins, ℔ lb, 12c. @ 14c.
Ducks, ℔ pair, 45c. @ 70c.
Eggs, ℔ doz., 13c. @ 14c.
Geese, each, 55c. @ 75c.
Hams and shoulders, smoked, ℔ lb, 7c ℔ 9c.
Hog, ℔ lb, 0c. @ 00c.
Hides, ℔ lb 7c. @ 8c.
Lamb, ℔ lb, 7c. @ 9c.
Veal ℔ lb 3c. @ 6c.
Lambskins, each, 35c. @ 45.c.
Lard, new, ℔ lb, 14s. @ 16c.
Pork, ℔ lb 7c. @ 7½c.
Mutton, ℔ lb, 5c. @ 8c.
Oats, ℔ bus., 45c.
Onions, ℔ bbl., $4.50.
Parsnips, ℔ bbl. $1.00.
Partridge, ℔ pair, 00c. @ 00c.
Peas, per bus., 60c. @ 80c.
Cucumbers ℔ doz., 00 @ 50c.
String Beans ℔ bushel, 50c. @ 60c.
Potatoes, ℔ bbl., (new) 70c. @ 80c.
Socks, ℔ doz., $0.00 @ $0.00.
Turkeys, ℔ lb, 14c. 16c.
Tallow, rough, ℔ lb, 4½c. @ 5c.
Tallow, rendered, ℔ lb, 0c. @ 0c.
Turnips, ℔ bbl, 80c. @ $1.00.
Yarn, ℔ lb, 55c. @ 60c.
Maple Sugar, ℔ lb 14c.
Hay, per ton $14 @ $18.
Maple Sugar, ℔ lb 12c.
Maple Candy, ℔ ℔, 20c. @ 23c
FISH.
Halibut, ℔ lb, 5c. @ 10c.
Codfish, " " 00c. @ 3c.
Haddock, " 10c @ 12c.
Fresh Salmon, ℔ lb, 20c. @ 25c.
Smelt, ℔ lb, 0c.
Finnan Haddies, ℔ lb, 10c. @ 15c.
Mackerel, each, 4c. @ 5c.
Clams, ℔ peck, 00c,
Shelled clams, ℔ qt., 00c.
Fresh trout, ℔ lb, 12c.
Bloaters, ℔ lb doz. 10c. @ 12c.
Fresh Shad each 10c @ 15c.
Digby Herring per box 20c.
Bass per lb 8c.
Salt Mackerel 0 @ 5c.

Births.

HALL.—At Weymouth, on the 13th inst. the wife of Thos. Hall, Esq., of a daughter.

Marriages.

REID—SYLVESTER.—At Annapolis, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. Geo. O. Robinson, A. B., Mr. G. E. Reid, of Centreville, Cornwallis, N. S., to Myerma, daughter of Frank Sylvester, Esq., of Brocton, Mass.

Deaths.

JONES.—At Weymouth, on the 14th inst., Alpheus Jones, Esq., in the 84th year of his age. Mr. Jones was for many years Surveyor of Crown Lands for the County of Digby, and was highly esteemed, both as a public officer and in his private life. He leaves two sons and five daughters.

ROBINSON.—At Lake LaRose, August 1st, Charles, son of James and Catherine Robinson, aged 28 years.

NICHOLS.—At Round Hill, July 20th, of consumption, William Albert Nichols, aged 30 years.

"Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

CHUTE.—At Lower Granville, Aug. 14th, Mr. Charles Chute, aged 69 years.

A PALE FACE, HAGGARD, COUNTENANCE—an attenuated, feeble frame—an impaired appetite,—these indicate a lack of vitality in the system and an absence of nutrifying properties in the blood. If the enfeebled physique is not speedily built up in such a case, it will assuredly succumb to the inroads of disease. That fine tonic and fortifying agent, Northrop & Lyman's Quinine Wine, is admirably adapted to the needs of the weak and nervous. It is a prompt and certain aid to digestion, checks undue waste of the muscular and nervous tissues, and besides braces the system to resist those maladies to which the debilitated are specially prone. As an appetizer, it has no superior, and it is highly conductive to a regular state of the bowels and liver. In cases of periodic fever of a malarial type, it is specially efficacious, if taken when the fit has passed off. Fever and ague, bilious remittent, dumb ague, and ague-cake, are among the forms of disease begotten of miasma, which it eradicates. The choice Sherry Wine, which holds its other ingredients in solution, is an admirable vehicle for diffusing its tonic and corrective principles through the system. Its flavor is agreeable, its ingredients the purest and most efficacious, and its effects are not fleeting, but lasting and thorough. A restoration of health and vigor may be looked forward to by weakly and nervous persons who use it, always supposing that there is no irremediable organic disease to thwart its good effects. It may be truthfully said of it, that it is a pure, wholesome tonic, with alterative properties of a high order, but to claim for it the virtues of a panacea would of course be absurd. Nothing could be farther from the wish of its proprietors than to exaggerate the virtues of this really valuable medicine. Ask your druggist for the Quinine Wine, prepared by Northrop & Lyman, Toronto.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!
Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle.

A Cough, Cold or Sore Throat should be stopped. Neglect frequently results in an **Incurable Lung Disease or Consumption. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES** do not disorder the stomach like cough syrups and balsams, but act **directly on the inflamed parts**, allaying irritation, give relief in **Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Catarrh**, and the **Throat Troubles** which **Singers and Public Speakers** are subject to. For thirty years Brown's Bronchial Troches have been recommended by physicians, and always give perfect satisfaction. Having been tested by wide and constant use for nearly an entire generation, they have attained well-merited rank among the few staple remedies of the age. Sold at 25c. a box everywhere.

SERVICES ON SUNDAY NEXT.

Episcopal Church.....7, p. m
Methodist " .....7, p. m
Presbyterian " .....No service.
Baptist " .....11, a. m, 7, p. m
Roman Catholic Church....4th Sunday of every month.

New Advertisements.

August, 1881.

Gentleman's Suites,

JUST RECEIVED
—AT—
RUNCIMAN, RANDOLPH & CO.'S
GENTLEMAN'S
SUITES!
—AT—
$8.55, $11.40, & $12.15
the suit.
BOYS & YOUTHS'
SUITES!
BALANCE OF
SUMMER DRESS GOODS!
Reduced to Cost.
WANTED.
200 Doz.
GOOD WOOLLEN SOCKS.
ON HAND:
FLOUR, SUGAR, MOLASSES!
—AT—
LOW RATES.
Bridgetown, N. S., August 3rd, 1881.

Baby Carriages!
Croquet Setts!!
WE have received a supply of the above articles, which will be sold out low.
BENT & KELLY.
Bridgetown, July 27th, 1881.

MAY 23rd, 1881.
J. & W. F. HARRISON,
Offer for sale at lowest market rates.
4000 BBLS. Flour—Superlative, Buda, Bridal Veil, Chestnut, Star, Gilt Edge, Ruby, White Pigeon, Anchor, White Cloud, Mayflower, Snowflake, Howland's, etc.
1500 Barrels Yellow Cornmeal, Kiln Dried;
200 " Oatmeal, Tilsonburg;
300 " Heavy Mess Pork, Boston Inspection;
250 " Granulated, Extra C. and Yellow C. Sugars;
18 Casks Extra C. and Yellow Sugars;
1200 Hhds. Barbadoes and Trinidad Sugars and Molasses;
Teas, Tobacco, Rice, Soda. Dried Apples, etc., for cash or approved notes.
June 1

New Advertisements.

Prices as Low as Ever
—AT—
A. D. CAMERON'S.
Corner Court and Granville Streets, Bridgetown, N. S.
LOOK OUT FOR NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

REAL ESTATE! REAL ESTATE!
For Sale.
THE subscriber offers for sale his
Dwelling House & Property,
situated near the business centre of the village of Bridgetown. Size of lot 90 feet deep, and 180 feet front. There are suitable outbuildings and all in first-class repair. House well isolated. The Garden is favorably known as one of the best in the town, is thoroughly drained, and last year produced ten barrels of good apples, together with cherries, plums, pears and all the small fruits in abundance. There is a never-failing well of water, filtered through gravel and brick, with new pump. The property is too well known to need further description, and is in every way desirable for intending purchasers.
A new and first-class
COTTAGE PIANOFORTE,
by the celebrated artist (late) Albert Weber of New York, can be bought on favorable terms from the subscriber.
INSURANCE!
In all its branches a specialty, and attended to promptly. Fires and loss of buildings are so frequent of late that property holders (isolated) should insure when they can secure $1000 for a small premium of $6.25 per annum, in first-class companies. Losses promptly settled.
ALBERT MORSE.
Barrister-at-Law.
Bridgetown, April 12th, 1881. 3m

ACADIA STEAMSHIP COMPANY
LOGS WANTED.
PERSONS having Logs of Spruce or Hemlock, suitable for
Wharf Building,
for delivery in June and July at Annapolis town, will please apply early, showing a schedule of quantity, sizes, etc., to
LAWRENCE DELAP,
Managing Director.
Annapolis. May 27th, 1881. 2m

BRADLEY'S
BRADLEY'S
SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

IT XLS ALL OTHERS. TRY IT
This Old Standard Fertilizer,
AFTER 13 years' trial in Nova Scotia, fully maintains its established name as the most lasting, most reliable and best article of the kind ever offered in our market.
For sale at every seaport and railway station in the province. At Bridgetown, on most favorable terms, by J. W. BECKWITH.
G. C. MILLER,
Manager.
Middleton, March 13th, 12th, 1881.

NOTICE!
JUST RECEIVED and open for inspection, a full line of STAPLE and FANCY
DRY GOODS,
consisting of Grey, White and Printed Cotton, Cambrics, Lineus, Dress Goods and Trimmings to match, Millinery, Haberdashery, Small Wares.
TAILORING done on the premises by an experienced workman.
MILLINERY done at shortest notice.
Our motto is small profits and short credits.
W. H. Miller.
Middleton, May 24th, 1881. n6

ENTERPRISE.
STEAM TUG
Eva Johnson.
HAVING purchased the above TUG BOAT, I intend putting her on the Annapolis River about the 25th of the present month, for the purpose of
Towing Ships, Rafts, Scows, &c.
Apply to
Geo. E. CORBITT,
Annapolis, or to
Capt. James A. Hughes, Agent, Digby.
G. F. Miller, Agent, Bear River.
Samuel Potter, Agent, Clementsport.
R. FitzRandolph, Agent, Bridgetown.
Annapolis, July 11th. 1881.

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties avoid stimulants and use Hop Bitters.
If you are young and discretion or disease tried or single, old or poor health or languishing, rely on Hop Bitters.
If you are a man of letters toiling over midnight work, to restore brain nerve and waste, use Hop B.
If you are married suffering from any infection; if you are married young, suffering from, or on a bed of sickness, Hop Bitters.
Whoever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating without intoxicating, take Hop Bitters.
Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint, disease of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves? You will be cured if you use Hop Bitters.
Thousands die annually from some form of Kidney disease that might have been prevented by a timely use of Hop Bitters.
If you are so nervous, weak and low spirited, try it it may save your life. It has saved hundreds.
D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco, or narcotics.
HOP BITTERS NEVER FAIL
Sold by Druggists. Send for Circular.
HOP BITTERS MFG. CO., Rochester, N. Y. & Toronto, Ont.
$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

New Advertisements.

CHEAP CASH STORE
Middleton Corner.
DRY GOODS,
First class STOCK and well assorted.
HEMP CARPETS, JAPANESE MATTINGS, MUSLIN CURTAINS from 60c. a Sett