Buropean. Return of Captain Back from the North Seas.—We copy the following very grati-fying intelligence from the Londonderry

dard, received yesterday .- Dublin

Tuesday, one o'clock. We have just

had the pleasure of an interview with

Captain Back, the commander of Her. Majesty's ship Terror, who, it may be

remembered, went out in June, 1836, to look for Captain Ross in the north seas." The Terror arrived in Lough Swilly on

yesterday morning, in a very disabled state, having three chains round her

bottom, and part of her helm broken off.

The crew had been locked up in the ice

from August, 1836, till August, 1837

During the entire of that weary and

dreary period the crew suffered severely

from scurvy, and several of them are yet

afflicted with the disease. They lost their gunner and two men in the icc. They

are as moble a set of fellows as could be

found anywhere, and are in great spirits

at their safe return, none of them having had, for many months, the least hope of seeing British ground again. The only

patches. The Terror is in such wretched

condition that she must be beached imme

intended to put into some port on the

Scottish coast, but was unable to do so.

through a dread of foul weather, which

would have inevitably destroyed his vessel

We are not able to present our readers

with any further particulars of his ad-

venturous voyage, owing, to "the brief

interval which elapsed between Captain

Verner, the notorious, the Orange

Verner, the ferocious partizan and shrink-ing culprit, the would be dignified but

only pert letter writer, has been dismisse

the magistracy, as well as the deputy lieutenancy of the County of Tyrone,

and the faction has got one mortal blow from the arm of the Irish Executive at

last perved with a vigor commensurate to

Lord Erin .- New Peers .- Our London

Lower House. - Wexford Independent.

per acre; outs from £14 to £16, on

are indications of a heavy crop as well as

of the high state to which cultivation is now brought in that district. — Perth

Melrose Lamb Fair. - This great an

ast, when there were powards of eight

nearly one third more than there was exhibited last year. The demand was,

bowever, dull, and great numbers were

cattle was poor, and the demand dull.

thousand brought forward, which

musl lair for lambs was held on Tuesday

driven off unsold.

Curier.

Back's arrival and departure.

human beings they saw during their-entire voyage were 4 Esquimaux Indians; and they never dropped anchor since Norwegian Arguments .-- The Marquis and they never dropped anchor since they left this country until vesterday Norway, where attempting to play his morning. Captain Back is just about to start by the mail for Dublin, and thence knocked down by one of the watchmen. proceeds direct to the Admiralty, via and taken up for dead—his life is nearly Holyhead, the bearer of his own des- despaired of.

It is stated in the London Globe, that nore than fourteen thousand persons are diately to prevent her going down where now in she lies at auch or. Captain Back had Wales. now in prison for debt, in England and

The Queen's Irish Body Guard .-lonor to old Ireland. Out of her one undred and five representatives, she has sent 75 Reformers to only 30 Tories. and therefore, the Reformers in the U Kingdom will be mainly indebted to the brave sons of Erin for keeping down the Hanovarians, by which name we now prefer to call the Tories. The men of reland should now be called the Queen's dy guard. The gallant uncorruptible Reformers of Ireland are pre-eminently entitled to wave the glorious banner of freedom above any other nation in the world.—Scotch Reformers' Gazette.

Zmerican.

the crimes it has to repress, and the interests it is bound to protect - Dublin UNITED STATES. A most Bloody Affair.—News has just been brought to this town, by several espectable persons, of a shocking affair which took place two nights ago at Mercrisburg. Pa. on the confines of this State and two miles from here. It appears that three runaway negroes reached that place A most Bloody Affair. - News has respectable persons, of a shocking affair which took place two nights ago at Mercorrespondent, who has access to the first searce of information, informs us, on authority that cannot be doubted, that our cersburg, Pa. on the confines of this State three runaway negroes reached that place from Virginia, on Wednesday last. They gracious and lovely young Sovereign has signified her will to have Daniel O'Connell were soon decoyed into a house on the numbered among her first creation of skirts of the town, by an old negro spy, Peers with the title of Lord Erin. This who proffered to accommodate them until intelligence must be gratifying to every loyal subject, and to the Irish " aliens" in the following morning.

At night fall, the old negro informer

particular, as Lord Elin cannot fail tel influenced by the hope of reward, went out and sought an interview with the constables of the place; making known prove as formidable to the titled slanderers of the interesting isle from which he takes his title, and to the Coryphæus of the to them he had a good thing for them, party in particular, as he has been to the inasmuch as he had housed some runano less malicious foes of reform in the way slaves. The constables proceeded to the house instanter, with great glee-The number of cattle imported into ascended to the garret, and runaways to surrender. One of the January to the first July, 1837, amounted to 21,767 horned black cattle, 470 calves. negroes, a powerful desperado, instantly grasped a sharp scythe, suspended from a pigs, 950 horses and 114 mules, the imated value of which is upwards of nour after,) at the next slash he struck Sales of Agricultural Produce. - Sales by accident, one of his fellow negroes, of growing crops have been going on briskly in this neighborhood, of late. ifficting a most dangerous wound, which vill cause death. At the third sertie, Near the town, potatoes have brought so high as £22 and £23 per acres and in the country from £18 to £20 per acre econd constable, who was retreating; severed all the clothes, and At Williamston sale, in the parish of Mudderly last week nearly five hundred vooked the rib bones to view. people attended, and the bidding was very Wheat fetched from £16 to £15 barley not much under. These prices

onfirm all I have written. They say the hird constable had his nose cut off .--Correspondence of the Battimore Patriot.

From the Emigrant and 'Old Countryman. NEW YORK, Oct 18. Loss of the Steam. Packet Home, of

passenger on board the steamboat Swan, lation, disputing upon no minor question. Roman Catholic! Yes, when the clerk of from Philadelphia, was on board the Lagree or differ with my fellow citizens the Supreme Court announces the "State steampacket Home, which left this port, upon this point alone. Lam found in the of New York, versus the State of Ohio," Leicester wether ambs brought from 19s. to 22s. Leicester or Charleston, on Saturday the 7th inst. ewe do. from 15s, to 18s, half bred at four o'clock, p. m. On Sunday night, wether lambs, from 16s. 16.48s. do. ewe, when the packet was a short distance manners, language, or religion, but be between two sovereignties which number from 13s. to 15s. Chevior lambs, from south of the Capes, a violent gale from cause they are Democrats, struggling in low millions of souls, you may reflect the cause that most enobles human action that the presiding Judge, to whom the went to pieces on Monday night.

Capture of Whales in Ork sey .-- On Only two ladies were saved, both of Canada. Charleston -- one of them Mrs. Schroeder -the other a foreign lady, whose name is not remembered. ed overboard, and happily reached the

shore by swimming.

It was off Ocracock light that the

were saved

Two of the passengers were saved by

The passengers were now in the reatest confusion and alarm, some leaped overboard and were drowned in attemptng to swim to land, while other's possessed themselves of pieces of timber and Todge McLean requesting muskets to floated ashore, nearly exhausted with shoot the "Irish laborers" who might cold and fatigue.

We are happy to learn that a Boston Grand Jury has returned indictments against five or six of the despicable ruffians who were principals in the recent assault on the Montgomery Guards hould Massachusetts treat these offenders with proper severity, she will succeed in blotting out, in part, the stigme that now attaches to her as the most intolerant and disorderly State in the Union .-- 4b.

Another Team .- The New Yorkers have a decided taste for the " swild and wonderful." Among the articles at the Fair of the Mechanics Justitete, now exhibiting in that city is a gold and

Colonial. LOWER CANADA.

tious in your remarks, or you will be

he scythe caught the breast of the reference to party distinctions, the Tories which, in common with the generality of hird constable escaped with a wound in brought him into the world in the place the most public place in New York, near

his Port-Ninety five Lives lost. - A other distinction among our motley populather Judiciary in the whole world? of whom about twenty were saved, with were Democrats at home. I unite with upon, all their law about the same number of the crew. them because they are Democrats in lions, is Roger B. Taney, a Catholic, of

Whatever may have been the party ro lady, whose name is names, two antagonist principles have often figures in Canadian paragraphs. The passenger who always divided mankind. Aristocracy, When the Irish inhabitants of that cit brings this melancholy intelligence jump or the principle of exclusive privileges, and Democracy, the principle of equal Home perished. Our informant says the the manlier one, and hold myself respond testant fellow citizens who provided means vessel went completely to pieces. The sible to no man for my choice. I belong and caused the temple of their faith to be leak began on Suitany night, and before to the western world, of which Democracy before the wind in Franklin is the spontaneous offspring and control street? When their first clergyman, the morning had increased so much that all is the spontaneous offspring and control- street? hands kept at the pumps; even the ladies ling Genius; and whenever, or wherever, Rev. Mr. Martignon, was called to his were employed with buckets.

on shore.

About seven or eight o'clock in the the American Republic; and yet, a private fluence in making of laws, and their vater had quenched the are order the boilers, and she continued nearing the land by means of her sails, until half past graph in Canada, as if a greater outrage who would not insult them to their faces, en o'clock at night, when she struck the had not been committed upon Irishmen by hore near Ocracock, and immediately one Protestant Parson, in one afternoon. than by the whole nation of Americans from the day they became free. We have not heard of any 21st of May in the in the West Ward, and the general tenor States, where krishmen were fired upon of the arguments addressed to Irishmen for defending their candidate, or of any

oppose his election. We have not heard that in the United States the last mouthful s torn from the Irish child, or the last overing from the Irish mother, by a ruthless Tythe Proctor or Parson; or that one hundred and three Irish fathers are incarcerated in one gaol, by the ministers of peace and charity; and we look in ain through the annals of that country Newtownbarrys, and Rathcormacs On the contrary, we find the nation, and the religion of Irishmen, held in honor. The first statute, I believe, ever promul gated for universal religious libe

passed two centuries ago by the people o Catholic Maryland (on the 21st of April. 1619). "Whereas the enforcing of the conscience in matters of religion, (such is the sublime tenor of the language of "in tolerant" (Catholics,) hath fallen out to be dangerous consequence in those commonwealths where it has bee practised and for the more quiet and peaceable government of this Province, and the bet ter to preserve mutual love and amily among the inhabitants, no person within this Province, professing to believe in

Jesus Christ, shall be in any way troubled, LOWER CANADA.

To the Editor of the Vindicator.

Six,—A certain Lord Lieutecan, I think Mr. Townsend, said, upon in strictle and the hoped to harmonise the asperities of party feeling. "Sir," rule throughout the Union, to Roman Catholics; for at that time the Puritans of Catholics; for at that time the Puritans of England, and the Episcopalians of New England, and the Episcopalians of transported; for to make united Irishmen Virginia, were alike bigotedly hostile to is the greatest of all crimes." Of such a each other, and alike determined upon the rime am I charged, whether correctly or not, by the Morning Courier of Satarday.

The party which calls the struggle become a fewer open december of the county is a legitimate authority proceeding from the people, which every the last to witness the plory of the county is a legitimate authority proceeding from the people, which every Reformer ought to obey. rafter, and commenced slashing and dashing it about him. The first blow levelled the foremost constable, whose bowels protruded on the floor, (he died an one that ever alludes to birthplace. While the Democratic party, at their thew Pharnton, James Smith, and George meetings, and through their printed Paylor, were natives of Ireland. He who organs, insist upon, and are determined fell nobly at Quebec, in the attempt to to obtain, equal rights for all, without wrest that strong hold from a government cannot mention a man without publishing his countrymen, he hated, was the brave that his mother, finding it inconvenient to and generous Montgomery, an Irishman, bring her son to Canada to be born, a Tablet to whose memory meets you in where she happened to reside, at a certain natural and interesting period. It will join the "origin" party when I learn
Since writing the above, I have seen that a "reformed representation" has been for years the idol of the

Since writing the above, I have seen given babes a vote upon the question of Demogracy of the United States, but not fill Andrew Jackson, the son of an Irish part and I have written. They say the nen. For my own part, I cannot pretend to Court of the Unified States—a court to be an Englishman, Irishman, and Cann, which is committed a jurisdiction superior dian, or Catholic and Presbyterian, all at to the Legislatures of all the States, or once: but wherever I am seen I can be even that of Congress, and the Presiden and am, a Democrat. Regarding no -a power above that confided to any political ranks of the French Canadians, and you are awed by the responsibility of not from a peculiar predilection for their a tribonal which decides in the last resor vent to pieces on Monday night. Upon the same ground, I sympathise with Americans have committed the enormous There were on board ninety passengers Irishmen. I honor them, because they power of defining, and passing judgmen s. and all th

1 know something of Boston, which s could only worship according to the faitl of their fathers in their own scattered rights. In deciding between the two, I dwellings, or under the broad canopy o have adopted the latter as the nobler and Heaven, was it not their American Pro-Captain White and nineteen of the language, nation, or creed, assemble or who wrote the eulogy that went abroad to act, my spirit meets and walks with them. consecrate his memory? Ask the gen-If the "feeling" of which the Courier tlemen of the Seminary of Montreal, what means of India rubber life preservers, speaks be a mere animal quality, I know was the opinion of the amiable Cheverus.

They state that if there had been one not if "British feeling" be more exquired afterwards a Bishop and a Cardinal, of Boston among whom he speaks be a mere animal quality, I know was the opinion of the umiable Cheverus. They state that if there had been one not if "British feeling" be more exquihundred and fifty of these on board but site than "Esquimaux feeling;" but if a
the people of Boston among whom he
The following farther particulars are
I, in common with the Anglo Saxon race
on this continent, boldly claim in its purity
morning.

We have conversed with Messrs.

Replaced and of their interpretable suggested and of their interpretable suggested and of their interpretable suggested.

Another display of the "Hanoverians."

Another display of the "Hanoverians."

Another display of the "Hanoverians." address to the people of Ireland in which Rowland and Holmes, the two passengers mede, and of their indomitable successors house? Is the terrible fire at St. John's, he describes the state of the Liberal and on board the Home who reached the city in Democracy; and with them, I despise Newfoundland, in the winter of 1817, for-

Tory parties, the position of the Melbourne ministry, &c. &c. He shows a decided partiality for the present cabinet, and calls on his countrymen to support them with all their might, he nevertheless, says, that should they err or adopt any course, measure or principle that is wrong, he will oppose them. In short, that he shall use his best influence to keep them in office, because they are friendly to Ireland, but he will not vote for them on questions which are bad in principle. To the Queen, he offers the homse of his loyalty—praises her for ther berality and kindness to Ireland, the heart that she rised in the bow and storn her liberality and kindness to Ireland. her liberality and kindness to Ireland, and applauds her for the letter she caused Lord John Russell to address to the Lord Lieutenant.—Emigrant & Old Country as To render her wheels entirely useless, and her sails were then raised to run her of the globe a community of Irishmen are bound up with the

NO 44.

unless it was in the company of some Americans who are made to be insulted. Heaven and earth is turned in Monare such as might be addressed to paupers, or idiots. How such language is received. ed an opportunity, by their own countryit is not for me to say; but I know that it is loath-some to an independent spirit; and an opinion on the state of their adopted I much misjudge the Irish character, it country.—Ib trishmen demand, either in the United States, or in Canada, any thing more than a fair field, and no favor. To trishmen of this City, since my name has been connected with theirs by the Courier, I make one remark. Remember the lable of the "Bundle of sticks." At present ou are scattered, and powerless, the wood, and drawers of water, doing the bidding of taskmasters. Once united you may sweep your own way, whoever bars the road

I am, your very obt. T. S. BROWN. Montreal, Oct. 16, 1837.

MONTREAL, Oct. 17. Commencement of an Elective system of Government in this Province. - A numer us meeting of the inhabitants of the those residing in the Parishes of St. this year.

It remains to be seen what sort of the claver editor of the Con-County of Two Mountains, particularly proposed and unanimously agreed to:-1st. That the permanent Committee of

2J. That the extraordinary circumstan ces in which the country is placed, and the iniquitous conduct of the authorities particularly toward, this County, justify

the measures adopted by the permanent Committee at its last sitting on the first of 3d. That in consequence of the election of Pacificator Justices of the Peace be immediately proceeded upon, in order that ourts of honor and conciliation, as precribed and ordered by the Pormanent

Committee, may be established

4th. That the Magistrates of this Coun who have been arbitrarily dismissed on ant of their firm and patriotic con buct, do form part of the Pacificator Jus

And the said election was proceeded on For the parish of St. Eustache. Emery Fere, Esq. William H. Scott, Esq. M. P. P.

Joseph Amabie Berthelot, Esq. 4. Jean Oliver Chemer, Esq. Mr. Joseph Robiltard For the parish of St. Scholastique.

 Jacob Barcelo, Esq.
 Leandre Dumouchel, Esq. 3: Louis Dumouchel, Esq. Mr. Poste Danis.

 Mr. Louis Rodrigues.
 Stanislas Vallee, Esq. 7. Mr. Leonard Förtier. For the parish of St. Hermas. 1. Laurent Ambry, Esq. 2. Mr. Jean Bie. Labrosse

Mr. Antoine Danis. 4. Mr. Charles Cabana For the purish of St. Benoit. 1. Jean Bie. Dumquchel, Esq. 2. Luc Hyacinine Masson, Esq.

Mr. Amable Labrosse. "Mr. Francois Franclie. 5. Jean Joseph Girouard, Esq. M. P. P.

6. Mr. Maurice Mongrain. The above named persons having been ected, voluntarily accepted office for one year, and until they should be replaced as provided by the Permanent Committee; and it-was ordered that the Chairman do report the same to the Permanent Committee at its next sitting on the 22d inst. The above proceedings are duly certifi ed by the signatures of the Chairman and

Another display of the " Hanoverians." The Constitutional faction of this City.

so impotent for good, and so active in evil, are again on the qui vive. An advertise-ment appears in the morning papers, calling a meeting of the citizens of Mon-ireal, to be holden at the Place d'Armes, on Monday next, "to take into their serious consideration the measures which, in the present crisis, it may be found necessary to adopt to maintain good order. the protection of life and property and the connexton now happily existing between this Colony and the British Kingdom, at present put in jeopardy by the machina-ions of a disorganizing and revolutionary faction within this Province professedly eu! on their destruction.

It would seem by this advertisement hat the consideration which the party has been bestowing on those matters hitherto has been all "fun." They are going They are going has been all ow to take them into their " serious con sideration.

The names appended to the list, beginning from "Peter McGill" and terminating "T. C. Sewell," are all of the regular Hamoverian" School. Rampant, ng, truculent Tories. The Herald talks of the cuthusiasm prevailing among the British and Irish Inhabitants. We sreglad of it. We guess, however, that the rish part of the enthusiasm is not alto-gether "Hanoverian," as a few days vill further prove.

upon our countrymen to have nothing to neeting. Let them not pollute themselves, heir characters, or that of their nation (fallen, alas! though she be!) by any issociation with the Orange brood which is about to make the day hideous by their presence next Monday. All good "O'. Connell Irishmen," will be shortly affordmen, of meeting in public, and expressing country. -1b.

Tonnage. - The Courier was very angry with us some time ago, because out of very charity to his "mercantile interests," we omitted saying any thing about the Tonnage" of the fall fleet, finding how poorly it spoke for importers and their

We now subjoin the following "comparative statement of arrivals and Ton-nage in the Port of Quebec on the 11th October.

cto	ber.		
	Year.	Vessels.	Tonnage
	1836	1084	32,260
	1837	982	30,959
		-	
	this moon	100	19 00

Here we have instead of an increase. about which the Courier harped so much a few weeks ago, a bona fidu decrease of

Eustache, St. Scholastique, St. Hermas, It remains to be seen what sort of and St. Benoit, was holden on the 15th hocus pocus the elever editor of the Counstant, at St. Joachim, pursuant to a rier will resort to, to meet this melancholy instant, at St. Joachim, pursuant to a resolution to that effect passed at the fact. Will he again attempt to subtract eighth sitting of the Central Committee of the said County, for the purpose of electing Pacificator Justices of the Peace for the said pacishes. Laurent Aubry dit Teacle, Esquire, was called to the chair, and Dr. Chenier, was appointed to act about the source from which we show as Secretary. The resolutions passed by this alarming decrease, we beg once for the Computee having been read and explained, the following resolutions were bec Herald.—Ib

> From the same. MONTREAL, Oct. 20. Resolutions passed by the "Permanent and Central Committee of the County of Montreal" on the 19th ult.

Resolved, That the rights to be exercised, when they think proper, by the people of this Province, are not derived on any Governor, nor from any obscure individual who may happen to be imposed on such Governor, with or without his consent, as a Secretary; that such rights flow, and are derived from the constituional law, secured to the people at large, t divers epochs, and by themselves indicated when attempted to be destroyed v ignorant or tyrannical rulers; that for the manner in which they exercise or understand such rights, the people of this Province are not responsible to any individual or office holder, whether Govrnor or Secretary, but to the Courts of Justice erected to decide according to law between such parties as may come before them, and that therefore it is a manifest ncroachment on such rights, and on the recognised tribunals, for any man, how-ever high in office, to arrogate to himself the privilege of deciding the extent of such constitutional rights, or to punish of his own mere motion, without trial or form of trial, any inhabitant of this Colony who may happen to entertain minions different from those held by office solders and place men for the exercise thereof.

Resolved, That it is a base attempt to npose on the common sense of community, to represent, as Mr. Secretary Walcott does, the proceedings of the County of Two Mountains as "inciting to sedition, the disturbance of social order, and the dissolution of ties and obligations sanctioned by law;" that such proceedings, it is well known, were adopted in self defence in order to protect the liberties of this Colony from the unconstitutional aggression aimed hereat by Her Majesty's Ministers and the British Parliament; by the advice of Archibald Lord Gosford; and this comnittee further declares that if sedition be ncited, social order disturbed, and the ties and obligations sanctioned by law threatened with dissolution, it is not the fault or act of the people of this Province, but of the British ministry and its subservient tools in this Province, and in the British Parliament, who have conspired against colonial liberty, and by unconstitutional advice and iniquitous resolutions, attempted to destroy the same, and thereby "incite to sedition, the disturbance of social order, and the dissolution of the ties and obligations sanctioned by law.

Resolved, That the passing, by Her Majesty's ministers and the British Parliament, of the infamous eighth resolution

Monday morning there was an important capture of whales, of the bottled nosed species, made in Scapa Bay, near Kirk A hundred and sixty were taken in all, varying in length from six to twenty two feet each. The massacre was dreadful, and the whole scene had some thing of the sublime and terrific in it. Bay was, for a time, metamorphos ad literatum into a " Red Sea," and the shore presented the spectacle of a hundred and sixty dead carcases ranged along it. A sale afterwards took place of these monsters of the deep. They were disposed of in different lots, and brought upwards of £400. At Stromnes about sixty whales, of the same species, made their appearance, a part of which were off that place, and a few run on captured shore. We have been informed that a number of the same description are ashore at Stronga. Some hundreds of them were also seen off Scapa Bay since the first capture, but though hotly pursued, they got off. - John O' Great Journal.

Mr. O'Connell has written a long