THE TORONTO WORLD

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MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 15, 1889.

A Fast Ocean Subsidy.

Do we want a fleet of ocean greyhounds between a Canadian port and Liverpool making better time than is now make between Liverpool and New York?

Yes, certainly, if it does not cost too much. But just there is the rub.

The subsidy that we would have to pay therefor would be too large for our pocket, and altogether out of proportion to the benefit conferred.

Somehow we imagine there is a movement afoot at Ottawa to saddle the Dominion with an immense annual subsidy to the Orient Co. (the Andersons' agents) in order to have them run an ocean service speeding 20 knots an hour. This would require a subsidy of £400,000 sterling a-year, whereas the present subsidy for a 14 knot service is £120,000.

What is the need for this big jump? Why not go it gradually? Say we try 18 knots an hour. Such a service would land passengers and mails in less than six days, which is better than New York and would more than satisfy the commercial community. We are told further that the Allan and Dominion lines are ready to go into such a service.

Furthermore a twenty knot ship is limited to 500 tons of cargo; the present boats carry 3500 tons, and *the country generally is more interested in cheap and rapid freight* than it is in the quick landing of passengers and mails.

From reading the side discussion in the House on Friday it would appear as if the Allan and Dominion lines have been treated with scant courtesy in suddenly ordering the mails by New York.

Of course the Government may have a reason for their course and they may not be committed as yet to any scheme, but we certainly think it due to the public interest that no extravagant subsidy be voted to a project for merely reducing the time of the ferry from 200 to 150 hours.

British Seamanship.

The despatches of this morning contain full particulars of the wrecking of the German and United States warships in the harbor of Apia, Samoa. We get, however, very meagre details of the escape of the British ship Calliope—we shall have to wait until her captain's account of the storm is received. But there is enough in the American despatches to show that the British ship was well handled, that her officers knew the waters in question and the storms that prevail there, and that thorough discipline was maintained among her crew. On the German and American ships there seems to have been more or less ignorance of the Samoan sea, and panic certainly broke out among the men. The result was that the British ship cut away from her anchors, steamed out to sea and escaped; the other five ships drifted hopelessly about in the storm, tangled one another's chains, and finally went to pieces on the relentless reefs and their crews to watery graves. Such a victory in the way of seamanship is of more account than success in a naval fight.

The Birmingham Election To-day.

England's political event appointed for to-day is the Birmingham election. That famous stronghold of Radicalism sends seven members to the House of Commons. One of these was the late Mr. Bright, and now the necessity has arisen of choosing a successor to the great tribune of the people. The day's event is of considerable local importance, of course; but it is this and something more. It appears to be leading up to a political party crisis, as regards the position towards the two old parties respectively occupied by the Liberal-Unionists. The departed leader was an authority on the question of what were to be accounted Liberal doctrines, and generally had the party with him almost *en masse*. But touching Ireland he was a Unionist out-and-out, and so found himself out of touch with the larger section of the Liberal party that followed Mr. Gladstone in helping the Parnell movement. Mr. Bright was a man of such strong convictions that he was not likely to have given way; while his weight and influence on public opinion were so great that, had he lived and retained health and strength, it is most unlikely that the Parnellites would have received anything like the help that they have received from the English Liberals. Even the Grand Old Man might have found cause to modify his course considerably had Mr. Bright been "himself" these few years past, which he certainly was not. Before this, a crisis in the fate and fortunes of the Liberal party was approaching; but now Mr. Bright's death has brought it on "in a crack."

At the last general election, in 1885, Mr. Bright beat Lord Randolph Churchill, who was then the Tory candidate for Central Birmingham, by some 400 votes only, owing to the division in the Liberal party on the Irish question. On that occasion Churchill pledged himself to contest the same constituency again if the chance came; but after all he has thought better not to try. Recently the Tory caucus gave him a unanimous invitation; and his friends affirm that had he accepted he would have got the Liberal-Unionist vote too, in which case his return would have been "a sure thing" so to speak. It is now said that his refusal was due to the combined advice of Lord Hartington, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach and Mr. Chamberlain; also that it relieves Premier Salisbury of a good deal of embarrassment. For the Premier does not want his dangerous and somewhat uncertain ex-colleague to become too prominent, so it is said.

And neither does Mr. Chamberlain, it is added; the reason being that he fears Lord Randolph would overshadow him in ability and influence in the great Liberal-Conservative-Unionist coalition, or combination, which many people believe to be coming. However this may be, it seems no exaggeration to say that to-day is big with the fate of the now divided Liberal party. The result may be to hurry on the expected combination; and further, who knows?—to operate, along with The Times-Pigott developments, in giving a new turn to the Irish question. There appears to be more than one kind of compromise in the air just now.

The Liberal-Unionist candidate for Central Birmingham is Mr. Albert Bright, son of the late member.

The Gladstone-Liberal candidate is Mr. William Phipson Beale, a lawyer who is spoken of as a man of fair ability. Of course any ordinary man appears *pro tem.* at a disadvantage as a candidate to fill John Bright's place.

A Hard Hit at Our Neighbors.

Saturday's despatches: Albert Bright made his first speech on Friday. Referring to American sympathy with Home Rule, "I should like," said Bright, "to have an intelligent American on this platform and ask him what would happen if there were 30 or 40 members of the American Congress known to be supported by English money in order to introduce Free Trade into the United States?"

There is more horse-sense in this one sentence of young Bright than in a dozen speeches that we have read on this vexed question. His remarks come home, especially to us in Canada, who have had experience of raids of Fenian invaders, armed with United States rifles, equipped and organized on United States soil and all or more of them citizens of the United States. But not only have we chased their Fenians back to the United States, but of late we have had an invasion of Yankee annexationists of the Wiman-Butterworth stamp, who came here and openly advocated that we abandon our Canadian nationality and lose our identity in that of the United States, where our people from being, if not proud, at least satisfied with their British connection, would be expected to join the Finnertys and Fords in their hatred of everything British. How long would our neighbors remain quiet if they knew that enemies of their country were organizing on Canadian soil, or heard that "British gold" sent out by the Cobden Club was being used to undermine their tariff laws? How did Cleveland treat Lord Sackville-West? He got his dismissal for merely writing a letter to a man who claimed to be his fellow countryman! Some day our neighbors will pay "through the nose" for their interference with other people's affairs. They've got all they can attend to at home, and some day they may even have an "Irish question" of their own to engross their best consideration. We further honestly believe that the "interference" of Americans, more than anything else, deters Englishmen from conceding a larger measure of self-government to Ireland than she now enjoys.

IT COST TOO MUCH.

The Sad Experience Which Befell One of the Astors.

In the early days of the direct tea trade with China, importers were anxious to secure the earliest cargoes of a new crop.

The first cargo brought the best price and large profits. The successful captain was always rewarded, so every known aid to navigation was adopted.

The young captain of one of Mr. Astor's clippers bought, on one of his trips, a new chronometer, and with its aid made a quick passage, and arrived first. He put the price of it into the expense account of his ship, but Mr. Astor threw it out, insisting that such an item of expense for new fangled notions could not be allowed.

The Captain thereupon resigned and took service with a rival line.

The next year he reached port long in advance of any competitor, to the great delight and profit of his employers, and the chagrin of Mr. Astor.

Not long after they chanced to meet, and Mr. Astor inquired:

"By the way, Captain, how much did that chronometer cost you?"

"Six hundred dollars," then, with a quizzical glance, he asked:

"And how much has it cost you, Mr. Astor?"

"Sixty thousand dollars."

Men are often unfortunate in the rejection of what they call new fangled notions.

There are sick men who refuse, even when their physicians tell them they cannot be cured, to take Warner's Safe Cure, because it is a "new fangled" proprietary medicine. The result is they lose—life and health.

Thousands of other men have been restored to health by it, as the testimonials furnished to the public show. The proprietors have a standing offer of $5000 to any one who will show that any testimonial published by them is not, so far as they know, entirely true.

Dr. Andrew Wilson, Fellow of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, the editor of "Health," London, England, says in his magazine in answer to an inquiry, "Warner's Safe Cure is of a perfectly safe character and perfectly reliable."

New fangled notions are sometimes very valuable, and it costs too much to foolishly reject them.

WAS WELL WATCHED.

A Token of Esteem and Respect to Mr. Fred. Sparling.

The Standard Life Assurance Company has for a number of years past been represented in Toronto by Mr. Fred Sparling, but recently this gentleman saw fit, in his own interests, to sever his connection with this company and associate himself with Mr. Matson in the management of the Toronto branch of the Provident Savings Company of New York, who are just now establishing themselves in Toronto.

Mr. Hunter, the Standard's superintendent of agencies, lives at 293 Huron-street, and hither were hid a number of friends and Mr. Sparling himself.

The directors of the Standard Company, while recording their regret at the discontinuation of Mr. Sparling's services, took advantage of the occasion to express their appreciation of that gentleman's services, and sent Mr. Hunter a valuable gold watch with this inscription:

Presented to T. R. F. Sparling by the Directors of the Standard Life Assurance Company, as a token of their appreciation of his services.

In a neat speech Mr. Hunter made the presentation on behalf of his principals, and also regretted for himself that Mr. Sparling should deem it necessary to sever his pleasant relations with the Standard, but wished him every success in his new employment. A suitable reply was made by Mr. Sparling, in which he also regretted his severance from the pleasant relations of the Standard, "amongst whom," he said, "I have, I am assured, a large number of warm friends."

The evening spent under Mr. Hunter's hospitable roof was pleasant and Mr. Sparling may well be proud of his happy "send-off."

In purchasing medicines, don't try experiments; the first and only consideration should be genuineness. Ayer's Sarsaparilla has stood the test of forty years, and to-day it is in greater demand than ever—a triumphant proof of popular approval.

At the Canadian Institute.

President Carpmael was in the chair Saturday evening. Mr. Arthur Harvey read a paper on "The Geology of the Northwest of Lake Superior," with special reference to the silver district of Thunder Bay. Mr. A. F. Chamberlain read "A Second Contribution to the Bibliography of the Archæology of Canada." Next Saturday evening the following papers will be read: (1) "The Mound Builders," by J. C. Hamilton, M.A., LL.B.; (2) "Pagan Belief; or, Religion," by Ojijatokha. To-night at the meeting of the biological section, papers will be read by Mr. James H. Pearce on "Pyrethrum Roseu as an Insecticide," and Mr. W. E. Middleton on "Some Low Forms of Life."

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine sold for coughs colds, inflammation of the lungs, and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children.

Death From Natural Causes.

On Saturday morning a man named John Aber, convicted of vagrancy on the previous Thursday, died in the jail somewhat suddenly. Coroner Duncan empanelled a jury in the afternoon, who rendered a verdict of death from natural causes.

First Relief, Ultimately a Cure. These are the successive effects of one of the most deservedly popular remedies in the Dominion, Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, which reforms an irregular condition of the bowels and liver, invigorates the stomach, renews digestion, and changes the current of the blood from a sluggish and turbid into a pure, rapid and fertilizing stream.

They Were Out On a Time.

There is a little commotion among the small army of Upper Canada College students over three of their number, who last week so far forgot themselves as to get drunk. The penalty for the offence is expulsion, and the three culprits have sent an humble petition to have their faults overlooked for this once.

A Letter From Dr. Hans Von Bulow.

The Knabe Pianos, which I did not know before, have been chosen for my present concert tour in the United States by my impresario and accepted by me on the recommendation of my friend Bechstein, acquainted with their merits. Had I known these pianos as I now do, I would have chosen them by myself, as their sound and touch are more sympathetic to my ears and hands than all others of the country. DR. HANS VON BULOW.

New York, April 6, 1889.

To Messrs. Wm. Knabe & Co.

LIGHT FOR THE KNIGHTS.

MASTER WORKMAN POWDERLY BEFORE A TORONTO AUDIENCE.

Speaking Amid Great Applause at Shaftesbury Hall—Hard Knocks for the Whisky Politician and the Beer Boss—All Respectable Voters Should Shun Them.

Saturday was a big day for the Knights of Labor. It was no less than the second occasion on which Master Workman T. V. Powderly of Scranton, Pa., visited this city. He arrived here at 5.30 p.m. on Saturday and registered at the Rossin House. In the evening he was announced to speak in Shaftesbury Hall on the labor question, and thither flocked the working man in great quantities together with his wife, who sat in the gallery. It was decidedly a labor meeting, to judge by the vociferous cheers that rent the air time and again during the speaker's address. On the platform were Dr. Stowe, Mrs. McDonell, Mrs. Jacob Spence, Rev. Dr. Wild, Ald. Fleming, Ald. McMillan, Ald. Tait, Ald. Boustead, Ald. Hewitt, A. F. Jury, W. L. Bell, and a number of trades unionists representing various assemblies of the knights.

Mr. A. W. Holmes, D.M.W. of Assembly No. 125, presided. Mr. A. W. Wright, a member of the Executive Board for Canada, was first called upon. He dealt with the women's enfranchisement question, and then proceeded to discuss the respective positions of a wage slave and a chattel slave. The former he characterized as being the worse off of the two. He thought the golden rule now-a-days was not as of old, but "Do your neighbor before he gets a chance to do you," which he called the revised commercial version.

Mr. A. F. Jury followed in an address in which he declared that the great question of to-day should not be, to study how to produce more wealth, but how to have the wealth more equitably distributed.

Mr. Powderly was then called upon amid tremendous applause. He is a man 40 years of age, somewhat over medium height, with a large flowing mustache, handsome, well built, and with features expressing strength and determination. He paces the platform frequently when under emotion. He claimed to be more radical than the radicals although working on conservative lines, for when he started out on this movement, said he, "it was when a mere boy" whose idea was not to revolutionize things at once but to do all the good I could as I went along—[applause]—and in doing so, the intention, the determination to stick to that line was extremely radical, so that I may call myself a conservative-radical or a radical-conservative. [Laughter and applause.] As I look at it to-night, as I view it from one end of this country to the other, I see more cause for hope, more real advancement, than I ever saw before." [Applause.]

Then he pictured vividly the troubles that have arisen from time to time between the knights and the trades' unions, but thought it possibly was just as well, as thereby they knew each other better. The beginning of the great labor organization was traced from its formation in 1873 by Captain Richard F. Trevellick in Chicago. The motives for such a movement and the results achieved were mentioned, and the speaker claimed that to workingmen is due the credit of having called attention to the formation of the large steel trusts throughout the United States. In Reading (Pa.) in 1878, on Jan. 1, the first assembly was called to order. They adopted the declaration of principles laid down by the Industrial Brotherhood in 1874 and by the National Association in 1876, and up to the present time the battle has been fought on those lines. Then the ballot question was discussed. The speaker was sorry to say that in the United States men did not yet know how to vote right. He referred to the recently enacted law for the casting of ballots. The law calls for the depositing of ballots in such a way that the man who votes will be secured in his right to vote for whom he pleases. By this means it rests with the officers present at the polling booth to see that no blundering is made, for if anything is wrong the board go to prison instead of the voter. The manner of intimidation was described, as practised by the "bosses," by the rum-seller, or "drinking boss," as Mr. Powderly termed him, and by the bribe-giver. He said that the present law in this respect would not only prevent the giving of bribes but would also save whisky.

"Just wire think," said the speaker, "of what an amount of whisky it will save?" [Laughter.] He had a very poor idea of a people who could be represented in Congress by a keg of whisky or by a man whose vote could be bought for that article. He characterized this sort of representation as legislation out of the bung hole of a beer barrel. "Are we," he continued, "to be represented by a beer barrel? This is our curse in the United States to-day. [A voice: "So is it ours here."] A man who sells his vote and thereby sells his fellow man is as bad as Judas Iscariot, and my only sorrow is that such men do not commit suicide, too. [Applause.] This order of ours will not admit the man who sells rum. [Loud applause.] This decision was been ratified at every session of the Knights of Labor.

On the subject of strikes the speaker said that it was the man who goes drunk who causes the mischief and then follows the condemnation of the knights because of one man's temporary insanity. He enunicated the great principle of the order by saying: "I believe that the intelligence of mankind should be put forth to the end of becoming the slave of man instead of enslaving men." [Applause and Hear, hear.] In regard to the charge that he had stolen the money to buy his own house, he vigorously denied it, amid cries of "Hear, hear," and declared his willingness to answer the charge any time. He made no apology for his past line of action as master workman, and declared that he would pursue the same course were he again in a similar position.

Dr. Wild moved a vote of thanks to the speaker, which was seconded by Ald. McMillan and carried amid thunderous cheers. Mr. Powderly responded, thanking the audience for their appreciation of his effort and taking occasion to remark that the order has powerful allies in the church.

Ald. Fleming endorsed all that had been said. Also did Ald. Tait, who was loudly called upon to make a speech. This gentleman grew quite eloquent in alluding to the temperance question.

Ald. Boustead strongly advocated the cause of woman's enfranchisement, and after a few words from County Master Bell, Dr. Stowe arose and was loudly cheered. She was pleased at the expressions that had been made with regard to the ability of her sex to deposit an intelligent ballot, and expressed her decided opinion that a barrel of whisky was not going to influence their vote.

Mr. Powderly moved a vote of thanks to the fair speaker, which was unanimously carried, and the meeting broke up after numerous hand shakings between the master workman and prominent labor men.

An opportunity to call upon Mr. Powderly was given to those who desired it yesterday afternoon, when he was at Tecumseth Labor Hall from 3 to 4.30. He received a large number of callers.

Mr. Powderly Cheered off.

Mr. Powderly spent Sunday quietly. During the day he was in consultation with prominent members of the Knights of Labor and was driven around the city and shown its prettiest sights. He left last night by the 8.45 C.P.R. train for Ottawa, where he is to speak. A large number of the Knights, including many lady members, together with representative union men, accompanied him to the station to see him off. He spent half an hour chatting with them. As the train moved three hearty cheers were given for him, which he acknowledged by raising his hat.

"Ayer's Hair Vigor is a most excellent preparation for the hair. I speak of it from experience. Its use promotes the growth of new hair, and makes it glossy and soft. The Vigor is a sure cure for dandruff." J. W. Bowen, Editor Enquirer, McArthur, Ohio.

Creamery Butter.

In 1 lb. rolls, received twice a week, from two of the best creameries in Ontario. Families in any part of the city will be called upon twice a week for orders if required, and goods delivered same day. Send for price catalog. Mara & Co., grocers, 280 and 282 Queen-street west. Telephone 713. 136

THE CONSERVATORY'S CONCERT.

The Musical and Dramatic Attractions for This Week.

A quarterly concert was given by the Toronto Conservatory of Music in Association Hall on Saturday evening. The handsome and extensive chamber and its galleries were completely filled, while many persons stood throughout the entire performance. Full justice was done to a program, comprising some of the most popular morceaux of the day, including vocal solos, duets and choruses, piano solos, a trio and a quintette for piano and strings, violin and 'cello solos, a professional string quartette and selections by an orchestra of 25 or 30 instruments. It was a long, strong list—too much for detailed reference in The World's columns. Touching the main points, however, it may be said that the debut of the Conservatory orchestra under Mr. Giuseppe Dinelli's conductorship was most successful. The Conservatory String Quartette justified all the highly artistic claims that had been made for the organization. The piano and vocal students sustained the brilliant reputation which the teachers in these departments have gained. 'Cello and violin pupils were no less meritorious, and all the teachers interested had every reason to feel content with efforts of their proteges. The teachers whose pupils took part in the concert were Sig. d'Auria, Miss Hillary, Mr. S. H. Preston, Mr. V. P. Hunt, Mrs. J. W. Bradley, Mr. Giuseppe Dinelli, Mr. J. W. F. Harrison and Mr. Edward Fisher, the musical director of the Conservatory.

To Produce a Canadian Cantata.

The next work of the Toronto Choral Society, of which Mr. Edward Fisher is the musical director, will be a cantata, the music of which has just been expressly written by Sig. d'Auria, and which will be produced toward the end of the current season. As an original composition it will be one of the most important ever attempted by a musician resident in Canada. Sig. d'Auria's well-established reputation is a guarantee all-sufficient that the work will be of a refined, dignified and musicianly character. The libretto is the work of another member of the Faculty, Mrs. Edgar Jarvis, and the title will be "The Sea King's Bride." Rehearsals will begin to-morrow in the hall usually occupied by the Choral Society for that purpose in the Y.M.C.A. building.

General Amusement Notes.

The ever popular Joe Murphy will again delight large audiences at the Grand this week with his delineations of Irish character. To-night, to-morrow and Wednesday nights he will appear in "Kerry Gow"; Wednesday and Thursday nights and Good Friday matinee in "The Donagh"; and Friday and Saturday nights and Saturday matinee in "Shaun Rhue." There will be a Wednesday matinee.

"The Old Oaken Bucket" is the title of the play to be presented at the Toronto Opera House this week by a company which is said to be highly competent. There will be introduced no less than twelve valuable St. Bernard and Newfoundland dogs and two goats. The animals arrived in a special baggage car by the 5.20 train last night and for a while made the Union Station echo with their barking.

Mrs. Scott Siddons will appear in Association Hall in her popular dramatic recitals next Friday and at a matinee the following day. This is her farewell tour, and she will no doubt be greeted by many of her Toronto admirers.

The hall of the Toronto College of Music in Pembroke-street was filled on Saturday night with an audience which greatly enjoyed the rare treat given by Mr. and Mrs. George Henschel in their vocal recital.

Cure Your Catarrh, or Get $500.

For many years, the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, who are thoroughly responsible financially, as any one can easily ascertain by proper enquiry, have offered, in good faith, a bonus in every newspaper in the land, a standing reward of $500 for a case of nasal catarrh, no matter how bad, or of how long standing, which they cannot cure. The Remedy, which is sold by druggists at only 50 cents, is mild, soothing, cleansing, antiseptic and healing.

THE TELEGRAM COMES OUT AHEAD.

A Verdict for the Defendant in the $20,000 Libel Suit.

For ten days the case of Farquhar v Robertson to recover $20,000 for alleged libel occupied Mr. Justice Rose's time and the attention of the special jury. Saturday saw the finish of the case, the jury bringing in a verdict for the defence with a recommendation that each party to the action should pay his own costs. They had left the court room at 11.50 in the morning and remained out for precisely five hours and twenty minutes.

The costs of this big suit, it is said, will be over $5000.

Is there anything more annoying than having your corn stepped upon? Is there anything more delightful than getting rid of it? Holloway's Corn Cure will do it. Try it and be convinced.

From Police Blotters.

Thomas McCarthy, 32 Richmond-street west, reports the theft of a dark brown overcoat.

John Scholes, 183 Yonge-street, had a valuable goatskin robe stolen from him on Saturday.

A vacant house, 241 Jarvis-street, belonging to Ald. Hewitt, was raided by lead thieves last week.

Alfred Kane was arrested last night for stealing lead pipe from a house in Queen-street west.

Chris Schell was brought back from Aurora on Saturday to answer a charge of stealing a buggy.

While drunk on Saturday, James Macdonald, 21 St. Nicholas-street, had his silver watch stolen from him.

Robert Collier, 62 Defoe-street, is a prisoner in St. Andrew's Market Station charged with stealing a rocking horse.

Thomas Hannon, 61 Lewis-street, was taken to Headquarters on Saturday night on suspicion of larceny.

Charlie Ross, 61 Agnes-street, and William Leslie, 49 Agnes-street, were arrested on Saturday charged with stealing paint from Sanderson, Pearcy & Co.

Diamonds and Jewelry.

Money is saved by buying diamonds, watches and jewelry at D. H. Cunningham's, 77 Yonge-street, 2 doors north of King. 136

City Hall Small Talk.

There were registered at the City Clerk's office last week 97 births, 23 marriages, and 41 deaths. There was one fatal case of diphtheria.

The attention of the Medical Health Department has been called to the insanitary condition of certain buildings on the north side of King-street between Simcoe and York-streets.

Jottings About Town.

Mr. C. M. E. Ridge, having resigned his position as commercial traveler for the firm of Messrs. Brown Bros., wholesale manufacturing stationers, Toronto, was presented by M. J. T. Hornibrook, on behalf of his fellow clerks, with a handsome gold watch, chain and locket.

Mrs. Wright, the leading soprano singer of the Sherbourne-street Methodist Church, was recently made the recipient of a purse containing $100, subscribed very willingly by some of the congregation in appreciation of her services.

A good wife is the workmanship of a good husband—practice economy yourself and your wife will do so—buy your clothing at the Army & Navy stores and your wife will go there for the boys' suits, one dollar and up wards—the largest stock—the low st prices—the best goods—the newest styles are what the Army & Navy offers. Don't buy till you've taken a look through the Army & Navy stores.

Dominion Royal Mail Line.

Sarnia sails 25th inst. Last sailing from Portland. Most comfortable boat in Canadian waters; all information at 24 King east. C. S. Gzowski, jr.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

Partnership Notice.

The importing and wholesale grocery firms of John Stuart, Son & Co. (limited), and Alexander Harvey & Co. have been amalgamated, and on and after the 15th inst. the joint business will be carried on by John J. Stuart, Alexander Harvey and Robert N. Sterling under the firm name of Stuart, Harvey & Co. in the premises heretofore occupied by John Stuart, Son & Co. (limited).

The new firm will collect all the debts and discharge the liabilities of the old firms.

JOHN STUART, SON & CO. (limited).
ALEXANDER HARVEY & CO.
STUART, HARVEY & CO.

The celebrated El Padre brand of cigars has lost none of its original excellence. The tobacco used, being of a high grade and carefully selected, guarantees the consumer a cigar of fine and delicate aroma and the best value. 136

Two Small Fires.

At 12.30 o'clock this afternoon the firemen were called to the foot of Trinity-street, where a pile of lumber had caught fire from the spark from a passing locomotive.

An alarm of fire was rung at 7.30 last evening. A small blaze on the premises occupied by Charles Doherty of Pembroke-street was the cause.

It seems to be instinct with the cutters at the Army & Navy stores to make a good fit—only eighteen months in business in Toronto and already the Army & Navy stores do more trade in a day than almost any other clothing house does in a week—ten cases of fine Scotch tweeds just opened up—the newest goods at the lowest prices—get your order in early because trade is always brisk at the Army & Navy stores.

TORONTO TWICE BEATEN.

THE ST. LOUIS BROWNS BAT SERAD AND VICKERY FREELY.

Detroit and Toledo Also Defeated—Racing in England—The Hunt on Saturday—Shooting for the McDowall Gun—Other Sports.

ST. LOUIS, April 13.—The Toronto Club played the Browns a game to-day and were rather roughly handled by the association champions. The weather was cold and raw and only a small crowd saw the game. The errors were numerous. King, Chamberlain and Freeman each pitched three innings for the Browns and the visitors could do but little with any of them. Serad pitched for Toronto and was hit hard all through the game. The score:

TORONTO.	R	B	O	A	E	ST. LOUIS	R	B	O	A	E
McMillan, lf	1	1	2	1	0	Latham, 3b	1	1	4	0	0
Burke, cf	0	0	5	0	1	Robinson, 2b	0	1	2	5	3
Hoover, rf	0	1	0	0	0	O'Neill, lf	2	2	1	0	0
McGuire, c	1	0	1	1	0	Comiskey, 1b	2	3	9	1	0
Grim, 3b	1	0	1	4	4	McCarthy, rf	3	4	0	0	0
M'Laughlin, ss	0	2	0	5	0	Duffee, cf	2	2	3	0	1
Swift, 2b	0	0	2	2	1	Fuller, ss	1	1	2	2	1
Harmont, 1b	0	1	14	2	1	Boyle, c	0	1	8	6	0
Serad, p	0	1	1	2	0	F'rmanKingp	0	0	0	0	0
						Chamberlin, p	0	0	1	2	0
Total	3	6	27	19	8	Total	14	19	27	20	5

St. Louis . . . 0 2 4 2 0 0 3 3 0—14
Toronto . . . 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0—3

Earned runs—St. Louis, 11. Two-base hits—Latham McCarthy, Duffee. Three-base hits—Duffee. Home run—O'Neill. Stolen bases—St. Louis 7, Toronto 0. Double plays—Robinson, Fuller and Comiskey. First base on balls—Robinson, McMillan. Hit by pitched ball—Duffee. Struck out—Latham, McMillan, Burke, Hoover, Serad. Passed balls—Boyle 1, McGuire 2. Wild pitches—Serad 1. Time—2 hours. Umpire—McCarthy.

Another Defeat.

ST. LOUIS, April 14.—The Torontos made their last appearance here to-day, meeting a second defeat by the Browns. The game was more strongly contested by Toronto to-day than was the case yesterday. The visitors' fielding was at times especially good. Burke carried off the fielding honors of the day by a marvellous backward running one hand catch in the eighth inning, putting the side out and saving at least two runs. Vickery pitched splendidly, having great speed and the command of the ball. But the St. Louis team were in a batting mood and six runs were earned off his delivery. McGuire caught well, but was weaker in throwing and the Browns experienced little difficulty in stealing bases on him. The general work of McLaughlin, Grim, McMillan and Burke for Toronto and Fuller, Duffee, O'Neill and King for St. Louis were strong features. The score:

St. Louis . . . 3 2 2 1 1 0 0 2 2—14
Toronto . . . 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 2—4

Exhibition Games on Saturday.

At Brooklyn:	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	0 1 0 2 0 0 2 1 0—6	9	3
New York	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2	1	3

Batteries—Hughes and Clark; Keefe and Ewing.

At Boston:	R.	H.	E.
All America	0 5 1 0 1 0 2 1 0—10	11	15
Chicago	2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—3	6	17

Batteries—Crane and Carroll; Ryan and Anson.

At Baltimore:	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0 0 0 0 2 3 0 1 0—6	11	6
Boston	0 0 2 1 0 1 0 4 x—8	9	2

Batteries—Kilroy and Cantz and Tate; Radbourne and Bennett.

At Philadelphia:	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	2 0 1 0 2 2 3 0 0—10	12	3
Athletics	0 0 0 0 1 0 2 0 0—3	6	7

Batteries—Buffinton and Clements; Smith and Brennan.

At Pittsburg:	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	1 0 0 1 3 0 2 0 1—8	12	3
Detroit	1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—3	9	3

Batteries—Morris and Miller; Anderson, Zell and Wells.

At Columbus: Columbus 19; Toledo 5.
At Louisville: Louisville 3; Cleveland 2.
At Cincinnati: Cincinnati 22; Toledo 7.

Varsity Defeats a Picked Nine.

Varsity defeated a picked nine on Saturday on the University Lawn by five runs to one. The feature of the game was Varsity's clean fielding. Sinclair pitched well and fooled the College batters. An untimely rattle in the sixth gave Varsity five runs and the game. The picked men earned their only run in the fifth on Macklin's base on balls and Scott's triple. A large crowd witnessed the game. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Varsity	0 0 0 0 0 5 — 5	4	2
Picked Nine	0 0 0 0 1 0 — 1	5	8

Batteries—Schulze, Wright and Wardell; Sinclair and Loss. Umpire—Doc. Sheppard.

The Classic Baseball Club.

The Classic Baseball Club held its annual meeting on Friday night when the following officers were elected for the year: President, John Flanagan; Secretary-Treasurer, James Grogan; Captain and Manager, M. Shea. The club intends placing a strong team upon the field this season and will be open for challenges from any club that may desire to play them. The secretary's address is 214 George-street.

OVER FIELD AND TIMBER.

The Toronto Hunt Club Run on Saturday—A Lady First at the Finish.

The scene at Mr. David Kennedy's farm on Saturday afternoon, where the meet of the Toronto Hunt took place, was lively and picturesque. Mr. Kennedy's place is on an elevated spot off Bloor-street, just north of High Park, and is surrounded by a dense wood. It was a glorious day for such sport and the assemblage of riders was large, while several carriages with fair occupants also graced the scene. It was after 4 o'clock when the Master told the huntsman to "move off," so with one blast of the horn, the pack consisting of some eight couples of mixed hounds jogged away. They were taken to the lower end of the Green Lane and cast off on the Ellis property, south of Bloor-street. The pack ran south to Sunnyside, where they were stopped