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## London Advertiser

SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1923.

### When the Church Splits.

The pastor of a church in the northern part of Ontario has resigned his charge, and is now seeking another location because there has been a split in the ranks. From very reliable and unbiased sources it appears that some time ago the young people of the congregation wanted to conduct a skating rink on a piece of property owned by the church and for which permission was granted. All went well for a time, until the complaint was made that the place was kept open too late, especially on Saturday night, and that on several occasions it was after midnight before some of the skaters returned to their homes.

Last year the request came up again before the church officials, and they declined to sanction the move. The pastor did not fall in with their views, and then the trouble started. He offered at that time to resign, but the great majority of his congregation would not hear of it. So the church officials who had opposed the opening of the rink for another season pulled out and hired a hall of their own and secured supply preachers. On many occasions these supply speakers, instead of trying to bring the two factions together, took the ground that those who had pulled out had done so on a matter of principle, and that they should never turn back.

It was impossible to finance two churches of this denomination in the town, and the pastor, feeling that his leaving might help matters, insisted on his resignation being accepted.

The reasonable course would have been to have rules and regulations for that rink, one of them being that it should be closed at a certain hour at night. But here, again, it seems it was impossible to agree.

What a spectacle for the man not interested in churches to look at! Two factions splitting the church from top to bottom over the conduct of a skating rink! The man on the outside looking in has a right to see in the church something better than he sees in the world outside. If he does not, then there is something very much wrong with the church. If, on looking at the church from the outside, he sees nothing but a body of people who are ready to stage a fight over a matter that a few reasonable men ought to be able to settle in a few minutes, then he has looked in vain and his impressions are going to be negative.

Church people make the high claim that they have a power that keeps them and holds them and blesses them in a way that the man of the world knows nothing about, and it should be their ambition to measure up to the expectations of those on the outside. A consistent church member should never resent having the eyes of the world turned on him or those associated with him in the Master's work. Especially should a church be keen to see the folly and the error of coming to the point where one part of the membership breaks off from the other, and furnishes the world with a spectacle that is the very opposite to that of the early Christian church, where the outsiders used to look on and marvel because these people loved each other.

### What Might Have Been Done.

There have been scores of suggestions made since the Toronto hold-up, each one showing what should have been done to catch the car with the bandits.

The beauty of the suggestions is that each one seems perfectly good a week after and quite satisfactory to the person making it.

The one queer thing is that many people stood and watched the whole performance with a telephone at their very elbow, and yet no one thought to phone the police.

That is not peculiar to this particular case, but to many others. A person witnessing a street battle becomes so engrossed, particularly if the view is from a safe window, that the idea of playing a real part in the affair by calling the police never seems to come to the surface. The idea of changing from a spectator to a participant is one that does not come easily.

These post-mortems showing what might or should have been done may be entertaining, but they are not helpful, because most people forget all about them in a few days.

### Germany Moving Toward Collapse.

According to figures quoted on the New York market Friday, one million German marks could be secured for 90 cents.

It is almost impossible to conceive what this means. The million marks represents only a fictitious value, and the 90 cents is certainly a very good joke to hand over for a million or ten million of these valueless marks.

There can be only one end to this sort of business, viz., the collapse of the entire German monetary system. Germans themselves realize the situation. Circulars sent out by German dealers seeking to buy certain things in Canada state frankly that "payment of the costs must, in consideration of the present low value of the German mark, be considered as almost impossible." The suggestion is made that the German firms be allowed to pay their bills in goods, on the basis of the old system of barter.

Doubtless Britain sees the danger in this situation, and it may have had much to do with her latest pronouncement on the reparations issue. With France in possession, and Germany going into a state of bankruptcy, the most likely thing to happen is that France shall assume the role of prior creditor and take possession of sufficient territory to satisfy her claims.

It will be a world-wide surprise if Germany can keep going through the summer.

### President Harding in Canada.

The appearance of President Harding in a Canadian city breaks a precedent.

Precedents of this kind are better broken than kept. President Harding represents a government that has fashioned a tariff that hit Canada hard.

He is also president of the other great nation that tenants the North American continent.

A man in such a position should know more about Canada. Personal contact with Canadian people would give him a bigger and a better vision.

The day is passing when rulers are supposed to stay at home for fear they may know exactly what is going on in the world outside. It is in line with bringing diplomacy out in the open, and that is where people want it.

### Curbing the War Effort.

An American publisher offers \$100,000 for the best suggestion as to how United States can participate in European affairs in the interests of peace.

That is a lot of money, but one writer was quick to

point out that \$300,000 was hung up for a prize fight purse a few weeks ago.

The ratio of three to one is not indicative of the efforts made to promote peace and war.

Had the world spent \$1 for peace every time it spent \$3 for war much of the world's saddest history would never have been penned.

One of the surest ways to have peace is to make war unprofitable.

There are men who made more money in war years than they ever made before.

Instead of getting rich they should have been made to suffer along with the wives and mothers who had seen their husbands and sons marching off to the front.

Had the nations of the world been made to feel the hardships as they were felt by the men who went into the trenches, war talk would not be one quarter as persistent as it is today, and the word "glory" of war would have given place to the "hell" of war.

### So Both Were Found Guilty.

The magistrate at Brampton had a case before him the other morning where one man was charged with trespass and the other with assault. The whole trouble arose over a misunderstanding as to which of these men was entitled to gather the fruit from a piece of land which one had rented to the other.

The Brampton magistrate heard the evidence, and no doubt each of the complainants put up a perfectly good case. In the end the decision of the bench was that both were guilty and ordered to split the costs, amounting to \$19.

It might be a dangerous thing to treat many cases in this way, but there is an element of simple justice in the verdict that smacks of common sense.

All the fruit that ever grew on a dozen trees was never big enough or good enough for two men to fight over.

### The Turk's Next Move.

The Turk, having won in the diplomatic battle at Lausanne, can now whet his sword in anticipation of the next slaughter.

The next slaughter will come because the Turk of today has not changed; he is still the damndest scoundrel on the face of the earth.

The wonder is that any civilized nation would sign a paper polluted by his signature.

### Note and Comment.

Villa's estate is being asked for by five widows. The more the less.

We are right in the midst of that season when the young man in white duck trousers sits on a raspberry pie at the picnic.

It has been proven by actual demonstration that it is possible to drive a car so far in ten minutes that the driver never comes back.

Report says that people in Hollywood were shaken from their beds by an earthquake. Which places the time at somewhere after four in the morning.

The Kitchener Record wants to know when the dead skunk is going to be removed from the road running to Galt. Which way has the wind been blowing?

Mr. J. G. Ramsden remained at his post as hydro commissioner until told to get out. Col. Carmichael heard the road roller coming and got out of the road.

Who says the girls of today are fickle? We know one young man who took his girl to Port Stanley and walked her up those 161 steps to the top of the hill. She's still going with him.

Judge Gary says he hopes ultimately to do away with the 12-hour day in the steel mills. Very fine, but there is point to the Brantford Expositor's remark that "hope deferred maketh the heart sick."

The New York Herald produces figures and concludes that "cosmetics are more freely used than they were ten years ago." The Herald will have to come out with something more startling than that in order to start an argument.

The Chatham News declares that "to be absolutely frank, a three-week-old kitten knows more about sanitation and has a higher sense of decency in such matters than the average picnicer." Nay, nay, a three-week-old kitten is simply being lifted about by the scruff of the neck, and it knows not that decency and sanitation are great forces in the world to which it has come.

An analysis of Canadian bond sales to date shows that of \$139,095,631 sold by various firms this year, government bonds to the extent of \$21,000,000 were bought in Canada, while United States took \$25,000,000; British investors took none. In municipal bonds, Canada absorbed \$59,000,000 and U. S. \$28,000,000, none going to Britain, while corporation bonds sold to the extent of \$52,000,000 in Canada, \$19,000,000 in United States, and \$1,000,000 in Britain. The totals of this year's buying are: Sold in Canada, \$113,643,531; sold in United States, \$73,949,000; sold in Britain, \$1,000,000. It looks as though Canadians themselves had quite a lot of money tucked away waiting for safe and attractive bonds.

### LEAVE EUROPE—DEVELOP EMPIRE.

(From the Orillia Packet.)

The suggestion is made that if the present efforts of the British government to straighten out the political and economical tangle in Europe should prove fruitless, they will give up the attempt and turn their attention to the development of trade within the empire. The moment seems opportune, and the task would afford ample scope for British brains, capital and energy. Moreover, the results would probably prove more satisfactory than the efforts to re-establish trade with the half bankrupt and politically distracted nations of Europe and Asia. In the past, the British government has contended that the mother country could not afford to enter into preferential trade relations with the Dominions because it would disturb much greater interests in other lands. But Germany, Russia and Austria have ceased to count for much; if France persists in having her own way in the Ruhr, she cannot complain if Britain takes steps to develop markets in other directions; and the United States, with the Fordney tariff, certainly could not grumble. The adoption of a policy of free trade within the British empire would afford a market which would give ample scope for the manufacturers of all sections of the empire. The war demonstrated that Canadian manufacturers are quite able to compete if only they are given the opportunity to produce in large enough quantities. There would be no reason why each of the Dominions should not continue to frame its tariff against foreign countries as might suit its own circumstances. On Great Britain's part, all that need be asked is an understanding that there should be a tariff on food-stuffs from outside the empire.



What Would You Do in a Case Like This?

Gerald sees next week's luncheon go glimmering when Maybelle, his latest divinity, expresses such rapture at being out in a canoe with him that the two hours he had planned to rent the canoe (at a dollar per, mind you) of going in off the darling lake yet!

## Rarebits by Rex

IT'S EVER THUS.  
My first love was a reckless gal,  
Satanic in her dancings;  
A fire-and-brimstone sort of pal,  
Beyond the fear of carings.

Vexation caused my love to swear,  
And loud she swore and hearty,  
And once she shouted "dammit!"  
Where it damnear spoiled the party.

My first love went away one day  
(I wonder how he'll teach her;  
Or if he'll censor what she'll say.)  
And married our young preacher.

The bank that failed in Shelby  
had the House that Jack Milched.

These visionaries who predicted  
a new ice age to begin this summer  
must have foreseen July drinks.

They say the first man to discover  
a substitute for gasoline  
will be a millionaire. But, judging  
by the stuff we have in our cars,  
the oil companies have already discovered it.

Germany traces the bitterness of  
its cup to Gaul.

Some politicians are apparently  
regarding Russia with too much  
Leninism.

Most of the haircuts young men get  
nowadays are sheer folly.

When we see a man wearing four  
or five rings on one hand, we wonder  
why he doesn't wear an iron band  
around his skull to keep the crack  
from getting wider.

YOU'D STUB A TOE.  
In days of old when knights were  
bold,  
Book agents were in fettle;  
You darsen't kick a man, I'm told;  
His pants were made of metal.

Some men are so kind-hearted  
they will marry a girl for her money  
rather than see her remain an un-  
happy old maid.

Answer to Anxious Inquirer—To  
clean old ivory, just wash the scalp  
thoroughly.

Since the self-starter came in use  
there aren't so many cranky drivers.

### THE RUSH WAS AWFUL.

(By Y. Evening Post.)  
One of the earliest to arrive was  
Miss Cathleen Vanderbilt, un-  
adorned by costume, with a tray  
of peanuts which she profitably  
peddled through the streets.

After you have roamed around  
public places for a while you will  
notice that the handwriting on  
the wall usually shows ignorance  
and bad spelling.

If we had to pay as we go a lot of  
us would have to stand still.

Perhaps it would be a good thing  
if we could see ourselves as others  
see us, but most of us wouldn't be-  
lieve our eyes.

One of the ironies of fate is that  
by the time a man is in a position to  
get all the pie he wants, he is a  
dyspeptic and can't eat any.

## Panacea

By ANNE CAMPBELL.  
If I should cry when I was small,  
Or suffer any pain,  
Your kisses, well I do recall,  
Would make me whole again.

And now that life deals out to me  
The hurts that come with years  
It isn't as it used to be  
If I give way to tears.

But oh, I know if you were here,  
It would be as-of yore;  
You'd just to kiss me, mother dear,  
To make me well once more!  
(Copyright, North American News-  
paper Alliance, 1923.)

## The Guide Post—By Henry van Dyke

### THE SOURCE OF WAR.

Out of the heart come forth evil thoughts.—Matt. 15:18.  
War, with its attendant horrors, seems like an outrage upon love. And so it is, in its origin and source. "From whence come wars and fightings among you? Come they not hence, even of your lusts that war in your members?" "Ye lust and have not; ye kill, and desire to have, and cannot obtain." "Yet there is a war against war which is set in the very key of 'Love thy neighbor as thyself.'"  
It was to frustrate a gigantic crime and to redress villainous wrong that the allies took up arms in the world war, and America at last joined them.  
Had her heart been quicker, her feet more swift, she might have reached the Jericho Road in time to stop the robbers before they began their cruel work.  
Who can tell?  
At last, having arrived, she did her best and beat them off.  
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### TO THE EDITOR.

GETTING IN TO CANADA.  
Editor of The Advertiser:  
Sir, Please find enclosed a copy for publication. The following was received by me from a nephew, en route to London from England:  
Dear Halifax, Tuesday, July 26.  
Hello, dear Uncle Charlie—Just a few lines to let you know that I am in Canada, but I am pretty nearly regretting that I ever came.  
To begin with, I did not sail on the Andania on the 13th of July owing to the dock strike, so we were transferred to the Coronica at Liverpool (July 14), rather than wait in England another fortnight for the next Southampton-Quebec boat. That was where our troubles began. When we got on the boat we found there were only 40 Englishmen passengers, the remainder being foreigners of every nationality, Poles, French, Austrians, Greeks, etc.; in fact, every nation under the sun. I have never seen such a crowd in my life.  
Two days out, they discovered two cases of smallpox on board, so as soon as we arrived in Halifax, the ship was isolated.  
We were vaccinated on board on Saturday on the understanding that we continued on our journey. We were landed on Sunday morning and put in a train under the pretense of going to Quebec to pass customs officials. Instead, we found ourselves landed here at Halifax.  
My vaccination did not take on Saturday; the rest of the Englishmen passed, and we are leaving today. I was vaccinated again yesterday (Monday) on the promise of being cleared with the rest of the Englishmen today.  
Today they refused to pass me, as it hasn't taken again, so I have to stay here for another nine days—one Englishman with about 3,000 foreigners. If only you could see the conditions here; herded in like cattle, no grounds for exercise, and armed guards round us night and day. I won't say any more about it, as you might get as disgusted as I am. We're full of bugs and fleas here. You cannot write to me here, but I hope to see you in a fortnight.  
HARRY.  
25 Front street, city, July 27, 1923.

### A GOOD REASON.

The youngster had thrown a stick at her sister, a year or two her senior.  
"Katherine," said daddy, "did you throw that stick at your sister?"  
"Yes, daddy," was the defiant reply.  
"Why did you do it?"  
"Because," instantly replied the youngster, with her eyes flashing, "afterwards she hit me."—Argus, Seattle.

### PUBLIC BATHING.

Editor of The Advertiser:  
Sir—Regarding articles on Sunday bathing: In my opinion Section 1 of the Lord's Day Act "It shall not be lawful for any person on Sunday to bathe in any exposed situation, in any water within the limits of any incorporated town, or within view of any place of public worship, or private residence," means just what it says—that bathing nude or otherwise shall not be lawful on Sunday, except in places absolutely isolated. Yours truly,  
ROBERT J. MILLER.  
Port Stanley, July 27, 1923.

The price of steel has almost doubled within the past few years. The Lunjahi, a tribe of India, squat continually upon the ground.

## Canada's Century THE CANADIAN PRESS

By ARTHUR HUNT CHUTE.

The seat of sovereignty in Canada is not in a bureaucracy, not in a plutocracy. Here the seat of sovereignty is in the press, in the instruments that mold our mind and thought.

The forming of an independent, enlightened opinion is not without its sinister doses, the welded hiring propaganda, and the no less wretched pandering to the mob. Someone once asked John D. Rockefeller why he did not buy a great newspaper to defend his interests. "Why," answered Mr. Rockefeller, "if I did, the next day the paper would be worthless." The experience of Joseph Pulitzer with the New York World confirms this statement. When Mr. Pulitzer took over from George Gould, the World was struggling along at 10,000 a day. Four years later, freed from the incubus of Wall street, the World had climbed to over 400,000 a day, proving that in newspaperdom, the friendship of all the people is worth more than the friendship of all the Morgans.

But it does not follow, conversely, that the friendship of all the people is always a criterion of achievement. There have been cases of the million circulation which in the end were merely a pandering to the masses, as merchandising in ink and paper. Canada is worthy of a better form of journalism than this merchandising ink-and-paper variety.

The heart of a newspaper is the editorial page, by which one publication is proven worse than worthless; by which another publication is proven a chart and compass of the people.

### Courage Is Needed.

The editorial page is not a place in which to say "poor pussy," and "pat em on the back." It is a place in which to attack the colossal self satisfaction of man, of which Canada has its due share; its true function is to create dissatisfaction, and the yearning for something better, to stir up the animals, to discourage anything like lethargy in the menagerie.

The heart-beat of the editorial page should be attuned to all mankind. Regarding this necessity, William Peter Hamilton said to me once, "I don't want to edit my paper from an air-tight compartment." The editor with the wide outlook was perfectly set forth by John Thaddeus Delane, of the London Times, of whom Sir Edward Cook wrote, "Delane lived in a great world, as well as in an office of the Times."

An editor of a widely-circulated newspaper, asked for the secret of his success, replied, "If there is a fire in the drug store round the corner, and an earthquake, in the Piziquid Islands, I'll give a stick to the earthquake, and a column to the fire in the drug store, and the rest of the news was first news. A problem of Canadian journalism is to expand the news."

## Your Health: What Every Baby Needs to Keep Well and Strong.

By ROYAL S. COPELAND, M.D.

During the dreadful heat of summer, it is necessary to give the baby the greatest degree of care. Unless he is guarded against the heat, he is liable to suffer serious illness. During this period nothing is more important to the welfare of the infant than the quality and quantity of the milk he gets.

I am sorry to say that the American-born mother is more likely to resort to artificial feeding than is the mother of foreign birth. However, it is only fair to add that this is due, in most instances, I am sure, to the physical inability of the mother and not to a lack of inclination to do the best thing possible for her child.

It is not conceivable that a real mother would deny her offspring the great physical benefit of this practice. It is an exception to find a mother who is not keen to nurse her infant. I am glad of this, because, as I conceive it, it is the bounden duty of the parent to make every self-denial necessary for the welfare of the child.

The appearance of the mother is no guarantee of her ability to feed her baby. Many robust-looking women are more incapable of this function than are some frail and weak mothers. The child itself is the best exhibit, testifying to the successful effects of the breast-feeding. If he grows, looks healthy, is good-natured, and normal in appearance, you may be sure he is thriving as he should. This means that his food is satisfactory.

Healthy babies cry little. This does not mean that an hour or so of wailing during the twenty-four hours is a bad sign. All of us possess more or less temper and a baby is entitled to a tiny share.

Breast-fed babies if they are thriving are sweet babies. They never have a sour smell, neither do they spit or give other evidences of upset stomach. There are no belching of gas and abnormal stools.

If the baby is doing well on the breast, he sleeps most of the time. For the first half year he should be awake not more than four or five hours out of every twenty-four. He

falls asleep during his feeding or immediately afterward.

No matter how good may be the mother's milk, it will not insure perfect health for the baby unless the feedings are given regularly. The health of the mother is fundamental to the health of the baby. She must be regular in her habits, to reflect health and comfort on her child.

The self-denial of the mother is rewarded by the sweetness, the good-nature and the liveliness of the baby. It pays to give the little one the great benefits of breast-feeding.

Help Wanted.  
Sandy and his lass had been sitting together about half an hour in silence.

"Maggie," he said at length, "wasn't I here on the Sawbath night?"  
"Aye, Sandy, I daur say you were."

"An' wasna I here on Monday night?"  
"Aye, so you were."

"An' I was here on Tuesday night, an' Wednesday night, an' Thursday night, an' Friday night?"  
"Aye, I'm thinkin' that's so."

"An' this is Saturday night, an' I'm here again?"  
"Well, I'm sure ye're very welcome."

"Come, (desperately) — 'Maggie woman! Do ye ye no begin to suspect something?"

HARVESTERS' EXCURSION  
CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

More harvesters than ever will be needed this year in Western Canada for the bumper crop. Special trains will be run by the Canadian Pacific Railway, which is advertising the usual low rate of \$15.00 per mile from Winnipeg, plus a half cent per mile beyond to destination in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Returning the fare will be \$20.00 from Winnipeg, plus a half cent per mile from ending point. Going dates are August 13, 15, 22 and 24, according to the territory in Ontario. On special rates food and refreshments may be obtained at reasonable prices. Children (full fare) and their escorts (half fare) will be provided for ladies. First special train will leave Toronto on each date at 10 a.m. and last special at 10:30 p.m. on each date. Full information may be secured from any Canadian Pacific ticket office. July 27, 28, 29, Aug. 1, 3, 5, 10, 12, 14.

SMOKE  
OLD  
CLUB  
TOBACCO