

Clerk one twentieth part of the sum demanded.

The Judge may, in certain cases, award the whole or part of the sum so deposited, to the Defendant.

Money so deposited and not so awarded to be returned.

At what Division Courts, any suit may be brought.

Any plaintiff having a cause of action above the value of £10, may abandon the excess and so bring the suit within the jurisdiction of a Division Court.

Minors may sue for wages in the Division Court.

No privilege to exempt any person from the jurisdiction of a Division Court.

Debts due by partners or persons jointly answerable, may be recovered from one of

shilling, and for every claim exceeding twenty shillings, one twentieth part thereof (neglecting any sum less than six-pence, in estimating such twentieth part,) and if, upon the day of the return of any such summons, or at any continuation or adjournment of the said Court, or of the cause for which the said summons shall have issued, the Plaintiff shall not appear in person, or by some other person in his behalf, or appearing, shall not make proof of his demand to the satisfaction of the Court, it shall be lawful for the Judge, if he shall think fit, to award to the Defendant a part or the whole of such deposit money, by way of costs, and as satisfaction for his trouble and attendance, with such further sum as the Judge in his discretion shall think fit, and to order and compel the Plaintiff to pay such further sum, by such ways and means as any debt ordered to be paid by the same Court, can be recovered; but so much of the said deposit money as shall not be awarded to the Defendant, shall be returned on demand to the Plaintiff.

XXIII. And be it enacted, that all suits brought under this Act, shall be tried at the Court holden for the Division wherein the Defendant, or where there shall be more than one Defendant, wherein any one of the Defendants shall dwell, or carry on his business at the time of entering the account or demand, or at the Court holden for the Division within which the debt was contracted.

XXIV. And be it enacted, that it shall not be lawful for any Plaintiff to divide any cause of action into two or more suits for the purpose of bringing the same within the jurisdiction of any Division Court, but any Plaintiff having a cause of action above the value of Ten pounds for which a suit might be brought under this Act, if the same were not above the value of Ten pounds, may abandon the excess, and thereupon the Plaintiff shall, on proving his case, recover to an amount not exceeding Ten pounds, and the judgment of the Court upon such suit shall be in full discharge of all demands in respect of such cause of action, and the entry of judgment shall be made accordingly.

XXV. And be it enacted, that it shall be lawful for any person under the age of twenty one years, to prosecute any suit in a Division Court, under this Act, for any sum of money not exceeding ten pounds, which may be due to him or her for wages, in the same manner as if he or she were of full age.

XXVI. And be it enacted, that no privilege shall be allowed to any person to exempt him from the jurisdiction of the Courts created by this Act.

XXVII. And be it enacted, that where any Plaintiff shall have any debt or demand recoverable under this act, against two or more persons, partners in trade or otherwise, jointly answerable, but residing in different divisions, it shall be sufficient if one of such persons be served with the process as hereinbefore directed,