MARKET AFFRAY AND FIRE AT QUEBEC.—Some competing claims between the Champlain and Finlay markets at Quebec, for the weighing of produce, ended in a party-fight last Friday night. Several of the participants were arrested; but no sooner was the disturbance quelled, than the new weigh-house at Champlain market was discovered to be fire. The efforts made did not save the building. A huckster has been arrested, charged with being the incendiary.—*Montreal Witness.*

DREADFUL TRAGEDY.—The following pitiful tragedy occurred in this city on Wednesday. We suppress the name and the street out of respect for the feelings of the bereaved parents. On Sunday evening, a fine healthy boy, between eight and nine months old, was put to bed by his mother in the same room where two other children were sleeping in a crib. The mother remained sitting in an adjoining chamber, and not hearing any cry, supposed that all the children were sound asleep. Her husband, who had gone to church, returned about nine o'clock, and a couple of hours afterwards, preparing to retire for the night, went into the room where the children were. The mother looking into the bed did not see the child. She exclaimed that it must be on the floor, and made a hasty search. But it was not to be found.—Continuing the search, the child was at length discovered suspended by the chin between the side of the bed and chimney board. There was a small space left between the bed and the wall, and it seems that the child, having rolled off the bed, had been caught by the chin on one side, with the head resting against the fire-board on the other. Our readers can imagine the feelings of the unhappy parents at this dreadful accident. Such an occurrence, though rare, has been known to have taken place on one or two occasions.—*Montreal Herald.*

**Newfoundland.**

Near Chapel Arms, Trinity Bay, on Monday evening last, two boats' crews belonging to Conception Bay, landed and cut and carried off the Telegraph wire for over half-a-mile. As not sufficient wire is available to repair, the line must remain down some time,—meanwhile business is taken by an operator on the spot, and carried back and forward to each end of the broken wire. At Harbour Maine last evening the poles were cut down for nearly half-a-mile and carried off.

I have been compelled to notify our New York Agency to send no more European business.

A. M. MACKAY.

—*N. F. Courier, June 8.*

HEART'S CONTENT.—As Mr. Hopkin's crew were in the country procuring rinds, on the 20th ult., and while one of the party named Joseph Peers was passing over a fallen tree, commonly called a windfall, he was suddenly attacked by a Bear, which caught him by the clothes and nearly stripped them off his body, and he happily escaped with but a few scratches. It is supposed the bear was in company with her cubs at the time, as it is seldom one of these animals attacks a man unless previously worried by him. —*Harbour Grace Standard, June 5.*

**Bermuda.**

The Bermuda *Royal Gazette* of 11th June says:—

The Officer at present in charge of the commissariat in these Islands, Leonce Routh, Esq., received, we are informed, orders by the last mail to proceed to Halifax, N. S., to assume the duties of that station.

Samuel Brownlow Gray, Esquire has been appointed to the highly important office of Attorney General of this Colony; which office had become vacant in consequent of the death of the late lamented Duncan Stewart, Esquire.

Captain Whitter, of the Schr. G. O. Bigelow, who arrived on Friday last in seven days from Porto Rico, reports that the Spanish troops, of which there were 15,000 at the Island of St. Domingo, were suffering for want of food, and that mortality among them, said to be from yellow fever, but by some attributed to other causes, was enormous. Steamers and other vessels laden with provisions were hurrying from Porto Rico to St. Domingo.

## American States.

EX-PRESIDENT PIERCE ON THE WAR.—The Boston Post publishes a letter from Ex-President Pierce, which concludes as follows:

"The very idea of the dismemberment of the Union has always been to me one of terrible significance. Still, if it holds a place in the inevitable march of time—if the noble fabric must totter to its fall—there is, I humbly hope, no inexorable necessity that its ruin be stained with gore. If our fathers were mistaken, and time has developed in our system, or if the madness of their sons has planted there the germ of an 'irrepressible conflict,' which forbids us longer to live together in peace, then, in peace and on just terms, let us separate. Fearful will be the responsibility of those who would cast the last element of human woe—that of arms for fratricidal slaughter—into the general chaos. The wisdom of man fails—may God in mercy guide us."

The following is a letter from a Washington correspondent of a Southern paper:—

WASHINGTON, June 13, 1861.—It is useless to write you any war details, as you know quite as much by telegraph and newspapers as I know, and even more. Great excitement has prevailed here since the news from Great Bethel. It is impossible, however, to learn the truth of the story. It is studiously concealed by a few in authority. The government is in a sad quandary and evidently does not know which way to turn. There is reliable information here that 128,000 troops, well drilled and equipped, are now in Virginia, and more are arriving at the rate of at least 2000 daily. A gentlemen arriving from Richmond reports that so great is the force that the idea of an attempt on the part of the federal troops to march to that place, is considered a farce. For precaution's sake, however, heavy entrenchments have been thrown up in all quarters around the city. The Southern forces will undoubtedly sweep the government army from Virginia soil before a great while. Gen. Scott is perfectly aware of the true state of affairs, and he, as well as the whole Cabinet, are very uneasy.

The Administration has been particularly annoyed by the decision of Judge Taney in the *habeas corpus* case and has not as yet determined on what course to pursue. It has, however, produced one good effect. Secretary Cameron has certainly written to Marshal Bonifant, instructing him not to search private houses, and to be careful not to give any such offence to the citizens of Baltimore.

Another great annoyance to the Administration is the receipt by Lord Lyons of instructions from the British Government directing him to test the legality of the blockade. It is claimed that as the Administration refuses to recognize the Southern Confederacy as a belligerent, it assuredly has no right to blockade its own ports. Lord Lyons has engaged the services of Mr. Carlisle to prosecute the matter. Mr. C. being a Virginian by birth and sympathy, undertakes it with much *gusto*.

It is confidently asserted here that there will be a peace within sixty days. The government cannot get money enough to carry on the war, even if it were properly and honestly disbursed. As half of it is stolen by army contractors and men "having authority," who aid and abet them in their knavery, dividing the profits, the task becomes doubly difficult.

The Pawnee is still at Aquia Creek, careened over. There is a report to-day that a company from Alexandria, who were sent to protect a bridge near Fairfax, C. H., were surprised and cut to pieces by the Warrenton troops.

SEIZURE OF JEFFERSON CITY BY FEDERAL TROOPS.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., June 15.—The capital of Missouri was taken possession of at two o'clk. this afternoon, on the arrival of the steamer *Satan*, by five companies of Col. Blair's regiment of Missouri Volunteers, under command of Lieut. Col. Andrews, and a company of regular artillery, under Capt. Trotten, all under command of Brigadier Gen. Lyon. The balance of the force remained on board of the *J. C. Swan* under further orders.

A company of regulars, under Major Corant, thoroughly searched the country for contraband articles, and found some wheels and other parts of artillery carriages.

No violence was offered, but on the contrary, the boats containing the federal troops were received with enthusiastic cheers by a large concourse of the citizens.

Governor Jackson and the other leading secessionists left here in the steamer *White Cloud* at four o'clock on the afternoon of the 13th inst. Much disappointment was manifested by the troops on finding that the enemy had fled. The officers, however, expressed no surprise, they having been previously informed of the evacuation.

The troops under Lieut. Col. Andrews are now occupying the State House. One or two houses have been searched for secession flags, but none have been found.

*(From the St. John Colonial Empire.)*

BOSTON, June 18, 8 p. m.—Great excitement at Washington, over bloody affair at Vienna. Eight of the wounded, Ohio soldiers have since died.

Pickets and outposts have fallen back towards Alexandria, and Gen'l Scott has ordered several regiments, and Patterson's division to Washington immediately.

More troops are to be concentrated at Baltimore.

British Steam Sloop of War Gladiator, arrived at New York to-day via Cape Henry, in want of coal.

Rebels are reported to be retreating from Manassas toward Richmond.

BOSTON, June 20.—Skirmishes frequent.

General Lyons is effectually scattering the secessionists in Missouri.

Picket guards sight each other at Fairfax Court House. Indications of a collision to-night.

Ten regiments more ordered from Massachusetts.

Steamer Alliance captured 11 vessels on the Potomac supplying the enemy. She burnt two, sunk four, and took the remainder to Washington.

Five regiments (each one thousand strong) a day ordered to report at Washington for a week.

*(From the "Halifax Reporter.")*

BOSTON, June 21.—Three thousand rebels advanced on Piedmont near Grafton Virginia.

Forty Maryland Union soldiers with cannon defended the bridge.

Only two of the forty heroes escaped. The rebel loss is stated to have been very heavy.

There has been a sharp encounter at Edwards Ferry near Fairfax between a battalion of the Federal army and one of the rebels. The rebels were defeated.

The total defeat of the rebel army at Boonsville, Missouri, (in which 300 of them were killed,) is confirmed.

BOSTON, June 22.—James E. Vinton, Esq., of Wisconsin has been appointed Consul of the United States at Halifax.

A Union Regiment is now surrounded at Cumberland.

Relief is marching speedily to its aid.

The Ohio Brigade is encamped at Vienna in sight of a large force of the enemy. An encounter is imminent.

BOSTON, June 25th.—The rebels at Manassas, Fairfax and Acquia, in all about sixty thousand men, are most anxious, it is stated, to attack Washington without delay.

Jefferson Davis, however, refuses. General McDowall, with a Union force of fifty thousand men, is standing at hand on the defensive.

The Government is now awaiting the assembling of Congress.

General Stone holds possession of Harper's Ferry with a strong federal force.

## Latest from Europe.

R. M. Steamer *Europa* arrived at an early hour yesterday morning, bringing Liverpool dates to 15th inst. We make the following extracts from Willmer & Smith:—

The judgment of the Court of Chancery is again in favour of the Emperor of Austria and against Louis Kossuth. The Court of Appeal, with the Lord Chancellor at its head, has confirmed the conclusion at which Sir John Stuart arrived when he declared judgment in this case two or three months back, but on different grounds. Sir John Stuart granted the injunction mainly on the alleged necessity of protecting the Emperor of Austria in the exercise of one of his Imperial prerogatives. The Court of Appeal holds that the Court of Chancery has no jurisdiction to prevent political expeditions, or to protect the prerogative of any Sovereign.

We are heartily glad the conduct of Admiral Elliot has been strongly denounced by the Government. It will be remembered that, a week or two back, a strong sensation was caused in the House of Commons by a statement made by Sir John Pakington, on the authority of Admiral Elliot, to the effect that the French Government had recently laid down the keels of several new iron-ceased vessels, and with this information Sir John Pakington endeavoured to arouse the ridiculous invasion panic which, since the formation of the Volunteer Corps, has been rapidly going to sleep. There was no novelty in the statement, for the Home Government were as well informed on the subject as the Admiral, and Lord C. Paget stated so in the House in reply to the right hon. baronet. Admiral Elliot has been to France, and the French authorities, with the greatest politeness and urbanity, took him over the naval building yards, showed him without the least reserve all that they were doing or intended to do, and, having discovered this mare's nest, he comes home and returns the courtesy which had been extended to him by "cramming" Sir John Pakington with the materials for an explosive speech.

Notwithsanding the alarm which Admiral Elliot feels at the increase of iron war ships in France, it may be still doubted whether that material will prove more formidable than the old "wooden walls" on which we used formerly to pride ourselves. Recent experiments at Shoeburyness, instituted by the Admiralty, gave results which prove that we may have gone even too far in the construction of iron ships. These experiments, it must be observed, were made with the Armstrong gun, and it would seem that against this instrument of destruction iron is not a protector. The iron batteries at Shoeburyness, which had previously been found to resist any number of blows with the lighter projectiles, were completely torn and destroyed by the shot hurled from an ordinary 100-pound Armstrong gun.

Parliament is now beginning to work in reality, but there is still a deal of business before it, and no one believes that the whole can be got through before the end of July—if then. The Bankruptcy Bill is still to come down from the House of Lords, mutilated and disfigured, and what kind of reception the Lower House will give to this maimed-bantling will depend altogether on the temper of the Attorney-General—a temper that ill brooks insult. His coadjutor, the Solicitor-General, has brought before the House a batch of measures which consolidate the criminal law acts, which have been referred to a Select Committee. The morning of Tuesday was devoted to this batch of bills, and the discussion was practical and business-like. But the session, come what may, will be barren of great measures, and, as far as appearances go at present, one of the most abortive sessions for several years.

The death of Cavour has, as everyone anticipated, excited an extraordinary interest throughout Europe, and nowhere has the feeling of regret been more general than in the capital of Piedmont, where he was best known. That he was destroyed by the blood-letting propensities of the Italian doctors is now the generally received opinion. His successor in the Italian Ministry is Ricasoli, and the new President of the Council has declared that the new Cabinet will walk in the steps of the departed statesman, influenced by respect for the constitution and the laws, and the maintenance of public order. There is a growing conviction, which time only can confirm or refute, that the settlement of the Roman question will be made more smooth by the departure of Cavour from the stage. A Brussels paper mentions an interview the other day at Fontainebleau, between the Emperor Napoleon and Count Vimercati, the representative of Victor Emmanuel. According to this Belgian authority, the Emperor is said to have thus addressed the Ambassador of the King of Italy:—"I was obliged," said the former, "as a Catholic Sovereign, to recall M. de Talleyrand when your army invaded the States of the Sovereign Pontiff. I could not do otherwise than protest against the infraction of the law of nations. But now that the grave closes upon Cavour, and that great dangers are to be feared for the Italian cause, you may assure the King of my sympathy, and tell him that our official relations shall be shortly renewed."

THE VOYAGE OF THE GREAT EASTERN.—The turning point in the affairs of this extraordinary vessel appears to have arrived—the darkest hour precedes the dawn. She is certain to realise money for her owners by the trip to Canada and back, on which she will shortly proceed, and the Government have been very liberal in their treatment with the company. The number of troops which will go out by the Great Eastern will be little short of 2500, and there will also be horses and artillery. The payment per head is to be £5 16s., so that this portion of her freight alone will realise £15,000. Of course, this includes provisions for the soldiery, which will not cost the company, it is calculated, more than twenty shillings per head. The vessel is also permitted to carry first-class passengers, the advertised charge for which is £20 per head. The homeward freight will consist of timber, wheat, and flour, and it is already known that she will have a full cargo. The expenses of working this magnificent specimen of maritime skill are, no doubt, enormous, for it is said that her last trip to New York and back cost eleven thousand pounds; but, in the present instance, she is certain to realise a handsome sum in excess of the outlay; and even the last voyage, unremunerative in a certain sense, fully established the character of the vessel as a first-class conveyance. Mr. John Laird, of Birkenhead, has signed a contract for "the fitting up" of the ship to accommodate the troops, in which more than 100 tons of timber will be absorbed. These are to be so constructed as to be readily removed and available for similar occasions. It is evident, therefore, that Government have it in contemplation to avail themselves of the services of the Great Eastern whenever the necessity arises, and this fact alone cannot fail to advance her value as a commercial speculation. The amount realised during the present week by the admission fees will probably exceed £3000.

The French Minister of Foreign Affairs has addressed a courteous letter to the Turin Cabinet expressive of condolence on the death of M. de Cavour.

The *Post's* Paris correspondent writes:—"Although the recognition of the kingdom of Italy by France has not yet become a *fait accompli*, it may be considered as definitely resolved on. It will take place under certain reservations, so far as Rome is concerned, which, for the present will not be the capital of Italy. This does not imply that, on the day when it may suit a Pope to concede to the King of Italy the establishment of the seat of Government at Rome, France will oppose such an arrangement."

The *Herald's* Paris correspondent says it is generally reported that M. Thouvenel has issued a circular despatch announcing the intention of the Government of the Emperor to recognize the kingdom of Italy.

The *Journal des Debats* has an important article, the purport of which is to show that if Austria crosses the Mincio, France must inevitably recommence the war interrupted in 1859.

A Turin letter in a French legitimist journal says Ricasoli, the Italian Prime Minister is a protestant.

The liberals of Rome have universally adopted black cravats with white border as a sign of mourning for Count Cavour.

The British line of battle ship Exmouth, and a French war steamer stationed at Naples, joined with the royal navy of Italy in the demonstrations which took place on account of the death of Count Cavour.

The Armonia, the ultra clerical organ of Turin, defends itself for having addressed some words of praise to Count Cavour.

The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* believes that the tendency of the Imperial Government is more favourable to Italy than for a long period, but thinks the Emperor will still temporize, still propose expedients which he knows neither party will accept, in the hope that the Pope will finally see that the interests of the church point to the abandonment of Rome.

The proposed celebration of the anniversary of Waterloo at Cologne is regarded by a Paris ministerial journal as an additional offence to France.

Orders have been received at Chatham for six steam-gun vessels to be placed in the first-class steam reserve, and to be dispatched immediately to the coast of North America. Each of the above gun vessels will receive on board one 68 pounder of 95 cwt. and one 32 pounder of 56 cwt.

The Duke of Cambridge inspected the troops under orders for Canada at Aldershott yesterday.

KINGSTOWN, June 14.—The Golden Fleece has just come into harbour. She is to convey the 47th Regiment to Canada.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.—Not a few of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out none have ever been found which would equal in effect Ayer's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood, its extraordinary virtues are not yet widely known, but when they are it will no longer be a question what remedy to employ in the great variety of afflicting diseases that require an alterative remedy. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit certificates to show its effect. But the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken. Sufferers from Scrofula, Scrofulous Swellings and Sores, try it and see the rapidity with which it cures. Skin Diseases, Pimples Dustules, Blotches, Eruptions, &c., and soon cleaned out of the system by it.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter or Salt Rheum Scald Head, Ringworm, &c. should not be borne while they can be so speedily cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Syphilis or Venereal Disease is expelled from the system by the prolonged use of this Sarsaparilla and the patient left as healthy as if he had never had the disease.

Female Diseases are caused by Scrofula in the blood, and are generally soon cured by the Extract of Sarsaparilla. Price $1 per Bottle or 6 Bottles for $5.

For all the purposes of a family physic, take Ayer's Cathartic Pills, which are everywhere known to be the best purgative that is offered to the American People. Price, 25 Cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all Druggists everywhese.

May 22. 4m.

OXYGENATED BITTERS.—*A Query.*—Why will you suffer? Dyspepsia is a brief but comprehensive term for the numerous diseases which affect the stomach, liver, and in fact the whole human system. Until Dr. Green discovered the Oxygenated Bitters, medical science was at fault and had exhausted itself in fruitless efforts to cure this disease. The Dyspeptic need suffer no longer with a disease that is always painful, and frequently a fatal affliction.

This unique and peculiar compound will as certainly cure the disease as the disease exists. Had it not this power, such testimony as follows would not be given in itr favor:—Dyspeptics, Read!—

ASHUELOT, Oct. 6, 1859.—Messrs. S. W. FOWLE & Co.,—Gents:—Nine years ago I was so much reduced in strength as to be unable to attend to the common duties of my household, and suffered from a complication of diseases that truly rendered life a burden. I resorted to various physicians of achnowledged skill, but without relief, and my case was considered beyond the possibility of cure; but at this juncture I made use of the *Oxygenated Bitters*, and so rapidly did I mend that the effect was wonderful. My physcian's distrust of the medicine gave place to the utmost confidence in it. After a lapse of years, I now remain in the enjoyment of good health, and have ever found the Bitters a never failing antidote for the various symptoms which arise from constitutional derangements. I have since recommended them to several of my friends, with uniform and satisfactory results.

CATHERINE RAYMOND.

Read the following Order—From a respectable and well known Druggists.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, June 21, 1880.—Messrs S. W. FOWLE & Co.,—Gentlemen:—You will please send me another supply of *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, and also some more of the *Oxygenated Bitters*, the sale of which I am happy to state, is steadily increasing. Those who have tried either of them have borne willing testimony to their efficacy as remedial agents in the diseases to which they are respectively applicable.

Respectfully yours,

WM. R. WATSON.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & Co., Boston and for sale by Cogswell & Forsyth. and G. E. Morton & Co., wholesale agents Halifax, and retailed by all Druggists.

May 29 4w.

MRS. WINSLOW.—An experienced nurse and female physician, has a Soothing syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it mothers, ti will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health o your infants. Prefectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column.

Sept. 5. 1y.

## Commercial.

### Halifax Markets.

*Corrected for the "Provincial Wesleyan" up to 10 o'clock, A. M., Wednesday, June 26.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Bread, Navy, per cwt. | 17s 6d *a* 23s 9d |
| " Pilot, per bbl. | 16s *a* 18s 9d |
| Beef, prime Canada | 37s 6d |
| " " American | 35s *a* 40s |
| Butter, Canada | 9d |
| " N. S., per lb. | 9d |
| Coffee, Laguyra, " | 10 *a* 11d |
| " Jamaica, " | 10½d |
| Flour, Am. sfi. per bbl. | 32s 6d |
| " Can. sfi. " | 31s 3d |
| " State, " | 31s 3d |
| " Rye, " | 25s |
| Cornmeal " | 20s |
| Indian Corn, per bushel | 5s |
| Molasses, Mus. per gal. | 1s *a* 6d |
| Clayed, " | 1s 3d |
| Pork, prime, per barrel | $16 |
| " mess " | $21 |
| Sugar, bright P. R. | 40s |
| " Cuba | 35s |
| Bar Iron, com. per cwt. | 13s 6d |
| " refined " | 15s 6d |
| Hoop " | 20s |
| Sheet " | 22s 6d |
| Nails, cut per keg | 17s 6d a 22s 6d |
| " wrought per lb. | 3 1-2d *a* 6d |
| Leather, sole " | 1s 4d *a* 1s 6d |
| Codfish, large | 20s |
| " small | 15s |
| Salmon, No. 1, | $20 *a* 20 1-2 |
| " 2. | 19 *a* 19 1-2 |
| " 3, | 16 |
| Mackerel, No. 1, | 17 |
| " 2, | 11 *a* 12 |
| " 3, | 6 1-4 *a* 6 3-4 |
| " " med. | 4 3-4 *a* 5 |
| Herrings, No. 1, | 20s |
| Alewives, | 20s |
| Haddock, | 9s *a* 10s |
| Coal, Sydney, per chal. | 20s |
| Firewood, per cord, | 16s |

*Prices at the Farmers' Market, corrected up to 10 o'clock, A. M., Wednesday, June 26*

| | |
|---|---|
| Oats, per bushel | 2s 3d |
| Ooatmeal, per cwt. | 17s a 16 |
| Fresh Beef, per cwt. | 30s *a* 45s |
| Bacon, per lb. | 6 *a* 7d |
| Cheese, " | 6d |
| Calf-skins, " | 4d |
| Yarn, " | 2s 6d |
| Butter, fresh " | 10d |
| Lamb, " | 4d *a* 6d |
| Veal, " | 2½d *a* 3½d |
| Turkey, " | 9d |
| Ducks, | none |
| Chickens, | 2s 6 |
| Potatoes, per bushel | 3s 9d |
| Eggs, per dozen | 7½d |
| Homespun Cloth (wool) | per yard, 2s 6d |
| Do. (cotton and wool) | " 1s 9d |
| Hay, per ton | 5£ *a* £5 10s |

WILLIAM NEWCOMB,
*Clerk of Market.*

A Medicine scientifically compounded, efficient in action, radical in its cures, containing nothing noxious, but everything harmless, merits and will receive the support of the public. Witness the *Oxygenated Bitters*, that remarkable specific for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and General Debility.

SEEDS, RARE SEEDS.—Received ex *Kedar* from Liverpool:—Mangel, Ruta Buga, Kohl Rabi and other Farm Seeds; also, choice Flowers, including Double Balsams, Lupius, Carnation and Picatees, Antirhinum, German and other Stocks, Wallflower and Zinna.

Also, of Nova Scotia growth:—Timotny Grass, Indian Corn, Bloodred Beet, &c.

Catalogues furnished by G. E. Morton & Co., near the Province Building.

*Peruvian Syrup; or, Protected Solution of Iron.* —Cures all diseases arising from Disordered Digestion, Weakness, and bad state of the Blood Get a pamphlet containing the most astonishing cures on record,

JEWETT & Co., Proprietors.

☞ To be had of G. E. MORTON & Co., Halifax Agent wholesale and retail.

None but a physician knows how much a reliable alterative is needed by the people. On all sides of us, in all communities everywhere there are multitudes that suffer from complaints that nothing but an alterative cures. Hence a great many of them have been made and put abroad with the assurance of being effectual. But they fail to accomplish the cures they promise because they have not the intrinsic virtues they claim. In this state of the case, Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., of Lowell, have supplied us with a compound Extract of Sarsaprilla, which does prove to be the long desired remedy. Its peculiar difference from other kindred preparations in market is that it cures the diseases for which it is recommended, while they do not. We are assured of this fact by more than one of our intelligent Physicians in this neighborhood, and and have the further evidence of our own experience of its truth.—*Tennesee Farmer, Nashville, Tenn.*

June 19 6w.

A GEM OF ELEGANCE.—Blodgetts's Persian Balm, for cleaning the teeth, shaving, beautifying the complexion and all toilet purposes. This is the most delightful cosmetic a lady or gentleman can use. It insures sweet breath, removes all disagreeable appearances from the shin, as tan, pimples, freckles, &c., and imparts freshness and purity to the complexion.

☞ Agents in Halifax, G. E. MORTON & Co.

BEAUTY.—The perfection of beauty even in the most beautiful woman, is gained at her toilet. There the use of *Burnett's Kalliston* is indispensable; it eradicates all unsightly objects, such as tan, freckles, and pimples, and gives the complexion a clear and blooming appearance. Prepared by Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston. For sale by dealers generally, at 50c. per bottle.

June 19 4w.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—Four-fifths of you are suffering from neglected colds, and consequent inflammation of the delicate lining of those tubes through which the air we breathe is distributed to the lungs —This obstruction produces pain and soreness, hoarseness, cough, difficulty of breathing, heetic fever, and a spitting of Blood, matter, or phlegm which finally exhausts the strengh of the patient, and death ensues. Jayne's Expectorant never fails to removes this obstruction, and produces the most speedy and pleasing results. It is certain in its effects, and cannot fail to relieve.

Sold by Brown Brothers & Co., Ordnance Square, Halifax.—See Advertisement.

## Marriages.

On the 11th inst., by the Rev. W. E. Gelling, Robert Grieve, Esq., of St John's, Nfld, to Henrietta E., second daughter of Henry Poole, Esq.

On the 19th inst., at St. Paul's, by the Venerable Archdeacon Willis, James B. Duffus, second son of John Duffus, Esq., to Catherine D., second daughter of Edward Pryor, Esq.

## Deaths.

Of consumption, at Coverdale, Albert County, N. B., on the 6th inst., Mary P., aged 17 years, youngest daughter of Jane and J. Nelson Chapman. She was naturally amiable, mild and gentle in her disposition. We deeply sympathise with the bereaved family.

On the 22nd inst., Annie, the beloved wife of Wm. H. Wiswell, and eldest daughter of Charles E. Wiswell, Esq., in the 25th year of her age.

On the 21st., John Roan, aged 62 years, leaving a wife and 4 children.

On the 21st inst., Mr. James Barratt, late of the 52nd Regt., (a Waterloo man,) in the 67th year of his age.

At Port Mulgrave, on the 21st inst., David Power, Esq., aged 64 years.

At Wallace, 7th May, aged 19 years, Robert, eldest son of Mr. Neil McNeil. Deceased was drowned by accidentally falling over a mill dam, at a place called Spring Hill. He was a young man of promise, and is deeply regretted by all who knew him.

On Tuesday morning, Thomas McKie, aged 66 years.

At Mount Hope, Dartmouth, June 22nd, Mr. Benjamin Knowlton Dodge, late of Bridgetown, N. S., in the 74th year of his age.

At Portsmouth, Eng, on the 2nd inst., of consumption, Sergeant Wm. Lawson, of the Royal Engineers, formerly of this Garrison

## Shipping News.

### PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED

WEDNESDAY, June 19.

H M S Hydra, Com Hamilton, St John, N. B.
Brig Ford Mill, Trigs, Swansea.
Schrs Helmina, Gerrior, Montreal.
Mary, Day, Philadelphia.
Beverly Blanch, Fortune Bay.
M & W P, Perry, Newfld; Lucknow, Mitchell, do.
Combine, Rood, P E Island.
Lochiel, Corbet, P E Island,
Rising Dawn, Wallace.

THURSDAY, June 20.

Steamer Merlin, Sampson, St Thomas & Bermuda.
Brigs Frank, Jones, Portland.
Eclipse, Townshend, Sydney.
Brigts Adonis, Lorway, Montreal.
Lady Sale, Boudrot, Pictou—bound to Boston.
Schrs Julia, Wright, St John, N. B.
Volant, Nickerson, Antigua.
William, Larkin, Newfld.
Perseverance, McDaniel, P E Island.
Fair Play, McKay, Annapolis.
Speculator, Harrison, Pictou.

SATURDAY, June 22.

Steamers Delta, Hunter, St John's, Nfld.
Westmorland, Boltenhouse, P E Island.
Brigt Hedley Vickars, Murphy, Glasgow.
Schrs Ocean Star, Jenkins, Porto Rico.
Eleanor, Power, Newfld; Nancy, Sydney.
Dancing Feather, Sydney.

MONDAY, June 24.

H M Steamer Valorous, Capt Aldham.
H M Surveying Steamer Margaretta Stevenson, from Sydney.
Brigt Volant, McNab, Sydney.
Schrs Gleaner, Fulton, Lingan—bd to New York.
J T Silver, Laybold, Newfld.
Hawk, Romkey, Labrador.
Ocean Wave, Sydney.
Topsy, Reddy, Guysborough.
Compages, Kenny, Newfld.
Barque Halifax, O'Brien, Boston—60 passengers.

TUESDAY, June 25.

R M Steamer Europa, Anderson, Liverpool.
Schr Emblem, Poole, Port aux Basque.

CLEARED.

June 19—Brigt Emily Jane, Watt, F W Indies; schrs Emma, Muggah, Sydney; John Alexander, Stoddard, North Bay.

June 20—Schrs Magnet, Scott, Pictou; Native Lass, Gerrior, Arichat; Alice, Evans, Newfld; Saxe Gotha, Martin, Cape Canso; T J Hill, (Am) Whelden, Cow Bay; Athol, Wall, Sydney.

June 21—Brigt Golden Rule, Patterson, Porto Rico; schrs Ostrich, Lewis, Newfld; Amelia, Gerrior, Sydney; Susan, Farrel, Mainadieu; Ocean Bird, Crowell, Lingan.

June 22—Barque Native, Trask, Liverpool, G B; brigt Anne Geldert, Cochran, Lingan; schrs Lark, O'Bryan, Wallace; Isabella, Hadley, Guysborough; Coronella, Sulis, Digby, Annapalis and Bridgetown; Eliza, McDonald, Sydney; Eilen, Curry, Sydney.

June 25—Europa, Anderson, Boston; Mary Jane, Fougere, Arichat; Crimea, Vincent, Liverpool, G B; Julia, Wright, St. John, N. B.; Susan, Lang, Baltimore; Emma Anderson, Heisler, F W Indies.

MEMORANDA.

By telegram, from Port Mulgrave, we learn that the schr Lord Raglan, Sterling, master, sprung a leak and was abandoned at sea. The crew were taken off by the schr James Casket.

ENGLISH
SHOE STORE.
Removed on the 1st Jan. last.
TO THE
Empire Iron Front Building.

THE proprietor has received in his SPRING STOCK of American *BOOTS & SHOES*, per Ocean Wave and Halifax from Boston.

LARGE SUPPLY, AT UNPRECEDENTED LOW PRICES:

Ladies' Patent Foxed Gaiter Boots, 3s 6d
Patent Foxed Congress Gaiter Boots, 4s 3d.
Ladies all Prun. Congress Gaiter High Heel Boots,
" Patent Foxed Kid Balmoral American Boots, 7s
" " Kid Elastic Sandelled SLIPPERS, 3s 9d
" " Worked Velvet Toilet SLIPPERS,
Low Prices Slippers, 1s. 7d.,
Ladies' Eureka Fancy Buskins,
" Kid BUSKINS 3s,
Misses' Kid and High Heel Buskins,
Childrens' Allies Fancy Boots,
Misses' and Childrens' Kid, Prunella, and Goat Congress Boots,

Copper Toed,
Of Childrens' and Misses' Enamel Boots, and Of Youths' Kip Brogans,
Mens' Enamel Foxed and Calf Congress Boots

Mens' Prunella Congress Boots
Mens' Enamel'd and Calf Laced Shoes, 9s 6d & 6s
" Fine Buff Brogans, 5s 3d
" Enamel'd and Imi. Goat Prime Brogans, 8s 7s 6d and 6s
Gents' Fine Enamel'd High Vamp Slippers, 3s 9d
Womens' Calf, Goat and Enamel'd Buskins and Boots (pegged)
Boys' Patent Foxed Congress Boots,
Youths' and Boys' Patent Enamel'd and Goat Brogans,
Youths' and Boys' Dress Patent Leather Tie Shoes.

The above were purchased at panic prices, in consequence of the Southern excitement, and are offered at corresponding prices Wholesale and Retail.

W. G. COOMBS,
No. 5 Granville Street,
WHITE FRONT BUILDING.
☞ English Stock hourly expected. May 8.

No. 40 Barrington Street.

FOR the convenience of our numerous Customers in the South end of the City, we have continued

THE ESTABLISHMENT
AT
BARRINGTON STREET,
And have added to the Stock
A large and Choice Selection of
NEW GOODS!
In every Department.
Dress Goods,
For Summer wear, in all the Newest Materials and latest styles. A handsome assortment
ROBE DRESSES!
Very Cheap
PRINTED MUSLINS & CAMBRICS, SHAWLS, MANTLES, BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, &c.
Harness Board Muslins, and Lence Curtains; White Shirtings, and a full assortment of STAPLES.
June 5 R. McMURRAY & CO

R. McMURRAY & CO.
*Beg to announce that they have received per Kedar and Roseneath.*
NEW
SPRING GOODS.
*AND WILL OPEN*
On Monday the 22nd,
At No. 40 Barrington Street.
BONNETS, HATS, Trimmed do in latest styles,
RIBBONS, FLOWERS, SHAWLS, MANTLES
New Fancy Dresses.
*AND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF*
STAPLE GOODS.
We invite an inspection of the above, which will be found fresh and cheap.
Our New Premises,
No. 148 Granville Street,
*WILL BE OPENED*
On Wednesday the 1st of May
*WITH A LARGE AND ENTIRELY*
NEW STOCK.
May 1.

R. R. S.
Redding's Russia Salve.
*For the House, the Mill, the Farm.*
*When sore is eye, or hand or ear, be sure* THE RUSSIA SALVE, *is near.*
In every place where accidents are liable to occur, there should be kept a box of Redding's RUSSIA SALVE, which is a sovereign remedy for, and preventative of, Frost-bite, Chilblains, Sore Eyes, Chapped Hands, and a rapid and sure healer of Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Ulcers, Eruptions, &c No family should be without a supply. Sold everywhere, 25 cents a box.
*REDDING & CO.*, Boston;
*BARNES & PARK*, Wholesale Agents, New York.
June 19.

Woodstock Bazaar!
A BAZAAR, to aid in finishing the WESLEYAN CHURCH, will be held (D.V.) in Woodstock, N. B., about 1st of August next.
Contributions are earnestly solicited, and will be thankfully received by the under-mentioned ladies:
Mrs. Connell, Mrs. Perley
" Geo Connell, " G. H Connell.
" Fisher, " Jno. Allen.
Mrs. R. A. Temple.
April 8, 1861.

New Advertisements.

☞ *Advertisements intended for this Paper should be sent in by Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clk, at the latest*

Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.
JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT,
*Has been for thirty years the Standard Remedy.*
RECENT COUGHS AND COLDS, Pleuritic pains, &c. are quickly and effectually cured by its diaphoretic, soothing and Expectorant power.
Asthma it always cures. It overcomes the spasmodic contraction of the air vessels, and by producing free expectoration, at once removes all difficulty of breathing.
Bronchitis readily yields to the Expectorant. It subdues the inflammation which extends through the wind tubes, produces free expectoration, and suppresses at once the Cough and Pain.
Consumption—For this insidious and fatal disease, no remedy on earth has ever been found so effectual. It subdues the inflammation,—relieves the Cough and Pain,—removes the difficulty of breathing and produces an easy expectoration, whereby all irritating and obstructing matters are removed from the lungs.
Whooping Cough is promptly relieved by this Expectorant. It shortens the duration of the disease one-half, and greatly mitigates the sufferings of the patient.
In all Pulmonary Complaints, in Pleurisy, &c. it will be found to be prompt, safe, pleasant and reliable, and may be especially commended to Ministers, Teachers, and Singers, for the relief of Hoarseness, and for strengthening the organs of the voice. Here is a portion of the testimony:—
Rev. John Dowling, D.D., Pastor of the Berean, Baptist Church, N. Y., writes:
"I have long known the virtues of Jayne's Expectorant, and frequently tested them on myself and family, when afflicted with Coughs or Colds. I believe it to be one of the