

HARDY PERENNIALS



Achillea

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Red Yarow—Finely cut leaves, bright red flowers.

The Pearl—Small double white flowers in July. Valuable for cutting.

Aquilegias.

These plants bloom freely early in the spring and summer, and produce beautiful, curiously formed and variously colored flowers. Among the very best hardy perennials. They are quite at home under the spray of a fountain or by the waterside.

Delphinium (Larkspur).

A bold and attractive group of perennials, with long stout spikes of flowers varying from pale silvery to deep indigo blue. No plant can possibly produce a finer effect than these for several weeks during summer.

Digitalis (Foxglove).

The Foxgloves are quite stately and highly ornamental plants when well grown, with flower stems at least three feet in height. They are fine for the mixed border, or planted singly in half-shaded places near a walk or drive. The racemes of flowers are often two feet in length, containing scores of the prettily spotted thimble-shaped flowers. Perfectly hardy.

Hollyhock.

This rival of the rose is an old-time favorite. It is of strong, vigorous growth; most ornamental. Well adapted for growing next to buildings or fences or for creating effects where tall, showy and graceful plants are needed. All colors.



Japanese Iris

Iris.

German—These are very showy and ought to be more generally planted in herbaceous borders.

Japanese—The large Orchid-like flowers appear after the German varieties have gone, and vary in color from pure white to dark blue and variegated; well adapted to low, moist spots.

Phlox, Hardy.

This glorious family of hardy perennials is the most widely known and popular of all garden plants. No perennial is more worthy of culture or more satisfactory in every situation or more effective, either as individual plants, borders, or grouped in masses.

Poppy, Oriental.

All the perennial Poppies are perfectly hardy. The single, large perennial Poppies are a great addition to the herbaceous border, and are of greater value among shrubbery, as they tend to relieve and lighten up the usual dark and sombre character of clumps of shrubbery. Flowers very large, five or six inches across.

Tritoma Pfitzerii.

A stately plant, throwing up spikes of scarlet and yellow flowers from July till November, commonly known as "Red Hot Poker," "Flame Flower," "Torch Plant," etc. They do well in any soil or situation. Showy and desirable.

They are perfectly hardy if slightly protected during the winter, although the roots can be taken up in the fall and put in a box of soil or sand in the cellar and planted in the spring.

Yucca Filamentosa.

An interesting and tropical appearing plant, which will endure any of our northern winters, and is therefore valuable for those localities where flowering plants are scarce. It is an ever-green perennial, throwing up in the middle of summer flower stalks 3 ft. in height, bearing a profusion of creamy white bell-shaped blossoms. One of the most beautiful plants for the lawn.