THE TORONTO WORLD

A One-Cent Morning Newspaper.

OFFICE—5 KING-STREET EAST, TORONTO.
W. F. MACLEAN, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year, $4 00 | Four Months, $1 00
Six Months, 2 00 | One Month, 25
No charge for city delivery or postage.
Subscriptions payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

(FOR EACH LINE OF AGATE TYPE.)
Ordinary advertisements, ten cents per line; transcient advertisements, twenty cents per line.
Condensed advertisements, one cent a word. Deaths, marriages and births, 25 cents.
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WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 8, 1886.

Amusements This Day and Evening.
Grand Opera House—Madame and evening—"Around the World in 80 Days."
Toronto Opera House—Matinee and evening—Mr. P. F. Baker in "Girls and Lena."
Granite Rink—Band this evening.
Specimen Rink—Band this evening.

State Purchase or Control of Railways.

Our Canadian Railway Inquiry Commission is now in Ottawa, and will shortly be in Toronto again to hear what business men here have further to say on the subject in hand. In England, in the United States, and in Canada, the question is fairly up for consideration, and it is one that "will not down," either. Mr. Charles Waring recently discussed in the Fortnightly Review "State Purchase of Railways," as it appears under English conditions. He is a Radical with regard to railway reform, and argues that the State could manage the railways just as easily as it runs the postoffice. The fear of political influence coming in to spoil the business he holds to be a mere bugbear; as he views it, the Government could from the start command the services of the ablest railway men in the country, and could be sure of being honestly served, too. All the railways in the country being one system, railway wars would be unknown, and the immense sums spent by the companies in merely fighting each other would be saved. For a few years at first the Chancellor of the Exchequer might have to provide for a deficit, but not for long, and soon a handsome surplus would begin to come in. The practicability of State purchase depends upon the satisfactory settlement of the principles upon which rates and fares are to be fixed. *The first thing to determine is the object with which the railways shall be worked—whether as a source of profit to the Treasury, or in the promotion of industry, commerce, and trade, and for the benefit of the people.* The latter is contemplated as the great object to be attained in time, though the Government would have to feel its way towards the same, taking care that there be always a certain margin of profit, more or less, in order to meet eventualities. As things are it is the policy of the railways to promote foreign business at the expense of home business, which is simply outrageous, but the Government would be in duty bound to reverse the system. Its policy would be to stimulate instead of checking home enterprise. It is really intolerable that more should be charged for carrying Cheshire cheese to London than is charged for carrying American cheese all the way from Central New York. Also that produce from the southern counties of England should have to pay more for delivery in London than is charged for carrying similar merchandise from France to the great city. Protectionists hold it sound policy to discriminate by means of customs duties against foreign products and in favor of what we produce at home. But under the present iniquitous system railways built with English money and chartered by England's Parliament do actually discriminate against English interests and in favor of foreigners. Such staunch free trade papers as the Times and the Economist pronounce this to be a crying evil, which calls loudly for immediate remedy. This is surely too outrageous to be tolerated much longer.

On this side the Atlantic we are not yet saying much about State purchase of railways, but of State control merely. And the latter, we suppose, will have to content us for a while. Let it be observed, meanwhile, that over the border the question has made rapid progress during the last dozen years or so. A recent decision by a United States court has been abundantly misinterpreted. It has been represented as affirming that there is no authority in the country to control commerce between the States, whereas what it did affirm was quite another thing: this, to wit—that while no State Legislature has such authority, the National Congress certainly has. And the probability is that before very long Congress will take action accordingly, the decision referred to having removed doubts and cleared the way. As for our own country, we can scarcely imagine a Canadian Government having conviction and courage enough to enforce the people's rights in this matter. But, if ever we have a Government to do this, it will certainly be a National Policy Government, and none other. We may feel tolerably sure, meantime, that even N.P. statesmen, in Canada, will be inclined rather to hang back until our progressive neighbors show the way. Still, it is something that we have a commission taking evidence on the subject, and that good opportunity of turning on the light is being afforded.

The Cream of the Cables.

On the war question the cream of the cable correspondence is to this effect. All the Great Powers are *preparing* for war, Russia, disappointed of raising a fresh loan in Germany, is trying France for it, and is likely to get it, more from French hatred of England than from any other reason. But France cannot supply the interminable demands of the Russian war party, and some day before long the reply of "no funds" must come from Paris. Berlin and Frankfort are already sick of Russian loans, and the great Hebrew bankers will not help the most barbarous persecutor of their race, we may be sure. The pending German bill for larger army supplies will surely be passed; for even the most radical of Germans are going to stand by king and country when it comes to the pinch. Churchill will propose an extra large grant for British army and navy estimates, and he will get it without winking, too. Even the Radicals of Birmingham and Newcastle would strangle any ministry that should tamely permit the British lion to be "downed" by the Russian bear. No such blunder is on the cards, however, for the attitude of the Salisbury Government on the Russian question has been firm and effective, and is likely to be even more so. It was Salisbury who gave Kaulbars the kick out of Bulgaria, and gave the Czar the worst snub that has been put upon any Czar of Russia since Crimean days. That snub is deeply felt, and will be resented; nothing short of what Othello said to Iago will do. We should not however imitate the sensational actors, and make two syllables of it; one syllable will be terrible enough. The great war is to come in the spring, so say they all.

East York.

Mr. G. B. Smith is not to have a walk over in East York. The friends of Messrs. Bruce and Richardson complain that the Liberal convention was packed—"mobbed" is the word used by them—by city men in the interest of a city man. Many of the farmers think there are too many professional and business city men in the Legislature already. The Conservatives having been gerrymandered out of their fighting chance for the seat, adjourned their convention sine die last Saturday, after resolving to support anybody to beat Smith. The young men complain that the party prizes are all passed on to the other end of the table when their plates are held out, and are desirous that whoever gets the pie it shall not be a party by the name of Smith. Animated by this feeling, they have organized an independent association, which will play an important part in the campaign, to the tune of "Anything to Beat Smith."

These dissatisfactions are the roots of Mr. Crosby's independent candidature. At the convention he protested strongly against the nomination of an outsider, and he has emphasized his protest by taking the field. He will be endorsed and supported by the Young Men's Independent Association. Mr. Crosby is a Reformer and a temperance man. He was Mr. Badgerow's predecessor in the Legislature, and is locally a strong man. The temperance element is disgruntled because Mr. Joseph Tait, or some other man of that stamp, was not nominated, therefore Mr. Crosby reckons upon their assistance. Meanwhile Mr. Smith is not idle, and talks confidently. Such is the present situation in East York.

When the Mail is against Inspector Hughes' crusade who shall be for it? Echo answers: Ephraim.

This is truly an "inverted year." While Toronto is clamoring for watering carts, Virginia and portions of states still further south are snowed under. Montreal's annual ice-house craze may infect Florida this winter.

So the French steamship Chandenagor and all on board were not lost. As much cannot be said for the cable correspondent who invented the lie to that effect.

Bishop Mowat's pastoral letters are to be issued in a pamphlet that will contain the whole duty of man. Canon Farrer's encyclicals should be bound and circulated by the Tories. As the political controversy has assumed the aspect of a theological discussion, the public should be given both sides, without money and without price, for what shall it profit a man to save his own soul and lose the election?

Here is something new. The Brockville Times accuses Hon. C. F. Fraser of being an Agnostic. If he be both that and the persecuting Papist that the Mail describes him to be, he must be double-barreled. But perhaps the Times means that he doesn't know whether he will be re-elected or not. The woods are full of such doubters as that just now.

The political issue has been narrowed down to this question: "Which is the better Protestant, Mowat or Meredith?" Now why not save the toil and trouble of an election by subjecting the two to a competitive examination in the shorter catechism? Canon Farrer would no doubt gladly hold the book for them. Or it might be fairer, as Mr. Meredith is an Episcopalian, to make the test the Bible. We believe that a copy of the sacred volume is still obtainable in this province in spite of the iconoclasm of the Archbishop and the Minister of Education.

Two innocent men have been discovered serving life terms in the Detroit penitentiary. Well, in these days no innocent man is safe at large. We often feel like asking for jail protection ourselves when the frequent candidate and the everlasting book agent waylay us.

A New York expert witness testifies that "the human body is full of cells." It needs no expert to tell us that false teeth, false hair and padding are prominent features of fashionable anatomy.

Mr. Roney's address to his friends last Monday evening has made an impression outside his own circle. It showed that there is stuff in the man.

Messrs. March and Roney are both proud of being painters. Judging by the way they draw at a public meeting they are artists.

Two deaths from freezing have already been reported from the Dakota banana belt. The beauty about the glorious climate of Dakota and Manitoba is that the residents never feel the cold, no matter how cold the cold becomes. They all say so, and are prepared to hold up their affidavit hands and testify that their assertion is the frozen, crystalized truth. Of course people freeze to death up there occasionally, but bless you, it is just for the pleasure of the thing. Down in this milk-and-water region a man freezes to death because he feels the cold, but up there because he doesn't feel it.

Chicago is agitating for heaters in the street cars. The World has abandoned hope so far as Toronto's street cars are concerned in this respect, but if the cars are not warmed at least the directors are kept in hot water all the year round.

We infer from the tone of the speakers at the public meetings in this campaign that the customs of the good old days have gone glimmering down the cavernous corridors of the earthwhile. It was in those days that one partisan asked another: "What sort of spirit did you observe at the meeting last night?" "The best spirit I have drank for years, and we had two jugs of it, too."

A letter from a correspondent in yesterday's issue told The World that when it showed up the inconsistency of those who object to poor people enjoying the use of street cars on Sunday, but who approve of Sunday labor upon cabs and coupes, it hit the nail upon the head. Continued hitting will drive that nail home in course of time. It is years ago since The World began to advocate one rule in this matter for both rich and poor. If those who cannot afford to hire coupes must walk upon Sunday let those who can afford it walk, too. The exercise will do them good, and they need exercise more than their poorer brethren do. It is one of poverty's redeeming handships that it never gives a man the gout. In any case no man should work seven days per week. The man who is constrained by the exigencies of city life and inter-oceanic railway traffic to labor upon Sunday should be at liberty to lay off upon Saturday or Monday. The matter could be easily arranged if our capitalists and Sabbatarians would only do as they would like to be done by.

There are rumors to the effect that a number of Toronto Methodists propose to follow the example of the Presbyterian founders of the Review and start another church organ, because they regard Rev. Dr. Dewart as "an offensive partisan." It is a long time since there was so much politics in the pulpits and pews of this country as there is now. Archbishop Lynch has by what must, at the mildest, be described as his indiscretion, aroused a storm that may wreck a good many of his friends' ships. One effect of it is already visible in the awkward positions in which Roman Catholic aspirants to the Legislature find themselves. Some of them do not dare to run at all, and those who are running find themselves upon an uphill track. Many Protestant Liberals, too, find themselves sorely perplexed by the complexion affairs have assumed. But the effects of it will survive the elections. Rival church organs will beget rival church organizations, and men's creeds will become mere party names. An unpleasant prospect, truly.

Important.

—When you visit or leave New York City save baggage expressage and $3 carriage hire and stop at the **Grand Union Hotel**, opposite the Grand Central Depot.

613 rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevators. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city. cd

—In another part of this issue we present a large advertisement headed "The Giant of Medicines." It goes without saying that R. H. Warner & Co. have educated the people of this country to the belief, which is rational and well founded, that a vast majority of human diseases originate in improper action of the kidneys and liver, that improper action allowing the blood to become filled with uric and lithic acids, or kidney and liver waste, which inflame and irritate all the organs and thereby produces so many different diseases. Hence a remedy that will correct the false action of the kidneys and liver and neutralize the acids of the system, very naturally cures all the diseases caused by this excess of acid in the blood. At this holiday season no present would be more acceptable to any suffering friend than a case of a dozen bottles of the wonderfully effective Warner's safe cure. The proprietors do not ask you to believe what they say, but frankly tell you to write to those whose testimonials are published and to ask your friends and neighbors what they think of this great remedy. That shows how great is their confidence in the favor of the public, on which they reckon because of the merits of their preparation.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Toronto Real Estate Exchange, 34 and 36 King-street east, Walton & Osler, successors to Lake & Clark, real estate, insurance and financial brokers. Estates managed, rents collected, loans negotiated at lowest rates. 135

TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 7.

The Stock Market this morning was moderately active, and prices as a rule firm. Montreal sold at 210¾ for 5 shares, and closed at that price bid. Ontario rose ¾ in bid to 115¼, and Toronto was strong, with buyers at 211½. Commerce sold at 131 cum-dividend for 10 shares, and the ex-dividend stock was easier at 127½ bid. Imperial was higher, with sales of eleven shares at 136¼, and the stock closing at 136½ bid. Federal firmer, there being sales of 10 shares at 160¾ and 30 at 160. Dominion firm at 221 bid, and Standard sold at 159 cum-dividend and at 158½ ex-dividend. Loan and miscellaneous shares quiet. British America Assurance sold at 132½ for 10 shares, and Western was 166 bid. Gas sold at 197 for 2 shares. Building and Loan steady at 113½ bid, and London and Canadian sold at 163½ for 150 and at 161½ for 21 shares. National Investment firm at 107½ bid, and People's 114½ bid. Hamilton Provident was 123 bid, and Ontario Investment sold at 119½ for 7 shares. Other stocks unchanged. In the afternoon the market was dull and weak. Montreal declined to 229 bid, and 4 shares of Ontario sold at 115. Toronto 1¼ easier at 210½ bid, Merchants' 1 lower at 129½ bid. Commerce weak, with sales cum-dividend at 130 and 130½, and ex-dividend at 127½ and 127. Imperial was 136 bid, and Federal easier, with a sale of 10 shares at 159½. Dominion unchanged at 221 bid. Western Assurance sold at 166¾ for 25 shares, and Dominion Telegraph unchanged at 87 bid. London & Canadian Loan sold at 161½ for 120 shares, and the balance of the list is unchanged.

The Montreal Stock market closed: Bank of Montreal, 240 and 239½, sales 25 at 240¼, 25 at 239½, 25 at 240, 50 at 240¼, 30 at 240; Ontario Bank, 116 and 115½; Bangue du Peuple, 109 and 103; Molsons Bank, 109 and 102½; Bank of Toronto, 214 and 212½, sales 9 at 212½; Merchants' Bank, 130½ and 129½, sales 25 at 130½, 8 at 130½, 28 at 130; Bank of Commerce, 130¼ and 128 130, sales 25 at 131, 25 at 130½, 50 at 130½; Federal Bank, 112 and 109½; C. P. Railway, 49½ and 49, sales 25 at 49, 25 at 49½; Montreal Telegraph Company, 119½ and 119, sales 50 at 119½, 30 at 119½; Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company, 67¼ and 66¾, sales 50 at 67, 25 at 66¾, 25 at 67; City Passenger Railway, 217 and 214; Montreal Gas Company, 221½ and 221¼, sales 25 at 221½; Canada Cotton Company, 98 and 93; Dundas Cotton Company, 78 and 74; Northwest Land Company, 65c and 62c bid.

A cable to Cox & Co. quotes Hudson Bay in London at £23½.

Consols closed in London 101 13-16 for money, and 101 for account.

Sterling exchange in New York $4.85 and $4.81½.

Closing cash prices in Chicago: Wheat 76½, corn 37½, oats 26½, pork $10.80, lard $6.15.

Oil at City opened 80½, closed 72½; highest 80½, west 72.

The street market was fairly active to-day and prices steady. About 3600 bushels of wheat offered and sold at 75c to 80c for fall and spring, and at 70c to 71c for goose. Barley steady, 4000 bushels selling at 43c to 57c. Oats sold at 32c to 33c for 200 bushels, and peas 50c to 52c for 2 loads. Hay easier with sales of 60 loads at $9 to $12 for clover, and at $13 to $14.50 a ton for timothy. Straw easier, with sales at $10.50 to $12 a ton. Hogs firm at $5.75 to $6. Beef $3 to $4.50 for forequarters, and $5 to $7 for hindquarters. Mutton $5 to $6.50. Lamb $6.50 to $7.50.

St. Lawrence Market to-day was quiet and prices generally unchanged. We quote: Beef, 12c to 14c; sirloin steak, 13c to 14c; round steak, 10c to 11c. Mutton, loin and chops, 12c to 13c; inferior cuts, 7c to 8c. Lamb, 7c to 9c, for front, and 12c to 13c for hindquarters. Veal, best joints, 12c to 15c; inferior cuts, 6c to 8c. Pork, chops and roasts, 10c. Butter, lb rolls, 21c to 24c; large rolls, 16c to 18c; inferior, 10c to 12c. Lard, tubs, 10c, pail-pots, 11c. Cheese, 12c to 14c. Bacon, 10c to 12c. Eggs, 20c to 22c. Turkeys, 75c to $1.50. Chickens, per pair, 35c to 40c. Geese, 60c to 70c. Ducks, 45c to 55c. Potatoes, per bag, 60c to 70c. Cabbages, per dozen, 25c to 30c. Cauliflower, 70c to 75c. Apples, per barrel, $1 to $2. Turnips, per bush., 35c to 40c. Carrots, 30c to 35c. Beets, 30c.

Markets by Telegraph.

MONTREAL, Dec. 7.—Flour—Receipts 700 barrels; sales, none reported. Market quiet at unchanged rates. Following are the quotations: Patents, $4 to $4.75; superior extra, $3.90 to $3.95; extra superfine, $3.70 to $3.75; spring extra, $3.45 to $3.55; superfine, $3 to $3.20; strong bakers', $3.75 to $4.50; fine, $2.75 to $2.85; middlings, $2.10 to $2.25; pollards, $1.75 to $2; Ontario bags, $1 to $1.85; city bags, $4.20 to $4.25 for strong bakers' in 140 lb. bags per 196 lbs. Grain and provisions—Market unchanged. Red winter, 82c to 83c; white, 81c to 82c; spring, 82c to 83c. Corn, 55c to 56c, duty paid.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 7.—Spring wheat 7s 1d to 7s 3d; red winter, 7s 1d to 7s 3d No. 1 California, 7s 5d to 7s 6d. Corn, 4s 5d. Peas, 5s 8d. Pork, 64s. Lard, 32s. Bacon, long clear, 34s; short clear, 35s 6d. Tallow, 25s 6d. Cheese, 63s. Wheat quiet, no demand; offerings moderate. Corn easy, fair demand. Receipts of wheat for the past three days, 110,000 centals, of which 109,000 were American. Receipts of corn for the same time, 57,500 centals. Weather cold and windy. Cotton—Market hardening. Uplands, 5 3-16; Orleans, 5 5-16.

BIERNOHM'S DESPATCHES: "London, Dec. 7.—Floating cargoes—Wheat quiet and steady. Maize nil. Cargoes waiting orders—Wheat 2 Cargoes on passage—Wheat, hardly any demand. Maize quiet and steady. Good cargoes of No. 1 California wheat, off coast, 36s 6d, was 36s 3d to 36s 6d; No. 2 spring, prompt steamer, 34s. Good cargoes of mixed American maize, prompt steamer, 21s 6d to 21s 9d, was 21s 3d. The weather in England is colder. Liverpool—Spot wheat inactive; maize rather easier at 4s 5½d. Canadian peas, 5s 5d, a penny better."

New York, Dec. 7.—Cotton steady, ⅛c advance; middlings 9 7-16c; do. New Orl ans 9¾c. Flour—Receipts 20,000 bbls., firm; sales 12,000 bbls. Wheat—Receipts 121,000 bush, exports 65,000 bush; cash weak; options heavy; sales 6,912,000 bush future; 239,000 bush spot; No. 2 spring 99c, No. 1 hard 94c store, No. 2 red 89½c elevator, No. 1 red 92½c, No. 1 white 89c, No. 1 Northern spring 94c afloat, No. 2 red December 88⅝c to 88¾c, closing 88⅝c, January 89⅝c to 90 5-16c, closing 89⅝c, May 95½c to 96½c, closing 95½c. Barley steady, ungraded Canada 72c to 73c, six rowed state 70c. Corn—Receipts 30,000 bush; cash quiet, options heavy, exports 17,000 bush; sales 608,000 bush, future, 91,000 bush, spot; No. 2 48c in elevator, 49½c afloat; No. 2 Dec. 45c, Jan 48½c to 49c. Oats—Receipts 70,000 bush; spot quiet, options weaker; sales 95,000 bush future, 112,000 bush spot; No. 2 34½c to 34¾c, mixed western 35c to 37c, white do. 37c to 43c. No. 2 December 34½c to 35⅛c, Jan. 35c to 35½c. Sugar firm, refining 4 11-16c to 4 13-16c, Standard "A" 5½c, cut loaf and crushed 6½c, powdered 6c to 6¼c, granulated 5¾c. Eggs stronger; Canada not quoted.

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—Wheat opened at last night's prices and until 11 o'clock May delivery fluctuated between 83½c and 85¼. Then rose on good buying to 86¼c, ruled steady for a short time and then took an advanced plunge, not staying its course until 85½c had been touched, which was the closing figure at 1 p.m. In the afternoon the bears continued to hammer prices and considerable "long" property was unloaded. The price of May dropped to 84½c, or 2½c under the highest figures of last week. The feeling became quite bearish toward the close of trading and the market finished at nearly inside prices. Corn declined to 43¾c. Oats ruled quiet; provisions ruled strong; May pork advanced to $11.65 but fell off to $11.40 and closed easy. Flour quiet and unchanged. The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat—December 76¾c, January 77½c, February 78½c, May 84½c. Corn—December 37½c, January 37½c, February 38½c, May 43½c. Oats—December 26½c, January 26½c, May 31½c. Pork—December $10.80, January $11, May $11.42½. Lard—December $6.15, January $6.17½, March $6.35. Cash prices were as follows: No. 2 spring wheat 76½c, No. 3 red wheat 77½c, No. 2 corn 37½c, No. 2 oats 26½c. Pork $10.80. Lard $6.15. Short rib sides ($5.50 to $5.60; dry salted shoulders $4.70 to $4.80; short clear sides $5.90 to $5.95. Receipts—Flour 11,000 brls, wheat 139,000 bush, corn 125,000 bush, oats 135,000 bush, rye 2000 bush, barley 59,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 14,000 brls, wheat 26,000 bush, corn 80,000 bush, oats 80,000 bush, rye 2000, barley 21,000 bush.

—W. H. Rhodes, 118 E. Gay St., Columbus, O., in 1879, was taken ill with palpitation and neuralgia of the heart, consequent on diseased kidneys. "Horrible Dyspepsia" also afflicted him. He spent hundreds of dollars for relief in vain. He took 50 bottles of Warner's safe cure and was fully restored to health, gaining 70 pounds while using that great remedy. Write him and enclose a stamp. He'll tell you the welcome story.

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AUCTION SALES.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE SALE OF Modern Household Furniture, Rich Ornaments, Genuine Chinaware, Silver Plated Articles, Fine Tone Weber Pianoforte, Etc., Etc.

We have been favored with instructions to sell by auction, at the Residence, No. 9 Winchester-street, near corner Ontario-street, Toronto, on THURSDAY NEXT, Dec. 9th, 1886, commencing at 10.30 a.m. sharp, the whole of the ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS therein, consisting of handsome drawing-room suite (upholstered in rich plush), embroidered easy chairs, ebony top mantles and British plate mirrors, bronze figures, China and Japanese vases, fine toned pianoforte, embroidered piano stool, Brussels carpet, new raw silk curtains, oil paintings, some magnificent specimens of pearling pictures, illustrating English and continental views, hall and staircase fittings, bedroom sets in walnut, ash, etc., spring mattresses, toilet ware, kitchen and culinary utensils, Gurney's Duchess Range, etc., etc.

To view the day prior to sale, between the hours of 10.30 and 5 o'clock. Positively without reserve. Premises to rent, $25 a month.

Catalogues Dec. 2, 10.30 a.m., No. 9 Winchester-street.

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Purchasers are reminded that all the above furniture and effects are almost new, having been bought within the past twelve months.

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MORRISON, SKARDON & CO Auctioneers, etc., 32 King-street east.

Have been favored with instructions from MAJOR F. C. DRAPER, who is leaving the city, to sell by Public Auction at his residence, 186 Church-street (opposite the Granite Rink) the whole of his truly elegant household furniture, fine-toned Steinway pianoforte, handsome oak dining-room and library sets, drawing-room appointments, bric-a-brac, rich ornaments, rare old steel engravings, superior quality carpets and rugs, hall and staircase fittings, walnut bedroom sets and requisites, silver-plated articles, elegant engraved crystal service, Mason's iron stone china dinner set, kitchen and culinary utensils, etc. Further particulars in future advertisements. Descriptive catalogues may be obtained of the Auctioneers. Tuesday, Dec. 14.

Sale Thursday & Friday, Dec. 16, 17 EACH DAY AT 11 O'CLOCK.

MORRISON, SKARDON & CO Auctioneers, 32 King-street east.

Lloyd's Underwriters sale.

DAMAGED RUSSIA SHEET IRON.

The undersigned have received instructions from JAMES LOBB, Esq., Lloyd's agent, to sell by auction, on the premises, 56 Yonge-street, on

MONDAY, 10th DECEMBER,

At 11 o'clock, a quantity of best polished RUSSIA SHEET IRON, Jacoleff's Brand, J.L., Vironica, more or less damaged on voyage of importation, ex s.s. "Ocean King," from London. On view at above premises on FRIDAY, 3d December, on application to Messrs. M. & L. Samuel, Benjamin & Co., Yonge-street, on receiving cards of admission from

OLIVER, COATE & CO., Auctioneers.

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Who are in the Dry Goods Trade, when they say they can sell Caps at 36 that we charge $10 for. The skins we put in our

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and are imported direct from Leipzig. The low-priced Caps and Furs offered in Dry Goods houses are made from pieces or cuttings, such as we sell by the pound, and not worth working. Take your hand and run over the snide goods before buying and you will find them full of seams.

We manufacture our goods from perfect skins. Call and be convinced.

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TO THE ELECTORS OF ST. MATTHEW'S WARD

Ladies and Gentlemen: I am a candidate for re-election to the office of

ALDERMAN

for the year 1887, and respectfully request another expression of your confidence, it my course in the past has met with your approval.

Yours very truly,

E. A. MACDONALD.

N. B.—I will address you at some length on the questions of the day affecting the interests of the city generally, and of St. Matthew's Ward particularly, during the present month, and in time for your consideration. E. A. M. Toronto, Dec. 1, 1886. 351

XMAS FLOWERS! AND DECORATIONS.

English Holly, Mistletoe and Xmas Trees.

A choice lot of Palms, Pandanus, Table Plants, etc., just imported for decorative purposes.

S. L. BECKETT, 327-329 Ontario-st.

Roses and cut flowers in quantities. Bridal Bouquets, Funeral Designs, etc., to order on short notice. 136

XMAS CARDS WARWICK & SONS,

Sole Agents for Canada for Wirth's Bros.' Fine Art Publishers. 136

WARWICK & SONS, TORONTO.

ANNUAL VOLUMES, 1887.

LEISURE HOUR, $2.00.
SUNDAY AT HOME, $3.00.
BOY'S OWN ANNUAL, $2.00.
GIRLS' OWN ANNUAL, $2.00.
Peloubet's Notes on the S.S. Lessons, $1.25.
Vincent's Commentary on do. $1.25.

JOHN YOUNG, Upper Canada Tract Society, 102 YONGE ST. 136

GREAT HOLIDAY SALE.

Mantles, Mantles, Mantles.

For the holiday trade we offer all our large assortment of ladies' and children's mantles at sweeping reductions; also 5000 yards mantle plushes, Velvet Sealettes, Brocades, etc., at cost of importation to clear out balance of fall and winter stock.

Special and extraordinary reductions in Gros Grain Silks, Satins, Dress Goods, Mourning Goods, Crapes, Velveteens, etc.

In Kid Gloves, Cashmere Hosiery, Ladies' Gents' and Childrens' Underwear we offer the most extraordinary bargains during the holiday season.

Special values and large assortments in Corsets, Ribbons, Laces, Handkerchiefs, Fancy Goods, Notions, etc., etc.

Blankets, Comforters, Flannels, Sheetings, Table Linens, Cottons, Table and Piano Covers, White Quilts, Prints, Winceys, etc., etc., all reduced for the Great Holiday Sale.

36

EDWD. McKEOWN, 182 YONGE-ST.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

Of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware and Optical Goods, at

190 QUEEN STREET WEST. THE LEADING JEWELRY HOUSE. 246

CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

XMAS CARDS FOR NOTHING

Mail the Morse Soap Co., Toronto, 10 Morse's "Mottled" wrappers for Set No. 1 Christmas cards, or 20 wrappers for set No. 2. Send address. 135

TELEPHONE NO. 309.

For T. Fisher, Express, Parcel Delivery and Furniture Removing Depot, 539 Yonge street. Double and single teams always in readiness for removal of furniture, baggage, merchandise, etc., to and from all parts of the city. Special low rates for removing furniture, etc., during winter months. French's patent truck for removing pianos.

NOTICE To Builders and Architects

Wm. Bell & Co 56 to 64 Pearl-St., Toronto,

Manufacturers of Fine Hardwood Mantels and Overmantels, Grates, Tiles, etc., of newest, cheapest and best designs. 246

THE GIANT OF MEDICINES

The Most Effective and Popular Remed Ever Discovered.

WHY IS IT SO EFFECTIVE IN SO MANY DIFFERENT DISEASES?

WHY one remedy can effect so many cases is this: The diseases have a common cause, and a remedy that can effect the cause, permanently cures all the diseases. Unlike any other organ in the body, the Kidney when diseased may itself be free from pain and the very fact that it is not painful leads many people to deny that it is diseased. But *Medical Authorities* agree that it can be *far gone with disease and yet give forth no pain*, because it has few if any nerves of sensation, and these are the only means of conveying the sense of pain; thus unconsciously diseased *it affects the entire system*. We do not open a watch to see if it is going or is in good order. We look at the hands or note the accuracy of its time. So we need not open the kidney to see if it is diseased. We study the condition of the system. Now then, *KIDNEY DISEASE* produces any of the *following common and unsuspected*

SYMPTOMS: Back ache; *unusual desire to urinate at night;* fluttering and pain in the heart; tired feelings; unusual amount of *greasy froth in water;* irritated, hot and dry skin; fickle appetite; scalding sensations; acid, bitter taste, with furred tongue in the morning; headache and neuralgia; abundance of *pale or scanty flow of dark-colored water;* sour stomach; heartburn with dyspepsia; intense pain upon *sudden excitement in the small of the back; deposit of mucous some time after urination;* loss of memory; rheumatism, chills and fever and pneumonia; dropsical swellings; red or white brick dust, *albumen and tube casts in the water;* constipation, alternating with looseness; short breath, pleurisy and bronchial affections; yellowish pale skin, etc.

These are only the *chief disorders* or symptoms caused by a diseased condition of the kidneys. Now then, isn't it clear to you that the kidneys, being the cause of all these derangements, if they are restored to health by the great specific "*Warner's SAFE Cure,*" the majority of the above ailments will disappear? There is *NO MYSTERY ABOUT IT.* It cures many bad states of the system precisely as we have indicated. Now when the kidneys are diseased, the albumen, the life property of the blood, escapes through their walls and passes away in the water, while the urea, the kidney poison, remains, and it is this *kidney poison in the blood* that, circulating throughout the entire body, *affects every organ, and produces all the above symptoms.*

Therefore, we say confidently that "*Warner's SAFE Cure*" is *THE MOST EFFECTIVE MEDICINE EVER DISCOVERED* for the human race. It is the common remedy which, overcoming the common cause, *removes the greatest possible number of evil effects from the system.* Let us note a few of these diseases and how they are affected by kidney poison, and cured by

"WARNER'S SAFE CURE."

CONSUMPTION: In a great many cases Consumption is only the *effect* of a diseased condition of the system and not any local disease; if the kidneys are inactive and there is any natural weakness in the lungs, the *kidney poison attacks their substance and eventually they waste away* and are destroyed. Dip your finger in a little water and it is burned. Wash the finger every day in acid and it soon becomes a festering sore and is eventually destroyed. The kidney poison acid in the blood has *the same destructive effect upon the lungs:* For this reason a person whose kidneys are ailing is trending to a recent issue of a p[illegible] there is not as much accom[illegible] merely, four rinks, however [illegible] time. The celebration of U[illegible] templi is at present the [illegible] with the members, and th[illegible] honor the event in a fitting [illegible] The Moss Park Club, alth[illegible] of the city clubs, having bee[illegible] is a vigorous one, its mem[illegible] thirty active curlers. [illegible] Shuter-street, and is said to [illegible] the Dominion. It is partly [illegible] than twenty-five years ago [illegible] on its surface for the display [illegible] of the roarin' game at one [illegible] been indulged in for five [illegible] considers that it will be [illegible] scalps at its mercy in the fo[illegible] Brampton is expected to m[illegible] to-morrow, and the Scarbo[illegible] sentatives on Friday. M[illegible] arranged with the Toron[illegible] ham, Woodbridge, Sear[illegible] Toronto Caledonian, [illegible] to and Georgetown. [illegible] not compete for any me[illegible] by its victories last year [illegible] competitions, according to [illegible] ering these matches. T[illegible] the list for the Ontario [illegible] Society, City of Toronto a[illegible] Ontario competitions, a[illegible] sented in the Internationa[illegible] are: Patron, Governor Ma[illegible] President, Mark Ha[illegible] K. Seoley; Secretary and [illegible] colm.

The Caledonian Club, w[illegible] unfortunate last season w[illegible] important matches were l[illegible] gin, opened its season [illegible] Mutual Street Rink. [illegible] curling entirely this se[illegible] ample proportions, being [illegible] tending from Mutual s[illegible] members have no c[illegible] on the scores of th[illegible] The club has an [illegible] ship of 150, and near[illegible] more or less proficient pla[illegible] which is comfortably fu[illegible] members the social comfo[illegible] important match to be pl[illegible] V. Vice-President, which [illegible] early date, and later on t[illegible] for the Caledonian Society [illegible] by the Toronto Club, the [illegible] trict medal; the Reid cup, [illegible] Reid of Hamilton for com[illegible] the Toronto and Hamilto[illegible] This match is played alte[illegible] and will this year be play[illegible] representatives won the [illegible] club will also play the us[illegible] with the city clubs an[illegible] vicinity. The Mowat cu[illegible] Mr. Mowat, is expected [illegible] keenest competition, on [illegible] which will try to secur[illegible] The officers are Wm. Ch[illegible] Davison, Vice-President[illegible] Secretary-Treasurer.

The property and buil[illegible] acquired several years [illegible] Curling and Skating Co[illegible] be inadequate for the s[illegible] Granite Curling Club, [illegible] growth, and it was deci[illegible] a new building expr[illegible] curling purposes. Thi[illegible] ed to be completed by Ch[illegible] rink will be given up t[illegible] rooms on Church-street [illegible] cently in size and numi[illegible] comfortable quarters a[illegible] could desire. In additi[illegible] room, now the reading r[illegible] some billiard room wi[illegible] tables, a card and refr[illegible] are 300 members, 200 of w[illegible] are divided into thirty [illegible] with outside and inside [illegible] 120 curlers at once. It is [illegible] membership of any simil[illegible] and the members are cer[illegible] ested in the game as a [illegible] where. The rink is ope[illegible] winter, and in summer [illegible] Tennis Club, and the r[illegible] the Granite Whist Cl[illegible] curling season are: Th[illegible] vs. Vice-President, in w[illegible] two rinks take part, an[illegible] are for the rink medals, [illegible] the Dalton medal. The [illegible] In the competitions of t[illegible] the Toronto Caledonia[illegible] The officers are: C. C. [illegible] R. Wilkie; Vice-Pre[illegible] Secretary-Treas