Report, 1857—continued.

RED RIVER SETTLEMENT:

1. Origin of the Settlement; its Expense to the Company. Progress of the Settlement; Statistics on the Subject.
Means of Communication considered; Difficulties hereon.

4. Character of the Soil and Cultivation.

5. Climate.

6. Population; how composed.7. Trade with the United States.

8. Discontent among the Settlers; Petitions by them.

9. Annexation to Canada, or Formation into an Independent Colony, considered. 10. Suggestions by the Committee.

1. Origin of the Settlement; its Expense to the Company:

Grants by the Company of a large tract of territory on the Red River to Lord Selkirk, in June 1811; reference to the deed hereon defining the territory, Right Hon. E. Ellice, -Expensive and unsuccessful character of the Red River Settlement; it was established by Lord Selkirk, and not by the Hudson's Bay Company, ib. 5839, 5840. 5931.—The Company never voluntarily undertook colonisation at Red River, ib. 5931 Explanation relative to a sum of 84,111 l. as the balance expended by the Company in the purchase and support of the Red River Colony, ib. 5985-5991.

2. Progress of the Settlement; Statistics on the Subject:

Encouragement given by the Company to agricultural pursuits on the part of the settlers at Red River; denial of the accuracy of a statement hereon by Mr. John M'Lean, Sir G. Simpson 811-817. 879-882—The settlement had as large a population twenty years ago as it has now, Kernaghan 2237—Outlet for produce and consequent immigration if there were a free and good communication to and from the Red River, Isbister 2627-2630 - Circumstance of the Red River settlers necessarily drawing their supplies from St. Paul's in consequence of there being no proper communication by York Factory or Lake Superior, &c., Corbett 2737-2742.

The want of communication is a main obstacle to the colonisation of the Red River district, Sir J. Richardson 3033. 3149-Great difficulties of land and water communication which act as a bar to a profitable export of corn by the half-breeds at Red River, Crofton 3242-3245 —Belief as to the willingness of the Company to see the Red River country better colonised, ib. 3339-3345—Improbability of increased settlement about Red River on account of its remoteness and the difficulty of access, Caldwell 5373-5392 -Great improvement in the settlement whilst witness was there, ib. 5525. 5527.

Reference to a paper (App. p. 381-385) drawn up in March last by Mr. Gunn, of Red River, containing statistics of the colony, Roche 4544-4548.

Statistical account of the colony, taken in May 1856, and showing the progress of the colony since 1849, Apr. p. 363, 364 — Statistics of the population, ib. 363 — Statistics as to, and average value of, dwellings, live stock, implements, and machinery, ib. 363, 364—Statistics of the courts of justice at Red River, and of the cases tried thereat, ib. 364

Statistics of the colony as prepared by Mr. Donald Gunn, of Red River, and enclosed in letter to the President of the Executive Council of Canada, dated Red River, 6 March 1857, App. p. 381-385.

3. Means of Communication considered; Difficulties hereon:

It is about 1,000 miles from the Red River Settlement to the extreme portion of the occupied part of Canada or the Saulte St. Marie, Ross 15—Nature of the communication between the Red River and St. Paul's; large intervening tract of uninhabited country, ib. 31-35. 91-98—It is from 400 to 500 miles from the settlement to the nearest inhabited part of the United States, ib. 31. 91, 92. 98——The easiest route from Toronto to the Red River is through the States and by St. Paul's, Ross 36, 37. 88. 144; Rae 588-590; Sir G. Simpson 868, 869 -- Impracticability, at present, of communication between Toronto and the Red River save through the United States, Ross 133, 134. 142-144.

Witness travelled from the Red River through Minnesota to St. Paul's in the winter, and found the country very level and easy for travelling, Rac 444-447—Between St. Paul's, or rather Crow Wing, and Red River, there are about 450 miles unsettled, ib. 456-459. 464——From Canada to the Red River, the only practicable route is north of Lake Superior inland, by Fort William and Rainy Lake, Sir G. Simpson 870-873—— Explanation as to some supplies for the settlement coming from St. Louis, ib. 1072.

Of the three routes to Red River, that is, by York Factory, St. Peter's, or Lake Superior, the latter is by far the shortest, and very practicable, Isbister 2529-2533—Practicability of improving the route from Red River to York Factory, Corbett 2740. 2742-2746—The difficulties in the route between Red River and Lake Superior are by no means insurmountable, ib. 2746.

Reference