VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL — PURELY — CALIFORNIA — DR. WALKER'S — EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

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Sewing Machine
VICTORIOUS EVERYWHERE.

Gold Medal at Lyons, France, and First Prizes at Hamilton, Provincial and Guelph Exhibitions for the best Family SEWING MACHINES.

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LOCK STITCH challenges the world for its equal. Is warranted for three years, to do every variety of sewing, and the fact that it has carried off the highest awards at the Provincial, Central, Western, and other leading Exhibitions, which no other Machine in Canada has yet done, attests its superiority over all competitors.

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Also—Agent for the MARITIME KNITTING MACHINE. apr 30 m w f wkv

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THIS MEDICINE is a certain remedy for all diseases of the KIDNEYS such as

Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, and Dropsy.

It has cured many cases of long standing.

PURELY VEGETABLE. Price $1.50 per bottle

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HOME TESTIMONY.

ST. JOHN, N. B., March 26, 1873.

MESSRS. R. C. MARGESON & Co.—*Gentlemen:* I have been afflicted with gravel and stone upwards of a year and a half—tried everything I could hear of for its relief, without avail; saw your advertisement of CALCULIFUGE in the Halifax papers—took three bottles according to directions, and *in the short space of four weeks am entirely cured.* I willingly add my testimony to its value, and heartily recommend it to all afflicted as I have been.

(Signed) DAVID COLLINS,
Formerly Harness Maker,
apr 17 m w f wy St. John, N. B.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

AMONG the great discoveries of modern science, few are of more real value to mankind than this effectual remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues, throughout this and other countries, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best citizens, of all classes, establishes the fact that CHERRY PECTORAL will and does relieve and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of **Consumption**, cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy it is adequate, on which the public may rely for full protection. By curing **Coughs**, the forerunners of more serious disease, it saves unnumbered lives, and an amount of suffering not to be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most sceptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attack of Pulmonary Affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tender lungs need this defence; and it is unwise to dewithout it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centered on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer troublesome **Influenza** and painful **Bronchitis**, when they know how easily they can be cured. Prepared by

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

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20 Nelson Street, St. John,
Sole Agent for Maritime Provinces.
oct 30 m w f a wky

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Rockland, Dorchester, N. B.,
SHIP-BUILDERS,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
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☞ Vessels supplied at lowest rates and most liberal terms.
R. A. CHAPMAN. D. E. TAYLOR.
feb 6 d l i w tf

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Printing Establishment
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All Descriptions of Printing executed with despatch.
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ORGANS
ARE now acknowledged by all musicians who have examined them, to be far in advance of any other. Their
Combination Solo Stops!
AEOLINE, VOX HUMANA & PIANO,
(The latter being a piano of exquisite quality of tone, which will never require tuning), give to them a wonderful capacity for
BEAUTIFUL MUSICAL EFFECTS,
While their extraordinary power, beauty of design and thoroughness of construction are surprising to all who are unacquainted with the degrees of perfection these instruments have attained.
Peiler, Sichel & Co., Halifax, Sichel & Co., Quebec, and E. Peiler & Brother, 64 Prince Wm. street, St. John, N. B., have secured the agency for them, and will be pleased to exhibit them to all interested in music. nov 5 w 3m

Sheriff's Sale!

Will be sold by Public Auction, at Chubb's Corner, Prince William street, City of Saint John, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of April, A. D., 1874, between the hours of twelve o'clock, noon, and 2 o'clock, P. M.:—

ALL the right, title and interest of ISAAC MCKENZIE to that certain piece or parcel of LAND, situate in the Parish of Lancaster, County of Saint John, bounded northerly by lands owned by Humphrey Toomey; easterly by lands now or formerly owned by said Toomey or Charles A. Everitt; southerly by lands now or formerly owned by Martin Murphy and Caroline S. Trueman; and westerly by lands formerly owned by Israel and James I. Fellows; also, a piece of land north of the above, having said lands of Humphrey Toomey on the east; lands formerly owned by Israel and James I. Fellows on the west; and land conveyed by late Robert McKenzie to James Quinton, by way of mortgage, to the north, the said pieces of land containing, by estimation, one quarter of an acre, more or less; and also all the right, title and interest of the said Isaac McKenzie, in and to any lands owned by Robert McKenzie at the time of his decease; the said pieces of land subject, however, to any right of way of Caroline S. Trueman, Alfred H. DeMill and Humphrey Toomey; and subject, also, to the road or passage way owned by Martin Murphy, or his assigns, of the equal breadth of twenty feet, in a direct line to the public road from such part of said lands of Martin Murphy, or his assigns, as shall be most convenient to the said Martin Murphy, or his assigns; the same having been seized and taken under and by virtue of an execution, issued out of Saint John County Court, against the said Isaac McKenzie at the suit of Alfred H. DeMill.

Saint John, N. B., October 21st, A. D. 1873.
JAMES A. HARDING,
oct 24 1i wky til sale. Sheriff.

1874.

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The Cheapest and the Best
FAMILY NEWSPAPER!

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NEATLY got up in illustrated labels, very pretty and cheap. Prices—6c., 7c., 8c., 10c., 12c., 15c., 20c., 25c., &c.
The quality is warranted excellent.
These Perfumes make a cheap and agreeable present, very nice for trees, being showy and easily attached.
Also, the EXPENSIVE PERFUMES, together with an assortment of all other goods required at this season.
J. CHALONER,
dec 20 Cor. King and Germain streets.

Familiar Quotations, No. 10.
"At Christmas play, and make good cheer,
For Christmas comes but once a year."
—TOM TUSSER.
"I have found out a gift for my fair."
—SHENSTONE.

Christmas Gifts!
HOLIDAY PRESENTS!
IN great variety, consisting of Real Tortoise Shell and Ivory Cigar, Cigarette and Match Cases, mounted with gold and inlaid with pearl; Silk Tobacco Pouches, lined with fine kid; Solid Ivory Toilet Sets, Ivory Brushes and Combs; Heavy French Plate Mirrors, in every style and finish; Pearl Paper Cutters; Optim Rulers; Vinagrettes, in gold, silver and rich cut glass; Pearl Card Cases; Silk Sachets; Christmas Tree Ornaments, Baskets, &cl, &c.
THE "STEWART" BOUQUET.
For sale by
GEO. STEWART, Jr.,
dec 19 Chemist, 24 King street.

Albion Liniment.
Saint John, Nov. 20th, 1873.
DR. LEARY—Dear Sir,—I have been afflicted with Rheumatism for thirteen years. I have tried every med cine recommended, but very little relief obtained, until I heard of your ALBION LINIMENT, which, after using three bottles, I am happy to say, it has proved a perfect cure. For the benefit of the afflicted, please give it publicity.
Your obd't serv't,
JOHN AKERLEY,
Marsh Bridge.
Dealers supplied by H. L. SPENCER, Medical Warehouse, St. John, N. B. nov 29

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE—20 gross in Store.
H. L. SPENCER,
nov 29 20 Nelson street.

BLACK OIL—For wounds on horses—10 gross in Store.
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nov 29 20 Nelson street.

WARREN'S BOTANIC LIFE TEA—A sure cure for colds—10 gross in Store.
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SHIPPERS' to Manitoba, Alaska and Labrador will send orders to
H. L. SPENCER,
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COOPER BROS.,
MANUFACTURERS OF VARIOUS KIND OF
PATENT POWER LOOMS,
To Weave Plain Cloths, Twills, Drills, Checks, Ginghams, &c., &c.
MACHINES TO FOLD CLOTH!
Do. TO PRESS Do.
Thread and Yarn Polishers, &c.
BETHESDA STREET FOUNDRY,
Burnley, Lancashire,
sep 10 d w tf ENGLAND.

BOUDOIR PROPHECIES.

BY JOHN HAY.

One day in the Tuileries,
When a south-west Spanish breeze
Brought scandalous news of the Queen,
The fair, proud Empress said,
"My good friend loses her head:
If matters go on this way,
I shall see her shopping some day
In the Boulevart-Capucines."

The saying swiftly went
To the Place of the Orient,
And the stout Queen sneered "Ah well!
You are proud and prude, ma belle!
But I think I will hazard a guess,
I shall see you one day playing chess,
With the cure of Carabanchel.

Both ladies, though not over wise,
Were lucky in prophecies.
For the Boulevart shopmen well
Know the form of stout Isabell.
As she buys her *modes de Paris;*
And after Sedan, in despair,
The Empress, prude and fair,
Went to visit *Madame sa Mere*
In her villa at Carabanchel—
But the Queen was not there to see.

Brevities.

People still live who send anonymous letters to the waste-baskets of editorial offices.

The St. John Glass Works are to be pulled down.

The Rev. R. Duncan on China, last evening at the Carmarthen St. Mission, deeply interested the audience. The customs, religion and politics of the Celestials were described.

The silver cup to be presented to the St. John County Rifle Volunteers Association by the Corporation cost $50.

A reporter of one of the evening papers, yesterday, married Michael Angelo to Vittoria Colonna. [*Telegraph.*] It was not THE TRIBUNE'S.

MR. D. C. CORY is General Agent for the WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

Shipping Notes.

The Schooner Frances, Duffy, master, from Baltimore for San Andreas, passed Turk's Island on the 2nd instant; they report having experienced very heavy weather during the entire passage, and split sails.

The Bark Belvidere.—Advices from Queenstown, dated the 5th inst., report that Mr. Green, steward of the bark Belvidere, from Philadelphia for Trieste, before reported abandoned on the 15th ult., states that the vessel was thrown on her beam ends on the 13th, during a gale, but righted about two hours afterward, owing to the main and mizen masts being carried away.

The Schooner J. W. Scott, Rogers, master, before reported ashore, was floated off the Flats on the 9th inst, and was in Edgartown harbor on the 10th waiting a wind to proceed for Boston.

The Brig Cora (of Liverpool, N. S.), Henderson, master, from St. Thomas, under charter to load at Rum Cay for a port in the United States, struck on the reef at the southwest part of Inagua (as before reported) on the night of Nov. 28. The captain threw out a portion of his ballast during the night, and was taken off next day and night to Mathewton. A board of survey examined her, and, with the aid of a diver, ascertained that she had received no damage except chafing off her keel. She remained tight on the 25th, and was having ballast taken on board to put her in trim to proceed direct to Liverpool, N.S., for permanent repairs. Salvage was settled by drafts on Baltimore for $700; other incidental charges would amount to about $200. The vessel would sail about 28th. An erroneous location of the light on his chart was the cause of the disaster.

The ship America.—A cable telegram to the New York *Herald* states that the America, Bartlett, master, foundered off the Banks of Newfoundland. Fifteen of the crew were rescued by the bark Louise Richards, from Wilmington, N. S., for Hamburg, after being six days in open boats, and landed at Dartmouth on the 20th.

The bark Formo.—Captain Brown, of the bark Formo, from Miramichi for Greenock, Scotland, which put into Cardiff on the 29th ult., makes the following report: Left Chatham, N. B., Nov. 1; on the 4th, owing to the vessel making water, the crew refused duty. Endeavored to get the vessel into Sydney, C. B., but failed; then proceeded for St. John's, N. F., but was unable, owing to the state of the wind, to enter the harbor. Prevailed on the crew to continue the voyage. At one time the bark had six feet of water in her, but the water was ultimately got under. On the 11th encountered a most severe gale, and was compelled to throw deckload (deals) overboard. The following morning there was ten feet of water in the hold, which was afterwards reduced to five feet. Compelled to pump day and night. The vessel is now in dock, and makes about six inches of water per hour.

The brig Beauty, of and for this port, before reported put into Halifax leaky, went on to the marine railway at that port on the 22d inst. A survey having been held, she has been ordered to be stripped and caulked all over.

The bark Truro, Burris master, which arrived at this port this morning in tow of the tugboat G. D. Hunter, was launched from the yard of Mr. John Sanderson, Princeport, Colchester County, N.S. She registers 895 tons, classes A1, 7 years English Lloyds, and is thoroughly iron kneed and copper fastened. She was rigged and fitted for sea on the blocks, and is owned by J. B. Dickie, S. Rettie, T. McKay, S. L. Nelson and others of Truro. She is consigned to Messrs. Malick & Jordan, and will load deal for Great Britain.

A New Steamship Line Wanted.—The Boston *Transcript* says that the directors of the Grand Trunk Railway are anxious to enter into a contract with the owners of steamships for the transportation of freight from Portland to this port and Halifax and from Portland or Boston to Liverpool and Glasgow. They guarantee to furnish cargoes for two large steamers each week between the two last named ports.

The Hon. William H. Herndon, the law-partner of President Lincoln, has grown weary of the attacks upon his veracity indulged in by Dr. Holland, Mr. Reed, and others, who have insisted that Mr. Lincoln became a Christian in the later years of his life, and has delivered a lecture in Springfield to establish the truth of his statement that the President died as he had lived outside of the Christian faith.

Presentation to John Boyd, Esq.—A Pleasant Social Gathering.

The employes of the wholesale department of the London House deliberately and maliciously determined, some weeks ago, to surprise Mr. Boyd by presenting him with a handsome testimonial as a mark of their esteem and love. Friday night the plot culminated at the residence of Mr. Joseph W. Barnes, of Barnes, Kerr & Co., where Mr. and Mrs. Boyd went by invitation at the close of the lecture in the Institute. To have asked Mr. Boyd to have stayed away from the lecture would have excited his suspicions, but simply asking him to cross Queen Square on his return from the Institute gave him no hint of the conspiracy against him. When Mr. and Mrs. Boyd arrived at Mr. Barnes's they found the drawing room filled with the young gentlemen of the London House and their wives. Some were singing, some were laughing, some conversing. There was no mysterious whispering, no hush as if waiting for something to turn up, to excite suspicion. Everybody seemed to have come for the express purpose of enjoying himself, and for nothing else. Mr. Boyd entered into the spirit of the party, and was as gay as the gayest. Suddenly the notes of the singers and the voices of the talkers ceased, and Mr. Boyd was led up to a stand in the centre of the room, on the other side of which was Mr. Barnes. He looked bewildered, not to say startled, and looked questioningly through, over and under, and then again through his spectacles, before and around him. Mr. Barnes looked very solemn and was rather nervous, and, as he began to speak, it is no wonder that Mr. Boyd looked down and turned the leaves of some sheet music before him. Mr. Barnes spoke of the uninterrupted kindliness of the intercourse between the heads of the London House and their employes, and paid a warm tribute to Mr. Boyd's treatment of those in his employ. One of the young men came forward with an elegant casket about a foot square, which, on being opened, disclosed a magnificent solid silver nut dish, inlaid with gold, and inscribed:

JOHN BOYD.
CHRISTMAS—1873.

Mr. Barnes presented this to Mr. Boyd on behalf of the young gentlemen assembled.

Mr. Boyd was visibly affected, and began his reply in very shaken tones. He had never before been taken so utterly by surprise. Although he was aware of the kindly feeling towards him that animated all his assistants, he had not dreamed that it would find expression in such a manner. He loved them all and their welfare was dear to him. The object and purpose of the London House was not to make money only, but to turn out honest and capable men of business. He had ever been ready to share the profits of the house, not only with deserving objects outside, but with its faithful assistants, and he was sorry to part with a man unless that man was going into business for himself. He had cares and troubles of his own which could not be shared with those in his employ, and he feared he had sometimes allowed these to make him forgetful of those minor courtesies that go so far toward making intercourse between man and man pleasant. A business likethat of the London House, one of the largest in the Dominion, could not be conducted without care and anxious thought. Crises often arose when the most serious consideration was necessary before taking action. He was not conscious of having allowed his business anxieties to appear in his manner towards those in his employ, but if he had done so he begged that it would be attributed to the right cause. Mr. Barnes had been in the London House twenty-seven out of the thirty-eight years of his own connection with it, and he had always found him to be a true man. Mr. Barnes was beloved by those employed in the London House, respected as a citizen of St. John, and esteemed in England for his superior business habits by those with whom he had come in contact while abroad in the interests of the house. Mr. Boyd closed with a feeling appeal to his youthful friends to be good *men*—to remember the great Author of their being while they worked for social and business eminence.

After the congratulations were over the company sat down to a *recherche* supper. When the ladies had left the dining-room the gentlemen felt courageous enough for speech-making. Mr. J. Cowan proposed "the health of Mr. and Mrs. Barnes and Mr. Tyson" in an appreciative speech, and Mr. Barnes made an appropriate reply, closing by giving "the health of Thomas Maclellan, Esq., of the Bank of British North America." Mr. Maclellan said this was the first time he had ever been toasted in his life (laughter)—by gentlemen (applause and laughter), thanked the gentlemen for their kindness, and made a pleasant allusion to Mr. Boyd as one of his most trusted counsellors. Mr. Cruikshank proposed "the health of Mr. Stewart of THE TRIBUNE," saying he had long known and esteemed him as a man and a journalist who had been ever ready to lead public opinion in any good work, to expose shams and abuses of every kind, and to promote the good of the city. He hoped he would long continue to control THE TRIBUNE. (Applause.) Mr. Stewart made a brief response. Mr. Maclellan proposed "the health of Mr. Jones," Mrs. John Boyd's father, and Mr. Jones replied in a happy manner. "The Ladies," proposed by Mr. Boyd, was responded to by Mr. Fred'k. Brock, Mr. Patterson and Mr. A. H. Ellis. "T. W. Daniel, Esq.," (who is now in Europe), proposed by Mr Cumberland, was responded to by Mr. F. T. Daniel. "Robert Cruikshank, Esq.," was proposed by Mr. A. H. Ellis, and replied to by Mr. Cruikshank.

The gentlemen joined the ladies in the drawing-room, spent a short time in social intercourse, sang "Auld Lang Syne" and "God Save the Queen," and departed feeling that they had passed a most enjoyable evening.

Buy Christmas Presents—at NOTMAN'S—Graploscopes all sizes.

BORDER NOTES.

The Railway Squabble—The Marriage Mania—Sleighing in St. Stephen—Festivities in Calais The Passamaquoddy Collectorship—Libel Suit—A Newspaper Row—An Editor Sold—The Way the Border Ruffians take Revenge on Unsuspecting Journalists.

Our St. Stephen correspondent writes us:

It is understood that although the Government has sanctioned the route of the New Brunswick Railway between Woodstock and Hartland, yet Mr. Stevenson has secured certain concessions which have silenced controversy for the present. What these concessions are have not yet transpired.

The churches in St. Stephen just now are brilliant with brides, and old bachelorhood is fast becoming the exception instead of, as it used to be, the rule.

The sleighing here is first-rate, and business is dull; the streets are crowded every afternoon with the splendid turnouts for which St. Stephen and Calais are noted. The ladies, in many cases, can surpass the gentlemen in handling the reins and controlling the firiest of steeds.

The river is still open and vessels are arriving and departing daily, as usual.

Calais has been gay with Sabbath School festivals, and the Boston Centennial Tea Party held in St. Croix Hall was a fine success. It was enjoyed by those who attended, but the next Centennial is not looked forward to by any of them with much interest.

Gen. Kilpatrick is to lecture next Friday evening, and he will be followed on the following week by Frederic Douglass. The present course is a first-class one.

Calais is exercised just now about the Passamaquoddy Collectorship. The candidates are the present incumbent—C. R. Whidden, W. Trott, King of Calais, and N. B. Nutt of Eastport. The friends of each are working hopefully and vigorously. Mr. Whidden or Mr. Nutt, quite likely the latter, will probably be the successful candidate. The Calais *Advertiser*, which is a strong supporter of King, says Whidden has threatened it with a libel suit again, a statement which is difficult of belief, as it is a paper of little circulation and less influence.

By the way, speaking of papers reminds me that quite a little war has been going on between the St. Stephen *Journal*, published by Mr. James Dow, Mayor of the town, and the Calais *Times*, edited by Mr. C. R. Whidden, Jr., son of the present Collector. The two combatants have not hesitated to descend to personal matters, publicly accusing each other of certain youthful indiscretions, and in the most unceremonious manner thrusting their dirty linen in the face of their readers. The war, however, is now supposed to be over, as the Journal man has recanted, and by some *hocus pocus* work now supports Mr. Whidden, Sr., for the Collectorship, whom he formerly opposed. While the battle was at its height a cruel hoax was played off on the editor of the *Journal*, by getting him to insert in his own paper a bogus death with three verses of poetry attached, which formed an acrostic and read as follows:

Died in St. Croix, December 12th, Willie, infant son of Harriet and William Bennett, aged three years.

[St. John papers please copy.]

Just as the morning light appeared
Dear Willie left our side,
On infant wings he took his flight,
With angels as his guide.

God's will be done, we know 'tis well,
Our darling's free from pain,
'Tis promised for eternity,
Death never returns again.

Rest we in hope, have faith to dwell
Upon our dying hour,
Nor longer mourn, in Paradise
King Death has lost his power.

Although it is said that the acrostic itself was nothing more than the narration of a simple historical fact, yet it was taking a mean advantage of a beginner in the business. It was a big sell and knocked the "Roman pottery" of another local paper higher than a kite.

Hospitality and the Holidays.

(From the N. Y. Tribune.)

With the beginning of the holidays next week "the season" in the cities is supposed to open formally; from Christmas to Ash Wednesday, hospitality, its laws, and modes and exigencies are the business of the fashionable world. Among the wealthier classes the late panic has not dimmed the display of hospitality; the balls are as frequent and splendid, the dinners as recherche as in any previous year; but with people of moderate means the economy which is the order of the day, whether necessary or not, shows itself most noticeably in their quality as hosts. Hospitality according to American customs is a costly virtue er no virtue at all. We may ask Brown to share our roast mutton in a family way; but Brown expects, and we know, that the mutton and its surroundings must be of a quality such as we would think it rash extravagance to make our family usage. The same principle is carried out in inland towns and the loneliest hamlet. It was originally, of course, only the beautiful idea of the duty of giving our best to our guest, but it is that idea corrupted into vulgar and vain display. The same idea of trade in hospitality, too, extends everywhere through our society. Its so-called leaders are in debt certain invitations to balls; the farmer's wife "owes" a tea drinking to her neighbors; the one pays her debts with the result in a few years very likely of a bankrupt husband, the other perspires and drudges for the days beforehand over cake board and oven to acquit herself of hers; in both instances hospitality is neither a virtue nor refreshment, but sheer vanity and vexation of spirit.

What are we to do then? Lock our doors and sit down in economical, idle solitude? As surely as the average American woman loses this safety valve of visiting and being visited, she will spend her pent-up energy in some other way, religious or political, not half so safe or useful and just as liable to vulgar corruptions. Men who laugh at balls and sneer at tea-drinkings forget that they are a safety valve. A man's whole daily business, from the reading of his newspaper at breakfast to his club at night, leads him out of doors, out of himself. He does not know how much of his salvation from dyspepsia, morbid gloom, ill temper, and religious doubt he owes to his walks through the streets, his endless greeting of acquaintances, the incessant momentary friction against other minds than his own. At the end of the day his tired brain and body can find no relief so welcome as a quiet chair in the cheerful fireside. Why should his women folks insist on "gadding about?" Simply because the whole daily business of their lives (if they belong to the great majority of the middle class), from the ordering of the breakfast in the morning to the basket of mending at night shuts them in-doors, into themselves. A domestic woman's intercourse is almost totally with children, servants—minds inferior to her own. The more intellectual a woman she is, the more stringent is this necessity; she does the headwork for the whole establishment of incompetent servants; teaches her children, perhaps; supplies what is lacking to every inefficient member; has no time to read. In short, it is a perpetual grinding of the mill, with no grist going into the hopper. If Darby needs his grange or farmers' meeting, let Joan have her bee or sewing society; if men who live by headwork in the cities require their clubs, their wives, who also grind their brains to make their bread, must have their equivalent; only in the name of sense and decency let that not be vulgar parade and show The custom in use among fashionable women of setting apart certain evenings for receptions is a sensible one, which should recommend itself to people of moderate means. Let any woman, instead of giving two or three costly parties in the Winter, from which the women are too apt to go home fagged and the men tipsy, set apart certain evenings in the month when her friends know that she will be at home, her parlors warmed and lighted, and that they will be welcome to come and go at their own pleasure. The refreshment should be a secondary matter with both hostess and guest—the simpler it is the better. In this easy, inexpensive way the true ends of hospitality will be reached; people of like tastes will gather in certain houses; the mental refreshment needed will be given, and an end put to the system of vain show which desecrates too many homes.

A Little Girl Turned into the Woods Alone Night after Night Rescued from Death.

SALMANACA, N. Y., Dec. 16.

Mike Brisky, living in the outskirts of this village, was left some time since with one child, a little girl, between 11 and 12 years old. A short time since he married again, and the lot of the little one since then has been terrible. One of her duties has been, just at nightfall, to lock up the cow, which frequently strayed into the woods and could not be found. Whenever the girl returned without the cow she was locked out for the night, regardless of the state of the weather or her earnest pleadings, and threatened with severe punishment if the cow was not found. In a fence corner or under a sheltering tree she passed many nights, with no covering except the sky.

Last week the weather was extremely cold. Returning one night after she had found the cow, she lost a small shawl which she had thrown over her shoulders. She was bidden to look for it, and not return without it. Back to the woods, out in the cold without shoes or stockings, and but two thin articles of clothing about her, she returned, driven by the heartless wretches who should have cared for and nursed her tenderly.

For two nights of bitter cold she lay in the woods, where, almost dead with hunger and cold, she was found by some of our citizens, who cared for her and had the two inhuman perpetrators of the outrage arrested.

At the hearing a story of wrong was disclosed which would seem scarcely credible but for corroboration by respectable and disinterested witnesses.

Before reaching a conclusion the affair was settled by the wretches paying costs and consenting to have the child placed with respectable people.

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Now is the time to subscribe for the WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

St. John Stock Exchange.

The organization of the St. John Stock Exchange was completed yesterday by the adoption of by-laws. John Magee, Esq., is President, and W. H. A. Keans, Esq., Sec'y-Treasurer. The board will be opened for business on Monday, 5th January, at 11 a. m., meeting daily at that hour. The place of meeting has not yet been determined on.

Mr. J. J. Kaye's New Building.

J. J. Kaye, Esq., has completed his new building on Germain street, near the foot of the Country Market. The building is 52 feet by 50 feet, and three stories in height, with gravel roof. The building is laid off in three apartments or shops, 18 ft. 3 in. wide, and one alley way 9 ft. wide, with gate in front, giving access to the rear of the building and to the American House, which is also own by Mr. Kaye. The basement walls are of rubble stone, and the front sill course is of cut granite; the walls are of select stock brick; the window trimmings are of free stone, and are neatly ornamented with toothwork corbels. The entablature over the store fronts, and pinacles, cornice and crestings on top of the roof, are of wood, sanded and ornamented with trusses, brackets and dentals. The first story front is supported by cast iron pilasters. Each store has a rear entrance. The store next the alley, with the portion extending over the alley, has been elegantly fitted up and is now occupied by Mr. Patterson as a first-class restaurant, there being seven refreshment stalls in the first floor, fitted with marble tables, with oyster bar in the rear, also a neat walnut counter and shelving near the door; the openings of the stalls have semi-circle tops with scalloped arch and key block, on which is placed the number of each stall; the arches are also ornamented with fancy scrolled sprandrils; the cornice above is richly ornamented by dentals, tooth work and sawed cresting, making it the handsomest place of the kind in the city. The second story is gained by an easy platform stair starting from the right of the entrance, under which is a stair leading to the cellar. The cellar is laid off in cook-room and rooms for storing purposes, which communicate with the upper stories by a dumb waiter. The kitchen, dining hall and private rooms, fitted with wash basins, pantries, etc., are located on the second floor; on the fourth floor are four large airy rooms with water and linen closets, etc., fitted with all the necessary conveniences. The other shops are intended for grocery and dry goods business. The shop fronts are very neat in design, fitted with English plate glass; the windows over are trion or mullion, with segment heads on second story and semicircles on third, making, on the whole, one of the handsomest and best laid out buildings for business purposes in the city. This fine building is another model of strength, beauty and economy, having cost only in the vicinity of nine thousand dollars, which has been designed and carried out under the immediate direction and supervision of D. E. Dunham, Esq., architect. The builders were Messrs. Flood & Cassidy, and the plumbing was done by Mr. George Blake. The structure is alike creditable to all concerned, as well as an ornament to the city.

Richard Brinsley Sheridan—Hon. Wm Parsons at the Mechanics' Institute.

Mr. Parsons had a rather thin house Tuesday evening, we are sorry to say. It is astonishing that an orator like him does not fill the house at the paltry price of twenty-five cents. His lecture sparkled with wit and humor. Many anecdotes of Sheridan, whom the lecturer pronounced "the greatest orator, dramatist and wit by far that the old country has yet produced," were told, causing hearty laughter. Glimpses were given of Johnson, the great literary bear of England; of the gentle Goldsmith; of Sir Joshua Reynolds, David Garrick, Edmund Burke, Boswell and many others. "The Rivals" was quoted to show the peculiarities of Sheridan's wit, and the originals of the leading characters were mentioned. Sheridan's experience at the bar, his successful courtship, his choice of letters as a profession, his theatrical career, his plays, his Parliamentary triumphs, his debts and difficulties, his degradation and death, were all touched upon in a kindly manner, and a good practical lesson drawn from the sad close of the career of so brilliant a man. Many good hits were given a modern application by the audience and heartily applauded.

Driving Over a Bridge—A Fall of 15 Feet—One Man Seriously and Another Slightly Injured.

Tuesday night two brothers, Joseph and William Vaughan, drove a horse and sled over Bugtown Bridge, Indiantown. The night was so dark they could not see, and there was no railing on the bridge. They fell 14 or 15 feet upon a lot of logs. They were at once removed to an adjoining house, and Drs. Steeves & McCleary called in. William is seriously injured, he having struck on his head, injuring the brain. He has been speechless and insensible ever since. Joseph escaped with a few bruises, and the horse escaped unhurt. Dr. Steeves had William removed to the City Hospital this morning, but his recovery is considered doubtful. The brothers were going to spend Christmas with their sister, who lives near Rivers's mill. It is said they were under the influence of liquor at the time. This bridge has been out of repair for a long time, and has been reported as such by the police to Mr. Cunard, the Supervisor of Roads. There are a number of other places in the town where similar accidents may occur. The men belong to Hampton.

A Full Harbor.—The fleet of vessels in the port of Savannah on the 19th inst., was the largest ever before known.

Sale of Ship Property at Auction.—The three masted schooner Jessie Hoyt, lately ashore near Little River, and at present on Hillyard's blocks, was sold at auction at Chubb's Corner, by John W. Cudlip, at noon to-day. She was sold as she was with all tackle and apparel together with anchors and chains lost when on the foul ground; she registers 276 tons, was launched at River John, N. S., in July last. The J. H. was sold for the benefit of the Underwriters. After some spirited bidding she was knocked down to Mr. John Fleming, boiler maker, for $6,000. This is considered a very high figure for the vessel.

Abandoned.—The bark Formosa at Liverpool on the 6th inst., reports that on the 27th ult., in lat. 48 N, lon. 25, she passed a vessel, apparently new, with all deckwork and foremast in good order, all foresails there, but loose and torn, bowsprit, jibboom, also sails in good order, but fast. The hull of the ship was painted black, and had a round stern, and rudder in good order.

A member of Congress from Maine, the native soil of temperance legislation, proposes that a commission be appointed to investigate "the alcoholic liquor traffic in its economic, criminal, moral and scientific aspects in connection with pauperism, crime, social vice, public health and the general welfare of the people." Surely a wide field of investigation and one that contains the source of the majority of human woes.

Advices from Cape Coast Castle to the 24th ult., report that Gen. Sir Garnet Wolseley had completely recovered his health and resumed active duty. During his illness the expedition was at a standstill, and movements had since been difficult, owing to the large number of sick. The authorities at Madeira were placing all the obstacles they could in the way of the establishment there of a sanitorium for British soldiers stricken with fever.

Jean Luie, the witness for the defence in the Tichborne case, who was arrested for perjury and afterwad discovered to be a ticket-of-leave man, was brought up at Bow street, London, on Tuesday. When asked if he had anything to say before the revocation of his license, he replied that he was sorry for what had happened, but he was invited and encouraged to do as he did. He declined to say anything further. Luie was then removed to the convict prison at Pentonville to serve out the unexpired term of his sentence, when he will be tried for perjury.

A New York paper says the resolutions adopted by the workingmen at their mass meeting in Cooper Institute the other night suggest three reflections: First. That the doctrines of the French Communists are gaining more hold among the laboring men of this country than most people had believed to be the case. Second. That there is a growing discontent among our day laborers which is inflamed by unprincipled agitators and uncultured fanatics. Third. That it will be necessary for the true friends of laboring men to make efforts entirely unprecedented to diffuse among the latter wholesome and sound notions of the relations between labor and capital.

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