

# LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

The open season for shooting woodcock, ducks and snipe commenced Monday.

Sunday afternoon the corner stone of the new chapel in connection with the convent of the Sisters of Charity on Cliff street was laid by His Lordship Bishop Casey in the presence of the clergymen of the cathedral parish and a large number of people who assembled to witness the interesting ceremony.

The aims and objects of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association were explained to a large gathering in the Opera House Sunday evening when eloquent addresses were delivered by the grand officers who have been touring the maritime provinces. Hon. R. J. Ritchie presided and the officers and trustees of the branches in the city, West End and Fairville were on the platform.

The announcement that the cold storage plant established some few years ago at White Head, Grand Manan, is to be demolished will not come as a sudden shock, though the fact is none the less to be regretted. Its erection marked the first attempt to utilize mechanical cold storage for the freezing and preserving of fish and gave evidence of considerable enterprise on the part of the Quoddy Fish Company. The irregularity of the running of the fish, from season to season, rendered its operation financially unprofitable. It has not been entirely profitable, however, for it has directed attention to this system of fish preservation and has led to the establishment of a similar plant on Newfoundland where the supply of fish is more regular.—St. Croix Courier.

## FISHERMEN PAY \$1,100 TO CAPTAIN PRATT.

Charlotte County Men Smile as They Hand Over for It's a Way Out of a Scrap.

St. Andrews, Sept. 1.—(Special.)—Fishes aggregating \$1,100 were paid to Captain Pratt, of the cruiser Curlew, today by fishermen charged with illegal netting. The men paid their fines without murmur and were glad to get out of the lower rapids easily. A number of other illegal seiners have been invited to come up and settle.

## SWAN NIAGARA RAPIDS.

Carlisle D. Graham Kept His Word, and Made the Daring Voyage.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Carlisle D. Graham swam from the whirlpool below Niagara Falls through the lower rapids to Lewiston this afternoon. He wore a life preserver about his waist and a neck float. The current whirled the swimmer to the centre of the stream and for nearly half an hour he battled with the waves. He said he felt no real stress from the swim.

## IDENTITY REVEALED.

Young Woman Who Jumped from Nova Scotia Train is Miss Young of Boston.

Halifax, Aug. 31.—The young woman who jumped from the D. A. R. express Thursday, is Miss A. M. Young of Boston. Her brother is an official of the Boston & Maine Railway. She is still in a semi-comatose condition, but will recover.

## When Baby was Sick, he gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

## Stained Glass Windows for Church in Chatham.

Theophil windows of St. Andrew's church, Chatham, have been removed and replaced by costly and beautiful stained glass windows. The windows have been presented to the church by its different organizations—Episcopal, choir, Young People's Society, Ladies Aid Society, W. F. M. S., etc. each bearing suitable mottoes and emblems. The pastor, Rev. D. Henderson, and congregation are now receiving the congratulations of the community, irrespective of denominational affiliations, on the Christian zeal and enterprise which have inspired them in the work of improving and beautifying their church which they spent about \$3,000 only two years ago.

## SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH'S PICTURE PUZZLE



"I SAW A RABBIT JUST NOW." WHERE IS IT?

# PROFESSOR WOODBRIDGE'S TAXES AN ELEMENT IN DEAF AND DUMB INQUIRY.

A. E. Macintyre on the Stand, in Investigation at Fredericton, Continues His Testimony on the Financial Phases of the Matter—Another Session Today.

Fredericton, Aug. 29.—(Special.)—The inquiry before Commissioner Barry into the affairs and management of the Deaf and Dumb Institution was resumed this morning. The whole day was devoted to the financial condition of the institution. It developed during the examination of Professor Woodbridge, the examination of the books and the taxes upon real estate of the property of Mr. Woodbridge, for 14 years. It was further shown that in many instances the private accounts of Mr. Woodbridge were paid out of the institution funds. It was found that Henry Robinson, who had been returned to the county department as a pupil and for whom county grants were received from Albert county, was at the same time on the books of the institution as a laborer on Mr. Woodbridge's farm.

Mr. Macintyre stated that an examination by him of the reports and accounts of the institution for the 20 years of its existence showed that down to 1888, the item of taxes and insurance appeared in the expense account. He had later visited the institution and examined and examined the assessment roll, but failed to find that the property of the institution had been assessed. Mr. Woodbridge was personally assessed, however, on \$4,650 worth of property, and his taxes on the same were more than \$300. The entries for taxes, insurance, bank charges, etc., for each year were as follows:

1884-85	\$71.20
1885-86	103.34
1886-87	52.00
1887-88	44.10
1888-89	62.22
1889-90	98.42
1890-91	67.22
1891-92	156.98
1892-93	132.18
1893-94	153.22
1894-95	240.91
1895-96	107.89
1896-97	63.05

The witness could not say that Mr. Woodbridge's personal accounts had been charged against the institution. Mr. Phinney said that under the institution law the Deaf and Dumb Institution was exempt from taxation. Mr. Macintyre went on to say that the reports of the institution from 1886 to 1890 inclusive disclosed the amount of expenses incurred in collecting the subscriptions, but the reports for other years gave no information on the subject. For 1886 the fees were put down at \$234.95, but for the other years the average was less than \$150.

Mr. Macintyre continuing, said that he found from the accounts that Mr. Woodbridge's nephew, Mr. Woodbridge, drew a salary, as collector, of \$87.50 a quarter, or \$350 a year, and that Mr. Woodbridge's salary was \$250 a year. Miss Woodbridge was paid a salary of \$250 per year, and Mrs. Woodbridge drew \$200. Prof. Woodbridge's salary was \$200 a year, and Norman Woodbridge drew \$200 a month. Henry Robinson was shown to have been paid \$8 a month in 1900, though the witness understood that he was being paid \$12 a month. The accounts of 1888 showed that Mrs. Woodbridge had been paid \$119 for 13 cords of wood, the rate being \$9.10 per cord.

Mr. Woodbridge explained that the wood had been cut on land owned by Mrs. Woodbridge and that he was being paid a lower figure than it could have been obtained elsewhere.

Commissioner Barry stated it was a high price for the stumpage of spruce fire wood.

In 1890, Mr. Macintyre stated that another payment of \$147.73 had been made to Mrs. Woodbridge, being the charge for 77.3 cords of soft wood at \$1.90 per cord. The accounts showed that Henry Robinson, a pupil, for the period from September 13, 1888, to June 1, 1889, he drew \$23.25 from May 1, 1889, to July 1, 1889, he drew \$12.50; from July to December, 1889, \$7.50; and from January to June, 1890, he drew \$48. In the 1891 annual report for 1890, Robinson was shown as a pupil of the institution, and he was also shown as a pupil in the report for the following year.

Mr. Gregory explained that Mr. Robinson had worked about the institution in attendance of pupils but did not state full terms. The witness stated that some of the reports contained the names of students who had never been present during a day of the year, and in some cases only five days.

The other varied so much that not even an approximate estimation could be made. To reach the per capita cost it was necessary to have the actual return of pupils as given in the annual reports.

A discussion ensued on the question of the per capita cost of education, and the commissioner stated more accurate data would be necessary before any information of any value could be obtained.

Mr. Macintyre finished his evidence at 6 o'clock and the court adjourned until tomorrow morning.

Fredericton, Aug. 31.—(Special.)—The Deaf and Dumb Institution inquiry before Commissioner Barry was continued yesterday morning with the financial charges. The books and vouchers showed that there was no distinction in many cases between the private accounts of Superintendent Woodbridge and those of the institution. All these private accounts were paid from the institution funds. The commissioner stated that he had seen some of these articles it was seen that dozens of bottles of perfume and toilet paste and other toilet preparations, brushes, trunks, boots and shoes, dry goods and many luxuries for private use were charged to the institution.

The taxes upon the private property of Mr. and Mrs. Woodbridge were charged to the institution. The commissioner stated that he had seen some of these articles it was seen that dozens of bottles of perfume and toilet paste and other toilet preparations, brushes, trunks, boots and shoes, dry goods and many luxuries for private use were charged to the institution.

Insurance and Taxes. As large sums had for years been charged

in the accounts of the institution for insurance and taxes an effort is being made to find what the true amount of these should be. With that object in view the commissioner heard the evidence of Israel R. Goding, city treasurer of Fredericton. He stated that he had had the assessment roll of the city as far back as 1886 and found that no assessment was ever made against the Deaf and Dumb Institution during the period. The books showed, however, that Mr. Woodbridge had been personally assessed since 1886. The amounts were as follows:

Year	Personal Income Taxes	Real Estate
1886	\$400	\$10.43
1887	400	10.92
1888	400	11.33
1889	2,700	29.02
1890	2,700	31.49
1891	2,700	35.23
1892	2,700	35.23
1893	2,700	29.77
1894	2,200	30.84
1895	2,200	32.34
1896	2,200	33.46
1897	2,200	44.51
1898	2,200	44.51
1899	2,200	44.51
1900	2,200	44.51
1901	2,200	44.51
1902	2,200	44.51

This was all upon the private property of Mr. Woodbridge. Prior to the present year Mr. Woodbridge usually paid his taxes in time to receive the five per cent discount allowed by law. The treasurer stated in reply to Mr. Phinney that Mrs. Woodbridge was not assessed as possessing any real estate.

Henry Chestnut, treasurer, was recalled and stated that the institution had \$2,610.02 on a deposit receipt in the People's Bank when this inquiry commenced. This amount had been there for a number of years and consisted of the balance of the Deaf and Dumb Institution, and the balance of \$800 from the insurance on the building which had been built by the fund granted by the local government.

A short time ago the sum of \$1,500 was withdrawn by the board and placed to the credit of current account. This amount has been checked out by witness to pay accounts in connection with the institution. Among the items was one of \$800, the amount paid A. J. Gregory for professional services in connection with the investigation into the case of payment of the salary of the superintendent.

He said the sum on deposit at the People's Bank at the present time was \$1,212.81, which was drawing interest at the rate of 3 per cent. The board, at a recent meeting had decided to take no action in regard to further payments until the investigation was concluded. He stated that Mrs. Kelcey had written the secretary requesting that the bequest of her late husband be not diverted from the purpose for which it was bequeathed.

The witness stated that the bequest of the late Mr. Kelcey had been written the payment of bank commissions on municipal drafts commenced in 1893 and continued until April of the present year. From figures submitted by him it was shown that the total amount paid in that time was \$52.37.

It transpired that on Friday evening there had been a meeting of the board of management at which Superintendent Woodbridge had appeared urging that he be paid the salary of \$700 in 1901.

In reply to Mr. Gregory, Mr. Chestnut stated that no salaries had been paid this year out of the fund in his possession.

Some Pertinent Points.

Re-examined by Mr. Phinney, the witness said he had heard it stated by Mr. Woodbridge that he had collected about \$1,800 in subscriptions during the current year. The witness stated that he had collected to June, 1902, was \$1,706.04.

Mr. Macintyre then stated that according to the books produced the salaries had all been paid until September of the current year and that the chief disposition of the \$1,800 collected by Woodbridge was for this purpose.

Commissioner Barry stated that the receipts this year were already in the vicinity of \$400.

It was transpired during the evidence of Assessor W. H. Henry that Mr. Woodbridge had acquired property assessed at \$1,000 in 1900 and built a new house at \$700 in 1901.

The inquiry adjourned until Tuesday morning.

No More Payments Until Inquiry Ends.

The Herald of Saturday says: "At a meeting of the board of trustees of the Deaf and Dumb Institution held last evening, it was resolved that no further payments be made on behalf of the institution for salaries, etc., until the investigation now going on shall have been completed. It is understood that this was the only matter of importance which engaged attention."

Herald Sees the Trend of Things.

Editorially the same journal says: "The affairs of the Deaf and Dumb Institution are getting a pretty thorough airing before Commissioner Barry, and the inquiry has developed some rather peculiar conditions, especially in the case of expenditures for the maintenance of the institution. Probably in view of the recent testimony, the trustees have met and decided to pay no further salaries to the teachers engaged."

To Right the Wrong.

The Sun on Saturday contained the following editorial paragraph: "At an earlier stage of the Deaf and Dumb school inquiry this journal reprinted from the Fredericton Gleaner a paragraph referring to Mr. Harvey Brown and some of the witnesses in the case. Mr. Brown has recently brought this article to the attention of the Sun, stating that it contains unwarranted and unjust reflections upon him. We have only to say that the passage was due to a misquoting of the Gleaner, and we are glad to have the Sun has no knowledge of any improper proceeding on the part of Mr. Brown in connection with this inquiry."

ALWAYS UNIFORMLY EXCELLENT.

Wolfe's Atomizer, which is so famous for three generations, has been recently improved in its efficiency. It is now a more perfect atomizer, and its use is more pleasant. It is a more perfect atomizer, and its use is more pleasant. It is a more perfect atomizer, and its use is more pleasant.

# LORD MINTO HOPES AMERICANS AND BRITONS WILL FIGHT SIDE BY SIDE.

Unique Review at Ottawa Where Yankee, British and Canadian Soldiers Were Lined Up On the Same Field—Governor-General's Stirring Words to the Albany Corps.

Ottawa, Sept. 1.—(Special.)—His Excellency Lord Minto presided at an event here today which was both historical and unique, in that it included the reviewing of Canadian, American and British troops of the same field.

The review was one seldom seen in that it embodied the troops of three countries and these in the case of Britain, were from Hong Kong, Northern India and the interior of China.

The spectacle on Parliament Hill, where the review took place was one of the greatest ever seen in the capital and was witnessed by more than 25,000 people.

At 8 a. m. today the Hong Kong contingent, to the coronation, arrived in the city, on their way home and were received at the depot by Mayor Cook, the aldermen and a deputation of the militia officers.

At 11 o'clock the Hong Kong regiment, the 10th National Guard of Albany, guests in the city, and the Governor General's Foot Guards, of Ottawa, formed at the armory and marched to Parliament Hill where they were lined up.

His excellency appeared at noon and received them. The governor-general was accompanied by Major Manda, Captain Hughes and Colonel Vidal.

After carefully inspecting the troops and viewing the trooping of the colors by the Albany corps, his excellency, the officers of the different corps together and, addressing them, said that he was exceedingly proud to see the troops of two great nations side by side on the same field and he hoped that if occasion should ever arise that they would be found in the same position on the field of action.

He highly commended their officers on the appearance of their corps and asked that they carry to the men his appreciation of their behaviour and appearance.

The National Guards and the Hong Kong contingent were given an excellent entertainment this afternoon and left to night for Albany and Toronto, respectively.

## BEST IS TAKEN TO CHARLESTON TO DIE.

New Brunswick Who is Condemned to Die for Murder.

Salem, Mass., Aug. 29.—John C. Best, the condemned murderer of George E. Bailey, who is to die in the electric chair during the week beginning September 7, was secretly taken to Charleston yesterday. A large crowd had gathered at the railway station at Salem to see the murderer, but Best was taken to the North street crossing by Sheriff Johnson and Deputy Sheriff Kearney and put aboard the train before the crowd was aware that the party had left the jail. The train left Salem at 7:32 a. m., over the western division, and arrived in Boston at 8:25.

## CARRIE NATION IN BANGOR.

Forcibly Ejected from a Hotel After Demanding Liquor.

Bangor, Me., Aug. 29.—Mrs. Carrie Nation created a disturbance in the Bangor House this evening and was forcibly ejected from the hotel by Captain H. C. Chapman, the proprietor. Mrs. Nation arrived here this morning from Dover (N. H.), where she had been for some time.

Returning to this city, she was driven to the Bangor House, and upon arriving there began a tour of the premises to find a bar, a hack driver having informed her that there was a bar in the hotel.

A crowd gathered, but Mrs. Nation soon gave up her quest and went to the supper room, where, to satisfy herself on the question of whether or not liquor was sold in the house, she called for a bottle of beer. Being refused, she began loudly calling for liquor, whereupon Proprietor Chapman asked her to leave the room.

She refused and was forcibly removed to her room, where she was ordered to pack up and get out of the house. Having gotten her things together, Mrs. Nation was gently but firmly put out at the side door. She then went to city hall, where, in the course of her lecture, she denounced Captain Chapman in violent terms, and announced that she would remain here over Saturday for the purpose of bringing suit against him.

Fredericton News.

Fredericton, Aug. 29.—(Special.)—A stabling affray occurred last night at the St. Mary's end of the highway bridge. Ernest Harris and Fred. Parent were stabbed by George Donahoe. Neither is seriously hurt. They told the police they were returning from St. Mary's, when they met Donahoe, and after some remarks both were exchanged by him and Harris. Harris suddenly called out that he was stabbed, and Donahoe ran, with Parent after him. When they reached Parent also got the knife. Donahoe says he was attacked and used the knife in self-defence. This evening Donahoe surrendered himself to Policeman Phillips, and was soon afterwards released on his own recognizance to appear Tuesday morning.

The York County Rifle Association at Stanley today had good matches. Stanley won the match against Fredericton. A. E. Massie won the Varnwart cup with 45 points, and now retains it permanently. Mr. Massie also won the Association cup with 94 points, and likewise the Elder cup.

Free Passage to England.

London, Aug. 31.—Elder-Dempster & Co. have offered free passages from Canada to Liverpool to any person whose object in coming to England is the development of trade between Canada and South Africa.

When mashing potatoes use hot milk, and if you have been in the habit of using cold, you will be surprised at the difference in their lightness.

Labelle Fire, \$90,000 Loss.