

FOR SALE

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OTTAWA

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PROBS: Fine and decidedly warm.

PROHIBITION PASSES UNITED STATES HOUSE NEARLY THREE TO ONE

Provisions and Penalties Are Drastic—Liquor May Be Kept in Dwelling for Private Consumption—Half Per Cent. of Alcohol Limit of Beverage for Sale.

Washington, July 22.—By a vote of nearly three to one, the house, weary of talk on prohibition, today passed a bill for its enforcement, with provisions and penalties so drastic as to bring from the men who framed it the prediction that it would forever suppress the liquor traffic on American soil.

Exactly one hundred members—52 Democrats and 48 Republicans—refused to support it. Against this even hundred, the prohibitionists, putting up a solid front to the very last, polled 287 votes. The measure now goes to the senate, where many of its restrictions may be modified or stricken out. The clock room rumors persisted that all of this legislative effort might end on the shoals of a presidential veto, although the general view was that it would be signed as passed.

The bill, as it passed the house, provides: After January 26, 1920, no person permitted under the law to have liquor in his possession shall report the quantity and kind to the commissioner of internal revenue. (This applies to chemists, physicians, etc.)

After February 1, 1920, the possessor of any liquor, other than as authorized by the law, shall be prima facie evidence that it is being kept for sale or otherwise in violation of the law. May Keep in Dwelling. It will not be required, however, to report, and it will not be illegal to

have in one's possession, liquor in a private dwelling while the same is occupied and used by the possessor, as his private dwelling, and the liquor is used for personal consumption by the owner, his family or his guests. The possessor of such liquors, however, bears the burden of proof that the liquor was acquired and is possessed lawfully.

Intoxicating liquor is defined as a beverage containing more than one-half per cent. of alcohol. Any house, motor vehicle, or other place where liquor is manufactured or sold, is declared a nuisance.

No Manufacture or Sale. No person shall manufacture, sell, barter, give away, transport, import, export, deliver, furnish or receive any intoxicating liquors.

Liquor for non-beverage purposes, and wine for sacramental use may be sold under specified regulations. Denatured alcohol, medicinal preparations (including patent medicines), unfit for beverage purposes, toilet articles, flavoring extracts, and vinegars are exempted from the provisions of the law. Registered physicians are authorized to issue prescriptions under strict regulations for the use of liquor in cases where it may be considered necessary as a medicine. Liquor advertisements of all kinds are prohibited.

Sale, manufacture or distribution of compounds intended for use in the unlawful manufacture of liquor is prohibited, together with sale or publication of recipes for home manufacture.

RACING'S UNLIKELY FOR SOME TIME YET

Government Looks to Associations to End Their Profiteering First.

Special to The Toronto World. Ottawa, July 22.—A reference to the report from Toronto that racing is to start there almost immediately is believed that if any attempt is made to resume on the old lines the coming session of parliament will be called earlier than was expected and that the first bill proposed will be to repeal the clause in the criminal code that permits betting on race tracks during the holding of a race meeting.

It is believed that when the government were interviewed some time ago on the subject the only encouragement held out was that if the racing associations cleaned themselves up of undue profiteering, but the promise to better pursue for the horse owners, some kind of modified betting might be allowed. As the organization is now in sight, the new administration may somewhat change its views.

But, in any case, race track betting will never get any new lease until a substantial wiping out of profits takes place. Some of the associations for years distributed enormous profits among shareholders.

Sir Allen Aylesworth, former minister of justice, has furnished a detailed opinion to the effect that the order-in-council making it a criminal offence to bet on an authorized race track becomes entirely destitute of force as soon as a royal proclamation is issued in London declaring that a state of war no longer exists with Germany or Austria-Hungary.

Sir Allen Aylesworth's opinion is to the effect that through the British Empire the state of war existing with Germany and Austria-Hungary is ended as soon as His Majesty so proclaims. Ottawa is constitutionally powerless to lengthen that period even if it so desired. The desire against betting on Canadian race tracks was given force by an order-in-council under the authority of the war measures act. As that act holds good only till the end of the war "then existing," every order passed under its authority is short of its validity when the enabling act itself expires. In other words, race tracks may, in Sir Allen's judgment, resume operations as soon as the main war is over and need not wait for six months afterwards. The fact that Bulgaria and Turkey subsequently entered the war gave no further lease of life either to the war measures act or to the order-in-council passed under it.

WAREHOUSE BURNED.

FOUR TONS OF EGGS AND FISH ROT IN THE WINNIPEG STRIKE

Winnipeg, July 22.—Four tons of eggs and 1300 pounds of fish were taken from several Winnipeg cold storage plants yesterday and burned. Chief Health Inspector Pearson stated that the commodities apparently had rotted in the plants during the strike owing to the lack of transportation to distribute them.

SITUATION IS TRAGIC IN SOUTHERN ALBERTA

Leader of Opposition Alludes to Scarcity of Feed and Food.

URGES SPECIAL SESSION Many Drought-Stricken People Attended Meeting of Farmers in Province.

Calgary, July 22.—"I am no alarmist as those who know me best can attest, and when I say that the situation extending over a large part of southern Alberta today is tragic, I am simply stating what is a fact easily verified. This statement from George Headley, rancher and leader of the opposition in the Alberta legislature, was made this morning. Mr. Headley, being in the city for the day on business, "the situation" to which Mr. Headley referred with respect to the food and feed situation, for to use his own words, "it's not live stock alone will have to be fed this coming winter throughout southern Alberta, but humans as well."

Many Down and Out. On July 17 Mr. Headley attended a meeting of farmers in the Travers district. There were between four and five hundred of them there and they were for the most part drought-stricken people. There is not an one-year experience, but two. They started in last spring on what was practically a grub strike from the year before, owing to banks and mortgage companies, and today they are practically down and out. With their crops burned, and with absolutely nothing left, with the range dried up, and little if any feed left for their cattle, these men and their families are in desperate straits.

Only Few Weeks Food. Some of them, said Mr. Headley, are now at that stage where they have not more than a few weeks' food supply in sight for themselves and their families and nothing at all in sight for the months after that.

"The situation is such," said Mr. Headley, "that I feel convinced there should be a special session of the legislature called in the near future to deal with it. It is not an affair that can be handled by orders-in-council effectively. There must be relieving laws enacted."

MANY OBJECTIONS IN WINNIPEG CASES

Member of Legislature Not Affected by Changing of Information.

Winnipeg, July 22.—Objection by counsel for the defense, and clash after clash between counsel for the defense and prosecution marked the hearing of the evidence in the preliminary hearing of the eight strike leaders. R. B. Russell, W. M. Ivens, W. A. Pritchard, R. J. Johns, A. A. Heaps, A. H. John, Queen George Armstrong and R. E. Bray, on charges of seditious conspiracy before Provincial Magistrate R. M. Noble in the law courts this afternoon. The amendment of the information yesterday, it was announced today, did not concern or affect the charges against F. J. Dixon, M. L. A., in any way. Dixon Not Affected. T. J. Murray, counsel for the defense, today stated that Mr. Dixon and J. S. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 1.)

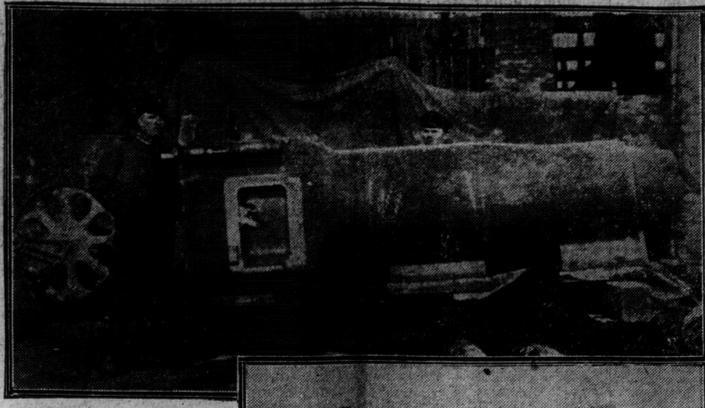
The Toronto World

WEDNESDAY MORNING JULY 23 1919

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TWO CENTS

THE GUN THAT HAMMERED PARIS.



The German long ranged guns used to bombard Paris at a distance of 70 miles, provided the real sensation of the war in the sphere of ballistics. The top picture shows the big gun in a repair shop at Danzig after a bomb from an allied airplane had put it out of commission. The bottom photo shows another view of the same gun.

HUNGARY WILLING TO MAKE PEACE

But Bela Kun Quoted as Saying World Revolution is Inevitable.

London, July 22.—Bela Kun, deposed head of the Hungarian soviet government, is quoted in an interview by the Reuter correspondent at Budapest, under date of July 18, as saying that he was convinced a world revolution was inevitable, but in the meantime Hungary was willing to make peace with what he termed the capitalist nations.

There has been much talk about an entente ultimatum to Hungary, but none has been received, and I doubt if it ever will be. If it does come, however, the soviet government is prepared to adopt a courageous policy.

"The Hungarian government will never admit that the entente has a right to interfere in Hungary's internal or domestic affairs. The new government has nothing to do with the Hapsburgs. A socialist government was impossible in Hungary, according to Bela Kun, and that was realized by the socialist leaders.

Race Track Betting.

Whether horse racing is to resume in Canada is not a question of interpretation of an order-in-council as to when "the war is over." Probably a court would be impressed by the opinion given by Sir Allan Aylesworth that racing with betting would be legal almost any day now.

The real issue turns on the way race track profits out of betting as legalized have been distributed amongst shareholders and owners of the tracks. Some of these tracks have distributed over a hundred thousand dollars a season out of profits, all of which came from betting!

The World has reason for believing that when the race track interests interviewed government lately they were told that the scandal of this undue profiteering out of betting would have to be wiped away or the privilege now incorporated in the criminal code would be repealed in deference to public opinion. That is the issue, not what the courts might say was the time currency of a war order-in-council.

What was scandalous in betting as conducted before the war was equally true of mile tracks as of half-mile tracks. Equally scandalous, the not attachable to some of the big associations was the desire to have the number of days of racing extended by increasing the number of tracks under the one management. Public pastimes, amusements, diversions, are all good in their way; horse racing is one of the finest public spectacles we know of; and horse racing was a feature of the best regulated games, those of ancient Greece, under the direct management of the state. But there was no profiteering. To this it may be said that England allows betting and that scandalous things are done; and yet the profiteering out of race-track betting by the associations that give the prizes and conduct the racing is not the scandal in Britain that it is here.

POLISH CABINET RESIGNS.

Berlin, July 22.—The Polish cabinet has resigned in consequence of the diet voting want of confidence in the ministry of labor and public works, according to The Warsaw Gazette. The cabinet will be reconstructed when Premier Paderewski returns to Warsaw.

CLEMENCEAU ACCORDED VOTE OF CONFIDENCE IN FRENCH CHAMBER

Carried by Majority of 91, But Opponents Say It Spells Doom of Cabinet—Says He Has Obtained All France Could Desire.

Paris, July 22.—The chamber of deputies gave a vote of confidence in the cabinet of M. Clemenceau this afternoon by a vote of 272 against 181. M. Clemenceau's opponents were jubilant over the vote in the chamber, saying that it spelled the doom of the cabinet as at present constituted.

The premier was cheered as he departed, many officers surrounding him and shouting "Vive Clemenceau" and "Long live the father of victory."

Amidst the interruptions from the socialists, in which Jean Bon and M. Varvenne were conspicuous, M. Clemenceau himself ascended the tribune. Amid tense silence the old man walked slowly up the steps and turned and saluted the right and centre, and gazed at the extreme left. The light of battle was gleaming in the "Tiger's" eye, as he said, in a low voice: "I blame me for not having chosen my colleagues from the learned. An eminent man is not necessary."

LAVELLE'S LAWYER TRICKS DETECTIVES

By Clever Ruses Leaves Police and Reporters Stalled on Street.

To be the centre figure in something sensational is the desire of many persons—to have such notoriety thrust unwillingly upon one creates an unenviable position.

Whether or not Vera de Lavelle desired in the past to be a centre figure and to walk the stage in full gaze of the public is a question she alone can answer. But her reply was, it may be, the fact remains that her every action in the past when she has come before the public has been surrounded by sensational detail.

Her voluntary return yesterday to the life was no exception. It was stated she wished her return to be a very quiet affair, and to give Vera her due, it was not her fault that the sensational episode took place.

In this case she was the victim of circumstances, as the following story will show—a story in which a clever lawyer led detectives, three evening newspaper reporters and a newspaper photographer, stark cold on a street corner and went off in a high power motor car to meet Vera by himself.

After Vera Escaped. But, as the French say, to our misfortune. When Vera escaped from the jail some months ago she proceeded, it is said, to the house of a friend somewhere in the vicinity of the Allan Gardens. She stayed there a considerable time and then went to the country for a few weeks. She then returned to the city, so it is stated, and lived in a street off Wesley. Some time ago she went to reside near College and Yonge streets and used to dress, so The World was told, by a person who knew her well as a nurse, and very pretty she looked in her uniform. The informant further added she was, when not in her uniform, always well and neatly dressed, and never gave one the idea that she was in any way pressed for money. How she has obtained the means wherewith to purchase the clothes she possesses

(Continued on Page 6, Col. 5.)

MACLEAN FINDS FAVOR IN MONTREAL CIRCLES

Montreal Gazette Suggests Him as Safe Man for the Job.

Montreal, July 22.—In a leading article today The Gazette discusses the coming minister of finance. It extols the great financial ability of Sir Thomas White; also the parliamentary capacity he developed. The article concludes:

So, in choosing his new finance minister, it may be assumed that the premier will not forget that the minister has a great part to play in the commons. It so happens that a member of the cabinet has already been tried in the office and not found wanting. During the absence of Sir Thomas White thru ill-health during the session of 1918, Hon. K. Maclean of Halifax acted as finance minister, presented the budget, and administered the affairs of the department acceptably. Mr. Maclean has been in public life since 1901, and a member of the house of commons since 1911. He has a gracious personality, is an admirable speaker, and may be designated by the expressive term a "safe man," not being carried to extremes, nor stampeded to a course contrary to his convictions. In selecting a successor to Sir Thomas White, the premier might go farther, and fare worse than in naming his colleague, Hon. Mr. Maclean.

LADIES' ATTENTION!

The Dineen Company are calling the attention of the ladies to a special sale of Sweater Coats at a great saving in price. The colors are most varied, including choice shades of blue, maize, rose, coriell, grey and others. Regular \$12.50, today only \$9.75. These Sweater Coats are all-wool knit, and are exceptionally fashionable. Remember, on sale today only. Other items at cut prices—Waists, Hosiery and Dresses. Dineen's, 140 Yonge street.

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WANTED FOR TENANT

DESIRABLE HOUSE—ROSEDALE 08
HILL, PREFERRED.
Must have six bedrooms and two bath-rooms. Possession September 1st.
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.
28 Elgin Street East. Main 5450.

Then, resuming his sarcasms, M. Clemenceau said: "We are facing the liquidation of the greatest catastrophe the world has ever known. You may forget it, but I, who am struggling with these difficulties, have a right to mention them. A barbarous nation has set fire to the four corners of the world, and for five years the most abominable war in history has held sway. And you desire that on the very day that the signature was placed at the bottom of the peace treaty the assembly status prevail.

"Gentlemen, to console myself from the reproaches which you address to me, I have merely to think of those which will be leveled at my successor."

Amid cheers from all parts of the chamber, the vote was taken.

Abandoned by Colleagues. M. Francois-Fournier, opening the debate, recalled the meeting on Friday, when the vote on the foot polley showed the government to have a minority. He said M. Boret, food minister, who resigned, was abandoned by his colleagues, who left him to struggle

(Concluded on Page 2, Col. 2.)

GALT NOW SEEKING RADIAL EXTENSIONS.

Desire System Linking Up With Guelph, Kitchener and Hamilton.

Special to The Toronto World. Galt, July 22.—An invitation was sent today to Sir Adam Beck to come to Galt on a day convenient to him to look over the situation here for a Hydro radial system connecting the cities of Galt, Guelph, Kitchener and Hamilton.

Mayor Mercer, who becomes the champion of Hydro radials, is responsible for this development, which is frankly a challenge to the Grand River Railway, which is the property of the C.P.R., to remove its tracks from Water street, which it has occupied for 25 years. The city council for some time has been endeavoring to open negotiations with the railway company for the renewal of its franchise, having in view the paving of the street, on which the railway would be expected to pay its share, but all efforts failed, and recently the company intimated in a letter that in order to be free from franchise or agreement restrictions it would, before the expiration of the franchise, be running into the city over its own right-of-way.

Would Make Galt Hub. Mayor Mercer, as a come-back, proposes to make Galt the hub for Hydro radials, as he recognizes the citizens must be protected from the interests and that they must have a fair service on Water street. He would have the Hydro radial use the Water street run to Preston, across to Blair, and then Galt to Elmira, to give connection with Kitchener, to the north. From Hunter's Corners he proposes that the line should run thru Hespeler, three miles shorter than the present Grand River Railway line on to Guelph, thus giving a serving system that would reduce the distance from Galt to the Ambitious City would reduce the distance by 20 miles over the present connection.

When Sir Adam comes here, it is proposed to have him address a gathering of representatives of the various municipalities interested,