

## APPENDIX

(5) To examine and ordain candidates for the ministry who have fulfilled the prescribed requirements, and have been recommended by Presbyteries (District Meetings or Associations).

(6) To receive ministers from other Churches subject to the regulations of the General Council (Conference or Assembly).

(7) To deal with matters referred to it by the General Council (Conference or Assembly).

(8) To select an equal number of ministerial and non-ministerial representatives to the General Council (Conference or Assembly).

(9) To have oversight of the religious life of the Church within its bounds, and to adopt such measures as may be judged necessary for its promotion.

### V. THE GENERAL COUNCIL (CONFERENCE OR ASSEMBLY).

22. The General Council (Conference or Assembly) shall consist of an equal number of ministers and non-ministerial representatives chosen by the Annual Conferences (Synods or Unions). Its regular meeting shall be held every second year. Its presiding officer shall be the chief executive officer of the united Church, and during his term of office he may be relieved of his pastoral or other duties.

23. The General Council (Conference or Assembly) shall have full power:

(1) To determine the number and boundaries of the Annual Conferences (Synods or Unions), have oversight of them, and review their records.

(2) (a) To legislate on matters respecting the doctrine, worship, membership, and government of the Church, subject to the conditions: First, that before any rule or law relative to these matters can become a permanent law, it must receive the approval of a majority of the Presbyteries (District Meetings or Associations), or if advisable, of pastoral charges; and,