

nationality of every stockholder in both companies. The Ontario Gov-ernment should certainly compel these companies to obey the law or exain to the people the reason why.

what seems to be good authority, that the imperial government, in 1905, what seems to be good authority, that the imperial government, in 1905, upon the advice of the admiralty, requested the provincial government to conserve the nickel deposits of Ontario, to keep them under government control and to regulate the export of nickel so as to effectively contribute to national and imperial defence. The Whitney Government had just then come into power and the recommendation of the admiralty was referred to Hon. Frank Cochrane, the newly appointed minister of lands, forests and mines. Hon. Mr. Cochrane, it is said, reported against any action being taken upon the ground that the Dominion Government was

After all, if Mr. Cochrane was right in his contention—and we do not say he was not—it is most fortunate that he is now in the Dominion Government. No doubt he will urge Sir Robert Borden and his colleagues to suspend any further export of nickel until the close of the war, but in the meantime the government in Queen's Park should enforce the law, do whatever is required in the public interest, and, above all things, take the people into their confidence.

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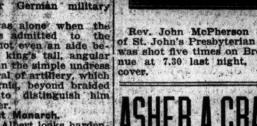
We have discussed the nickel question from the imperial, the national, and the economic standpoints, and we are glad to find that as far back as 1899 the Ontario Government formally subscribed to the platform which World then urged, and has been urging upon this province so far as the nickel deposits are concerned, for the past quarter century. We can-not say that the Hardy Government, or the Ross Government, or even the Whitney Government did much to carry out the progressive policy laid down in the order-in-council, a certified copy of which follows. No doubt the Hearst Government will do better.

ORDER-IN-COUNCIL ON COPPER AND NICKEL MINING IN ONTARIO. Copy of an order-in-council approved by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor the 24th day of November, A. D. 1899.

Upon consideration of the memorandum of the director of the bureau of mines, dated 23rd November, 1899, and upon the recommendation of the honorable the commissioner of crown lands, the committee of council submit for the approval of your honor the following suggestions respecting copper and nickel mining in the Province of Ontario, namely:

That in the interests of our relations with the empire it is desirable at an early opportunity to renew the negotiations opened with the British Government in April, 1891, which had for their object the con-cession of an interest in nickel ores of the ungranted lands of the crown for imperial and national uses, on such terms as may be mutually agreed upon.

2. That, having in view a larger scope for the employment of capital and labor in the copper-nickel mines and works, it is desirable to secure



His Work.

Montreal.

hurrying to his church, where members were already gathered. Dr. C. R. Sneath was summoned, and after an examination stated to The World that the pastor would recover. "All the bullets have been accounted for but one and it is not located in a vital part," he said. "By means of the z-ray it will be removed in the morning." CAME FROM MONTREAL

Asher comes from Montreal. He has been in Toronto since last Thursday and roomed at 47 Robert street. He is 36 years of age. It is stated that he is a mission worker among the Jews in Montreal. Rev. Mr. Scott has long been known for his work among the Jews and it is alleged that a dispute arose when the two were there, which ended in last night's affair. Of this, however, very little is known. Few, if any, be-ileved the preacher had an enemy anywhere. Lambert Appell, who was just south of Bain avenue with his wife at the time of the shooting, said: "We thought the report of the revolver was only an automobile puncture, but then there were so many reports I turned. As I did so I saw Rev. Mr. Scott fall and the other man run." At a late hour last night Dr. Sneath reported the patient as resting com-fortably, with every hope for recovery.

the scheme of the charter of the Canadian Copper Company, or otherwise; and, if necessary to the success of this object, to ask that effect be given to the provisions of the act (chap. 67 of 60-61 Victoria), for imposing

export duties on nickel and copper, subject to such modifications in favor of the United Kingdom and the other colonies of the British Empire as may appear to be in the common interest. 3. That for safegnarding the public interests in ungranted lands of the crown it is advisable that all grants of mining lands hereafter issued shall provide in the patent or lease that the copper and nickel ores upon or in such lands shall be treated and refined in the province, so as to produce fine nickel and copper of marketable quality, and that for any viola-tion or evasion of this proviso by the grantee, his heirs or assigns, such gian coast, for it is announced that tion or evasion of this proviso by the grantee, his heirs or assigns, such lands shall revert to and be vested in Her Majesty, her successors and assigns for the public uses of the province, freed and discharged of any interest or claim of any other person or persons whatsoever as if they had never been granted. Certified,

J. Lonsdale Capreol, assistant clerk executive council.

SOME SURPRISING ALLEGATIONS.

Editor World: The agitation to require the government to control and supervise the export of nickel so that the empire may have a guarantee that it will not be forged into steel to be used against us is a sensible agitation and patriotic in the extreme. Unless you and other newspapers rouse public opinion on the subject sufficiently to move governments which seldom move before public opinion is expressed, the most un-sound economy will continue to prevail. Without nickel to use in new armaments the war could not long continue. The cost of war to Great Britain for one day only would be much more than enough to compen sate present owners for any loss of profit they would obtain from sale

of the oxide to foreign armament makers. It may be said that nickel is now contraband of war. But it must be remembered that the oxide is in the form of a black powder, easy to smuggle, and undoubtedly is being sent into Germany at the present time. It is no crime to run a blockade.

Then why does not the government act in the matter instead of leaving it to the interested company to write letters to the press? There is no question of their power to do so. The present minister of railways was minister of lands and mines in the provincial government in 1905, when the British Government, having became alarmed as to possible inability to get nickel in time of war, had addressed a note on the subject to Canada.

The minister of mines, in his report, Dec. 28, 1905, discouraged any interference by the Ontario Government with the operators, i. e. Inter-national Nickel Company, and said the thing should be shifted to Ottawa. The minister said: "Rights of pre-emption over the output of nickel mines raises a matter of policy which invites action by the Government of Canada." He is now in the Government of Canada and should have no difficulty in dispelling the inertness on the question now prevailing there.

It was openly alleged, and never denied, that when the International Nickel Company allotted to Krupp nearly half its stock and consequent voting power in the nickel trust, the reason was because Krupp's had shown their intention of themselves entering the nickel field of Canada, and jealousy of competition compelled the concession. Would to God Krupp's had entered the field openly and there would then have been no excuse for cabinet ministers not to seize, or at least put an embargo. Public opinion would have been inexorable and insistent. It should be inexorable now when the same inimical interest is equally strong in a company incorporated in New Jersey. Is it likely that with German skill in ob-

incorporated in New Jersey. Is it likely that with German skill in ob-taining "efficiency," an understanding as to supply was come to which was either inefficient or abortive? No one wants to injure the industry or the export to the United States and other friendly countries for legitimate trade purposes. It would not injure the industry if measures were taken to restrict the use to those purposes only. Even if some injury to commercial interests oc-curred by a regulated embargo it would be immeasurably more advantag-eous to Canada and the empire to compensate with public money than to built to measure for advantage of the measure for advantage of the enemy. No construct the to be advantage of the solid public money than to built to the measure for advantage of the measure for advantag



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Heavy Losses in West. Altho the allies have scored some successes in the battles in the west, they are meeting with very stubborn resistance and milliary men warn the public that very heavy essenties must be expected before any serious impression can be made on the Ger-man entrenchments. Activity seems to have been resumed along the Bal-

from Nieuport to Westende. At other points similar fighting is proceeding, here success and there reverse, or fail-

ure of attack. The airmen of both sides have been extremely busy and aeroplanes have been swarming over Belgium, the avi-

ators reconnoitering movements of the opposing troops and occasiona dropping bombs. Bruges and Brus sels have been visited by aviators from the ranks of the allies, while Bethune and other towns in northern France have received attention from the Germans.

MUNIFICENCE OF U.S. IS WITHOUT PARALLEL

London Times Refers in Warm Terms to Spirit of Charity.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Dec. 24, 12.44 a.m.—In an editorial commenting regretfully on the necessity of postponing the

celebration of the peace centenary marking 100 years of peace between the English-speaking nations, The Times today expresses the nation's gratitude to America for material proofs of sympathy and affection and for the work done for victims of the

ships back into port.

Had Idea That Some One Was Trying to Undermine (Continued on Page 10, Column 2.) slight progress has been made by the allies between the sea and the road FEAT OF SUBMARINE HAS DISMAYED TURKS WELL KNOWN IN CITY Fear That More British Craft Will Penetrate Dardanelles. Was Assistant to Rev. Mr. Ganadian Press Despatch. WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.-Delayed advices to the United States Govern-Rohold Before Going to

advices to the United States Govern-ment from Constantinople say that Turkish officials regarded the loss of the battleship Messudieh, which was hlown up by a British submarine ré-cently, as a severe loss. The feat caus-ed consternation in the Turkish capi-tal, because of the fear that more sub-Special to The Toronto World. MONTREAL, Dec. 23 .- It was just one short week from the time his marines would penetrate the Dardamission was closed in Montreal till nelles in the future. The Turkish officials, according to Asher got his "revenge." Since 1911 till a week ago he con-

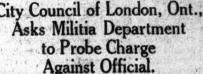
the same advices, have been much per-turbed about spies. They claim that every time the Turkish fiest enters the Black. Sea the Russians immediately since 1911 till a week ago ne con-ducted a Presbyterian mission for Jews on Demontigny street, just east of St. Lawrence street, under the name of the House of the Covenant. When he came here three years ago he interested a number of prominent men in his work, and for some time are aware of the movement and send a stronger force to drive the Turkish

INDIAN WOMAN'S DEATH **RESULT OF FOUL PLAY**

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Ont., Dec. 23.—A post-mortem shows that foul play figured in the death of Mrs. James Kiseko, an

for the work done for victims of the war. The article details a long list of American war charities, and adds: "If we cannot today unite with our American friends in a great peace celebration, we can at least bear tes-timony to the unparalleled munifi-cence of their charity and the good will they are showing to all, but not least to uorselves and our allies." in the death of Mrs. James Kiseko, an Indian woman, whose body was found on the Muncey Reserve, west of here, carly Monday morning. According to the autopsy the woman had been beat-en severely about the head and body. Coroner Dr. Woods of Mt. Brydges has arranged an inquest for These up next, and High Constable Watterworth and Crown Attorney McKilop are working on the case.





TREASON CHARGE | REPOR

GLAUBITZ FACES

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Ont., Dec. 23.—London City Council in special session tonight unanimously adopted a resolution submit-ted by a special committee which has been investigating the matter, finding General Manager H. J. Glaubitz of the public utilities commission "guility of alding Carl Becker, an alleged German reservist and an employe of the commis-sion, to leave Canada for Germany col-lowing the outbreak of hostilities." The council further decided to ask the militia department to investigate the mat-ter and to ask the public utilities com-mission to suspend or dismiss Glaubits at once.

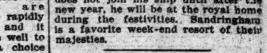
all went well. Then trouble began. Asher was a man of ability, but a crank. He was obsessed with the idea that his enemies were trying to undo his work. Such was the statement last night of

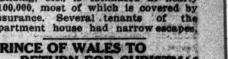
Glaubitz is of German birth, the now a naturalized Canadian. Becker is under-stood to be now fighting in the German army.

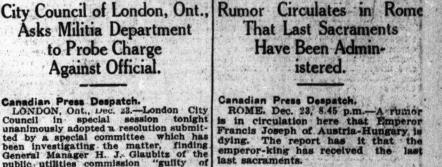
HOLLAND'S QUEEN TO TAKE MILLION OF WAR BONDS

Netherlands to Issue Bills for

Such and Ten Million Dollars. Chair Streets of Montreal. Tail, slight and terstless energy, he would have been noticed even in a crowd." Y. Make by the men who formed the committee, his receind was good. The only point was noticed bis work. This was apparent Toronto before here was apparent Toronto before here may was assistant to Rev. Tresbyterian Ja-Th the







Since the outbreak of the war there have been various reports of the serious illness of Emperor Francis Joseph, who is in his 85th year. Re-cent reports, however, indicated that the emperor was in his usual health.

DISASTROUS FIRE IN CENTRE OF OTTAWA

Loss Hundred Thousand Dollars -Store and Apartment House Burned.

