

Their translation was carried to London by Indian hands, and it was published for them at the expense of the British Government. The book was printed in very good type and contained some fine engravings.

Meanwhile, near Brantford, the Mohawks were raising the first Protestant Church in Upper Canada. The Bible for the pulpit and the communion plate (bearing the Royal Arms) had been the gift to them in their old home on the Mohawk of Queen Anne, and the British Government of a later date presented them with a fine bell for the church tower.



THE STUART FAMILY VAULT (ST. PAUL'S, KINGSTON).

In Kingston, under Dr. Stuart's inspiration, was built what was probably the first church for Loyalists in the Province (old St. George's), around which came to cluster associations civil as well as ecclesiastical. Thus, in this building, the commissions were read and the oaths administered when Upper Canada became a separate province, July 8th, 1792. In this city, also, Dr. Stuart laid the foundation of the Upper Canada educational system, when he opened schools for the children alike of the Indians and of the whites.

The two cities, Kingston and Brantford, thus enjoy the heritage, among other memories, bequeathed them by these large-hearted and devoted men. . . . "Let us not forget to pay a tribute to the Loyalists of the (eighteenth) century who left their homes for the