

to put on a pair of rubbers over my boots. All who went near the patient had also to put on linen caps and a contrivance like a respirator over their mouth and nose. Those who took part in the operation after disinfecting their hands, put on white cotton gloves fresh from a sterilizer, which were handed to them by the nurse with a pair of forceps. All instruments and dressings were handed to the operator with forceps by a nurse on a raised platform just within easy reach of him.

The case was one of cancer of the stomach. The preliminary incision and examination of the stomach was made by an assistant, and then Mikulicz himself took the case in hand and would have finished the operation, but found such extensive adhesions to the liver that he decided nothing could be done and left the case for the assistant to close up.

The other buildings forming the triangle are those for skin diseases, women's diseases, psychiatry, pathology, residences of several of the professors, and administrative buildings and chapel.

Neissy, in syphilis and skin diseases, is one of the best teachers here, and is also very agreeable personally. He holds his clinic for students three times a week. Recently he has shown a number of cases of primary syphilis, ordinary and extraordinary. Among the latter was a primary sore on the cervix, a primary sore on a man who had many years ago had a former attack of syphilis, and a primary sore on the lip. Across the street from the surgical clinic is the clinic for children's diseases, where Prof. Czerny gives three excellent lectures a week, and where there is a very good out-door department. They keep a record of the weight of every child they treat, and consider it most important for both diagnosis and prognosis. Czerny is very simple in his treatment. He believes that there are innumerable theories and practices current among teachers of pediatrics which have no scientific foundations, and will have nothing to do with them. Even antiseptics in diarrhoea he has little faith in, and trusts mostly to getting stomach and bowel free from food by putting the child on what is practically boiled water for a day or more.

In nervous diseases, Prof. Carl Wernike gives a clinical lecture lasting a couple of hours once a week. He is very enthusiastic over his cases and is also one of the best teachers. His cases are well chosen and very interesting. Last Saturday, for instance, he had four cases. 1. Infantile cerebral paralysis, in which the attack only came on three weeks ago, so that the characteristic rigidity of the limbs was just beginning to show itself. 2. Musculo-spiral paralysis due to alcoholic neuritis and apparently immediately induced by the man