alth Is Wealth
The Use of Our
oor Bath Cabinet
the weak strong. A valuable book
full instructions is given away with
abinet.
reduced. Ask us to show you one.
rus H. Bowes
CHEMIST.
ernment St., Near Yates St
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ners!
umps by Using
ed Powder
ALL STUMPING POWDERS,
TE FOR, OR CALL AND GET
MOVE STUMPS."
88½ Government St
Victoria, B. C.

J. COLLIS BROWNE'S
CHLORODYNE
Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood
publicly in court that Dr. J. Collis
was undoubtedly the inventor
rodyne, that the whole story of
endant Freeman was literally
and he regretted to say it had
orn to.—Times, July 13, 1864.
Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the
and most certain remedy in
s, Colds, Asthma, Consumption,
lgia, Rheumatism, etc.
Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is
ibed by scores of Orthodox prac-
ers. Of course it would not be
singularly popular did it not
y a want and fill a place."—Med-
imes, January 12, 1885.
Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a
n cure for Cholera, Dysentery,
hoea, Colics, etc.
on—None genuine without the
"Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chloro-
on the stamp. Overwhelming
testimony accompanies each
Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAV-
RT, 33 Great Russell Street,
Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s.

LEY" AND "LAURIER" MIN-
ERAL CLAIMS.
near Kitsalas Canyon, on Skeena
in the Skeena Mining Division of
District.
otice that I, Patrick Hickey, Free
Certificate No. B56544, for myself
gent for Helen Flewin, Free Min-
ificate No. B56518; Donald A. Rob-
Free Miner's Certificate No. B56551;
udge, Free Miner's Certificate No.
and Edward Donehue, Free Mine-
ificate No. B56542, intend, sixty
m the date hereof, to apply to the
Recorder for a Certificate of Im-
nts for the purpose of obtaining
Grant of the above claims.
rther take notice that action un-
on 37, must be commenced before
ance of such Certificates of Im-
ts.
20th day of March, 1902.
P. HICKEY.

ry's Nurseries
d Greenhouses
eady for planting out, 13 acres of
and ORNAMENTAL trees, vine
c., at less than eastern prices; no
scale or borers to contend with;
rtificate from the inspector.
nds of BULBS, ROSES, RHODO-
ONS, Azaleas, shade trees, etc.
, fertilizers, agricultural imple-
etc., new catalogue tell you all.
Call and examine our stock and
lst or send for it; it will save you
Address
. J. HENRY
etminster Road, Vancouver, B. C.

MINERAL ACT.
ertificate of Improvements.
NOTICE.
Gulch," "Queen," "Red Bluff,
len," "Blue Stone" mineral claims,
n the Skeena Mining Division of
istrict.
located: On Red Gulch Creek,
(c stall?) Valley.
otice that The British Columbia
Company, Limited, Free Miner's
e B52977, intend, sixty days from
hereof, to apply to the Mining Re-
r a Certificate of Improvements,
urpose of obtaining a Crown Grant
ove claim.
ther take notice that action, under
, must be commenced before the
of such Certificate of Improve-
his 15th day of April, A. D., 1902.
RITISH COLUMBIA PYRITES
NY, LIMITED.
OBT. W. HAMILTON, Sec'y.

APOLEON REG. NO. 691.
lendid Black French Coach Stal-
ands, 1450 weight, a prize winner
foalgetter, will be bred to a few
ares this season.
ms see posters or apply to Gerald
, 50 Wallace street, near Beacon
o C. N. Cameron, Douglas street.

INERAL ACT, 1896.
TICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS
Notice.
No. 1, Monitor No. 1 Fractional
No. 2, Mineral Claims, situate in
ni Mining Division of Clayoquot
located: Near Handy Creek, on
anal.
ice that we, The Monitor Copper
o., Free Miner's Certificate No.
tend, sixty days from the date
apply to the Mining Recorder for
te of Improvements, for the pur-
btaining a Crown Grant of the
m.
her take notice that action, un-
n 37, must be commenced before
ce of such Certificates of Improve-
his Twenty-fifth day of March,
TOR COPPER MINING CO.,
E. A. L. WALD, Mgr.

R SALE.
r of good second-hand HACKS,
CARS, ROCKAWAYS, A
UGGIES, PHAETONS, CARTS,
make quick sales, these vehicles
OLD VERY CHEAP. We want
oom for new stock.
ew new Buggies, Phaetons and
t from the factory in the East.
de in the latest up-to-date styles
with rubber tired wheels.
TORIA TRANSFER CO., LTD.,
129. Victoria, B. C.
21, 23 Broughton Street.

STEAM DYE WORKS.
Yates Street, Victoria.
furnishings cleaned, dyed or
and Gents' garments and
al to new.

rise in the Colonist

The Atlin Investigation

J. M. Ruffner Says That Mining Industry of Atlin Is Prosperous.

Former Owner of Hospital Buildings Testifies to Their Value.

(From Wednesday's Daily).

At yesterday's sitting of the select committee which is inquiring into the charges against Mr. J. D. Graham, gold commissioner of Atlin, Mr. Belyea, who is appearing for Mr. Graham, called Mr. J. M. Ruffner, a well known mining man of Atlin, in order to counteract any impression left on the committee and the public by the evidence of Mr. Sawers and his witnesses that the bottom had fallen out of the Atlin camp. Mr. Ruffner's evidence was pretty well confined to the condition of the mining industry which he stated was in a prosperous condition and in which he anticipated considerable developments this season. Mr. Bickle, whose name has frequently been used in connection with the charges throughout the inquiry, also gave evidence. He was the owner of the buildings purchased by Mr. Graham for the isolation hospital, and it is in regard to the price paid for, and the value of, these buildings and also their ownership that Mr. Sawers brought his charges against the commissioner.

J. M. Ruffner, a mining man of Atlin, examined by Mr. Belyea, said that he went into the camp in the fall of '98, when gold was first discovered there. In the next year there was a rush into Atlin and, as usual in such cases, a great many more people went in than there was room for. The population had decreased since the first rush, but the mining business had gone steadily ahead, and he believed that the coming season would see great developments. The large low grade diggings were not profitable for individual miners, and in Atlin, when the richer and shallower diggings were worked out, the miners gave place to hydraulic companies. He could not give evidence about real estate, as he had never been interested in it.

Replying to Mr. Sawers, the witness stated that in 1901 wages were pretty high in Atlin. The season commenced with a $4 a day rate for miners, or $3 a day and board. Later on he had paid $5 a day, and that rate lasted for the rest of the season. Atlin was not a rich placer country. Generally speaking it was a hydraulic country. There were a number of miners in the camp at present. Many of them worked on the creeks in the winter for what they could make, and in the season preferred to work for the hydraulic companies for wages. There had been a lot of building improvements in Atlin during the past winter. The proprietor of one of the hotels had, he believed, spent some six or seven thousand dollars on a new building.

E. W. Bickle deposed that he went to Atlin in April, 1899, and had been there off and on ever since. He was the owner of the two buildings sold to the government. He bought the smaller building for $200, which included a first payment of $60 or $70 on the lot on which it stood. The larger building he bought from Mr. Graham in April, 1900. He paid $450 for it, and its removal from its old site to the lot opposite the government offices cost $50. He had had the building renovated. A new floor was put in, the walls were relined and a new oxidized roof put on. Altogether the improvements cost $230. The work was done by Mr. Olive. He had bought the lot opposite the government offices from the government. When the fever broke out, Mr. Graham told witness he was going to take the building for the hospital as it was the only suitable building he could find. Witness was not anxious to sell the building. It brought in a good revenue. He asked Mr. Graham $1,000 for the two buildings, and Mr. Graham offered him $500. Witness said that was not enough, and agreed to sell it on a proper valuation. He chose Mr. Olive as his valuator and Mr. Graham chose Mr. Lowery. He received $750 cash for the buildings and deposited the money in his private account in the Bank of B. N. A. Mr. Graham never received one cent of the money. The reason he had bought the buildings was because he intended eventually to make a home for his wife and family on the lot opposite the government offices. The buildings actually cost him in cash $750 or $760. He did not know of any written documents dealing with his purchase of the building from Mr. Graham. He had just paid for the building and moved it to his own allotment. He had paid about $40 on the allotment and he had not yet paid the balance. He had never been the "whole government" in Atlin. He had been mining recorder. He had not been acting commissioner. During Mr. Graham's absence for two months he had done a little of his business for him, but whatever he had done had been submitted to Mr. Graham on the latter's return to the camp. He had assisted at the work of erecting the hospital tent and had received $15 from the government for three days' work.

At 12:30 p.m.—the usual time of adjournment—Mr. Sawers stated that he thought the cross-examination of Mr. Bickle would occupy the whole of another sitting.

Mr. Belyea hoped that at the next sitting the committee would insist upon the evidence being strictly confined to the charges made.

The committee then adjourned until this morning.

DOUBLE DOSE.

Whiskey Seller Who Applied for Release Gets a Much Longer Sentence.

Johnnie Thorsen, the Swede, who, with his partner, C. C. Johnson, went to and fro about the West Coast with a naphtha propelled sloop, selling water, made fiery with molasses, pain-killer, pepper sauce, etc., with enough whiskey to give it the name, to the Indians, is again in the toils. Johnnie Thorsen came down from Ahousett on the steamer Queen City in charge of Constable Spain of the provincial police. He was brought down on the last trip of the steamer, sentenced to six months' imprisonment on a charge of selling whiskey to Indians. He procured J. P. Walls' assistance, who took habeas corpus proceedings to procure his release, as the warrant of commitment made by the Clayoquot J. P. was improperly drawn. Chief Justice Gordon Hunter granted the application, and Johnnie was free—for a minute. He was at once rearrested by Constable Spain and taken to Ahousett. Indian Agent Guillod was found at Alberni and was taken up also. At Ahousett the Swede was charged with having on two different occasions sold liquor to Indians. This time he got a year instead of six months, and now he is sorry he applied for his release instead of serving the six months.

ROSSLAND GAMBLING.

Rossland, April 28.—The suppression of gambling in this city has not extended to the card games, blackjack and poker, and James Lawn is prosecuting the proprietors of all the places where the games were operated, under the statute relating to common gaming houses. Today's police court was occupied with the hearing of the first case and the city hall was crowded. Judge Bonithee will hold his decision in the initial case until all are completed. The allegation is made that the informant was animated by private spite for losses at the roulette table, but this has been denied under oath

HALIBUT.

Schooner Expects to Return Soon From the Banks.

Nanaimo, B. C., April 28.—(Special.)—The proprietors of the steam laundry destroyed on Saturday night, will start up again, probably as a joint stock company.

The Quadra went to Comox today for coal. She will return on Wednesday and take on stone from the quarry for the use of buoys.

Capt. Johnston, manager of the Pacific Fish & Cold Storage company is here at present. He expects the schooner Nellie Thurston any time now. He reports fishing as good, but the weather has been rough. He says he never saw such quantities of halibut anywhere else in the world as off Queen Charlotte islands.

LACROSSE IN ENGLAND.

Toronto Beats Cambridge by Twelve to Seven Goals.

(London, April 28.—The Toronto lacrosse team beat Cambridge by 12 to 7 goals in today's match. Maclaren scored 5; Tweedie, 3; Mara, Adamson, McLean and Curran, 1 each.

THE TOURIST ASSOCIATION

Seattle Chamber of Commerce Will Discuss Cooperation With Victoria.

(From Wednesday's Daily).

In the Seattle Post-Intelligencer appears the following regarding the trip of Mr. Herbert Cuthbert in the interest of the Victoria Tourist association:

An important feature of the next meeting of the Chamber of Commerce will be the discussion of a proposition submitted by the Tourists' association of Victoria, B. C. It is the desire of the association that Seattle and Victoria take harmonious action for their mutual benefit toward inducing a majority of the tourists who will travel from the East and other sections to California this summer to visit the Northwest coast next year. Herbert Cuthbert, traveling secretary of the Victoria association, is now in the city making his local headquarters at the Rainier-Grand, and called upon Secretary Meikle, of the chamber, yesterday to seek advice regarding the course to pursue to accomplish the object of his trip.

As explained to Secretary Meikle by Mr. Cuthbert, it appears that the Tourist association of Victoria is an organization composed of the representative business men of the city, Mayor Hayward being the president. Its purpose is to turn tourist travel to Victoria, to secure excursions from railway and steamer lines and take other means of advertising the city. It is supported entirely by voluntary contributions from business men, the main expenses being in the issuing of advertising literature and the cost of sending representatives to various parts of the country to scatter the literature.

"We figure," said Mr. Cuthbert, "that almost every tourist who comes to Victoria will pass through Seattle. In that way the city must secure a deal of desirable advertising and must profit largely in the end. Feeling this way it is our desire that Seattle join hands with us in working to secure the tourist travel. I have been in the city only a day, but during that time have conferred with the hotel men and a few merchants and find them a unit on the proposition.

"Victoria will have a number of events this summer which cannot fail to attract a large number of visitors. The majority of these people will pass through Seattle. On May 24 and 25 the Queen's Day celebration will take place, and a special committee of 150 citizens, including the admiral of the fleet and army officers, are busy making arrangements. The annual regatta will be a big affair, and it is proposed to pay $7 a paddle, instead of $5, as in the past, in order to induce the Indians on this side of the line to come over and take part in the canoe races.

"Then June 26 will be coronation day. The army and navy officers will have especial charge of the ceremonies on that day, as it will be an official function, but the citizens will prepare other attractive features. A flower show and festival will be held in the latter part of July, which will end with a battle of flowers on the main street of the city. We are going to Americanize this affair, when I say 'Americanize' I mean bring it up to date.

"A field day of sports will take place in the latter part of August. It may last two days. Arrangements will be made to secure the attendance of the leading amateurs of the coast in the branches of sport. We believe this will be the greatest field day ever held in the Northwest.

"Then the provincial industrial and agricultural exhibition will take place in September. Last year it was a great success, being formally opened by royalty. This year there will be a number of new features.

"I shall go to Tacoma tomorrow and afterwards to Portland and Los Angeles. It will require some time for me to accomplish my object in Southern California. When I return I shall travel as far East as Butte and Helena and also taken in the Yellowstone park district, with the idea in view of seeing what can be accomplished toward securing excursions. Beginning with May 3 two steamer lines have arranged for what we call 'week end' excursions to Victoria; that is, for a single fare excursionists can go there from Seattle on Saturday and return on Monday."

At the request of Secretary Meikle Mr. Cuthbert will prepare a synopsis of the purposes of the Tourists' association, with suggestions of the assistance required from Seattle. It will be presented at the next regular meeting of the Chamber of Commerce.

A NEW SLUICE BOX.

Captain Westshaver's Invention to Save Fine Gold.

Capt. B. Westshaver is in Victoria on his way to the Klondike with a new sluice box of his invention, which he proposes to introduce in the mines there. The captain has had a long experience of placer mining in Ecuador and the United States of Colombia. He is a native of Nova Scotia and the patents for his invention are held by a Nova Scotia syndicate. He claims that his machine will save fine gold. He will give a demonstration on Thursday about 3 p.m. on Oak Bay avenue, about 200 yards beyond the junction, where the use of a hydrant has been secured for the purpose. His invention, which is in a new disposition of the riffles, has been in practical use by himself for a long time past, and he has found it successful in saving fine gold. He will be glad to have any who are interested in placer mining attend his demonstration.

BIGGEST ON CONTINENT.

Mr. Clergue on the Future of the Canadian Soo.

Sault Ste. Marie, April 29.—F. H. Clergue today said he was confident there would be a city of 200,000 inhabitants on the Canadian side of the Soo inside of a few years. The steel plant, when completed, will employ 5,000 men, and will be the largest on the continent of America. Tube works will eventually employ another 5,000.

Pretty Wedding At St. John's

Miss Beatrice Constance Janion Becomes the Bride of John Harold Poff.

Bright Ceremony Witnessed Yesterday Afternoon at Little Iron Church.

(From Wednesday's Daily).

St. Johns church was the scene of a pretty wedding yesterday afternoon, when Miss Beatrice Constance Janion, only daughter of Mrs. R. W. Janion, of Cadboro Bay road became the bride of John Harold Poff, agent of the Sun Life Assurance company of Montreal, at Victoria. The well known edifice of iron was well filled before the hour appointed for the ceremony, and when the bride entered the church, followed by the attendants and relations, there were few pews vacant.

Promptly at 3:45 p. m. the wedding procession proceeded down the main aisle of the church, preceded by the surpliced choir, to the prettily decorated chancel, whose screen was garlanded with flowers. There Rev. Percival Jenns, stood waiting the procession, and read the marriage service of the Anglican church, as the large congregation stood in silence. After the choir had rendered the well known hymn, "O Perfect Love," the bridal party stepped forward to the sanctuary where His Lordship Bishop Perrin said prayer, while they knelt before him. Then from the pulpit Rev. Canon Beanlands read the exhortations of St. Paul and St. Peter to husbands and wives, and when the final words "without any amazement," had been read, the organ pealed forth, and the bridal party walked solemnly to the vestry. The registers signed, bride and groom stepped forth into the church again, and then, as Dr. Hermann Robertson, who presided at the organ, played Mendelssohn's well known wedding march, bride and groom marched down the centre aisle—the cynosure of all eyes. The bride learned on the arm of her husband, her face aglow with smiles, and then came the attendant groomsmen and bridesmaids—Mr. C. S. W. Branch, of Vancouver, with Miss Victoria Phipps, Mr. Boyd, of Vancouver, with Miss Hazel Boswell, and Mr. Harold B. Robertson, with Miss Helen Prior. The Misses Florence Smith and Thelma Dumbleton acted as flower girls, carrying baskets of carnations. Then came the mother of the bride, Mrs. R. W. Janion, her relatives, and relatives—and then the congregation. The bridal party were driven from the church to the residence on Cadboro Bay road, where a reception was held, and bride and groom left last night by the steamer Umatilla to spend their honeymoon in California.

The gown of the bride was of white brocaded satin, the design being in marguerites and gypsophilla, and trimmed with Duchesse lace and orange blossoms. The long veil was kindly lent by her grandmother. The bridesmaids, the Misses Phipps, Boswell and Prior, were gowned in crepe de chine, trimmed with string colored lace, with torquoise-colored bands of velvet at the waist and throat. They wore white hats, trimmed with marguerites, and carried bouquets of sweet peas. Each wore a half crescent pale blue enamel brooch, with shamrock in the centre, gifts of the bridegroom. The little flower girls, Misses Florence Smith and Thelma Dumbleton, looked dainty in dresses of white China silk with hats to match. The mother of the bride, Mrs. R. W. Janion, wore a dress of pearl gray brocade, lined with a black and white Irish design, with a bonnet of black and white with a bunch of pink roses.

The music was especially selected for the occasion by Major Ross Munro, the choirmaster, and Dr. Hermann Robertson, a friend of both bride and groom, officiated at the organ, and the members of the choir were all present in their stalls to add their share in making the occasion brilliant. The church had been prettily decorated, loving hands of the friends of the happy couple, having garlanded the chancel screen and hidden the pillars with flowers. Messrs. R. B. Powell, R. H. Pooley, J. W. Bridgeman and F. Lewin acted as ushers during the ceremony.

A large number of presents were received by the bridal couple, the number and costliness of which, testify to the popularity of the principals. The groom, who has been resident in Victoria for some years past, was formerly a resident of Montreal, where he was in the employ of the head office of the company he now represents in this city. He was then one of Montreal's athletes, and was a valued member of the Montreal Rugby Football club, together with Mr. C. S. V. Branch, now of Vancouver, who acted as best man.

YUKON ROYALTY.

Definitely Decided to Reduce the Tax—Officers for Contingent.

Ottawa, April 26.—The Dominion government has decided to reduce the royalty on Yukon gold. It is now 5 per cent. It will be reduced to 3 per cent., or 2½ per cent., and will be collected as an export tax in future.

Col. Macdonell, who will command the Sixth Regiment of the fourth contingent, will have Major E. A. C. Hosmer, now commanding the C. M. R. at Winnipeg, as second in command, and Capt. Mackie, of the permanent force, as adjutant. Capt. Clark and Capt. Strange, of the Northwest Mounted Police, will command the squadrons.

PRESS COMMENTS.

A special court is to be held at Tayabas, in the Philippines, for the trial of five hundred natives charged with treason and sedition. How there can be either treason or sedition in an unsubdued country fighting against invasion is a problem which we may leave to the sons of the American revolution to solve. Nothing like this has yet developed in South Africa, where, for that matter, only British-born subjects are accounted traitors. The Filipinos who are to be tried for treason and sedition must be regarded as just as patriotic and sincere as were the colonists who rebelled against George III, and certainly they have a stronger case, for those colonists were born subjects, in rebellion against their sovereign, whereas the Filipinos resist the attempt to impose on them the foreign yoke of an alien race from a distant part of the world. To them the United States is a tyrant nation that has taken possession of portions of their country by force of arms and would compel them to accept a form of government to which they are patriotically opposed. They are in the same position as William Tell and his fellow Swiss resisting the yoke of Austria. They are to be tried for treason to an authority they have never acknowledged, under which they were not born, and which can only claim their allegiance on the ground of purchase from another power, whose sovereignty they had repudiated before the purchase was made. Every sound argument morally, politically and in equity is on their side, and their trial on a charge of treason only shows how widely the United States has departed from the principles for which the founders of the republic contended and which they bequeathed as the most precious of legacies to their countrymen who should come after them.—Montreal Witness.

An increase in numbers in the West will eventually mean increased representation in the House of Commons. It will mean, too, the organization of the territories into provinces, with greater powers of self-government. The most serious question, however, is the assimilation of the new element of the population. As regards our American cousins, race and language present no difficulties, and it is altogether probable that the newcomers from across the line, trained in similar political ideals, will seek at the earliest moment the privileges of citizenship and a personal share in the government of the country. There is no reason why they should not become loyal Canadians, and a testimony to the molding and amalgamating power of British institutions.—London Advertiser.

CRIMES ACT.

First Prosecutions Under Recent Proclamation by Lord Lieutenant.

Dublin, April 26.—The first prosecutions under the proclamation issued recently by Earl Cadogan, the lord lieutenant of Ireland, putting in force three sections of the Crimes Act in many districts of the country, resulted this evening in the sentencing of Mrs. O'Mahoney, proprietress of the Waterford Star, and H. Lynham, the editor of that paper, to 60 days' imprisonment each. Mrs. O'Mahoney and Lynham were convicted upon a charge of intimidation in preventing tenants from using their farms. Mrs. O'Mahoney was admitted to bail in the sum of £200.

The intimidation of which Mrs. O'Mahony and Linham were convicted, is alleged to have consisted of publications in the Star, which tended to prevent the lawful occupation of land from which a tenant had been evicted.

MURDERED BY A SCHOOLBOY

Fifteen Year Old Kingston Lad Shoots a Young Girl Dead.

Kingston, April 28.—Beatrice Holland, 14 years old, daughter of George Holland, engineer on the Kingston and Pembroke railway, lies dead in her home and Eric Sharp, 15 years old, son of Henry Sharp, a Princess street grocer, is locked up in the police station on a charge of murder. The boy and girl attended Frontenac school. According to stories told by schoolmates, the girl was in the habit of bothering the boy. Today in the cloak room she tipped his hat off several times, and finally Sharp told her if she did it again he would shoot her. When the girl left school in company with companions, Sharp was waiting outside. As she appeared he drew a revolver and fired. The bullet lodged in the girl's temple, death being instantaneous. Young Sharp ran away, but delivered himself up to the police about 7 o'clock. He declared that the shooting was accidental. He admitted having threatened to shoot her, but declares he had no intention of doing so. When he pointed the revolver at her it went off. An inquest will be held tomorrow. Both families are grief-stricken over the terrible affair. Young Sharp is a rather fast young man, being addicted to cigarettes and novels.

THE ROYAL CITY.

New Customs Collector—Funeral of Late Laurent Guichon.

Westminster, April 28.—(Special.)—Angus Munn, head clerk in the local customs office, has been promoted to the collectorship, vice Peter Grant, deceased.

The funeral of the late Laurent Guichon took place today, the remains being interred at Sapperton. There was a large attendance at the requiem service in St. Peter's cathedral.

YORK ELECTED.

Result of Mayoralty Contest in Slocan City.

Slocan City, B. C., April 28.—(Special.)—In the mayoralty bye-election held here today, A. York was elected over John Bull by a majority of 16, the vote standing 48 to 32. The campaign was short, but hot, winding up with a warm meeting in the music hall on Saturday evening. York's majority was swelled by several outside votes.

MURDER AT KAMLOOPS.

Report That Man Is Shot as Result of Quarrel.

Vancouver, April 28.—(Special.)—A murder is reported from Notch Hill, near Kamloops. It is stated that on Saturday night Louis Pacquette and Frank Ledger quarrelled and fought with fists. During the fight Ledger drew a knife. Ledger was a big brawny man, and Pacquette a small man. The latter ran away, got a gun and shot Ledger dead. No further details have reached here.

The C. P. R. train ran into a slide, on a branch line between Revelstoke and Arrowhead on Saturday. Head Brakeman W. T. Lee, resident of Revelstoke for many years, was killed.

FIRE AT NANAIMO.

Steam Laundry Building Burned Down—Loss Not Heavy.

Nanaimo, B. C., April 26.—(Special.)—The city had a narrow escape from a big fire tonight. The building formerly used as a tannery, four stories high, now used in part by the Nanaimo Steam Laundry, was completely destroyed. It is situated only a few yards from Haslam's lumber yards and mills, and nearer still to the gas works. By the efforts of the fire department little loss was sustained other than the one building. At the time the fire was at its height, it was expected the mills would all be destroyed. The building was insured for about $3,500; cause of fire unknown. One of the partners in the laundry had left the building about half an hour before the fire broke out, and had carefully gone round and watered everything as usual as a precautionary measure. The plant was owned by Gardiner & Malachord, who had invested about $3,500 in it.

ROSSLAND OUTPUT.

Rossland, B. C., April 26.—The shipments for the week ending tonight from Rossland camp are over the 5,000 ton mark again, and it is extremely probable that this will be maintained as the standard for the immediate future with a substantial increase when the Centre Star and War Eagle mines resume shipments on a commercial basis. For the week, the Le Roi shipped 6,546 tons; the Le Roi No. 2, 1,400 tons; the Centre Star, 180 tons; the Rossland Great Western, 150 tons; total, 8,276; total for the year to date 115,125. During the week important strikes were reported in two mines, although neither report can be officially confirmed. It is stated that at the Kootenay mine the horizontal workings on the 600 foot level encountered a 30 foot ore body at a distance of 1,400 feet from the portal, and a vertical depth of 800 feet, the values being considerably higher than was the case nearer the surface. This is most important, if accurate.

GIANT MINES.

C. H. Mackintosh Returns From Floating Company in London.

Rossland, April 29.—C. H. Mackintosh has returned to the city after a lengthy visit in England, where he floated the Giant mines of this camp. An announcement is expected shortly as to an extensive programme of development work on the property. A shipment of ore, the first for eight or ten months, was sent out from the mine yesterday. The carload is by wey of a test.

Sunday School Convention

What Was Accomplished at Meeting of Workers During the Week.

Ideas Exchanged of How to Increase Efficiency and Interest.

The meetings of the City Sunday School Workers held in the Calvary Baptist church during the week, and of which brief reports have already been given, were of such a character as to give a great impetus to Sunday school work in this city. The papers and discussions were practical, and interest was maintained throughout.

Tuesday night's meeting was held in the school room and opened at 7:30 with singing and prayer. Mr. Marciant, the acting president, then addressed the convention, saying among other things that there was a great need of efficient Sunday school workers. Many when asked to help, said, "Oh, I can't." They should endeavor to bring about conditions which would increase the efficiency of those now engaged, and bring others into the work, and so that "I can't" would be eliminated from the vocabulary. He hoped they would have a successful convention, and welcomed everyone present.

Committees were then appointed as follows:

Nominating—E. A. Lewis, Angus Galbraith and R. Wilson.

On Resolutions.—N. Shakespeare, George Carter, and John Meston.

The report of the house to house visitation, held last November, was read by the vice-president, H. J. Knott, and showed the work to have been thoroughly done, there being but a difference of 20 in the number of scholars attending the day schools of the city and those accounted for by the house to house canvass.

The report on primary work was presented by Mrs. Losee, primary superintendent. A union composed of the primary teachers had been organized last summer. Meetings were held once a month. These had proved very interesting and helpful and would be more so if all the primary teachers in the city joined.

Mr. R. Grant then favored the convention with a vocal solo.

A paper, "How to retain the older scholars," was read by Mr. Siddall, who brought up a number of points, urging that the Sunday school should be made worthy of the older scholars. It should not be a kindergarten, they should be treated as equals, and allowed a voice in the affairs of the school, yet should not be treated as though they had outgrown the school, in the matter of prizes no difference should be made between them and the younger scholars.

Dr. Lewis Hall, in opening the discourse, said it was important to give a good training in the junior grades. They should be cultivated socially, an interest should be taken in their sports, the parents should be members of the school and thus set a good example. Other speakers discussed the question, mentioning the need of competent teachers, the importance of good work in the junior grades, the value of organization, the value of personal magnetism in the teacher.

Mrs. Clyde then sang "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," in a pleasing manner.

The next subject was one in which considerable interest has been created and upon which there is a diversity of opinion, and was introduced in a resolution that "The Sunday school service should form the usual morning teaching service of the churches."

Mr. Huggett, in the affirmative, maintained that there was at present not enough Bible knowledge. In other days expository preaching had been the rule. This unfortunately had given way to the more dramatic, snappy, topical style. The present arrangement did not allow for the rest on Sunday which was necessary after the hurry of the week. The proposed change would result in bringing the parents and children together in the school and in a more extensive knowledge of God's Word.

Mr. Shakespeare, in the negative, thought the change would result in increased disregard of the Sabbath, and decreased interest in church work.

Messrs. McKenzie, Croot and others spoke against the change, while Rev. Mr. Vichert, Mr. Lewis and several others thought the change would do harm.

The proposal was voted down.

On Wednesday evening after the opening devotional exercises, the report of nominating committee was received and officers elected for the ensuing year. The names have already been published.

Mr. Gregson presented his report on normal work and showed that a start had been made in this necessary department. A superintendent was needed for this work to devote 52 Sabbaths in the year to it. The co-operation of superintendents and ministers was needed to make this a real, genuine force in the Sunday school.

R. G. Howell presented a paper on Sunday school discipline. After dwelling upon the importance of Sunday school work he pointed out that this work was largely dependent upon the discipline maintained. Poor discipline will make good work impossible. Compulsion could scarcely be brought to bear upon the pupils, but discipline must be secured by love. If this failed he would advocate the expulsion of the pupil rather than allowing him to remain and spoil the discipline of the school. The paper was followed by a discussion opened by H. W. Northcott. Mr. Northcott urged the necessity for the teachers exerting themselves to make the lessons interesting, and for exercising firmness in their treatment of the pupils. He thought also that a spirit of loyalty to the school and pride in its good conduct might be cultivated. A number of others engaged in the discussion, referring chiefly to the attitude of the school towards the incorrigibly bad boy.

Mrs. Gregson contributed a vocal solo after which there was a symposium on the subject: "The Best Methods of Interesting the Scholars." Brief papers were presented by the following: Bishop Bridge, Revs. W. L. Clay, B. A., J. F. Vichert, M. A., R. B. Blythe, B. A., and Leonard Tait. Various points urged were: The necessity of interest and enthusiasm on the part of his teacher; thorough mastery of the lesson; an acquaintance with the scholars; a dominant purpose in teaching; proper use of illustrations. The papers being brief were mainly suggestive in their character, and the methods indicated were further considered in an interesting discussion by various delegates.

The symposium was followed by a solo by G. F. Watson and then a question box was opened. A large number of questions had been passed in and there were placed in the hands of George Carter, who was admirably qualified by his long experience in Sunday school work to deal with them.

The committee on resolutions introduced resolutions, one of thanks to the trustees of Calvary church for having placed their building at the disposal of the convention, and others relative to the greater use of the Bible in the Sunday schools; greater co-operation on the part of parents and pastors; inter-denominational conventions; home department and cradle roll; the work of this association, all of which were adopted.

The attendance in the schools of the city follow:

Name of School.	Enrolled.	Att.	Teach. Officers.	Av. Att.	Money Col.
Methodist—					
Metropolitan	350	287	27		$535 00
Centennial	292	225	35		434 00
James Bay	125	98	12		164 50
Victoria West	131	70	12		195 90
Spring Ridge	167	130	16		440 00
Presbyterian—					
First	272	189	28		232 93
St. Andrews	108	93	13		109 00
St. Paul's	80	60	9		176 00
James Bay	90	66	8		88 65
Knox	102	85	13		101 00
St. Columbia	108	95	12		171 25
Baptist—					
Calvary	165	137	23		333 20
Emmanuel	130	88	10		127 37
Burnside	62	52	6		82 00
Victoria West	35	23	4		48 70
Congregational	60	50	10		75 00
Total	2,272	1,714	238		$3,314 60

The statistical editor reported the attendance as follows: Teachers and officers, 90; members of clergy, 9; visitors, 133; making a total attendance for both sessions of the convention of 399.

At the close of the programme all present adjourned to the schoolroom, where refreshments were served by the ladies of Calvary church.

HAVE LARGE ARMY CONTRACT

Brackman - Ker to Ship Four Thousand Tons of Oats to South Africa.

The Blackman-Ker Milling company, of this city, have received through the provincial government, a contract with the Imperial War office to supply 4,000 tons of oats, about 230,000 bushels, for use in South Africa. The company have the oats in their elevator at Edmonton, N. W. T., and officials are now on their way from Ottawa for that point to inspect the oats.

The shipment is to be made from the Pacific Coast to Durban, South Africa, and will thus be the first consignment of goods of any kind to be sent to Africa for the use of the army from this coast.

The steamer Ganges, now on her way from Yokohama, it is understood, has been chartered to carry the shipment. The steamer should be here in about two weeks and soon after that the oats will be down from Edmonton ready to be loaded.

A PRESENTATION.

Employees of Messrs. Weiler Bros. Present Watch and Chain to H. Ware.

The employees of Messrs. Weiler Bros. gathered in the Government street store last evening and presented an address and gold watch and chain to Harry Ware, who has joined the fourth Canadian contingent for South Africa. Mr. Ware made a suitable reply. The address follows:

Victoria, B.C., April 28, 1902.

Presentation to Mr. Harry Ware:

Your fellow-employees having learned that you had been accepted as a member of the contingent now in readiness for South Africa, take the opportunity of presenting you with the accompanying gold watch and chain, which they hope you will long live to wear, and which will always remind you of true friends left behind, who will watch your career as a soldier of King Edward, with the hope that you may distinguish yourself and ever prove worthy to fight under the grand old flag, which has lured many a brave heart to death, but which has stimulated heroic hearts and led the way to glorious victories. May you return to the dear homeland in health and strength, and may you remember, when on the veldt, where many of the brave have fallen, that friends here in Victoria are expecting you to do your duty, even under the most trying of circumstances. We say farewell, old boy, and trust soon to hear that the sound of battle has ceased, and that the soldiers of the King have returned, to go no more to war.

On behalf of your fellow-employees,
H. H. JONES,
F. RUSSELL,
GEO. ELRICK,
A. HUGGETT.

SUPREME COURT.

Applications Heard in Chambers by Mr. Justice Irving.

Mr. Justice Irving sat in chambers yesterday morning and heard the following applications:

Noble Five Mining Co. v. Last Chance Co.—Leave was granted to the plaintiff company to inspect the workings of the Last Chance, and also to amend the statement of claim.

Gallon v. Gallon.—This application for a decree of absolute divorce was stood over for further consideration.

Robertson v. Daykin.—Judgment was allowed for $312.60 and costs on a summons under order XIV.

Re Clayoquot Fishing Co.—In this case the court directed that the petition should be served on the assignee.

RAIN IN INDIA.

Welcome Moisture Falls in Various Parts of Country.

London, April 29.—The Viceroy of India, Lord Curzon, of Kedleston, telegraphs that heavy rains have fallen in Bengal and there have been local showers in Burmah and parts of Madras. Prices of grain are generally stationary.

NOT MURDER.

Coroner's Jury Is Lenient With Young Sharpe.

Kingston, April 29.—The jury in the coroner's inquest into yesterday's shooting case, came to the decision that young Sharpe did not know the revolver, which belonged to another boy named McDermott, was loaded, and returned a verdict of accidental homicide.

DEATHS.

Teacher at St. Boniface College Dies—Two Boys Drowned.

Winnipeg, April 26.—(Special.)—Rev. Brother Joseph Godet, S. J., died this morning at St. Boniface college, where he had labored for almost 17 years.

Two boys, aged three and six, sons of C. H. Joss, were drowned in Lawrence creek, near Rat Portage yesterday.

"I never went back on a friend," said one politician.

"I never found it necessary to do so," said the other. "As soon as I was not in a position to favor him, my friend always went back on me."—Washington Star.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.
EPPS'S COCOA
Prepared from the finest selected Cocoa, and distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of flavour, Superior quality, and highly Nutritive properties. Sold in quarter-pound tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST-SUPPER.

Sale of Old Furniture

Household Relics of Late Sir James Douglas Sold By Auction.

Large Prices Paid For Some Fine Pieces of Old Mahogany.

(From Wednesday's Daily).

Lovers of good old English mahogany had a field day at the eastwhile gubernatorial residence in James Bay yesterday, when the fine collection of furniture imported