DUTCH BULBS.

GEO. KNOWLING

has just received direct from the GROWERS a splendid assortment of Matured

DUTCH BULBS,

as follows:

HYACINTHS, Single and Double, for glasses.
HYACINTHS, Single and Double, for bedding.
HYACINTHS, Early Roman, for pots.
HYACINTHS, Choice White, Single and Double, suitable for cemeteries.
TULIPS, Double and Single, in 20 varieties.
PARROT TULIPS, Mixed.
DARWIN TULIPS, Mixed.
REMBRANDT TULIPS, Mixed.
CROCUS in 10 varieties.
POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS in 10 varieties.
POETAZ NARCISSUS—A cross between Pheasant Eyed Narcissus and Polyanthus Narcissus.
DOUBLE DOFFODILS in 5 varieties.
SINGLE DAFFODILS in 5 varieties.
DOUBLE & SINGLE JONQUILS.
SINGLE SNOWDROPS, SPANISH IRIS.
ENGLISH IRIS, FREESIAS.
PERSIAN RANUNCULES, IXIAS, Mixed.
SINGLE ANEMONES, DOUBLE ANEMONES.

The quality this season is excellent and will be sold at our usual low pre-war prices.

GEO. KNOWLING.

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Evening Telegram

W. J. HERDER, - - - Proprietor
H. A. WINTER, B.A., - - Editor

SATURDAY, Oct. 14, 1916.

The Submarine Question.

The United States being now thoroughly roused, it is likely that the whole matter of the submarine question will continue to be debated lustily, and some extraordinary opinions expressed. We have heard some already. The New York Herald's remarks are a good sample of the way in which the merits of a case can be distorted. The Stephano was not an international ship—there is no such thing. She was British by registry and British by ownership; her papers would have proved her British beyond question. Therefore the Germans, from that point of view, were entitled to sink her, **if they were justified in sinking her at all.** Again, she was not sunk in American waters: she was sunk on the high seas. The whole British navy could have engaged the whole German navy there, and Washington could not have raised even a technical objection. The talk about the Monroe doctrine is balderdash. So, too, the question of contraband goods, that we often hear mentioned, is quite irrelevant, for it applies only to neutral bottoms.

We are compelled to admit frankly that there was nothing in the sinking of the Stephano and the other ships, that has not marked the whole campaign of late months, other than the different locus of the operations. And in that respect we must give the Germans credit for ingenuity and enterprise. In other words, if we admit that a submarine is justified in sinking an enemy merchant ship, there is nothing whatever in these cases that we can object to. But there are few who will admit that. For the fact that it is possible and can be done with impunity, the world has Washington to thank. The affair is merely the logical outcome of the pusillanimous stand America has taken, and her failure to insist that submarines are to be regulated by the established practice of nations and the same rules of humanity as other ships of war. This is the only moral worth while to be derived from the situation. One is almost tempted to hope that the success of the U 53 will effect such a demoralization of shipping as will result in New York and nearby ports being given a wide berth, with consequent loss to American trade. Thus would Washington see that a principle can cut two ways. It might be a little awkward for the Allies, but it would be poetic justice to the States.

The Case of The Firemen.

It is not often that we are in disagreement with "Theobald," whose views we always read with pleasure, but we cannot subscribe to his opinion of this matter. If the merits of man's labour are to be regulated either by the cost of living or by the relative merits of individuals, society will need to be reorganized from its foundations. The truth is that the matter of wages is governed by considerations far more numerous and complex than the mere making of a contract between two parties. Without attempting to decide the vexed question whether or not labour is a commodity, we cannot doubt that it is subject to much the same laws. If a merchant is compelled to pay more for an article, it is natural that he should advance the price at which he sells it. The same holds true of shipowners. Yet if they increase their freights when they are compelled to increase their expenses, there is invariably an outcry. It is the public that has to pay in both cases, and yet it is often public opinion that insists on the cause and denounces the effect, while it is blind to the connection.

A good instance of this was provided by the recent railway strike in America. The real gain that the men won, by enlisting the aid of Congress, was payment on a ten-hour scale for an eight-hour day. Many companies are quite unable to pay the difference and keep out of the hands of the receiver. Rates are accordingly raised, and the public has to pay them, if it is not compelled to pay an increased profit to the companies as well, as is too often the case with freights.

There are other points, too, about the present trouble. If the members of the Union have the right on their side, the manner in which they have sought to enforce it is not calculated to enlist sympathy. There have been too many instances of ships being held up at the last moment and other circumstances created to embarrass owners, having the appearance of an attempt to obtain by force what the strikers cannot get by request and discussion, or may not even have tried to get by those means. This conduct naturally does not dispose employers to regard the Union favourably, and the employers have a perfect right to engage whom they please. We think the best commentary on the merits of the firemen's case is seen in the fact that the owners have been able to replace them.

LISTEN!

A word to the wise is sufficient. Now is the time when you need a healthful and appetising stimulus. CLEVELAND'S HEALTH COCOA at this season of the year will do the family a whole world of good.

Order from your grocer. oct9,6i

Supreme Court.

(Present Mr. Justice Kent.)

Andrew O'Conner vs. Edward Snow.

This is an action for trespass to land situated on the Torbay Road. The plaintiff claims possession and $2,000 damages. Mr. Dunfield appears for the plaintiff; Mr. Higgins for the defendant. The following special jury was sworn:—Adam McCarthy, Wm. V. Drayton, Nathaniel Andrews, James Thomas, Fred. V. Grant, Everet Wills, Emanuel Johnson, John Ludbury, Wm. F. Parsons. The following witnesses were sworn and examined by Mr. Dunfield, and cross-examined by Mr. Higgins: Mr. Justice Johnson, Mr. Geo. J. Adams and Mr. William Noel.

The Court adjourned till 2.30 p.m.

McMurdo's Store News

SATURDAY, Oct. 14, 1916.

One late arrival is Kolynos Tooth Paste undoubtedly one of the most popular and one of the best of dentifrices. Kolynos, unlike most tooth pastes is used with a dry brush, and is thus evidently of different composition from most tooth pastes. Price 39c a tube.

Zoetic is a thoroughly up-to-date tonic, and is useful in all cases of loss of appetite, lassitude and general weakness, and in convalescence from fevers and wasting diseases. Price $1.30 a bottle.

The War Week by Week.

By OBSERVER.

There is strangely little of importance to report as having occurred since last week, though the general situation continues to work up to a pitch of the greatest interest. Easily the most striking, though not the most important, event to notice is the startling work of the U 53 in American waters. If this affected the fortunes of the war in any degree, or was likely to cause such international complications as might affect it profoundly, it would deserve more than passing notice; but this is not so. Germany has been studiously careful not to transgress the letter of her compact with the United States, and the mere fact that the submarine's activities were exercised just outside the territorial waters of that country does not even technically alter the situation. If we could allow the legitimacy of the manner in which the submarine campaign is conducted (which of course we cannot), we should rather admire Germany for the undoubted enterprise and pluck that lie behind the adventure. It is, however, a mere flash in the pan, and being unlikely to be repeated on any serious scale, we need not consider it further here.

On the French front the weather has continued to impose comparative inactivity, though despite it we have important gains to our credit. The British have further advanced their line and taken Le Sars. This village lies on the Bapaume road, so that they are another important step nearer their goal. As with every progression here, too, the salient with Thiepval, or rather Divion now, as its apex, becomes more sharply defined and awkward to hold. The next advance in this region will probably be aimed as much sideways, indenting this salient, as straight ahead towards Bapaume. There will be fierce fighting for Grandcourt, the British attempting to force the Germans over the Ancre and so to compel the retirement of the whole salient. The French have also made good progress at the important point of Sailly, and carried out a fine coup south of the river at Bovent, north of Chaulnes. The whole situation, however, presents no features greatly different from those of a week ago, so that we can leave it to notice developments elsewhere.

Perhaps the most notable news has been of renewed activity, with successful results, by the Italians. Mention of Vertoiba shows that they have got well east of Gorizia: they probably aim here at Vogersko, a town on the railway to Trieste. They have also forged ahead south of this on the Carso plateau. They claim to have taken more than 6,000 prisoners, so that their victory has been a considerable one. Before Trieste can be taken the important positions to the north will probably need to be carried, but this is only a matter of time. The campaign seems to be under way again, and the chief enemy the Italians will have to contend with is the rapidly approaching winter. It will be interesting to observe the race. Here, as in the Balkans, it is the first resistance that is so difficult to overcome; once that is accomplished, progress will become easier.

The position on both the Roumanian fronts is a little disquieting. Our Allies have suffered a severe set-back in the central part of the Transylvania front, and the Germans claim, after taking Hermannstadt and Kronstadt, to have driven them all the way to the border. At the southern end of the line, however, they have not merely stood firm but actually made progress. Whether they will be able to maintain their present gains there, in view of their defeat to the north, is doubtful. As everywhere, the larger aspects of the fighting are the most important, and the thing to notice is the very great concentration of troops under Falkenhayn in this area, which is certain to react on the other fronts. Matters appear to be still the same in Dobrudja. The Roumanian battalions that recently crossed the Danube have retired again, though Berlin and Vienna do not substantiate Sofia's claims that they were annihilated. The matter seems to have been a mere experiment of the Roumanians, with what purpose is not clear, and it has not affected the position at all. That the whole attack upon Roumania has attained very serious proportions is evident from the appeal of her king to the Allies; help, which cannot be given directly, except possibly by Russia, will come from elsewhere.

Already a considerable diversion has been created in Macedonia. There the chief honours still rest with the Serbians, who are pushing their way slowly but surely towards Monastir. They are now fighting on their own soil and with all the spirit of anticipated revenge. For the present Monastir is the key of the whole position, and if it can be taken it will unlock to the Allies the door to Serbia. Meantime the British are making important advances at the other end of the line in the Struma region. There are less likely things than that the French in the centre or Vardar region, the Bulgarians having been drawn to the defence of both wings, will strike with all the force at their command.

From Russia there is little new to report. The line has been so far strengthened on either side that strategy is impracticable and Brussiloff seems to have settled down to a stern wrestling match, in which the victory will be won only by sheer force. He is at any rate pressing the enemy hard all along the Galician line, with Brzezany as the point of highest pressure, and the fact that we have nothing from him is no proof that he is not succeeding. Never were the advantages of the inside position of the Central Powers more plainly manifested than now, when, in spite of being beset on three sides at once, they are able to spare the men and the time to turn upon Roumania with a force that threatens to overwhelm her. But the pressure is bound to tell at some time, and the further the "punishment" of Roumania is carried, the worse in the end will it be for the punishers.

Octogenarian Passes Away.

A veteran, in the person of Mr. William Kent, passed away last evening at the advanced age of eighty-three years. He was a life-long employee in the firm of Bowring Bros. and a well known figure who was held in the highest esteem and respect in the community. He was more favourably known because of his associations with the late Capt. Arthur Jackman, particularly as regards the sealing and whaling fisheries. He was a thorough seaman in every sense of the word, belonging to the "old school" and when as old as 50 years was known to have remarkable dexterity.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—I can recommend MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results.

Yours truly,
T. B. LAVERS,
St. John.

Amusements.

FINE PROGRAMME AT NICKEL THEATRE.

The week-end programme at the Nickel Theatre is a delightful one and afforded the greatest pleasure to a large number of patrons last evening. The continuation of "The Diamond from the Sky" proved as popular as the preceding chapters. The other feature films: "Resurrection of Mollis" and the "Buried Treasure of Cobra" were splendidly acted. The programme will be repeated this evening and no doubt there will be a large attendance as there usually is on Saturdays. Maurice Costello appears on Monday night in a big picture.

CHURCH PARADE. — To-morrow week, October 22nd, the C. L. B. will parade to Divine Service at St. Thomas's Church.

Here and There.

ADVENTIST. — "By Upholding." Cordon H. Smith.

Turkeys, Ducks and Chicken at ELLIS'.

NEWFOUNDLANDER KILLED. — A roll of rubber fell on and killed Reuben Rowe, a workman at the Blast Furnaces, in Sydney, on Tuesday last. Deceased was a Newfoundlander.

St. Ivel Cheese, small tins, at ELLIS'.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Sisters of Mercy, Military Road, most gratefully acknowledge the following donations towards repairs of the Convent: Two clerical friends, $10 each; a friend, $1.—advt.

Partridge Dinners and Suppers supplied at short notice. WATERFORD HALL—sep28,tf

FIRST COLD NIGHT THIS SEASON.—Last night was the coldest in the city since last April. The thermometer dropped to three below freezing, and at several points up country from 4 to 9 degrees of frost were experienced.

LITTLE BAY MINES.—We learn from persons who recently returned from a visit to Little Bay, N.D.B., that work on the copper mines under their new owner is progressing favourably, a large number of men being employed.

WEDDING NUPTIALS.—At the Cathedral Oratory on Thursday afternoon last, Miss Monnie Gertrude Worsley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Worsley, Duckworth St., was united in matrimony to Dr. J. P. McLoughlin. The bride was attended by her sister Miss Nina Worsley and the groom by Mr. J. McCarthy, J.P. The ceremony was performed by the Rt. Rev. Mons. McDermott, V.G. The Telegram wishes Dr. and Mrs. McLoughlin many years of married happiness.

Eventually You will Buy

RIVERSIDE

BLANKETS

Comparison with other makes only enhances their value.

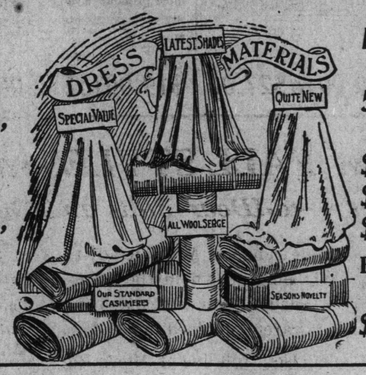
Insist on getting Goods marked with the Riverside label.

The Riverside Woolen Mills, Ltd.,
Riverside, near Makinson.

Autumn Dress Goods.

Newest Fabrics! Special Values!

Mixed Costume Tweeds, 40c., 50c., 60c., 65c., 95c., $1.00, $1.40, and $1.60 per yard.



Navy Serges, 50c., 65c., 75c., 80c., $1.00, 1.20, $1.40, 1.60, $1.75.

BLACK SERGES, 50c., 80c., $1.00, 1.30

MELTONS—In Navy, Brown, Grey and Black, 55c., 70c., 80c. & 90c.

SPECIAL LINE COL'D MELTONS in Brown, Navy, Cardinal and Myrtle, Royal, Saxe, Khaki, Grey, Purple & Black; 54 ins. wide. $1.00 per yard.

CORDUROY VELVETS in Myrtle, Grey, Tan and Saxe, 90c. per yard.

CORDUROY VELVETS, with wide cord, in Brown & Cherry, $1.30 per yard.

WHIPCORDS in Navy, Green, Grey, Brown and Saxe, 80c. and $1.00 per yard.

POPLINS—Navy, Saxe, Grey, Brown, Myrtle, Tan, Pale Blue, Pink & Cream, 40c., 50c., 60c., & 75c. yard.

BLACK WHIPCORDS, 80c., $1.00 and $1.50.

BLACK POPLINS, 50c., 55c., 65c., 75c. $1.00, $1.10.

BLACK CASHMERES, CORKSCREWS, LUSTRES, Etc., from 37c. to $1.30 per yard.

STEER BROTHERS.

Here and There.

COOPERS' UNION MET LAST NIGHT.—At the meeting of the Coopers' Union last night the price for herring barrels was discussed. No definite decision having been reached, it was decided to bring the matter up at the next meeting when the makers of such articles will be present. The regular business relative to the Union was gone through.

Fresh Irish Hams and Bacon at ELLIS'.

THE STICK BOYS HEARD FROM.—By last English mail letters were received from the Stick brothers, Lieut. 'Bob,' Lieut. Len and Lieut. Myles of the Ambulance Corps. Lieut. Len, the first to volunteer in this country, who was in hospital in England suffering from wounds received in France, is now fully recovered and is taking a course for his commission. He expected to leave for France shortly and this time would be accompanied by his brother Myles. Lieut. 'Bob' who also enlisted with the first 500 and was badly wounded in France, had to undergo a serious operation resulting in 18 pieces of bone being removed from his leg and is, we are pleased to say, on the road to recovery.

Here and There.

Enjoy your meals by taking a teaspoonful of Stafford's Prescription "A" before eating. Price 25c. and 50c. Postage 5 and 10c. extra.—jly22,tf

COCHRANE ST. CENTENNIAL CHURCH.—At the Cochrane St. Centennial Church to-morrow evening the subject for consideration is, "Why Does God not end the War?" Such a subject in the hands of an able and talented preacher and a son of Newfoundland, as the Rev. Dr. Bond, is sure to contain much of interest especially in these war times. Visitors especially welcome.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE OUTBREAKS. —There are several cases of diphtheria at Port au Port, the patients being attended by Dr. McDonald. At Change Islands a few cases of typhoid fever are reported, and an outbreak of measles at Cape LaHune where several deaths have occurred already. At each place efforts are being made to prevent the diseases from spreading. Two more cases of diphtheria were reported within the city limits yesterday.

"Dogs Head" Brand, "Bass Ale" and "Guinness's" Stout,

QUARTS

As we have a large stock of QUARTS to dispose of during the remaining 3 months we will accept a reduced price to clear.

J. C. BAIRD.

Water Street.

THE BIG WEEK-END PROGRAMME AT THE NICKEL.

The Broadway Star Features present **"RESURRECTION OF MOLLIS"**—A social drama in three parts by GEORGE STRAYER MAXWELL, produced by Vitagraph with BELLE BRUCE, WALTER McRAIL, KALMAN MATUS, and ARTHUR COZINE.

"TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER"—LOTTIE PICKFORD and IRVING CUMMINGS in Chapter Twelve of that wonderful serial story, **"THE DIAMOND FROM THE SKY."**

A RED SEAL PLAY, ENTITLED

"The Buried Treasure of Cobra."

The story by RICHARD HARDING DAVIS, produced by The Selig players, featuring HARRY MESTAYER.

SEND THE CHILDREN TO THE GREAT BIG SPECIAL PROGRAMME EVERY SATURDAY.

Monday—MAURICE COSTELLO in "THE MAN WHO COULDN'T BEAT GOD." A powerful five-act Blue Ribbon feature.

THE NICKEL—"ALWAYS WORTH WHILE."

BE READY for the cold weather. Get in your supply of Fuel. GAS COKE is an excellent substitute for hard coal. We have COKE of best quality, made from Pennsylvania Coal, which we are selling at $8.50 per ton at the Gas Works, or $9.20 per ton sent home. Send in your order now. ST. JOHN'S GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

WEATHER REPORT.—The weather across country is, strong southwest wind and fair, temperature 30 to 50 above.