

THE IMPORTANT POINT!

You can PICK OUT THE MAN you are Particularly interested in, in OUR PHOTOS of the Contingent on S. S. "STEPHANO."

THE HOLLOWAY STUDIO, LIMITED,

Corner Bates' Hill and Henry Street.

PHONE 768.

War News.

Messages Received Previous to 9 a.m.

ST. PIERRE BULLETIN.
PARIS, via St. Pierre, April 19.
In Belgium, the British troops captured near Zwartelene, 200 metres of trench, and successfully held on to the same in spite of several counter-attacks.
We have been victorious on both banks of the River Fecht in Alsace, and have advanced on the left bank. We took possession S.W. of Schil les Kerswassen, of Burakorsfeld summit, which commands a direct view of the Valley on the right bank.
In Schneefaurieth district, we progressed remarkably, our troops advancing northward in the direction of the Fecht and Metzeral. In this district we scored important success and occupied a series of heights of which the northern one commands the Fecht's course, opposite Burg-korfeld.
During this operation we captured a detachment of mountain artillery, two 74-millimetre guns and two quick-firers.
A German aeroplane recently flew over Belfort, dropping bombs, and causing a little damage to two sheds, and set afire four powder caissons—no killed or wounded, and material damages slight.
Midnight—Last morning at 3.30, a fierce German counter-attack at Epargues was completely repulsed. In Mortmare Wood an infantry action occurred without any respective result.
In Regneville a sharp artillery duel was notably to our advantage.
In the Vosges our attacks on both banks of the Fecht resulted in our securing new advances, and forcing the enemy to evacuate hastily, Esel-bucke, above Metzeral, where they abandoned a great quantity of war stuffs.
The French aviator, Lieut. Garros, was forced to the ground yesterday at Nigelmunster, 12 kilometres north of Courtail, and has been made prisoner.

BATTLE OF ZWARTELENE.
LONDON, April 20.
The semi-weekly narrative written by an officer at headquarters of the British army in France, under date April 19, was given out to-day by the Official Press Bureau. The writer reports the capture by the British of a German position on the hill to the west of Zwartelene. Both belligerents lost many men. He also reports increased activity in the Army heavier-than-air service, and says four German aeroplanes were brought down within three days. The officer's account says that improvement in the weather since last report has resulted in increased activity of both our own and the enemy's air service. Advantages in exchanges have been with us.
Early on the 15th the enemy shelled our trenches near St. Eloi, heavily plodded a mine under Hill No. 60 on our parapets. No attack followed and the damage was repaired.
On the 16th the enemy exploded three mines in La Bassee district, but they were harmless.
On the evening of the 17th we executed more successfully prosecuted Ypres, connecting with the railway to West Zwartelene. This was followed up by an attack which gained possession of the whole of the enemy's trenches on the Hill. The enemy suffered heavily from the explosion, and we took two officers and fifteen men prisoners in spite of heavy bombardment, toward the morning, and followed this at 6.20 a.m. with a determined counter-attack. This attack was pressed home, and stiff hand-to-hand fighting followed. Our infantry with great gallantry and determination, and well supported by artillery, drove off the enemy with complete success. Our losses were very heavy, but the Germans suffered still more severely from our machine gun fire which caught them in close order in the open.
On April 17th the enemy renewed their attacks, making desperate efforts to regain their positions, which was of great importance. At one time they succeeded in gaining a foothold on the southern slopes of the Hill, but were driven back again. At night the whole Hill was in our hands, and the ground gained had been consolidated.
This morning the enemy's attacks ceased, but they continued to bombard the Hill. In the latter fighting two more officers and 30 men were captured, making a total of four officers and forty-five men.

By S.S. "Stephano," To-Day, April 19.

- N. Y. Turkeys.
- N. Y. Chickens.
- N. Y. Ducks.
- N. Y. Corned Beef.
- California Oranges.
- Bananas.
- Grape Fruit.
- 10 boxes Table Apples.
- 10 boxes N. Y. Baldwin Apples.
- Rhubarb.
- Pineapples.
- Celery.
- Tomatoes.
- Cucumbers.
- New Cabbage.
- 100 half sacks N. B. Potatoes.
- 100 half sacks Calico Potatoes.
- 30 bags Turnips.
- 1,000 Gross
- SEA DOG SAFETY MATCHES, 6c. Gross.
- Purity Butter, 2 lb. prints. (Fresh every week.)
- Lima Beans, 10c. lb.
- Flash, 13c. tin.
- Large Sweet Oranges, 20c. doz.
- Cranberries, 30c. gall.
- 2 lb. tin Cooked Corned Beef, 46c
- Libby's Salad Dressing, large 40c, 30c.
- GOLD MEDAL FLOUR, 8c. stone.
- NO ADVANCE IN OUR FEAS.
- Buildog40c. lb.
- Dannawalla50c. lb.
- 10 per cent. discount off 5lb. lots.

T. J. Edens



"Get That Cough Before It Gets You."

Why are you still suffering from that miserable cough or nasty hack that you have had for such a long time?

Try Phoraton Cough Cure!

Price 25 cts.; postage, 5 cts. extra. Prepared only by **DR. F. STAFFORD & SON, St. John's, Newfoundland.** Manufacturers of **The 3 Specialties.** Stafford's Liniment. Stafford's Prescription "A." Stafford's Phoraton Cough Cure. ap20,11

declined to answer a question concerning the purchase of breweries and distilleries by the Government, saying that the House must wait a general statement of the policy of the Government.
EXCITEMENT IN VIENNA.
COPENHAGEN, April 20.
Special messages from Vienna state that great excitement prevails there owing to information received from Trentino. It is believed that war with Italy is imminent. The Italian Embassy is said to be prepared for departure.
BRITISH SUBMARINE E-15.
LONDON, April 20.
The British Admiralty announced to-day that the British submarine E-15 was destroyed in the Dardanelles by British boats. The submarine grounded on Kephez Point last Saturday, and was in danger of falling into the enemy's hands in a serviceable condition. Great efforts were made by the Turks to secure her. Attempts to destroy her by long range fire from the battleships failed. During the night of the 18th two picket boats, that of the Triumph and Majestic, manned by volunteer crews and attacked the submarine, under heavy fire, rendering her useless. One picket boat was holed and sunk, but the crew was saved. Vice-Admiral De Roebuck speaks in the highest terms of all concerned in the gallant enterprise.

Government Relief Or Work.

Which is Best for the People? Editor Evening Telegram:
Dear Sir.—There is just now in this district, and I suppose in all the other districts of the Island, a large amount of relief given to those in need. I am sorry to say that many of the latter in this district at least are simply obtaining goods under false pretense, and should be punished. This giving out of relief might be tolerated during the winter months when it would be hard to find work for the needy. But at the present time it should not be. All our roads are in need of repairs—thousands of cart loads of clay and gravel could be secured and put on the roads which are sorely in need of just such work. The water-pipes in many parts of the town are corroded after in some cases of 40 years of service and the supply is not what it ought to be. Some \$900 or \$1,000 is in the bank for the Guy Hospital, talked of so much in 1910. Why not secure a site, have a foundation dug out and give the work to the laborers who are now receiving their dole of poor relief. Then only those who really need the work would do it, and much imposition would be avoided. I know of cases here where men are hard pressed after the winter. They are in need of work, as the "wolf" is close by but they cannot nor will not take the flour and molasses offered by the Relieving Officer "to do until a specified time." If the works above mentioned were opened up and the \$1,000 in bank for the hospital spent for that purpose as far as it would go it would be so much done towards that much desired end, besides relieving the people and leading to a certain extent the imposition at present practised. The men who are working now for the same wages they worked for before the war are to my mind the worst off. The high price of all the necessities makes their wages equal to only about half what it was before, and there is no relieving officer for them.
There should be a thorough investigation in all cases of destitution, and where cases are known to be genuine relief should be given, not only flour, molasses and tea, but some meat as well, as with flour at its present price a little meat could well be given—it would be economy to do so. In every case of imposition discovered the most severe punishment should be meted out. What will happen if the present state of affairs is allowed to continue.
Thanking you for space.
Yours, etc., X. Y. Z.
Harbor Grace, April 19, 1915.

A BERLIN REPORT.
BERLIN, April 20.
Among the items given out for publication to-day by the Overseas News Agency, were the following: Special mail reports from East Africa state that in a two days' battle German troops near Pangani routed a strong force landed from a British cruiser and transports. The British lost 700 men, among them four companies captured, besides many rifles and large stores of ammunition. The German casualties were seven officers, thirteen men killed, fourteen officers and twenty-two men wounded.

RECRUITING SATISFACTORY.
LONDON, April 20.
Earl Kitchener is very grateful because of the responses of the nation to his recruiting appeals, Lloyd George told the Commons this afternoon. The speaker added that the Government did not believe the war could be more successfully prosecuted by means of conscription. He

This Date in History.
APRIL 21.
New Moon—14th
Days Past—110 To Come—254

ALEXANDER THE GREAT died B.C. 323, aged 33. King of Macedonia, who from the first showed himself fitted for mighty military exploits. He possessed himself of all the cities along the shores of the Mediterranean, conquered Egypt, established Greek Colonies in India and finally retired upon Babylon intent on building up an Empire of which that ancient city should be the capital, but died eleven days after his arrival there.
DIAGENES died B.C. 323, aged 90. The celebrated Greek cynic philosopher who is said to have lived in a tub, wearing the coarsest clothing and living on the plainest food. Many of his sayings have been preserved.
MARK TWAIN died 1910, aged 75. Well known American humorist.
THE BARONESS BURDETT CUTTS born 1814. Inheriting the great wealth of Cutts, a London banker, she has distinguished herself by the financial aid she has given to benevolent and philanthropic schemes for which Queen Victoria conferred a peerage upon her.
CHARLOTTE BRONTE born 1816. The most famous of the sisters; created the well-known "Jane Eyre."
SIR HUGH HOYLES, first native Chief Justice of Newfoundland, sworn in 1865.

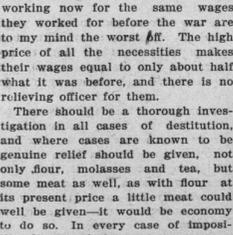
As houses well stored with provisions are likely to be full of mice, so the bodies of those that eat much are full of diseases.
—Diogenes.

Vigorol
A SPRING TONIC.

The latest medicine on the market is the Great French Tonic VIGOROL. Every home should have it. VIGOROL tones the whole system. Run-down men and women can be made strong and healthy. It tones you at once. That tired, dragging, sleepy feeling is removed, and you become light and cheerful. The blood is purified, pimples and blotches are removed and a clear skin is the result, and life becomes worth while. Do you need toning up? Well, then get a bottle of VIGOROL at all drug stores. 1

"The Innocent Deliah."
"An Innocent Deliah" the great two reel feature shown at the Crescent Picture Palace to-day contains an interesting story and is a Viagraph production which is a guarantee of its superior photography and staging. John Bunny, the fun maker, appears in a splendid comedy, and two other feature reels. See the regular ad. for particulars.
On Monday the Crescent shows a three reel feature: "The Old Flute Player." Every day the Crescent shows are good; take in to-day's show and spend a pleasant hour.

HANDY CLOTHES SPRINKLERS.
—15 cents. CHESLEY WOODS, Agent. Agents wanted. They sell like hot cakes.—ap21,1f



House Cleaning.
The annual return of this distressing and most contagious condition is now near at hand. What can be done towards reducing its horrors to suffering manhood? One thing should occur to you, that is to see that those books that are piled up in back rooms, on tables and mantels and spoiling by exposure should be housed in dustless, elastic, sectional, economical book-cases of the famous

Globe-Wernicke
PERCIE JOHNSON,
Agent for Newfoundland.

Published by Authority.
1ST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT HEADQUARTERS.

St. John's, Nfld., April 20th, 1915.
Regimental Orders.
By Lieut.-Col. Sir W. E. Davidson, K. C. M. G., Officer Commanding. [No. 12.]
"E" Company.
(a) To be Company Quartermaster Sergeant, L. C. Murphy, Esq.
(b) It is notified for information that Capt. W. H. Franklin has been promoted to the temporary rank of Major with effect from the date of gazette. Major Franklin was gazetted under date of March 25th, 1915, to the rank of Major (temporary) in the British Army.
Major Franklin is now attached to the 16th Warwickshire Regiment (Territorial Force), South Midland Division, which has proceeded abroad.
A. MONTGOMERIE, Captain and Adjutant.

His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint Messrs. Edward Bannister, Alexander Steviour, John King, Jacob Gardner and John Anderson, to be the Road Board for British Harbour, District of Trinity; Messrs. Francis Ryan, James Walters, Sr., Robert Hobbs, Edmund Wells, Sr., Robert Owen, to be the Road Board for Champneys, District of Trinity; Messrs. Albert E. Butler, William Bannister, (of Wm.), Benjamin Bailey, and Heber Bannister, and Adam R. Randall, to be the Road Board for Port Rexton, District of Trinity. Department of the Colonial Secretary, April 20, 1915.

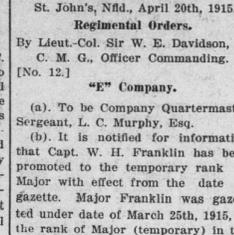
Last Night's Lecture.

Rev. Dr. Bond lectured to a large gathering at the Methodist College Hall last evening. Rev. Dr. Fenwick presided, and after the rendition of two stanzas of "All Hail the Power" and the reciting of the Lord's Prayer, introduced the lecturer, who for upwards of two hours detailed a humorous and interesting account of his trip to the border mountains of Tibet; his visit to the Great Republic of China and his experiences in Eastern China, the latter forming a particularly interesting part of the discourse. The lecture was illustrated with lantern slides and several picturesque views of the strange places travelled over were thrown on the screen. A vote of thanks was tendered at the close by Rev. C. A. White-mars and Rev. N. M. Guy, which the lecturer acknowledged in Chinese language. The magic lantern was manipulated during the lecture by Mr. Thorpe, of the College staff.

Beothic Home.

Reports Good Prospects for Wooden Ships.
The s.s. Beothic, Capt. Wm. Winsor, arrived back from the northern seal-fishery last evening. The ship reports the conditions as the worst on record and was jammed most of the time in the ice, though the Beothic was more fortunate in getting more seals than the other steel ships. Early in the voyage, Capt. Winsor was stricken with an attack of rheumatic fever. For a time he was seriously ill, but recovered soon after. While trying to move about in the heavy ice, the Beothic had a blade of her propeller carried away and also got her rudder damaged. Ten days ago when the ship got free, plenty of whitecoats were rounded up but when once disturbed the young seals would take to the water. Capt. Winsor thinks that if there had been guns on board, a load might have been secured. The Beothic's catch amounts to 3,300, practically all "beaters." Capt. Winsor reports that the chances of the Eagle and Bloodhound, the two wooden ships remaining out till the end of the voyage, getting fine trips of seals are bright. As it is now both ships have saving trips. The Eagle is reported to have 11,000. The day before the Beothic left the ice for home the Bloodhound was taking plenty of old seals and is believed to have 8,000 stowed down. Nearly all the Beothic's crew were landed at the various northern outposts where they belonged.
Shantung weaves in silk and linen are used this season.
The long coat is now an interesting feature of the wardrobe.
Sweaters of brilliant color are worn with white silk dresses.
You can wear separate skirts and shirtwaists and be in good style.

IN STOCK!



Barbed and Plain Wire Fencing, Field Fencing, Wire Netting—all sizes.
Long and D. Handle Spading Forks.
4, 5 and 6 Prong Manure Forks.
Garden Rakes, Shovels, Spades, Mattocks, Garden Sets, Garden Hoes

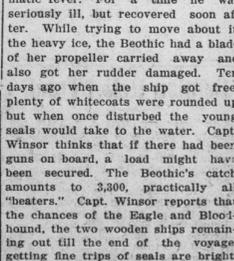
MARTIN HARDWARE Co.
Limited,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

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Take home to-morrow a few bags of **MOLASSINE MEAL,**

Especially valuable now that feeds are so high, because in addition to its own food value, its special digestive properties enable the animal to derive the full nutriment from all its other foods.
Makes cows give more milk and good rich milk.
Keeps horses hard. Used by the British Army for cavalry horses.
Keeps all animals healthy and in good condition.
Full directions tagged on each bag.
Be careful about the exact name.
"MOLASSINE" MEAL (Registered). For sale by
Steer Bros. H. J. Brownrigg.
McCarthy Bros. T. J. Edens.
Ayre & Sons, Ltd. W. E. Bearn.
A. E. Worrall. Rothwell & Bowring, Ltd.
Etc. M. F. Caul, Etc.

Buster Brown!



"BABY BUSTER SHOES" FOR THE LITTLE TOTS
LET THE LITTLE FOLKS WEAR "BUSTER BROWN" SHOES. TOO
"Electric signs," said Buster Brown, "Do certainly look gay. There are so many 'round the town— They turn night into day; Signs of things to try and use, But here's one sign of joy— Buy Buster Brown Blue Ribbon Shoes For every girl and boy!"
NEW STYLES JUST IN.
F. SMALLWOOD,
LADIES' DEPARTMENT.