LEAGUE!

eling!-Twenty Persons rilliant Achievement!!-psed!!-- Bloody Calas-

mounced by us last week, orfolk House on Saturday the formation of a Branch, of the seditious Associatised in Montreal. "A takin notes" informs us y persons were present, se residente of Bimcoe.— country, the "Windham The conspirators having , labouring under a salu-isterial interference, little as transacted, and after a sincubation a circum-which caused them to ruptly. It seems that he canne species which mally with their presence, be an unfortunate little to a Reformer from on the fact of its ownered, at once became the "we believe,) by way of y, proposed the curtail-animal's posterior eppention he was seconded by from Walpole. To the ting, the proposition was y! and the dog having word procured, the misras instantaneously de-ee-fourths of its tail! to manly exploit !dog and the triumphant aguers having attracted a worthy landlord to the exercise in which they and feeling indignant at rocities being perpetrat-rediately ordered them to a hurry, otherwise he tother's son of them into ing on the hint, they king off amongst them rend as a trophy of their rminated the attempt to Norfolk.—Simcoe Advo-



UNE 1. 1849.

FAILURE! Jape:s, this is the poorest in Stranorlan, and I have ore, but this beats them ied it drank and I have cursed and swore, and king language to all sorts nd even dragged my own eet defying any man of o set a foot on the tails and bad luck to the neze out of them at all at s, its dull times all out!" are now exactly in the I sworn, and blustered ned public property, and insuited and struck th and attempted to dehey cannot " make the The times have changed. iod when the designing d produce a rebell n as they pleased. The ready to be led away by el that could make a omise the redress of a ary grievance; but the ight has come into the f industrious worth are can no longer be led ution is proposed or a arises in the minds of Who are the Leaders in this new Drama scheme has originated ard by a lot of worthless who have never done te fruits of their indus the Revolutionists are malised themselves, by th tradesmen and merneither the will nor the tir renown has arisen erous swallowings of se of the "Landlord:" ated, soaking nuisance discover that the men the hungry cormorants tyranny and oppresoring man merely as a ontemptible tool in the cure dainties for their he laboring man-the the Revolution-the at their true value.-

mply and most agree-movement of the The whole history dwindle into a mere Tory hullabuloe about lies and alarms which anufactured and sent vince, were sufficient r, and the most flag uffianism, sanctioned put in requisition to Government of the the accursed ascenyism, or at least prowhat has been the the Province looked and scrutinized the ce discovered that it and dregs-the idle st only by fraud and aw the howling mass or the sons of the s shackled the sinews sined the Province; resumed their labor, My soul come not

hogor be not thou united," Thus perished the Irish, Dutch, or French-Protestant or Catholic, French are just about to cat up the British ! Orangemen or Ribbonmen, they have, in reality, This kind of ludicrious nonsense might be only one common interest, and that is peace and tolerated in a little nursery tale, like " Red Ridsocieties, and divert their attention from the article intended to be serious, in newspapers pretheir foreheads, and power on their nerves and tion and arson. We subjoin a plain statement believe this, in order to subdue with an indignant French and British Representatives in the dif-

FRENCH DOMINATION !.

mere serfs of oppression and pride.

national peculiarities, and foibles, and prejudices, of falsehood, endeavor to rob us of these blessjust so long will there be no common patriotism, ings, is not likely to be soon forgotten, even know him merely as a staunch political partisan no bond of union—no national mind, and coase—though his endeavors should fail.

have an innate residence in the mind of erery a najority of their own origin, of himself. We refuse to be a member of a St. lowing analysis of the composition of the peace, and it is with reluctance that we allude Andrew's society, because we think such things most said the numerical propertion of the peace, and it is with reluctance that we allude most said the numerical propertion of the peace, and it is with reluctance that we allude most said the numerical propertion of the peace, and it is with reluctance that we allude most said to it now. But if Mr. Rich will allow himself rick's. No man has any right to compel us. — We have just as much nationality in our imposo would only make us cling more closely to it, and despise, and even hate the man who would the latter three fills of the total. There make it. Now we allow to Mr. CAUCHON, and fore, in the Ministry, French origin does fore, in the Ministry, French origin does no every other Frenchman in Lower Canada, the same amount of national feeling which we claim for ourself, and the same right to cherish it. And the very principle that would lead us to defend and fight for our own nationality, would induce us to epura the thought of depriving Mr.

Cauchos of his; it is a sacred birthright which no man will touch without incuring the heavy that the department of the property of the pr hatred of the owner. The mere casuality or fact fifteen are of French origin, being less than of the Lower Canadians living in a British Colony, is no argument why they should give up their own manners, and customs, and language, and become British! We might just as reasonably demand the same unnatural sacrafice of the Germans who inhabit some localities in of the Germans who inhabit some localities in Upper Canada, and the consequence would be that they would not only hate us for our arbitrary impudence, but they would flee from our tyranny. Or, supposing an attempt was made to compel the Loyal Highlanders of Glengarry to abandon the Gaelic lauguage, and their highland habits and manners; they would at once renounce their them to the the control of the two sections of the Province have a majority of siz over their adversaries. How then can the Tories dare undertake to expect the pational registration of the propulsation of the propulsation. kyalty, and avenge the intolerable insult with cite the national prejudices of the populatheir blood. No good man can have any sympathy with this kind of clar-trap watch-word them in the face? thy with this kind of clap-trap watch-word about Anglo-Sazons, that is attempted to be of the French Canadians at present. It is a act which few will be disposed to dispute that

a very large and an important portion of the British population of Canada are not Anglo-Saxn. And if Anglo Saxon is merely to be know its power and will to trample on the nationa rights of others, then the less of it we possess th better; names cannot sanctify crime nor change the nature of oppression and injustice. But the most amusing absurdity of this Anglo-Saxor gammon is, that the Tories claim the whole vir tue to themselves, while at the sametime they are led by Sir Allan McNas, who has just as li Saxon blood in his veins as Louis Joseph Papi NEAU! Sir Allan by thus identifying himse with a party who are so lavish in their insults o the Gael, and so blustering of their Saxon blood must certainly have rendered himself very des picable in the estimation of his Celtic brethern the Scottish Highlanders. We hope the Highlandmen of Canada have enough of soul to de

The handful of Canadian Tories are no longer satisfied with endeavoring to trample on the

clare him an unworthy Clansman, but,

Into their secret-water their assembly, mine of the French Canadians, they have discovered loudly, form but a small fraction of the pop- In our next we shall endeavour to give a copy the Hubgarians, but it is thought that it that the intelligent and upright British Tory Rebellion and its "league," and thus will tion of Canada are disposed to regard the Lower Canadians as creatures of the same God, and subjects of the same Sovereign, and will no lonkind will only protect themselves by the exer-cise of those reasoning faculties which God has even cruelty; hence the discomfitted tories have given for their protection. They require no changed their tactics, and instead of crying Leagues nor secret associations -no violence nor "down with the French," they have raised house-burning. Their interest lies in justice, terrible houl about French domination ! Instead mercy, and peace-be they Scotch, English, of the British exterminating the French, the

reat object of their common prosperity, is their tending to talent and respectability, such as the triguing and wicked men to seduce them from it will be seen, in the first place, that the whole their allegiance to heaven, and make them the French members are not nearly a fair representaseemed to anticipate the arbitary extinction of brace one fifth part of the whole population .divide one portion of the population from another. We would suppose that they had really the prosdo good and are, therefore, to say the very least but their present policy is certainly reprehensi-of them, uscless and silly. The inhabitants of ble, and whatever may be their opinions with rehappy and a prosperous home for millions of man- have happily been unsucceasful, we believe that energy, and enterprise of the whole inhabitants. had merely been beat in a game at cricket or posed to cling to, and foster, their own little would wilfully, and through the instumentality gence of integrity, and a worthy member of so-

quently no national purpose or enterprize in Can'da, and the scenery of the wilderness, and the dawn of civilized life, will just continue to be our prominent characteristics.

But while we have no sympathy with these But while we have no sympathy with these ter themselves that by exciting national an-But while we have no sympathy with these systematic means of keeping up national distinctions and prejudices, and have at the sametime a decided confliction that such national feelings they will succeed in rallying to their cause

the half of the total. In carrying researches further, it is found hat among the English Members of the

But this is not all. In the electoral dis-

In Lower Canada In Upper Canada..... Total represented by Reformers of English origin

By Tories of English origin, in Lower Canada....
In Upper Canada...
Total represented by Tories of English origin

By which it appears that the Liberal majority, indopen-dent of the Franco-Canadians, amounts to Adding to that the population of the Electoral Districts of Lower Canada, represented by Franco-Canadians, it is

found that the liberal population of all the Province, forms in round numbers -- 1,200,000 Of the Tory Electoral Disstrict 290,000 Leaving a Liberal Majority of 910,000
These facts, which are incontestable and
can be easily verified need no comment. civil rights, and obliterate the national feelings They prove clearly that those who talk so

IMPARTIAL. Hamilton, C. W., May, 1849.

THE ASSIZES.

In consequence of the entire absence of crim nal cases at our Court of Assize last week, we were disappointed in our anxious wish, to hear a lordship had no subject to speak upon ; and thereore, his Address to the Grand Jury, was short and comparatively uninteresting. He complimented them very highly on the beauty and ferthe right to the franits of their own industry.—

inghood," or "Jack the Giantkiller;" it would the man who would sow division among them—who would split them up into little party

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the man who would split them of their being no crime to be subjected to their consideration. His Lordship seemed a little out nemy; and ought to be regarded and treated British Colonist and the Modtreal Transcript, of humour with the apology for a Court House as a villian. They require no fighting nor not only the romance, but the papers containing which continues to be a subject of ridicule for as a villian. They require no ngaing not only the romance, out the papers contained which continues to be all strangers who visit our prosperous District; promote their interests—their principles are every intelligent man must feel sorry to see such but as Judge Sullivan is naturally and habitually promote their interests—their principles are deeply established in nature, and their interests depend entirely on their obedience to the laws of Patriot, and the Montreal Gazette, and becoming dissatisfaction with the Court House must have Their Creator has written Divinity apon the vehicles of the despicable clap-trap of sedi- been entirely relieved by the gigantic displays of professional talent and the bursting appeals of museles, and they only require to know and of facts in reference to the relative proportions of eloquence with which our loyal gentlemen adorned that paltry Court House! Still, we doubt much. frown, the tumults and violence raised by in- ferent branches of the Legislature; from which if he left Goderich with a higher opinion of the people than he entertained when he entered it .-The Grand Jury was composed of 18 veryrespectation of the whole French population! It will be table Tories, whether by chance or design we say seen, in the second place, that the Tory faction of the Province have far more than their own Tories of the first water; some of them furious, and in harmony with the recognised laws share of the Representation ; and it will be seen, a few of them not proverbial either for their in-Sour time ago we published an extract of a in the third place, that even throwing aside the telligence or prudence. Most of them, in fact Letter of Mr. Cauchon, the member for Mont- whole French members and their constituencies, are members of the "League," or rather we, morency-on the Bill for increasing the Repre- the liberal population represented by British should say that if four of them were removed sentation and we intended to offer a few remarks members, is nearly tiree to one over the Tories the remaining fourteen would be the "Leugue" upon the tenor and spirit of the Letter, but we of the whole Province, and that Toryism in They presented that they entertained fears that omitted to do so at the time. Mr. Cauchon United Canada does not, at this moment, em- the efficiency of the Huron Magistracy, and the second to anticipate the arbitary extinction of brace one fifth part of the whole population.— cause of Justice would suffer by the omission of French nationality in Lower Canada, and like These are facts in figures—they are written in the name of Wm. Bennett Rich, Esq., in the new every ether trae Patriot, in fact, like every other the statistics of the country, and are accessible Commission of the Peace! Whether or not, these man who claims a "native land," his anticipator of the every man who will take the trouble to ask eighteen men were selected for the express purfiens were gloomy and affecting. We are total- for them. And would the Transcrept and the pose of making this very extraordinary presently opposed to the practice of keeping alive na- Colonist, and other widely circulated journals, ment, we neither know nor care; but we feel tional distinctions in Canada, hence we have honestly bring these facts before their readers, a pride in believing that there are not other eight no tympathy with St. Andrew's societies, St. instead of retailing the "French ascendency," teen men in the District who would have brought Patrick societies, St. George's societies or any "French domination," and "French Masters" forward this presentment. We do not at all other societies that have a tendency to isolate or of the Gueette, the Patriot, and the Speciator. question the sincerity of the Grand Jurors, their presentment was delivered on a solenn oath, However harmle a, or convivial, or amusing these perity of the country at heart, and were entitled hence we are bound to believe in their sincerity, a portion of a very interesting article on the institutions may be, they are not calculated to to the respect of the peaccable and industrious; but their sincerity has not the slightest effect in "Improvement of Idiots," from a late numchanging the nature of the presentment, and ber of the Westminster Review; and a that we unhesitatingly and fearlessly declare to this country, are a promiscuous assemblage of gard to the legality of supporting their party by the people of many countries; this is a young such means, there is a probability that their cal but a great country. Its reseources only require culations are false. They have used their into be properly developed in order to make it a fluence to derange society, and although they entious in the belief of what they delivered on solemn oath in the presence of God-and we are kind; and the proper developement of these regood and intelligent men will not regard their decources afford an ample object for the undivided teat in the same spirit of indifference, as if they
Wm. Bennett Rich, E-q., or any other single individual, credit for the peace and morality of And so long as Scotchmen, and Irishmen, and shuttlecock. The blessings of peace and indus- the District, is an insuit offered to the inhabit-Englishmen, and Dutchmen are, each party, dis- try are invaluable to Canada; and the man who ants. That Mr. Rich is a gentleman of intelli-

> ciety, we have no inclination to dispute. We and even to this we do not object; but we emphatically deny that he is entitled to be placed at the head of the department of morals in the Couty of Huron, believing conscientiously that the District contains hundreds of men, whose "walk and conversation" are atdeast as beneficial to the cause of Morality as the influence of Mr. Rich. We would not attempt to degreciate the value of any man. We would not have alluded to the disof Mr. Rich from the commission of the

Andrew's society, because we think such things useless if not prejudicial to the country's prosperity, but our refusing to join the St. Andrew's is certainly no argument why we should be compelled to join the St. George's or the St. Patrick's. No man has any right to compellus.—

The Cab net is composed of ten Mem. In the Magisterial office; then we must submit to the performance of our duty as a public.

The Cab net is composed of ten Mem. Journalist. And we have resolved that no man. shall, with impunity be permitted to throw dust poses, so long as we are able to write a faithfu

exposure of the imposition.

The presentment of the Grand Jury, in this espect, we look upon as altogether out of place, and eminently calculated to disgrace the District heavy Corn market still depressed, and this Lordship smiled at the preposterous nature of it, and remarked that it did not come within parcels of Western canal flour. Indian is one bill by the Government, the Province of his Jurisdiction! And L. Heyden, Esq., Clerk of the Crown, humorously observed afterwards, that, the "Grand Jury showed a strong prediliction to wander considerably beyond the Record!" The following are the names of the Grand Jurors:

Aifred W. Otter Esq., Foreman. George Brown, Jr. Ross Rebortson, D. II. Ritchie, John Clark, C. Van Egmond Lud-wig Myers, Robert Bell, J. Scott, W. F. McCulloch, James Watson, William Piper, A. Naftell, J. Lawrason, D. Brownson, Charles Widder, John Haldane, Scn. David Clark, Esqs.

We have no inclination to offer anything to the Whig Ministry a new tenure of in the shape of reasoning to the Tories; their conduct for the last four months has put them beyond the pale of all discussion. They seem alike prepared to cavil at theory, and to give a flat denial to demonstrable truths; therefore, we about Anglo-Sazons, that is attempted to be made a sort of signal for trampling on the rights made a sort of signal for trampling on the rights of the French Canadians at present. It is a that the population is:—

Solvential for mill be discorded to dismost the consideration of the french Canadians at present. It is a that the population is:—

The tricks represented in the Legislature by consider them irreclaimable, and do not write for their information or amendment; but as we are that the population is: for want of proper information, been led astray 516,601 and imposed on by the reckless assertions, and unblushing falsehoods of these wretched fragments of human depravity. We have, in today's paper, given a copy of the "Rebellion Losses Bill," as it did pass, and is now the law of the land. And we trust that by duly comparing the Bill itself with the "thousand and one" 293,476 falsehoods and alarms which have been circulated and belched forth at little meetings about it, every honest man will be enabled to form a just appreciation of the value of Tory veracity and honor. The Tories, lost to every sense of shame and decency, assert, even in the face of the Bill, that it is intended to pay rebels. It would be payingtoo much respect to them to contradict them; the assertion, in as far as cowardliness and contemptibility are concerned, is just equivelent to knocking out a man's brains for an intention to the 4th and fifth: the troops and people were frighting in the city. It was list removed that an insurrection had broken out at Bresting out a man's brains for an intention to the 4th and fifth: the troops and people were frighting in the city. It was list removed that an insurrection had broken out at Bresting in the city. It was list removed the steep of much to put my "House in Order." I half a favour if all my Creditors would esteem it. a favour if all my Creditors would enter in Mr. Lapeaser's large brown of Straford, for such term of years as may be agreed on. Also wanted immetant is society, all bonds of confidence, whether verbal or written, would soon be rendered valueless.—

TO BRICK-MAKERS.

The Brick-making Machines, would esteem it. a favour if all my Creditors would esteem it. a favour if all my Creditors would esteem it. a favour if all my Creditors would esteem it. a favour if all my Creditors would esteem it. a favour if all my Creditors would esteem it. a favour if all my Creditors would esteem it. a favour if all my Creditors also to RENTC a Brick-making Machines, and the proposed in the city. It was destructed and broken out at Brest and insurrection had broken out at Brest and insurrection in the city. It was destructed as much to put my "House in Order."

I Half's Patent Brick-making Machines, and the continued esteem it. a favour if all my Creditors would esteem it. a favour if all my Creditors also to RENTC a Brick Town of Straford, for such term of years and broken out at Coblentz.

Town of Straford, for such term of years and broken out at Brest and insurrection had broken out at Brest and insurrection in the city. It was deather that an insurrection to put my "House in Order."

I Half's Patent Brick making Machines, and the city and the continued success of the Half's Patent Brick making the conti

of the Tory Bill passed by the Metcalfe Loyalists for paying the Upper Canada Rebellion Losses, and then our readers will be able to judge which of the two is more stringent in regard to the

exclusion of Rebels. We have an utter aversion to talking o writing about Chalera, because, in the firs speicmen of Judge Sullivan's eloquence. His place, we are opposed to alarms of every kind, lordship had an artistic speich and in the speich speich and in the speich spei and, in the second place, we came to the conclu-sion that the rumors that were raised, and the preparations that were made for the reception of cholera, in every town and village in Scotland in the years 1832-34, did not prevent, but rather increased the virulence and mortality of the desease. For these reasons we have not hitherte said anything regarding the prevalence and rava ges of cholers in Britain and the European con tinent, during the present year. And we mere ly whilede to it now, for the purpose of intimating that our friend Dr. Russel of Montreal, has writ ten an Essay on "The operation of Physica Agencies in the functions of organized Bodies,' in which is embodied the most plausible and scientific theory of the cause and nature of this appalling pestilence, which we have yet read. The Essay appeared first in the "British American Journal of Medical and Physical Science," and is now published in a neat little pamphlet by J. C. Becket of Montreal. We recommend a peruportant subject divested of Quackish Mystery, and treated upon simple common sense princiof Nature.

The League!!!!!" We are much pleased to learn that Thomas Christie, Esq.; of St. Marys, and John Sparling, Esq., of Blanshard, have just the same connection with the Goderich "Mack's League," as Mr. S. H. Mountcastle has, namely, their names have been paraded on the 1st of Committee men without their consent, and under their most unqualified disapprobation ! This is the way to get up a seditious League? Eh!

Among the many remarkable broductions of the age, two of the most remarkable will be found on our first page, viz:monstrous proposition about the assessina-tion of Emperors, Princes, &c., which we of Prince Edward District, was also sent cut from the Birmingham Journal. We cut from the Birmingham Journal. We down in charge of the Hastings Deputation request a perusal of both as we intend to -Victoria Chronicle. offer some remarks on them at our first convenience.

issues, the welcome resuscitation of the Toronto Mirror from the ashes of the conflagration. The Mirror has come forth in an enlarged and improv ed form ; and as there are few journals in Canada successfully, we carnestly hope that the patronage bestowed upon it may be increased in proportion to its increased merits, and its extensive | Ex adaptation to do good.

Of It is with great pleasure we learn com the Montreal papers, of the safe ac-puchement of the Countess of Elgin. Her Ladyship presented His Excellency with a son and heir, on Wednesday last the 16th instant. The Montreal Herald of Saturay, announces that her Ladyship and the fant Lord Bruce are well.—Globe:

From the Globe-Extra. ARRRIVAL OF THE

CALADONIA.

NEW YORK, 9 A. M.

The steamer Caladonia arrived at Halifax with dates from Liverpool to the 12th of May, she brings £25,000 sterling in specie. Cotton market after an advance Cla closed Corn slightly improved in the early part of measure was considered was passed through. I say the week. The closing sales were 31s, to 32s, for white, and 32s, 6d, a 33s, for yellow, with moderate demand. Batcon declined 1s, per cwt. Lard quoted at 33s, a 34s. Beef unchanged. Money market less firm. Consols for discount closed at 1MPLRIAL PAR

The Caladonia arrived at Boston at S A.

ENGLAND:

The Bill for the modification of the Navigation Laws, has been carried in the House of Lorde, by a majority of 10 in favour of the Ministry.

Those laws may now be considered as

It is expected that the sentence of trans-ortation of S. O'Brien and McMmannus all be carried into effect. The rumour is urrent that the prosecution of Duffy wil-

The whole of Continent of Europe seems ready to burst into one general confligra-

oughout all the various divisions of Gerby and their respective Princes has ightful conflict has already taken place. Intelligence from Dresden to the 8th ates, that hostilities still raged between the Royalists and the insurgeuts, to the disadvantage of the latter, without any innediate prospect of their termination.—
The Members of the Provisional Government had been out-lewed, and a reward elicred for their apprehension.
At Leipsic, also, disturbances have broken

ut, but after a short struggle between the ilitary and the populace, they were recessed, several of the rioters were killed.

will require more than the combined powers of Russia and Austria to put down this

national insurrection.

The London papers says that a joint note the preduction of Great Britain and France, has been addressed to the Court of St. Petersburgh, intimating their disapproval of Russia intercention in the Austrian and Hungarian dispute, and insisting that such

VICTORIA DISTRICT ADDRESS.

On Tuesday last, a deputation consisting f the following gentlemen, left for Montre I, to present the address from this County o His Excellency the Governor General. His Excellency the Correlation Thurlow, Maj r Donald McLetlan, Thurlow, Joseph Canniff, J. P. & D. G. Thurlow, Mr. Peter Danyes, Thurlow.

Mr. John Philips, do.
John S. Huffman, J. P. & D. C. Sidney
Calch Gilbert, J. P., Sidney.

Capt. R. Davis, do.
Mr. T. D. Garley, do.
John Sweeny, D. C., Tyendinaga.
The Deputation to present the Address rom tho Town, took its departure at the . L. Coleman, A. Judd, and S. Stephens,

The address to Lord Elgin from Hastings

was more numerously signed than any other that ever left this county. Men of all alasses and creeds put down their names: Ministers of Religion, Justices of the Peace District Councillors, Officers of Mulitia, and indeed, all interested in the support of peace and good order, displayed their enthusiasm by coming forward and giving their names. The officials of this District knew that the Address was in progress, but none offered to sign it except the Sheriff. We are una-ble to say with certainty just now whether he others are those disturbers of the peace who have signed petitions to the Queen to recall Lord Eigin. We can state with cer-minty that our Address to his Excellency contains a great majority of the names of the adult male population of this District.— The address for the town was got up in six hours, and is signed only by freeholders and househoulders over 21 years of age; as it was circulated the day the deputation left, mercis, and after the County Address was signed, and it does not contain the eigna-tures of as many persons as it otherwise would. The aggregate number to both Addresses will be given in our next. We believe that a deputation from Lennox and Addington, with an address to Lord Elgin, signed by ndearly two-thirds of the inhabi tants of that county, left Kingston, in com-

BY THIS MORN ING'S MAIL

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

MANTREAL, May 26, 1849. FUNERAL OF SIR BENJAMIN D'URBAN. On motion of Mr. Gugy, seconded by Mr. BALDWIN, it was Resolved-That to enable the members

of this House to attend the fineral of His Excellency the late lamented Sir Benjamin D'Urban, Commander of Her Majesty's Forces in Canada, and as a tribute of sect to His Excellency's memory, this House, when it doth adjourne, do stand adjourned until Tuesday, the 29th day of May, instant.

That the foregoing resolution be commu

That the loregoing resolution be commu-nicated to the surviving members of His Excellency's family.

The Public Lands Management B.II was read a third time and passed.

Session of the Legislature to morrow, (this day) at four o'clock.

Montreal, Friday Evening, 25th May, The Bill to divide the District of Huron was carried through its third reading. This was the only one of the many divisions which was carried. The others were put off till next session, to be taken up together this against it, not that he disapproved of the measure, but because he thought it should

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

The House o' Lords divided on the navigation Bill at a quarter past lour, on the morning of the 9th May. When the num-ber were, Contents 105, Proxies, 68: Noncontents 119, Proxies 44. Majority in avor of the second reading ten. The Dake of Wellington, Lord Aberdees

Huron District, NOTICE IS Neturing thanks to his friends and numerous Customers for the Liberal Pat-

To WIT. Shereby given,
THAT the Court of GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS of the Peace, and hat of the District Court, will be holden in, and for this District, on TUESDAY the Third day of July next, at the Court House in the Town of Goderich, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M. at which time and place, all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Keepers of Gaels and Houses of Correction, High Constables, Bulliffs, and all others concerned. are hereby required to attend, to do and per-form those things which to their respective offices appertain.

JOHN McDONALD

Sheriff, Huron District.
Sheriff's Office, Goderich, List June, 1819.

TO MY CREDITORS.

LOST.

amount £6 10 1 the other No. 574, bunt £7 17 81. Both are dated 20th amount £7 17 84. Both are dated 20th February, 1249. Any person finding the Same, and returning them to the owner William B. Moore, Teacher in No. 2 School Section, Tuckersmith will be handsomely rewarded. All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing these Deben-

Tuckersmith, 1st June, 1849. v2-n17-3t

FARM FOR SALE.

WHE South half of Lot 16, on the 2nd Concession of Wawanosb, will be sold at a noderate price, one half of the purchase money will be required in hand, and the purcha-ser will be allowed to retain the other half for a number of years on common Interest. The land is of excellent quality and well watered. An undisputed fitte will be given.
For further particulars apply to John
Stewart Esq. Barrister Goderich.
Goderich 25th May, 1849. v2-n16

TEA TEAS!! TEAS!!!

THE Subscriber in returning his most sincere thacks to his friends, and the public, for their most liberal patronage, begs leave to inform them that he has just IMPORTED a choice Lot of TEAS, &c., which he ofters for Sale for CASH, BUTTER, WOOL, TIMOTHY SEED, WHEAT, or any other kind of Produce, lower than ever offered here before.

The Subscriber would also intimate that on account of the very large amount of Debts he has standing out, he has closed his Books against all Credit till 1850, and all those persons that have an account will please call and give their Notes,

an account will please call and give their Notes, thereby saving costs. Good BUTTER and WOOL taken for old Debts. OHIO WHISKEY!!

And FINE SALT for Sale, cheap for Cash...
CHRISTOPHER CRABB.
Goderich, May 10th 1849.
2v-n

FOR SALE, VALUABLE FARM IN COLBORNE.

PART or portion of BLOCK 6, in the township of Colborne, Western Division, Huron District, containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, with 25 acres cleared and in good order; fences in repair. There is a good Frame Ilouse [Cottage style], upon the premises, 35 by 32 feet; also, a Frame Bern 50 by 35, and Two Frame Sheds, each 50 feet long, with a Log Farm House in tolerable repair.— There are three running streams of water through the Lot; two of which are in the clearing; a small orcharpabout the Frame House, and a first rate Well inthe cellar. The price of this desirable property is

Messrs. STRACHAN & LIZARS. Solicitors, West-street Goderich, March 22, 1848. 7tf

FOR SALE. TOTS Numbers TWENTY-SEVEN and TWENTY-EIGHT in the Eighteenth Concession of the Township of Fullarton, Huvon District. The Land is well Timbered and Watered. For particulars apply to Messrs. Buchanan, Harris & Co. Hamilton, or to the subscribers, at their offices in Goderich and Stratford.

STRACHAN & LIZARS, Solicitors. & e.

Selicitors, &c. Goderich, 3rd April, 1849.

To be Sold or Let for the Season. ALLS Patent Brick Moulding Machine, and Tempering Mill,—together with Adams' Revolving Brick Receiver. This Adams' Revolving Brick Receiver. This Machine with a horse and very few hands is capable of making from 10,000 to 12,000

Goderich, 30th March, 1849. 2v-n8tf

FOR SALE. THE MAITLAND BREWERY PROPERTY.

TMHS property consists of — acres on the back of the river Maitland, and on the road side leading to Mr. McDouald's Grist Mill, near Goderich. Upon which there is a PREWERY with excellent cellerage, a Mult house and Malt Kiln, all complete. There is also an excellent site for a Distillery on the lot, and the owner has a right to the water on the bank on the site side of the road which is sufficient at all seasons of the year for three such For particulars intending purchasers may

apply (if by letter postage paid) to DAVID DON, Goderich. Goderich, May 11, 1849.

TAILORING the Peel party who voted with the majori-A. NAYSMITH

> ronage which he has received during the past year, begs to intimate that he has jast received an extensive Assortment OF THUS FASIERDES FORISAS. and is ready to Execute all Orders given to him with care and punctuality as formerly. Goderich, April, 12th, 1849. 2v-n10tf

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to the late FIRM of THOMAS GILMOUR & CO., either by Note or Book account, arethereby called upon to come forward without delay, and settle the same with the Subscriber, and by so doing they will save the costs of ROBERT MODERWELL. Goderich, March 23, 1849.

TO BRICK-MAKERS.