

Hon. Robt. Rogers Quotes Laurier's Praise of Kaiser

Recalls Speech of Liberal Leader in Opposition to the Borden Naval Policy and the Senate's Action--Was Regarded With Satisfaction in Germany

(Montreal Gazette)
Winnipeg, July 18.—Hon. Robert Rogers, Minister of Public Works, this evening addressed the five hundred guests who attended the banquet following the annual Manitoba Conservative convention, held here today. The Minister criticized the Liberals for not only having tried to keep Canada from making any preparation to do her duty as part of the Empire, but for having during the war endeavored in many ways to hamper the efforts of the Government. He also sketched the Government's designs for the coming days of peace and the steps to be taken for looking after the immigration which is confidently expected to then pour into Canada. He declared the Government were ready to take care of this development and felt sure of the support of the country in the measures it would initiate. Mr. Rogers, after some introductory remarks, said:

"It is true, for reasons within the common knowledge of all, that we have not had many opportunities for political meetings since the outbreak of war. During that period the Government have been called upon to meet an emergency the like of which no government in Canada has ever been called upon to meet before. We had no precedent to guide us, for never in all our history had we such conditions forced upon us. The Government, however, took hold of the situation determinedly and fearlessly. We recognized that Canada was British to the core and we believed then as we believe now that all loyal Canadians would endorse our every action in taking the necessary steps to aid in the protection of our Empire and securing victory for her flag and our flag. We recognized that in such a crisis assistance promptly given was doubly valuable and, therefore, acted without a moment's delay. Taking that proper position which Canada, the great colony of the Empire, should occupy—that of being the first to lead in our offer of assistance to the Motherland—not only did we act quickly, but we felt there should be no two opinions in Canada that we should act generously and rely upon the support of the people to endorse our generous measures of assistance."

What Sir Wilfrid Said
"Canada was not prepared for war. We are not a warlike people. We are a great industrial, peace-loving people. It is however, undoubtedly true that we should have been better prepared than we were, and had the feelings and policy which you represent been allowed to prevail, we would have been much better prepared than we were. But on that score the Government have no apologies to make. They believed that that danger was grave and serious, hence our naval proposals as made to Parliament, which were there met by the following argument, as made by Sir Wilfrid Laurier. 'I charge upon the administration, sir, that they have submitted this measure to us under false pretences, and I do not consider that observation too strong. I charge upon the administration that they put into the mouth of His Royal Highness the Governor-General assertions which were absolutely unfounded in fact when they placed in the speech from the throne the assertion that a condition of things exists in Great Britain which makes it imperative that the naval forces of the Empire should at once be strengthened. I say there is not the shadow of foundation for such an assertion. There is one fact in the situation which I think shows that there is no intention on the part of Germany to attack England, and that fact is the German Emperor. The German Emperor is undoubtedly one of the great men of the present age. By intellect, by character, by moral fibre, he has shown himself wonderfully endowed. In the first year of his reign some of his utterances sent a shiver through those who had the peace of the world at heart. Many believed that he was perhaps, hankering for glory of military glory. But as he advanced in years, and as crisis after crisis came, his patient influence was always directed towards peace. And the day may come, when, like his illustrious uncle, our late King, he may be called

ally passed the House of Commons and passed on to the Senate it was so mutilated by the irresponsible majority as represented in the upper chamber, as to make it almost unworkable and of doubtful value. To accomplish this crime, it was necessary first of all for that body to set at defiance the law and constitution of our country under the British North American Act which provided for the appointment of senators to meet the growing conditions of Western Canada. The obvious reason for this action on the part of this irresponsible majority was to continue as long as possible the control of Laurierism in Canada. Kind Providence has, however, now put an end to the further practice of crimes against the Canadian people from this quarter."

Using Racial Strife

"What loyal citizen will say this war can be carried on to a successful conclusion without money and without means, yet Laurierism declared by their voice, and vote in Parliament that we must not have the necessary money for this great task. But worse is the general political sniping policy that is being actively carried on by Laurierism. During the past two years, under a supposed truce, under the protection of the white flag, Laurierism has by every contemptible means imaginable endeavored to subject the Government of the day to the most dishonorable and dishonest misrepresentations of our true conditions. Not satisfied with this, they still further exploit war conditions, by that they take advantage of the absence of hundreds of thousands of our best citizens who are serving their King and their country, in the defence of priceless liberty as well as saving the skins of those of us that remain at home. This obviously was regarded as a favorable moment for Laurierism to return, like a dog to his vomit, to the only means by which they have ever had any political success in Canada—that of stirring up race against race, creed against creed, language against language."

"While all this organized exploitation of war conditions for political advantage is being carried on by Laurierism the Government have remained steadfast in the carrying out of the greatest task that has ever fallen to the lot of any Government in Canada to deal with. Under the conditions through which we were called upon to take our share and our part in the great war struggle of the past two years one would have thought that under those trying conditions some semblance of common decency, some semblance of loyalty to Canada at all events, would have characterized the course of Laurierism, but such has not been the case. Well may we say in this trying hour for Canada that 'would to God that we could find, in Laurierism, at least some of that same principle and truth, some of that same loyalty to British connections which were the ever-glowing stars of Liberalism under Brown, Mackenzie and Blake.'

"But let me repeat what I said at the outset, that which no man can deny, that Laurierism has ever opposed every move and every proposal that was designed to bind together in closer bonds of union our great Dominion and the Mother Country. Laurierism has had a measure of success in their operations in the past, when they have been able to carry on their work of spreading their poisonous gases from behind their poison lines of Torres Vedras. For the moment they are attempting to carry on their operations from behind the shield of the Nationalist school—a school for which Laurierism is entirely responsible, as acknowledged and declared through the press and elsewhere by the ablest members of that school, who publicly assert before the world their position and published, as they have, in the following words, that which Laurierism has not attempted and dare not attempt to deny: 'Even suppose it be true that the Nationalists' resistance be inspired from hatred of England, at what school were we given such lessons of hatred and distrust? At the school of the Liberal party under the supreme inspiration and the immediate direction of Mr. Laurier.'

"No province and no people should better understand our true condition than the good citizens of the province of Manitoba. We have in the past had occasion to study Laurierism at the price of the great loss and the great wrong which for years was practiced against us in the refusal of the late Government to allow Manitoba to occupy a position of equality in the family of provinces that form the Confederation of our Dominion."

"I am sure we have not forgotten our great battle for our rights, and let me say that the proudest moment in my life, as a servant of the people of this province, was that moment when I succeeded in breaking down in the House of Commons the last, the final and the determined efforts of Laurierism to further practice injustice to Manitoba. And, let me tell you, that the task was no easy one, by reason of the fact that we not only had to do battle in the House of Commons, but for years we had to do battle with an army of hirelings of Laurierism going about our own province spreading misrepresentations in respect to Manitoba's just claim, and assisting the cause of Laurierism in practicing their crime of injustice against our province. 'Laurierism would like to repeat today this same line with their hired help in the great province of Ontario,

TWO LONG YEARS HE SUFFERED

"Fruit-a-tives" Made Him Feel As If Walking On Air

OBILLIA, Ont., Nov. 28th, 1914.
"For over two years, I was troubled with Constipation, Drowsiness, Lack of Appetite and Headaches. One day I saw your sign which read 'Fruit-a-tives make you feel like walking on air.' This appealed to me, so I decided to try a box. In a very short time, I began to feel better, and now I feel fine. I have a good appetite, and now I feel fine. I eat, and the Headaches are gone entirely. I recommend this pleasant fruit medicine to all my friends."

DAN McLEAN.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

DEATH BLOW TO GERMAN COMMERCE

From the beginning of the war the greatest brain powers of the two great groups of belligerents have waged the greatest battle of sciences in the history of the world. Germany and her allies have used every known means of evading the British fleet to get supplies through to Germany and her allies. Great Britain and her allies have been equally diligent in finding ways to meet every move.

Finally Germany, practically admitting her defeat and the impossibility of either overcoming or avoiding the British fleet. It was this state of affairs that gave Germany her pretext of a reason for resorting to her submarine piracy in retaliation for the blockade. But it did not take British brains long to invent ways and means to meet this illegal practice. She has simply slaughtered these pirating U-boats until Germany, herself, has been forced to give up the campaign.

Suddenly, after they have ceased to operate for several months there was rumor that a giant U-boat was on her way from Germany to the United States, as a peaceful merchantman. Sure enough, she turned up alright and discharged her cargo at Baltimore and is preparing to take a cargo back. Six months ago this very move was predicted in these columns. It was then known that Germany was building several large U-boats as merchant vessels. Now, they state positively that they shall establish a regular service with the United States. Now, again, it is "Mque" of the allies. Can they find some way to wreck this enterprise? We hope so.

Diseases of Potatoes

A timely bulletin issued by the Division of Botany, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, deals with late blight and rot of potatoes. Paul A. Murphy, assistant Plant Pathologist at Charlottetown, P. E. I., is the author and the Bulletin, which is entitled Circular No. 10, can be had free on application to The Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. Both the Director of the Dominion Experimental Farms and the Dominion Botanist agree that the subject is most important, as late blight has caused incalculable losses, but that those losses can be reduced to a minimum by thorough and timely spraying with Bordeaux mixture. Mr. Murphy describes the symptoms very fully. Early blight is prevalent in July and the spots which it causes are characteristically dry, brown, and marked with a series of concentric rings. Late blight makes its appearance in August and September as a rule, although it is always present before it is generally noticed. The first spots, which are usually on the lower leaves or stems are dark brown to purplish black in colour, sometimes surrounded by a ring of light green and they have a water-soaked appearance. In fine weather they dry up and become brown. In moist weather they increase in size and number and may involve the whole plant. An infected tuber is characterized by lurid coloured slightly shrunken areas on the surface that are abnormally hard. Mr. Murphy says that the losses from the diseases are incalculable and that in the United States some time ago they were placed in value at \$36,000,000 a year. In 1915 it is estimated that the loss to Prince Edward Island alone was not less than \$1,000,000 representing 2,000,000 bushels. The damage all over Eastern Canada was about on the same scale. Methods of control by spraying are detailed and the prescription for making the Bordeaux mixture given. The stocking of solution of copper sulphate and milk of lime is advised. Poison for the Colorado beetle can be applied with the Bordeaux as often as necessary. For this, either Paris green or arsenate of lead, or a combination of both may be used, half a pound of the former and a pound and a half of the latter to 40 gallons of spray being sufficient. In very severe cases the quantities of the poison can be increased by half.

St. Swithin's Day Legend Fails

Director Hutchinson of Meteorological Bureau Says Impossible to Have Forty Days of Fine or wet Weather.

St. Swithin's Day, if thou dost rain, For forty days it will remain; St. Swithin's Day, if thou be fair, For forty days 'twill rain na' mair. St. Swithin's Day fell on Saturday and, according to the ancient rhyme, we should now have forty days of dry weather but then the prophecy contained in the old legend has never been known to work out. In fact, according to Director Hutchinson of the St. John meteorological bureau, it is a physical impossibility to have either forty consecutive days of rain or of fine weather and such has never been known. The old saying has, however, been handed down from generation to generation. It is supposed to have originated after the death of St. Swithin, chaplain to one of England's first kings, who died in the year 862. Just as the refuting of the correctness of the conclusions which may be drawn from the legend it is interesting to note that on July 15, 1915, there was a sprinkling of rain but there were only five days in the following sixteen on which rain fell.

On St. Swithin's Day, 1914, the weather was perfectly fine and, during the remaining days of the month, there were five days in which the rain came down. The year 1901, however, gives the legend a really first class opportunity to make good. On St. Swithin's Day, or that year, it rained good and hard. So rapidly did the rain come down that, in ten minutes the precipitation measured half an inch, and like the other years which have been cited, there were only five wet days in the following sixteen. All of which evidently goes to show that, while the old jingle may yet survive, it has never yet made good.

KEEP CHILDREN WELL DURING HOT WEATHER
Every mother knows how fatal the hot summer months are to small children. Cholera infantum, diarrhoea, dysentery and stomach troubles are rife at this time and often a precious little life is lost after only a few hours illness. The mother who keeps Baby's Own Tablets in the house feels safe. The occasional use of the Tablets prevents stomach and bowel troubles, or if trouble comes suddenly—as it generally does—the Tablets will bring the baby safely through. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SUNNY CORNER

Miss Emma Gulliver who is spending the summer in Millerton, visited relatives in Sunny Corner Saturday and Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. George Leach, Nelson, were the guests of the former's mother, Mrs. James Leach, one day last week.
Miss Ida Mullin is in Newcastle this week, visiting her sister, Mrs. Percy Gremley.
Miss Della Taylor spent last week with her cousin, Miss Bridget Mullin. Miss Rose Tozer is the guest of Miss Zella Johnston in Douglastown.
Mrs. Rod Lynch, Maine, is renewing old acquaintances in Sunny Corner. Her many friends are welcoming her here again.

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WHEN YOU ADVERTISE YOU WANT RESULTS

That's What You Expect to Get when you do advertise and that's where we come in

No matter what paper you have tried, results are sure if you try

The Union Advocate

THE HOME PAPER OF NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Results have been produced for hundreds of others who have tried our columns, and we can make good for you. There are two vital points in the advertising game. The first is to select the paper YOU KNOW has the largest circulation, and the second is to look after your advertising, changing your advt. at least twice a month in a weekly paper. The Union Advocate circulates to all corners of Northumberland County, which no other paper does, and is read by more people each week than any other paper. Is there any reason then why it should not be a better advertising medium than any other paper? If you have any doubts about the above, the subscription lists are open to interested bona-fide advertisers, why not investigate? Is it not worth your while? The Advocate has nothing to hide, and will be only too pleased to prove to advertisers the truth of the above statements. In these war times, particularly, advertisers want the very best possible results to be obtained from their advertising, and unless they use the paper that reaches the most people, they are not getting full value for the money they are spending each year. The

Average Circulation

of The Advocate each month is steadily increasing. From January 1st, this year, until May 31st, more than 43,000 copies were printed and put in circulation, and this without special editions or extra runs—bona-fide circulation only. Nearly 45,000 circulation in five months! These figures should interest every advertiser and non-advertiser within the radius that The Advocate is covering.

What Results are You Getting?

Are they satisfactory, or do you not think you should be getting more? If you have any doubts, why not investigate, and when convinced, investigate the advertising power of The Union Advocate. This will cost you nothing, and may prove the foundation of a successful business. Country merchants will be wise in taking this matter into consideration. Some have already done so, and have received surprising results.

YOU WILL FIND A TRIAL WORTH WHILE

DON'T FORGET THAT WE HAVE THE BEST JOB PRINTING

plant in Northern New Brunswick, and can handle all kinds of job work from a dodger to the very finest class of color and plain black printing. Every bit of work turned out of our office has that nice fine printed effect—no clumsy work, such as comes from poor presses and old rollers. The work is done by experienced hands and the proper touch and color is given to it. Samples sent to Canadian and American printers' journals of art have been most favorably commented on, which shows that work turned out from this office ranks with the best or it would not receive recognition at all. It goes to show further that only the best grades of stock are used. We are also prepared now to do a very fine class of

EMBOSSING

by which your letter heads, etc., are improved fully 100 per cent. Programs, cards and menus can alike be improved by a little touch of embossing, and the extra cost is not very great. Drop in and let us show you samples of our work. We are the only office in Northern New Brunswick that does this class of embossing.

You Take No Chances

When you order work at this office. You can rest assured that you will receive the best of consideration, whether your order be large or small. We make no discrimination. Prices are the same to everybody, and stock to suit every line of business is carried. Examine your supply and then let us hear from you.

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