Cloth and Trimmings!

WE HAVE IN STOCK:

OVERCOATINGS, in all the New Colors and Styles.
Coatings, in all the New Colors and Styles,
Trouserings, in all the Leading Styles.
VESTINGS, in all the New Styles.
Linings and Trimmings in great variety.

The attention of Merchant Tailors is particularly directed to our Stock of Hollens and Trimmings, being law in price, excellent in style and unsurpassed in quality and price.

Terms Very Liberal to Close Buyers.

EVERITT & BUTLER,
WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE,
oct10 **55 and 57 King street.**

OAK AND PITCH PINE
TIMBER
For Ship Building purposes, constantly on hand. Also
WHITE PINE BIRCH, &c., &c.
R. A. GREGORY,
Office—FOOT OF SIMONDS STREET - - - - - Portland, St. John, N. B.
References—GUY, STEWART & CO., E. D. JEWETT & CO. feb 13 1y

DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, Dentist.
Office, corner Germain and Duke Streets,
(OPPOSITE VICTORIA HOTEL),
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide (Laughing) Gas. may 7

MARITIME
WAREHOUSING AND DOCK COMPANY!

Storage in Bond or Free. **Cash Advances**
on all descriptions of Merchadize. BANK STERLING CREDITS granted to Importers
Application to be made to
Sept 27 **T. W. LEE, Secretary.**

JAMES D. O'NEILL,
MANUFACTURER OF
OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!
Women's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES!
IN SERGE, KID AND GRAIN LEATHERS.
FACTORY, No. 1 NORTH WHARF, - - - - ST. JOHN, N. B.
July 12 1y

MISPECK MILLS, - - - St. John, N. B.

HOMESPUNS,
IN GREAT VARIETY
All Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds!
ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!!
Also, First Class
COTTON WARPS.

THE above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.
Orders from the Trade respectfully solicited.
WAREHOUSE.....Reed's Building, Water Street.
sep 3 1y d&w **J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent**

BUFFALO ROBES!!
The subscribers are now receiving their stock of
Buffalo Robes!
DIRECT FROM SASKATCHEWAN.
They request Customers who were disappointed last year to place their orders at once, as the quantity being limited, the Skins will be distributed rapidly.
T. R. JONES & CO.,
sept2 [Canterbury Street.

TOBACCOS!!
WHOLESALE.
IN STOCK---3000 PACKAGES---INCLUDING:
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
PLUG, TWIST AND FINE CUT TOBACCOS!
Of Domestic and Virginia Manufacture.
For Sale at Lowest Market Rates.
An inspection respectfully Solicited.
JOHN D. ROBERTSON & CO.,
ug 26 t 31 Water Street.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE CO., of CANADA.
ESTABLISHED 1849.
Capital, $500,000. Anual Income, $250.000.
Insurances effected at Rates proportioned strictly to risk, and at Moderate Premiums.
Private Dwellings, Furniture, and Isolated Risks at Special Rates.
SAMUEL W. JOHNSON, Agent,
o t 1 17 Princess Street, St. John, N.B.

The Daily Tribune.
J. L. STEWART,..... EDITOR.
MONDAY EVENING, OCT. 12.

Persecuting the Independent Press.

The members of the Grit clique have inaugurated a systemetic war on the newspapers opposed to the present Canadian *regime*. After having perfected the art of abusing public men, and succeeding, by dint of the persistent repetition of false charges, in blackening the character of Canada's foremost statesman so effectually as to secure his overthrow, these people suddenly become solicitous for the restraining of the press within very confined limits, and begin a judicial war on the independent papers that expose their hypocrisies and rascalities The *Mail* has been a thorn in the Grit flesh ever since its establishment, and has at least felt the vengeance of the clique. One C. J. Whellans, who was appointed an Emigration Agent for Ontario, was charged by the London Charity Organization Society, a charitable society that employs detectives for exposing impostors who fatten on contributions for the poor, with a long list of offences, and the charges were laid before the Chief Emigration Agent of the Dominion Government. This gentleman forwarded the document to the Ontario Government, and, after the lapse of three months, and seeing that the impostor was still an accredited agent of the Government, sent copies of the papers to the *Mail*. The proofs were also shown in London to Edgar and Denison, both strong Grit supporters, who remonstrated with their Toronto friends for keeping such a man in office. The *Mail*, as it was not only justified in doing, but as it was absolutely forced to do in order not to lose its character as a newspaper, published an article exposing the character of the man whom the Reform Government of Ontario seemed to delight to honor. On this publication the suit that has ended by the imposition of a fine of $200 on the manager of the *Mail* Company was based. The distance from the scene of Whellans' misdeeds, the impossibility of proving every one of the charges against him in the absence of the detectives who tabulated them, and the rather peculiar ruling of the Judge, rendered this culmination of the conspiracy against the *Mail* inevitable. And that it was a conspiracy, organized, supported and fostered by the Ontario Government, with Government funds, the trial affords ample proof. The *Mail*, after a brief recital of the facts of the case, makes the following exposure of the shameful conduct of members of the Ontario Government and the Crown counsel:

And this remark brings us again to the scene in Court yesterday. The lawyer of the private prosecutor suddenly appeared in the guise of Crown Counsel, feed and retained by the Government of Ontario. On one side of him sat Mr. McKellar, and on the other side Mr. O'Donohue, with their looks steadfastly bent on the jury; the jury, as the counsel for the defendant was forced to say, having been deliberately *packed* by the rejection of no less than eleven of those whose names were called out by the clerk. And, be it further noted, that to enable the prosecution to adopt this course the character of the trial had to be changed at the last moment. It was no longer a private prosecution; but a Government persecution. The Statute of last session was thus deliberately set at nought, in which it is the clearly expressed intention of the Legislature that in such a trial as the one in question, the prosecution should not be allowed the chance of packing a jury favorable to the Government of the day. Nevertheless with frequent application to a well-marked list of the panel, the Crown Counsel took on himself to reject eleven of those called. Was this done merely in the cause of justice? Had the case been one of murder would the Crown have exercised a similar right to set aside jurors till every man in the box was known by the prosecuting counsel to be a friend of the Government of the day. The animus of the Crown Counsel was throughout the proceedings as clear as noon-day. He far exceeded those limits set by decency, custom and the rules of procedure to pressure on the part of the officer of the Crown. Claiming the privileges of a Crown Advocate he conducted himself with all the vehemence, and employed all the clap-trap of the most vindictive private prosecutor. No expedient that a long career in the criminal courts had taught him was lost sight of. The "sympathy dodge" was carried not only to the extent of uselessly subpœnaing the wife of the prosecutor, but she and her five little ones were held up to the attention of the jury at every available opportunity, and at last her seat was changed that the jury might better observe her during Mr. McKenzie's harangue. Enough, we think, has been said to show the Star Chamber nature of the trial had yesterday. It was a perversion and abuse of the technicalities of the law, by which the machinery of trial by jury was wilfully used to wreak political vengeance. The defendant was artfully prevented from bringing forward evidence which would have been of material importance if the extraction of the truth had been the object of the Government.

The annals of Canadian jurisprudence have seldom been disgraced by such prosecutions as this, and the preservation of its character depends on the precedent being disregarded.

Obituary - D. Palmer Howe.

Davis Palmer Howe, the author of the brilliant series of letters that have appeared in this paper under the head of "Men and Things at Ottawa," died yesterday of inflammatory rheumatism after an illness of twenty-four days. Mr. Howe's letters were by far the best Ottawa correspondence that any journal has published, and were widely quoted from our columns. His pen pictures of public men, his succinct and lucid narration of passing events, and his scorching sarcasm against party shams, were remarkable, in this age of mock sentimentality, downright abuse, and verbose commonplaceness, for terseness of statement, appropriateness of epithet, and a fineness of satire that was kindly in tone while biting in quality. Mr. Howe did his work under the very shadow of death, consumption having long since marked him out as its own. After every period of prostration he would renew his work in the same cheerful, sprightly and intelligent manner as before. His private letters made frequent mention, in a cheerful vein, of the certainty of the fate that soon awaited him, and, although consumption was not left to do its dread work, his end came no sooner than he had anticipated. Mr. Howe loved journalism, but had no strength for the daily drag of office work. We sent him to Ottawa two years ago, and have prized his letters, irregularly as they have come to us, far too highly to think of employing any one else to do the work. He loved his work and made his letters interesting for themselves, regardless of the news they furnished, never writing merely for the purpose of filling a certain space. He showed himself an artist in words by the writing of some meritorious verse, which was fully up to the standard of much that passes current as poetry, but his genius found its true expression in prose. Palmer Howe would have made his mark in literature if he had lived, but the struggle of a weak constitution with a powerful disease—of an ambitious spirit with a sinking frame—is over, and he rests from his labors. The necessity for earning daily bread, the desire to win earthly fame, and the dread of crossing the portals of the Unseen, are passed for him. Mr. Howe was about 30 years old, belonged at Miramichi, N. B., and wrote his first Legislative letters from Fredericton, for the Newcastle *Advocate*, eight years ago, the letters attracting attention for their sprightliness and literary merit.

It is said that the answer to Mr. Brydges' charges that coal is missing at certain stations is that a certain quantity of coal was charged by the bushel and credited by the chaldron, and that Mr. Brydges entirely overlooked this little matter of nomenclature. Mr. Carvell will, of course, answer these charges in a paper directed to the Minister of Public Works, and we may, in due time, look for garbled extracts from it in the twin Grit scandal organs of Toronto and Montreal.

Two of the Government organs seem anxious to know whether the Rev. I. E. Bill's expenses in Europe are paid by the Dominion Government, on the pretence of his being an emigration agent, as a reward for his having urged all good Baptists to vote for Mr. Burpee. Why don't they ask the Minister of Customs about it instead of proposing the conundrum to their uninformed readers?

CURRENT COIN.

Railroad employes in Nevada, from the conductor to the firemen, carry firearms, for the purpose of putting gamblers and other thieves off the trains.

A man having a bill against a distant merchant, sent a letter of inquiry to a banker in that locality. The reply was: He is dead; but he pays now as well as he ever did."

Of the four Marshals now on the French army list, one came from the Polytechnic School, two from the School of St. Cyr, and one rose from the ranks. Of the 314 Generals now in active service, 18 Generals of Division and 32 Brigadiers have risen from the ranks.

"Never bet on a horse race my son. It is wrong to bet, and, besides, the horse that ought to win is likely, in nine out of ten cases, to be jockeyed to the rear. Do not bet at all, my son; but, if you bet on the horses, get acquainted with the riders before the contest, and see how the thing is coming out."

According to the *Freeman's Journal*, Gen. Sherman is not a Catholic, but when he courted Miss Ewing he was required, before Father Ryder could marry them, to promise as an officer and a gentleman that he would never interfere with his wife in the practice of her religion, and that her children should be brought up Catholics. The *Journal* adds that the pomp and fuss attending Miss Sherman's wedding belong to something besides religion.

The death of Dr. Austie, the London physician, so widely known from his researches into the nature and causes of neuralgia, was said to have been caused by exposure to sewer gas when examining the defects of sewerage at a school in Wandsworth. Two prominent physicians, however, now say that his death was primarily caused by a needle puncture received while he was making a post-mortem examination; but that the exposure to sewer gas was a predisposing cause.

A writer in the St. Paul *Press* tells a new story of Horace Greeley. Horace wrote a note to a brother editor in New York whose writing was equally illegible with his own. The recipient of the note not being able to read it, sent it back by the same messenger to Mr. Greeley for elucidation. Supposing it to be the answer to his own note, Mr. Greeley looked over it but likewise was unable to read it, and said to the boy: "Go take it back. What does the damned fool mean?" "Yes, sir," said the boy, "that is just what *he* says."

Sicily is still in an unsettled and disorderly state. Life and property are not safe, owing to the great power of the organization of assassins and robbers known as the Mafia. This society, while being largely made up of the most degraded classes, has also among its members some of the better people. The heavy taxation and the dearness of provisions have caused many to join it to procure money. An Englishman living in Palermo has recently received many letters, menacing him and his family with death if they should go to their country house under Monte Pellegrino, a short distance only—within a walk. The letters were adorned with the usual decorations—cross bone and skull—and the menace was conditional on the refusal of a certain sum of money to be deposited at a place named. The letters were regularly given to the police, and the visits to the country house, if not discontinued, were repeated at longer intervals.

LOCALS.

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET, see Auction column.

New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Amusements—
Opera House— Pete Lee.
North Carolina Jubilee Singers—
Plums— Masters & Patterson
Porpoise Oil— do.
Wine and Brandy Bitters— Sutherland & Co
Felt Hats— Manchester, Robertson & Allison
Feed and Oat Store— J B Penaligan
New Boot and Shoe Store— P Coughlan
AUCTIONS.
Bankrupt Stock— E H Lester

Card and Cabinet Photos, in cameo and enamels, at Notman's.

Personal.

D. R. Munroe, Esq., left this morning for Ottawa on a Masonic mission—to assist in the formation of a Supreme Council of degree 33 for Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard D. Troop arrived home Saturday evening, after an absence of some months across the Atlantic.

Dr. Henry Sears, of New York, who has been visiting St. John for some weeks, leaves for home to-morrow. Dr. Sears testifies to the beneficial effect of St. John air in cases of Hay Fever.

The Lt. Governor and Mrs. Tilley are the guests of John Boyd, Esq.

Brevities.

Thermometer—at noon to-day—58°.

The Portland Town Council meets this evening.

The body of McDade, who was drowned on Friday, has not yet been recovered.

George Day was thrown from a wagon in Mill street, Saturday afternoon, by colliding with a street car, and was considerably injured.

The winter arrangement of trains on the C. E. & N. A. Road commences today. There is a hitch between this road and the Fredericton Branch, by which the afternoon train to Fredericton is done away with. The directors of both roads seem to be doing all they can to make railways unpopular.

A sneak thief abstracted $9 from D. Linehan's till, in Main street, Portland, Saturday evening.

A new and elegant parlor car for the C. E. & N. A. Railway arrived at Carleton, Saturday evening. The train was delayed nearly an hour by the heating of the journals, which set the oil and waste on fire.

A fine bill is offered at the Opera House this evening, in which the entire company will appear. The Dodges of City Life are to be exposed in a short drama, and "That Infernal Jap" will also appear. Several new performers are expected in a short time.

The examination of the Portland schools is still progressing. Ten schools will be examined this week, two each day. The trustees and examiners are very much pleased with the progress of the pupils in each school.

Mr. Eastty is here, and has decided not to give a public reading now, on account of the number of entertainments already announced for this week, but will read to a select circle of invited guests in the Victoria Hotel drawing-room this evening.

P. Coughlan, boot and shoe dealer, Mill street (near railway crossing), has a large and well assorted stock of boots, shoes and rubbers which he is selling at the lowest possible rates for cash. His stock is well selected, and all A1 goods. The public would do well to inspect the stock and see for themselves. See advt.

The first dog tax fine has been paid at the Police Court. A well known old gentleman, after getting his summons, went up and paid so as not to give the Magistrate any trouble to-morrow, as it will likely be a busy day.

Remember the concert of the North Carolina Jubilee Singers, to-morrow night.

North Shore Steamer.

Steamer City of St. John will leave Point du Chene on Thursday next, 15th inst., on arrival of the morning express train from St. John, for Richibucto, Chatham, Newcastle, Bathurst, Dalhousie and Campbellton. Tickets and staterooms secured at the office of Enoch Lunt & Sons, 41 Dock street.

King's County Board of Trade.

The annual meeting was held on Saturday, in the Court House, Hampton. The following were elected officers: James Domville, Esq., M. P., President; L. N. Sharp, Esq., M. D., Vice President; John Flewwelling, Esq., M. P. P., Treasurer; and T. W. Lee, Esq., Secretary.

Council: Wm. A. Smith, Alfred Markham, J. M. Stockton, John Sheck, J. Manning, J. C. Price, W. B. Scovil, S. B. Raymond, John Flewelling, George Flewelling, J. C. Upham, Thos. Worrell, John Mills, David Smith, Richard Titus, J. Woodward, W. P. Flewelling, G. H. Flewelling, B. Mills, J. W. Cockson, D. W. Belyea, John Linton, Wm McLeod, A. M. Mabee, J. D. Baxter, Wm. Frost, Robt. Marshall, James E. Fenwick, Geo. H. White, Robert S. Mathews, Samuel Foster, Wm. B. McKell.

Board of Arbitrators: Geo. Barnes, John M. Raymond, J. A. Fenwick, Robt. E. McLeod, M. P. P., W. J. Brittain.

Jas. E. Fairweather and Capt. W. J. Brittain were elected members of the Board. The subject of a library for the Board was discussed and Geo. Barnes, Esq., was appointed a committee to make some necessary arrangements.

SICKNESS is an affliction that waits on us all. None are exempt, and there are none but need relief from its attacks. Whoever can furnish this becomes our benefactor. A conviction prevails that DR. AYER does it. Disorders of the blood have been healed by his SARSAPARILLA, and affections of the lungs by his CHERRY PECTORAL, too frequently and too distinctly to be disputed. His AGUE CURE is said, by those who use it, to never fail. Reader, if you must have medical aid, take the best of medicine. Poor remedies are dear, as good are cheap, at any price you have to pay for them.—*Charleston Courier.*

Marriage of Mr. Edward Sears—The Disposal of his Property—Fraterly Love—The Sears Family.

To-morrow a wedding that has excited some little comment takes place. It is that of Edward Sears, Esq., a Director of the Bank of New Brunswick, to the daughter of William Venning, Esq. There would be nothing very strange about the wedding were it not for the fact that the groom has for nearly 70 years lived a life of single blessedness, while the bride is but little more than half his age. When the announcement of the marriage first began to be whispered round it was hardly believed, and as a general rule was received with an incredulous smile, as Mr. Sears was deemed past the marrying age. It was no less strange than true, however, and a stranger part of the story is yet to be told. The wise ones asserted that Mr. Sears would settle a large sum on his wife, and sums from $30,000 to $100,000 were mentioned. This, however, is not the case, as the settlement now in the Registry Office proves. The director has done a more unusual thing. By the settlement duly signed, sealed and recorded, he has disposed of his entire personal property and real estate, said to amount to nearly $400,000, but not to his wife. On the contrary, the entire amount is placed in the hands of trustees for the benefit of his nieces and nephews, of whom he has about a dozen. The mental effort required to thus give up all control of such a property must have been a great one, especially for Mr. Sears. It is said that J. J. Kaye, Esq., his lawyer, advised him not to make such a disposal of his property, or, rather, for some time could hardly be convinced that the man was sane in his resolve. Fully convinced, at length, of the sanity of his client, the document was drawn up. It occupies about forty pages of legal cap, and is an absolute disposal of his property.

The document commences by setting forth that, owing to the love the donator bears his two brothers, Robert and John Sears, and their children, his nieces and nephews, he has determined to make over to them his property. For this purpose Robert Sears, John Sears, G. Edward Sears and W. Macara Sears are appointed Trustees of the estate, to administer it according to the conditions expressed in the bill of settlement. First, it provides for his own support during his lifetime. The Trustees must allow him, free of rent or taxes, the building at the corner of Germain and Princess streets where he now resides. They must also pay to him the sum of $6000 per annum during the period of his natural life, said amount to be paid quarterly—the first payment to be made in February, 1874. The next section provides for certain annuities: to Sarah Thomas, spinster, his niece, $200; to Anna Maria Blood, another niece, the same amount; to Charles H. Blood, of Norton, King's Co., $90, said annuities to be paid quarterly. These are the only bequests made outside of his brothers' families, with the exception of the provision made for his widow. The $6,000 to be paid him annually is supposed to be one-third of the income of the property. One-half the balance of the income is to be enjoyed by Edward and Robert Sears. If Robert dies before Edward the income is to divided between the children of the brothers until Edward's death. It is also provided that "if the said Edward Sears shall hereafter marry and have a child or children" said issue shall share with the children of John and Robert. The other moiety of income is to be for the sole use and benefit of John Sears during the life of Edward; and if John dies first it is to be divided as the other half. It is next provided that if the said Edward Sears shall die and leave a widow the lot of land in King street known as the "Sears Lot" shall be held in trust, and from income of which there shall be paid to the widow during her life such annuity, not exceeding $1000, as the said Edward Sears shall by deed or will appoint. [In this connexion it may be stated that the marriage settlement fixes the amount at $1000.]

The document then transfers the entire real estate of the donator to the Trustees to be held for the benefit of the children of Robert, John, and Edward ("if he shall marry and have any"), each child, when the property is divided, to have an equal share. The Trustees are to secure to Ann Sears, and Mrs. Harriet Howard Humphreys, the only two female heirs, their share of the property for their sole use, and entirely free from any marital control. The Trustees are appointed attorneys with full powers to sell, lease, or transfer any of the property,—the consent of the donator in writing being first obtained. They also have power to appoint successors, and each one is liable for such amounts only as are paid into his hands.

The deed transfers a number of mortgages, a quantity of stocks, and the following properties in this city:

Lot No. 393, on the North side of King street, 40x100, and known as the "Sears Lot."

Lots 553 and 554 in Princess street, 80 x100, at present under lease to Robert Law and Joseph Miller.

Lot 1211, Brittain street, 40x100, at present leased to James Nichols.

Lot 616, at the corner of Princess and Germain streets, occupied by Edward Sears and other tenants.

The Lot known as the old Commercial Bank property in Prince William street, 50x200, under lease to the Corporation of St. John, and used for the Police Station.

These are the properties owned by the donator in this city. The rest of his wealth is in bonds, mortgages and stocks. In the Bank of New Brunswick he is a large shareholder, and retains sufficient to qualify him to be a Director. A quantity of the property is in 5-20 bonds. These he divided amongst the different heirs. To Dr. Henry Sears, of New York, he gave $8,000, which he carries to his home to-morrow, accompanied by the newly-married couple.

The father of the three brothers was Thatcher Sears, and he came here with the Loyalists. The "Sears Lot," so called, in King street was drawn by him in the division of the land, he cleared it of the trees, and it has remained in the family ever since. A daughter of his was the first female child born in the City of St. John. She died in 1843. John and Edward have always lived in the city and carried on business. Robert, some years ago, went to New York and started a large publishing house, known as Robert Sears & Co. He issued a large number of compiled works, which had a very extensive sale. A complete set of the books were presented to the Queen, who was graciously pleased to acknowledge the same. This business, however, was not successful, and he failed. At present he is in business in Toronto.

Our best wishes go with the venerable bridegroom, who has thrown off the burden of wealth and retained its fruits, and the happy bride.

City Police Court.

The dock contained nine prisoners this morning, and the court room had the usual number of spectators. A few minutes after ten the wheel of justice commenced to turn, and continued moving until the victims were all disposed of.

James Reardon, for drunkenness on the South Wharf, confessed, but said it was his first offence. This excuse is of no use on Monday mornings, so the full penalty of $8 was imposed.

John Thompson was arrested drunk in Church street and carted to the station. The cartage was charged to him, as well as the fine.

John Sullivan, a boy of 18, but a pretty hardy looking lad, was charged with the same offence in Pitt street, and fined like the others.

Morris Gallagher and John Riley, arrested drunk in Brussels street, must pay $8 each before they can recover their liberty.

Edward Williams, for drunkenness in Brittain street, was fined the same amount.

Henry Wilson, a poor trembling old man, was arrested in Water street. The charge against him was more serious, as to the original sin of drunkenness was added that of blasphemy, and of disorderly conduct. The prisoner admitted he was a "little drunk," but not enough to be arrested. On further consideration he decided to plead guilty, and the same fine as the others got was imposed.

John Garrivan and Thomas O'Leary were charged with fighting in Mill st. That was the charge on the sheet, but the original charge located the fight in a shop in North street. They both claimed to be fighting in self-defence, and Garrivan engaged John Kerr, Esq., to defend him. The case for the Crown was conducted by Sergt. W. C. Rider, who made the arrest. Several witnesses were called to prove the fighting, one young man describing the whole affair. The two were in the shop, and Garrivan says to O'Leary, "Do you hold any spite against me?" and the man answered that "his clergyman taught him to hold no spite against any man." They talked for some time, and at last Garrivan embraced O'Leary. The latter considered the embrace too much like a bear's hug and resented it. This led to the fight, and four policemen appeared on the scene. Mr. Kerr considered that, under Sec. 15th of the Police Act, there should have been no arrest as the fight occurred in the shop, and there was no evidence that, as required by law, the policemen endeavored to quell the row. The Magistrate dismissed the case. He caused the two men to stand up, shake hands, and bury all hard feelings against each other. After this affecting scene the men left the room.

William Vail, who has been sleeping in doorways, wanted to go to the nice warm penitentiary, and his wish was granted.

If you want a fine-flavored, prime Havana Cigar, give Lawton Bros. a call, King Square. tf

Shipping Notes.

Point Lepreaux, Oct. 12, 9 a. m.—Wind W., strong breeze, with light clouds; one schooner inward.

The ship Glad Tidings sailed this morning for Liverpool. Miss Jennie Stavely, daughter of the Rev. A. McL. Stavely, is a passenger for Ireland. The G. T. is a new vessel, very handsomely modelled, built of first class material and thoroughly finished. She is commanded by Capt. Quick.

New Vessel.—The fine new ship Homewood, which was towed round into the harbor this morning from Courtenay Bay, was launched from the yard of Messrs. Cruikshank & Pitfield, last week. She registers about 1150 tons and is to be commanded by Captain Thomas Purdy. Her register dimensions are: length 180 feet, breadth 36½ feet, depth 23 feet. She is built throughout of pitch pine and oak, is thoroughly iron-kneed and copper-fastened, and classes in French Lloyds 9 years. She lies at the Custom House wharf, where she will be rigged and fitted for sea.

Merchants' Exchange.

New York, Oct. 12.

Freights—Inquiry for accommodation on berth fair, but room being scarce shipments are light, being confined to grain and cotton. Market firm, good inquiry for tonnage for charter for grain, cotton and petroleum; trade rates steady. Gold opened at 110½; now 110.

Wind W. N. W., light, clear. Ther. 53°.

Boston, Oct. 12.

Wind W. S. W., clear. Ther. 50°.

Portland, Oct. 12.

Wind West, light, clear. Ther. 54°.

London, Oct. 12.

Consols 92⅜ a 92⅞ money; 92⅞ account.

Liverpool, Oct. 12.

Beef 87s; others unchanged.

Havana, Oct. 9.

Exchange quiet, firm. New York Exchange 488 a 485; cotton 15¼.

Portland Police Court.

Francis McMahon and James Harrison, drunk, were fined $4 each.

Patrick Conway and Patrick Moore, drunk on Sunday, were fined $8 each.

William Nixon, of Lancaster, for abusive language to Joe, Murphy, was fined $8 and $2 costs.

John Crawford, charged with abuse to William Daley, was let go on paying $2 costs.