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NO SPECULATION ON WHEAT CROP THIS YEAR

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCES POLICY FOR HANDLING TOTAL OUTPUT OF FARMERS

Direct and Immediate Part Payment in Cash on Account at Likely Minimum of \$1.75

OTTAWA, July 30. — The government this afternoon finally determined its policy in regard to this year's wheat crop. The main features of the plan are:

- 1.—A board to buy and market the crop of 1919.
2.—A cash payment on account to be made to the farmer at the time he sells his wheat.
3.—The wheat crop of Canada to be sold by the board at the prevailing world prices, and the surplus proceeds, after expenses are deducted, to be distributed to the original sellers of the wheat in proportion to grade and quantity.
4.—No speculation on exchange or profiteering by handlers to be allowed in disposing of the wheat crop of 1919 to the disadvantage of either producer or consumer.
5.—A direct and immediate cash sale by the farmer and a speedy movement of the crop along the usual channels of transport.

The official statement reads: The particular conditions of the wheat market in Europe and the United States where government agencies are almost exclusively employed in, and where government credits have to be provided for, the purchase of wheat, rendered it necessary to provide a similar agency in Canada, or to run the risk of being faced with an absence of adequate cash markets for Canadian wheat and a speedy and uniform movement of the same.

The government, after very careful enquiry and consideration, has therefore decided to appoint a board of experienced men invested with adequate powers to conduct the purchase and sale of the Canadian wheat crop of 1919, both for export and domestic purposes.

How Cattlemen Can Secure Feed Under New Order

OTTAWA. — In view of the serious situation with respect to feed for livestock that has arisen in certain parts of the western provinces owing to the drought, it has been found necessary for the government to give some assistance to farmers and stockmen in the dry area in order to carry their cattle over the winter. The dry area may be defined as all that part of the provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba lying roughly south and west of a line drawn from Wetsaskiwin to Camrose, north to Chipman, east to Lloydminster, south to Chauvin, then to Elbow, Moose Jaw, Weyburn, Virden, Souris and south to the international boundary.

Hay brought into the dry area over the C.P.R., the C.N.R. or the G.T.P. will be carried at no cost to purchaser, as this will be met by the railways, the provincial government and the federal government paying equal shares. The same arrangement applies to the transportation of hay-making machinery from points in the dry area to northern districts where hay can be cut, and back to the point of origin.

Massacre of Jews by Russians

LONDON, Aug. 4. — A massacre in the Jewish quarter of Odessa, carried out by troops of General Gregorieff, which are occupying that city, is reported in advices received by semi-official Polish sources. The Jewish quarters were surrounded by the troops, it is declared, and a massacre was begun from which no one escaped.

The entire quarter was for three days and nights in the hands of the Russian soldier, the advices stated. The Jews of the Ukraine and Bessarabia, it was added, have proclaimed a mourning period of fourteen days.

Protecting Binder Twine

M. P. Tullis, Weeds and Seed Commissioner for Saskatchewan, reports that considerable damage to binder twine may be looked for in the districts where grasshoppers have been unusually plentiful this year, unless the twine is treated with some protective mixture. A solution of one pound of bluestone to six gallons of water is recommended as the most effective by C. Gordon Hewitt, Dominion Entomologist. The balls of binder twine should be soaked in the solution for half an hour and then dried thoroughly before using. As it takes a long time for the twine to dry, farmers in the grasshopper infested area should treat their twine at once.

Price Increases on Footwear Forecasted

HAMILTON, Ont.—That the price of footwear within the next few months would advance four dollars a pair, was the statement made today by W. S. Duffield, of the John McPherson Shoe company. Labor is not to blame for this, he said. The fault rests with the Chicago packers who have a monopoly of leather. A horse hide that could be bought for a dollar now commands over \$17, while \$65 is asked for a cow hide, a sum that would once have purchased a cow. Labor will get twenty cents out of the four dollars advance. The packers will gobble up the balance.

Machine Guns Used to Quell Riots Among Swiss

GENEVA, Aug. 4. — Troops sent by the government to quell strike riots at Basel and Zurich were forced to use machine guns mounted on automobiles during the disorders yesterday. The strikers at Basel ripped up the pavements and bombarded the troops, injuring many. A number of strikers were killed and wounded, and many were arrested. At Basel the outbreak was said to be of a Bolshevik character, while at Zurich the disorders were attributed to the increased cost of living.

Union Labor Demands Partnership Basis in Railroads of United States

WASHINGTON, August 4. — Organized labor came out today with the unequivocal formal demand that private capital be released from the railroad. A tri-party control composed of the public, the operating management and the employees is demanded instead. Addressed to the United States public and signed by the engineers, the firemen, the conductors and the American Federation of Labor, a formal statement was issued announcing this proposal which will appear before congress Wednesday. "It marks," says the statement, "the step by which organized labor passes from demands for wage increases to demands that the system of profits of industry be overhauled."

New Members of Union Cabinet Named

SIR HENRY DRAYTON SUCCEEDS WHITE AND DR. TOLMIE, HON. T. CRERAR. OTTAWA, Aug. 2. — Two new members of the cabinet are officially announced. They are: Minister of Finance, Sir Henry Drayton, formerly chairman of the board of railway commissioners. Sir Henry succeeds Sir Thomas White.

Minister of Agriculture, Dr. Tolmie, M. P. Dr. Tolmie succeeds Mr. Crerar. The resignation of Hon. F. B. Carvell as minister of public works has been accepted. Mr. Carvell has been appointed chairman of the board of railway commissioners to succeed Sir Henry Drayton. The successor to Mr. Carvell at the department of public works has not yet been appointed. Hon. Martin Burrell remains in the cabinet for the time being. Should he decide to retire later it is announced a successor will be appointed from British Columbia. The appointments will involve three by-elections. Sir Henry Drayton was sworn in today as minister of finance.

Are Out to Crush Profiteering in U.S.

WASHINGTON. — Wm. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, has announced that unless the railroad administration had taken action by October 1 on the demands of the brotherhood, that wages of the train men either by wage increases or the cost of living being reduced, steps looking to the enforcement of the demands would be taken.

Mr. Lee made public an abstract of the report of hearings recently held by the board of railroad wages on the trainmen's demands, at which he declared an "upheaval" was nearer in this country today than ever before, due to the unrest arising from mounting living costs. The railroad and government departments had better be assisting "to crush profiteering" by the "packers and other industries," he said, than "shouting across the table at each other," at hearings to consider still further increases. "All of us are to blame," he said, "because we are exerting every effort to get more money for ourselves and better conditions. Every day we must realize that the profiteers are taking double from the working man and the trouble with the people on the hill (Capitol), with us and with every corporation and with everybody is that we are exerting ourselves to get the dollar while the working man is merely existing and while profiteering is piling up millions."

"I will admit to you that we are going the wrong way. I admit to you that it is time to call a halt; and I admit to you that until we get together, until we commence together to stop this, there will be hell in this country—and it is nearer today than I ever knew it in my years of active railroad work. Just let somebody drop a match in this country of ours and it will be a sorry day for all of us."

"Unless my vision is most terribly obscured, then there is something coming to us pretty soon in this country that we had better take notice of. We had something of peace in this country prior to the war conditions. We were getting along fairly well, until profiteering became so noticeable everywhere and until the commodities that working people are compelled to pay for were permitted to be increased, doubled and trebled, without any question and often seemingly with the approval of the government."

Sixty Killed by Mexicans Bombing Train

NEW YORK, Aug. 1. — Mexican bandits, on July 19, blew up a passenger train between Huamantla and San Marcos, less than 100 miles from Mexico city, killing about 60 persons, including 12 boys from the German college at Puebla, wearing boy scout uniforms, according to advices received here tonight by the National Association for the Protection of American rights in Mexico. News of the attack, it was said, had until now been suppressed by Mexican censors.

Explosion of two bombs directly under the train was followed by rifle fire on the terrified passengers from approximately 300 bandits, the advices stated. The engine and express car freed from the rest of the train by the explosion, sped to the nearest station to report the attack, it was said. According to the report wounded passengers were killed by the bandits who crushed their skulls with stones. Eight German college boys, who were not killed, were carried away by the brigands to San Andres, Calchicomula.

Leather Embargo Announced

OTTAWA, Aug. 3. — The minister of trade and commerce announced that, owing to the abnormal situation of the hide and leather markets which vitally affects the interests of both consumers and producers of boots and shoes in Canada, the government has decided to place the export of hides, skins and leathers under control. An order-in-council has, therefore, been passed and is now operative, to the effect that pending consideration of other necessary action, the exportation from Canada of raw hides, skins and leather for the manufacture of boots and shoes shall be prohibited, except under license from the Canadian trade commission.

In the meantime, it is deemed wise, as a preliminary measure, to place the export of hides, skins and leathers under control. An order-in-council has, therefore, been passed and is now operative, to the effect that pending consideration of other necessary action, the exportation from Canada of raw hides, skins and leather for the manufacture of boots and shoes shall be prohibited, except under license from the Canadian trade commission.

Royal Assent Given to German Treaty

PEACE WILL BE EFFECTIVE ON FRENCH RATIFICATION. LONDON, July 31.—Royal assent was today given to the German peace treaty and to the Anglo-French treaty, which thus become law.

Does Not Annul Orders-in-Council. OTTAWA, July 31. — Although Great Britain's king has given royal assent to the peace treaty with Germany, there will be no proclamation of peace until three of the allied powers have ratified the pact. This, the Canadian government has asked Britain to delay until the Canadian parliament has taken action at the coming fall session. Therefore, the orders-in-council under the War Measures act will not be annulled until peace is officially proclaimed. These include prohibition, racing, etc. PARIS, July 30. — It is expected in French circles that the discussion of the German peace treaty will open about August 10 in the chamber of deputies and will continue for three or four days. There will then be a three or four-day discussion in the senate. As Japan is supposed to have a copy of the treaty by this time, and the emperor's ratification is expected at an early date, French officials are of the opinion that the treaty will become effective when the French ratify it, about August 20. England has already ratified the treaty, and the signatures of

Accident To Imperial Limited Near Pembroke, Ont.

Six Cars Jumped Track—One Man Killed, One Seriously Injured

OTTAWA, Aug. 5. — As the result of the derailment of the Canadian Pacific railway's eastbound express No. 2, Imperial Limited, at about one o'clock this morning near Stonecliffe, Ont., one man is dead and another is seriously injured. Thomas Tulley, of East Templeton, died of his injuries in a hospital at Pembroke, and M. Kalemurako is in the same place suffering from injuries from which he will probably recover. The train carried a large number of delegates to the Liberal convention, among them being Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Fred Johnston, M. P. for Last Mountain, and W. F. Kerr of the Regina Leader. A broken rail is believed to have been responsible for the derailment of the train. The engine and mail car passed safely over the spot, while the express, baggage, second and first class, diner and two sleepers in the centre of the train left the rails. Two sleepers remained on the track. Traffic was held up for twelve hours, and passengers on the train did not reach the capital until about seven o'clock Monday evening.

Serious Rioting at Liverpool

In London 994 Policemen Out of 22,000 Strike—In Liverpool One Third of Force Out

LONDON. — It is officially stated that altogether 994 policemen went on strike out of 22,000 in London, 700 out of 2,200 in Liverpool, 60 out of 100 at Bootle and 68 out of 1,450 at Birmingham. The strikers' places are being filled by new recruits. A national strike of bakers began yesterday, but is not expected to last beyond Tuesday. Enough bread has been baked to last till then. The men want £4 for a 44-hour week and the abolition of night baking. Prospects for settlement are good. The railway clerks' association, particularly in the North of England, threaten to cease work as a protest against the delay in consideration of their demands for better all-round conditions as regards pay, hours and holidays.

Serious Rioting. Serious rioting occurred at Birkenhead, opposite Liverpool, as well as at Liverpool, Saturday night. Ninety-six of the total force of 225 policemen are on strike at Birkenhead, where feeling is running high. There was looting of shops with damage estimated at many thousands of pounds late Saturday. The situation was rendered more seriously by looters who attacked the taverns and became intoxicated. The Riot act had to be read and troops summoned to restore order. Many of the rioters were arrested. The authorities were obliged to recall the special constables to duty. At Liverpool several shops suffered in the great Homer street area, but the outbreak was quickly quelled on the arrival of plain clothes men. There was more serious havoc wrought in the London road, where gangs of youthful hoodlums smashed windows of jewelry, boot, tailor and mantle shops and stripped windows of their contents, throwing the goods to the sidewalk. Troops formed a cordon at the entrance to the street and eventually charged, but the hoodlums slipped into the side streets and later returned, smashing more windows. Attack Police Barracks. A party, consisting of from 20 to 30 men, this morning attacked the Broadford police barracks in East Clare, Ireland, according to a Central News despatch from Ennis, capital of County Clare. The despatch adds that a brisk fire was maintained upon the barracks for more than an hour, with police answering it. A constable named O'Sullivan was slightly wounded. (Continued on Page 4.)