## The Meroine of Acadia

the boundaries of their commands were so plainly defined as to leave no room for controversy. In this letter it was stated that it was the will of the King that Charnisav should be his lieutenantgeneral on the coast of the Etchemins "beginning from the centre of the firm land of the French Bay, thence towards Virginia," and that LaTour should be his lieutenant-general from the coast of Acadia, "from the middle of the French Bay to the Strait of Canso." The French Bay, it may be explained, was the Bay of Fundy. Charnisay was told that he was not empowered to change any arrangement in the setttlement of the River St. John made by LaTour, while LaTour on the other hand, was not to attempt to change anything in the settlements of Charnisay at La Have or Port Royal. The fatal defect of this arrangement was that both of Charnisay's settlements were in the territory which was under the government of LaTour, while LaTour's fort and settlement at St. John was in the territory which was under the government of Charnisay. The authority of the latter amounted to nothing so long as LaTour held the mouth of the River St. John and commanded the trade and resources of that great stream.

Charnisay was by no means satisfied with this settlement of his difficulties with LaTour and he continued his intrigues in Paris against his rival both personally and through the medium of his