

THE  
**LAND QUESTION**  
 OF  
**IRELAND,**

BEING A  
**SERIES OF LETTERS**  
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FROM THEIR OWN  
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 WITH A REFERENCE

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*M. Lee*

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 1870.

applied England during that pe-  
 in 28.5 per cent. of her total imports  
 neat, including flour, against 24.7 per  
 t. from Russia and 17.2 per cent. from  
 many. In the same period England im-  
 ported 43 per cent. of her total importations  
 corn from this country. In 1852 the exports  
 corn from this country to Great Britain  
 amounted to 1,341,304 bushels, against  
 95,632 bushels from Turkey and Rouma-  
 nia, and 1,870,528 bushels from Russia. At  
 present Roumania and Southern Russia, to a  
 great degree, are our principal competitors  
 for the supply of corn. The year 1876 was a  
 bad harvest year in England; prices were  
 high, and the total imports of wheat were only  
 394,152 cwt. against 51,856,393 cwt. in  
 1875. The following table gives the sources  
 of supply:—

	Cwt.	Per cent of all.
United States and Canada	21,716,936	48.9
Russia	8,769,260	19.7
British India	3,279,887	7.4
Germany	2,324,148	5.2
France	2,218,227	4.9
Turkey and Roumania	1,238,851	2.9
Italy	982,619	2.3
Spain	293,350	0.7
Denmark	262,580	0.6
Other countries	3,308,356	7.4
Total	44,374,152	100

The importations of corn were 39,958,226  
 t., of which upward of 50 per cent. came  
 from this country. Canadian exports of  
 corn are included in those of this country.  
 It will be seen that Russia and Turkey have  
 furnished 22.6 per cent. of the supplies to  
 England. In India a dearth prevails this  
 year. Egypt being subject to the suzerainty  
 of the Porte, will be affected by the war, and