THE TORONTO CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

The periodical concerts of the Conservatory are new looked for not only with pleasant anticipations by the pupils, but raise the expectations of the public, and it is rare not to find the seats filled at the first number.

These concerts, which might be termed classical, deserve more than a passing notice, for they are not merely opportunities to mark the progress of the students, but they are making their impress upon the public. and tend to the diffusion of musical knowledge, changing—insensibly thought it may be-the popular taste to a correct view of what constitutes that which is worthy in musical art. The faculty of imitation is strong in us all, and none are insensible to surroundings, the mind surely becoming imbued with what it receives through the eye and ear. It is important, therefore, that what we often see and hear should tend to elevate, especially so in youth, that most receptive time. That the curriculum of the Conservatory of Music must exercise such salutary influence, no one attending the concerts can fail to see, for the performances of the students are but results from long and arduous practice in a school where praise is dealt with sparingly, and strict discipline exacts faithful and hard work.

Founded some years ago-its President, the Hon. G. W. Allan, and numbering among its Directors some of the leading men of Toronto, the Conservatory has grown steadily, increasing in importance every year, and no pains have been spared to make it what it is; an institution endowed with everything necessary to a complete musical education.

Referring to the Conservatory calendar we find among the incentives to ambition and laudable emulation, the scholarships, open to any student, and assisting them to defray the expenses of their education.

The free classes in the Theory of Music and Violin, open for a term to any beginner, in addition to his ordinary course.

The Conservatory organ, one of the largest and finest in this country, is in constant use by students fitting themselves as professional players or teachers, and added to these advantages, an excellent library is provided for the students, containing rare and valuable works, and augmented constantly by new books on music by recognized authorities.

"German Syrup"

Wis. This is the opinion of a man who keeps a drug store, sells all medicines, comes in direct contact with the patients and their families, and knows better than anyone else how remedies sell, and what true merit they have. He hears of all the failures and successes, and can therefore judge: "I know of no medicine for Coughs, Sore Throat, or Hoarseness that had done such ef-

Coughs,

fective work in my family as Boschee's Sore Throat, German Syrup. Last winter a lady called Hoarseness, at my store, who was

suffering from a very severe cold. She could hardly talk, and I told her about German Syrup and that a few doses would give relief; but she had no confidence in patent medicines. I told her to take a bottle, and if the results were not satisfactory I would make no charge for it. A few days after she called and paid for it, saying that she would never be without it in future as ■ few doses had given her relief." ③



Minard's Liniment relieves Neuralgia.

Special normal courses are arranged for those desiring to take a Teachers Diploma, which ranks in merit the same as the artists course, and opportunity is given these students for imparting practical instruction to classes of children.

The Musical Director, Mr. Edward Fisher. is well known as one whose natural gifts perfected in continental schools place him in the first rank among musicians. Enthusiastic in his profession, exacting in the standard of excellence he sets up, he brings to his work a steady purpose which has made him eminently successful as an educator and an ardour his pupils seldom fail to catch, the result being that many of them occupy to-day prominent and lucrative

On the large teaching staff are found such men as Sig. d' Auria and Sig. Dinelli, wellknown musicians and eminent in their profession. The former, distinguished for his success as an instructor in vocal music and the author of more than one standard work, is about to bring out his new cantata "Gulnare," which will be presented to the public through the Toronto Choral Society on January 21. The latter, a gifted artist, whether as solo 'cellist, solo pianist or violinist, is an associate of the London Academy of Music, and has had large experience in concerts directly under the patronage of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales.

Summing up briefly this sketch of the Conservatory of Music, the conviction may be expressed that its establishment has proved a boon, and we predict for it even greater success than it has had in the past

SCIENTIFIC AND SANITARY.

THE Clyde Trustees have determined to deepen the Clyde still further at various points, and have resolved to contract for the construction of another dredger. The object of the Trust is to equalize the depth of the river. The Trustees have also decided to employ barges of 1200 to 1500 tons, instead of those of 400 tons now in use, for the transport of the dredgings from the river to the Firth.

THE latest application of the well-known distance recorder is to cabs, the apparatus faithfully registering the actual distance travelled, and the proper amount the cabman should charge. The mechanism consists of two small boxes, one of which contains the transmitting apparatus and the other the recording device, the two being connected by a flexible shaft. The transmitter is fixed on one of the axles of the cab, and a spindle, actuated by a cam, operates a ratchet wheel which causes the flexible shaft to revolve. This records the distance on the dial in the interior of the cab in plain view of the passenger. The recorder, besides indicating the exact amount of fare due, also keeps a record on a cardboard disc at the back of the machine of the work done and the money taken in during the day. A cord attached to the disc of the recorder enables the cabman to place the fixed pointer at zero before commencing a journey.

THE cultural aspects of civilization are due to geologic structure, but in how many of our institutions are students taught to appreciate the topography or configuration of the earth's surface and its relation to structure, or to observe with enquiring eye the forms and contours of the landscape? The student usually learns the chemistry of certain nicely arranged hand specimens hard rocks, and memorizes the names of leading fossils or the crystallography of minerals under the guise of economic geology. As a result, the study is supposed to be merely the study of hard rocks and curious fossils. Although the student knows these by sight, he can not trace a rock-sheet above the ground or below it, or see the great soft terrenes void of fossils and rocks which make up the larger area of our country, and can not appreciate the broader relations of structure to agriculture, hygiene, climate, and civilization. Hence the great unfossiliferous terrenes are unkown; for example, the non mountainous regions of the West and South, over which in places one may travel from the Rocky Mountains to the Gulf of Mexico without finding a fossil, s crystal, or a building-stone.—Robert T. Hill, in The Popular Science Monthly for November.

THE bindings may be preserved from mildew by brushing them over with spirits of wine. A few drops of any perfumed oil will secure libraries from the consuming effects of mould and damp. Russia leather, which is perfumed with the tar of the birch tree, never moulds or sustains injury from damp. The Romans used oil of cedar to preserve valuable manuscripts. Russia-leather covered books, placed in a stationer's window, will destroy flies and other insects.

ONE of the most singular-looking crea tures that ever walked the earth or "swam the waters under the earth" is the worldfamous man-faced crab of Japan. Its body is hardly an inch in length, yet the head is fitted with a face which is the perfect counterpart of that of a Chinese Coolie; a veritable missing link, with eyes, nose and mouth all clearly defined. The curious and uncanny creature, besides the great likeness it bears to a human being in the matter of facial features, is provided with two legs which seem to grow from the top of its head and hang down over the sides of its Besides these legs two "feelers," each about an inch in length, grow from the "chin" of the animal, looking for all the world like a colonel's forked beard. These man-faced crabs fairly swarm in the inland seas of Japan.—St. Louis Republic.

Some time ago the Field Naturalists' Club of Victoria organized an excursion to the Kent group of islands, the object being to collect specimens, and to determine whether the group is most nearly related with Victoria, to which it is closest geographically, or with Tasmania. At the annual conversazione of the club, held recently, as we learn from Nature, Mr. C. A. Topp, the retiring president, referred to the results of the expedition. The bulk of the fauna and flora were found to be common to Victoria and Tasmania, but there were six or seven varieties of birds peculiar to Tasmania to two peculiar to Victoria. The conclusion was that the islands had been separated from Tasmania after that island was disjoined from the mainland. Among the plants, several forms were found varying somewhat from the typical forms of the same species on the mainland; while it was interesting to find that the arboreal shorteared opossum had changed his habits so far as to feed on the leaves of the eucalypt, and to keep to the ground.—Science.

POPULARLY called the king of medicines -Hood's Sarsaparilla. It conquers scrofula, salt rheum and all other blood diseases.

THE Electrical Exhibition, to be opened at the Crystal Palace, London, on January 1, promises to be of great interest and importance. The requests for space-which already exceed a total of 200-include electric lighting plants for country and town houses, for mines, for steamships, for railway trains, and even for private carriages. Several of the more important exhibits at the Frankfort Exhibition will be transferred to the Crystal Palace.

You've No IDEA how nicely Hood's Sarsaparilla hits the needs of people who feel "all tired out" or "run down," from any cause. It seems to oil up the whole mechanism of the body so that all moves smoothly and work becomes a positive delight. Be sure to get Hood's.

Hoon's Pills act especially upon the liver, rousing it from torpidity to its natural duties, cure constipation and assist digestion.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

Gents, -- I certify that MINARD'S LINIMENT cured my daughter of a severe and what appeared to be a fatal attack of diphtheria after all other remedies had failed, and recommend it to all who may be afflicted with that terrible disease.

JOHN D. BOUTILIER. French Village, Jan., 1883.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM'S

OXYGENIZED EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL. They who use it - - Live. For sale by all druggists. 35 cents per bottle.

THE gifted pen—a gift of a box of Esterbrook's Falcon or other popular pens. The stationers have them.

In the current issue of the Deutsche Medicinische Wochenschrift Prof. Koch makes a "further communication" upon tuberculin. Koch's main object has been to determine the possibility of obtaining a purified form of tuberculin, which should be free from producing the deleterious effects sometimes observed with the substance as originally prepared. Such a preparation he claims to have obtained by means of the admixture of alcohol with tuberculin; but it is noteworthy, says the London Lancet, that his experiments upon healthy subjects and on those affected with tuberculosis showed no essential difference in the reactions obtained between the two varieties. The article also deals in great detail with the nature, methods of preparation and the prescription of the remedy.

Out of

Describes a feeling peculiar to persons of dyspeptic tendency, or caused by change of climate, season or life. The stomach is out of order, the head aches or does not feel right,

The Nerves

seem strained to their utmost, the mind is confused and irritable. This condition finds an excellent corrective in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by its regulating and toning powers, soon cures

Indigestion,

restores harmony to the system, gives strength to mind, nerves, and body, while it also purifies the blood and removes all trace of Scrofula, Salt Rheum

Fast Eating

And irregular meals are causes of Dyspepsia, which will soon become incurable except by careful attention to diet and taking a reliable stomach medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read this:

"Owing partly to irregularity in eating, I suffered greatly from dyspepsia, accompanied by

Severe Pain After Meals

I took two or three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and entirely recovered, much to my gratification. I frequently have opportunity to praise

$\mathbf S$ arsaparilla ood's

and am glad to, for I consider it a great medicine." C. I. TROWBRIDGE, Travelling salesman for Schlotterbeck & Foss, Portland, Me.

N.B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.



If with your friends you've been dining, And get home so late in the night, "DUNN,S FRUIT SALINE" in the morning Will make you forget you were





DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE makes a delicious Cooling Beverage, especially Cleanses the throat, prevent-ing disease. It imparts Freshness and Vigour, and is a quick relief for Biliousness, Sea-Sickness, etc.

BY ALL CHEMISTS

Minard's Liniment Cures Burus, etc.