

this moment motionless, like a statue, before the open door of her wardrobe; she was for away in the past, when she was bending over her infant, as she did when she looked on her last breath. Again she saw Para sleeping. Kneeling before her little bed, the poor mother again kissed her child, and sobbed as if her heart would break; again and again she said: "Good-bye, I give you up, my Para!" and again and again she turned back to say, "I cannot go."

could not desire better symptoms for a permanent recovery. "Thank God!" said Mr. Beauvais. "I am too much overcome to say to you and to Miss Raymond how grateful I am." "Not another word of that," said the Doctor. "Ob, here is a letter Isabelle gave me to give you. Love on both sides. Miss Raymond's love for Isabelle, that makes her patient, and tender, and generous, will work the cure of your child, Beauvais, and it will heal the wound of the Angel, as Isabelle calls her. Love works miracles. Keep up, good fellow; if only wait a little more time, and Miss Raymond's good health, with God's blessing, to bring back perfect restoration to that child's brain. You will all be happy yet."

WHOLESALE LAND GRABBING. A NEW IRELAND IN CANADA—NOTHING SMALL ABOUT THE GRABBERS—FIFTY SQUARE MILES AT A TIME—POLITICIANS AND TIMBER LIMITS. Mr. M. C. Cameron, M.P., in his speech at Brucefield, Ont., a few days ago, produced some interesting facts in reference to the manner in which the timber limits in the disputed territory—which has now been awarded to Ontario—have been disposed of by the Dominion Government.

CARLETON PLACE, ONT. THE MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS—FANATICISM DEFEATED—CONTEST FOR THE REVEALING—COMING LITERARY AND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT—OTHER NOTES. (Special Correspondence of THE POST.) CARLETON PLACE, Jan. 7.—Like other towns in Ontario, we have just passed through an exciting election contest, made more so this year than for some years past on account of the large number of candidates who were in the field seeking civic honors.

A VILLAGE TRAGEDY. FURTHER DETAILS OF THE STONE SHOOTING CASE AT BEAMSVILLE. ST. CATHARINES, Ont., Jan. 6.—On Tuesday morning John Stone, of Beamsville, sent a note to the house of his sister, Mrs. Hodges, requesting to see her daughter, Maude Stone, who had been a regular visitor at Mrs. Hodges' residence, but it is said the family were afraid of him for some days past. The young lady answered the note saying she could not see him. Stone called at their place at 3 p. m., and asked for Mr. Hodges, who was not then in. Mrs. Hodges, who thought he had been drinking, as he was much excited, advised Maude to go home until he became calmer.

AN ALARMING DISEASE AFFLICTING A NUMEROUS CLASS. The disease commences with a slight derangement of the stomach, but, if neglected, it in time involves the whole frame, embracing the kidneys, liver, pancreas, and, in fact, the entire granular system, and the afflicted gives relief from suffering. The disease is often mistaken for other complaints; but if the reader will ask himself the following questions, he will be able to determine whether he himself is one of the afflicted:—Have I distress, pain, or difficulty in breathing after eating? Is there a dull, heavy feeling attended by drowsiness? Have the eyes a yellow tinge? Does a thick, sticky, mucous gather about the gums and teeth in the morning, accompanied by a disagreeable taste? Is the tongue coated? Is there pain in the side and back? Is there a fullness about the right side as if the liver were enlarging? If these costiveness? Is there vertigo or dizziness when rising suddenly from a horizontal position? Are the secretions from the kidneys scanty and highly colored, with a deposit after standing? Does food ferment soon after eating, accompanied by flatulence or a bloating of gas from the stomach? Is there frequent palpitation of the heart? These various symptoms may not be present at one time, but they torment the sufferer in turn as the dreadful disease progresses. If the case be one of long standing, there will be a dry, hacking cough, attended after a time by expectoration. In very advanced stages the skin assumes a dirty brownish appearance, and the hands and feet are covered by a cold, sticky perspiration. As the liver and kidneys become more and more diseased, rheumatic pains appear, and the usual treatment proves entirely unavailing against this latter agonising disorder. The origin of this malady is indigestion or dyspepsia, and a small quantity of the proper medicine will remove the disease if taken in its incipient. It is most important that the disease should be promptly and properly treated in its first stages, when a little medicine will effect a cure, and even when it has obtained a strong hold the correct remedy should be persevered in until every vestige of the disease is eradicated, until the appetite has returned, and the digestive organs restored to a healthy condition. The surest and most effectual remedy for this distressing complaint is "Seigel's Curative Syrup," a vegetable preparation sold by all Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout the world, and by the proprietors, At J. White, Limited, 67, Farringdon Road, London, E.C. This Syrup strikes at the very foundation of the disease, and drives it, root and branch, out of the system. Market Place, Pocklington, York, October 2nd, 1882. Sir,—Being a sufferer for years with dyspepsia in all its worst forms, and after spending pounds in medicines, I was at last persuaded to try Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, and am thankful to say have derived more benefit from it than any other medicine I ever took, and would advise anyone suffering from the same complaint to give it a trial, the results they would soon find out for themselves. If you like to make use of this testimony you are quite at liberty to do so. Yours respectfully (Signed) R. TURNER. Seigel's Operating Pills are the best family physic that has ever been discovered. They cleanse the bowels from all irritating substances, and leave them in a healthy condition. They cure constipation. St. Mary street, Peterborough, November 29th, 1881. Sir,—It gives me great pleasure to inform you of the benefit I have received from Seigel's Syrup. I have been troubled for years with dyspepsia; but after a few doses of the Syrup, I found relief, and after taking two bottles of it I feel quite cured. I am, Sir, yours truly, Mr. A. J. White. William Brent. Hensingham, Whitehaven, Oct. 10th, 1882. Mr. A. J. White.—Dear Sir—I was for some time afflicted with piles, and was advised to give Mother Seigel's Syrup a trial, which I did. I am now happy to state that it has restored me to complete health.—I remain, yours respectfully, (Signed) John H. Lightfoot. 15th August, 1883. Dear Sir,—I write to tell you that Mr. Henry Hillier, of Yatesbury, Wilts, informs me that he suffered from a severe form of indigestion for upwards of four years, and took no end of doctor's medicine without the slightest benefit, and declares Mother Seigel's Syrup which he got from me has saved his life. Yours truly, (Signed) N. Webb, Chemist, Calne September 8th, 1883. Dear Sir,—I find the sale of Seigel's Syrup steadily increasing. All who have tried it speak very highly of its medicinal virtues; one customer describes it as a "Godsend to dyspeptic people." I always recommend it with confidence. Faithfully yours (Signed) Vincent A. Wills, Chemist-Dentist. Merthyr Tydfil, Preston, Sept. 21st, 1883. My Dear Sir,—Your Syrup and Pills are still very popular with my customers, many saying they are the best family medicine possible. The other day a customer came for two bottles of Syrup and said "Mother Seigel's had saved the life of his wife, and he added, "one of these bottles I am sending fifteen miles away to a friend who is very ill. I have much faith in it." The lady keeps up wonderfully, in fact, one would fancy almost that the people were beginning to breakfast, dine, and sup on Mother Seigel's Syrup, the demand is so constant and the satisfaction so great.—I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully, (Signed) W. BOWKER. To A. J. WHITE, Esq., A. J. WHITE, (limited) 67 St James street, Montreal. For sale by all druggists and by A. J. White (limited) 67 St James street, city. BAVARIA'S ROYAL CRANK. KING LUDWIG PAYS A VISIT TO PARIS, IN DISGUISE ON A THEATRICAL MISSION. LONDON, Jan. 6.—The King of Bavaria is indulging in a new freak which may have serious consequences of international importance unless great care is exercised. He has left his domain incognito and is now in Paris. His ostensible object in making this visit to the French capital is to select by and dress and scenery for the performance of "Theodora," which is to take place for his "private enjoyment," but there is a "rumor" that he is really in search of a new crown of pleasure. He travels under the name of Herr Ludwig, and is recognized by most of those with whom he has come into contact in Paris. He is not, as reported by most of those with whom he has come into contact, a "public figure," but the rage of the people would be aroused, and that they would regard him as a "great" and violent anti-German demonstration.

(To be continued.)

MARRIED THE COLORED COACHMAN. CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 7.—Yesterday afternoon Miss Lina Norton, a beautiful and accomplished young lady, daughter of a wealthy resident on Brown street, quietly left her father's home, and making her way to the town, was followed by her colored servant, the colored man by the name of Barber. The two proceeded to the residence of a colored minister, and were married, after which Miss Norton returned to her home. In the evening the young lady attended a progressive supper party. At 10 o'clock she arose, exclaiming that her carriage was at the door, she begged to be excused, and a few moments later she was followed by her husband, and together the two proceeded to the depot, where they boarded an east-bound train. Detectives are after the couple, and it is hoped Mrs. Barber may be persuaded to return to her home, Barber, if captured, will be prosecuted.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate, Very Satisfactory in Prostration. Dr. P. P. GILBERT, Detroit, Mich., says: "I have found it very satisfactory in its effects, notably in the prostration attendant upon alcoholism."

THE NEW FRENCH MINISTRY. PARIS, Jan. 7.—The new Cabinet, announced in the Official Gazette this afternoon, is as follows:—M. de Freycourt, president of the council and minister for foreign affairs; M. Sarrien, minister of the interior; M. Sadié-Carnot, minister of finance; M. Galbier, minister of public instruction; M. de Nicol, minister of justice; M. DeVillie, minister of agriculture; M. Bachelier, minister of war; M. Adjeff, minister of marine and colonies; M. Brathel, minister of public works; M. Grayel, minister of posts and telegraphs; M. Lockroy, minister of commerce. The composition of the ministry creates no enthusiasm, notably the appointment of M. Sarrien, a third rate politician, to the important office of minister of the interior. It is said that his appointment will prove a source of great regret. The Cabinet will, it is believed, be short lived.

AN ENGINEER'S DILEMMA. HE DRIVES HIS TRAIN AT FULL SPEED OVER A BURNING TRESTLE BRIDGE. PETERSBURG, Va., Jan. 5.—A passenger train No. 15, from the South, for Richmond, Washington and New York due here at 10 a. m., narrowly escaped disaster yesterday. On nearing the trestle bridge, two miles below Rocky mount, a station on the Wilmington & Weldon railway, the engineer discovered that it was on fire and that a portion of it had been burned. Seeing the danger, and knowing that it would be impossible for him to stop the train before reaching the trestle, he bravely remained in the cab, conscious that it the train went through the trestle he would either be killed or badly hurt, as well as all the passengers. As quick as a flash the thought occurred to him that the best way to avert the impending accident was for the entire train to pass over that portion of the bridge which had been burned as rapidly as possible. He pulled wide open the throttle valve of the engine and passed over the bridge at the rate of sixty miles an hour, but so great was the concussion that followed that one of the cars broke from the couplings and all the lights in the coaches were extinguished. The passengers were all badly shaken up and frightened. The train was delayed one hour on its arrival here.

Some reports of the trestle bridge being burned are untrue. The bridge was not burned, but the engine and train were delayed one hour on its arrival here. The bridge was not burned, but the engine and train were delayed one hour on its arrival here.