

careful examination of the symptoms, the presence of stone was also suspected, and a very small sound (the largest that could be introduced owing to the stricture) was passed with difficulty. The suspicion was confirmed; a small stone was found to be present. The patient was at once put under preparatory treatment. The urethra was gradually dilated until a No. 14 catheter could be readily introduced. This required a good deal of time and patience, besides the splitting of one of the strictures near the anterior part of the urethra. As soon as the lithotrite could be introduced, the operation was performed. The calculus was found to be about $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches in diameter, very soft and friable, and readily gave way. The bladder was subsequently well washed out, and the case is progressing favourably.

Books and Pamphlets.

CYCLOPÆDIA OF THE PRACTICE OF MEDICINE, Vol. XVI., on Diseases of the Locomotive Apparatus and General Anomalies of Nutrition; by Prof. Von Ziemssen. New York: Wm. Wood & Co.

We are in receipt of another volume of this excellent work, which should grace the shelves of every practitioner anxious to keep pace with the advanced medical literature of the age. This volume like some that have preceded it, has been written by several authors: Prof. H. Senator, of Berlin, discusses "Rheumatic effusions of the joints and muscles;" Prof. E. Seitz, of Geissen, "Disorders caused by catching cold;" Prof. Immermann, of Basil, "General disorders of nutrition;" and Prof. Birch Hirschfeld, of Dresden, "Scrofulosis and affections of the lymphatic glands." Each writer exhausts every minutæ of his subject, and presents the reader, in addition to a judicious compilation, a valuable record of his own experience. If we selected portions of these various theses, we should be doing injustice to the work as a whole, by unravelling the thread by which the compiled materials are held together. We cannot do better therefore, than strongly recommend the work as the most exhaustive translation into the English language on the various subjects on which it treats. The work will be extended to two volumes more than was at first contemplated, making in all seventeen. The fol-

lowing five volumes are yet to appear, Vol. XIV. on "Neurosis," in Dec. '77. Vol. XIII., "Diseases of the spinal cord," in March, '78. Vol. XVII., on "Blood diseases," in June, '78. Vol. VIII., on "Diseases of the abdominal viscera," in Sept. '78, and Vol. IX., on "Skin diseases," in Dec. '78.

PHYSICIAN'S VISITING LIST, by H. C. Wood, M.D. Philadelphia: J. A. Lippincott & Co.

This List presents many features which are peculiar to itself, and which will be found very convenient. In addition to the ordinary space for the name, there is also one for the address of the patient. It contains an erasable tablet, list of medicines and doses, diagrams of motor points, muscles for applying electricity, blanks for "accounts rendered," nurses' addresses, obstetric, engagement, &c., &c.

THE PHYSICIAN'S VISITING LIST FOR 1878. Philadelphia: Lindsay & Blakiston.

The above mentioned Visiting List has been published regularly for the last twenty-seven years. It is now offered to the profession in a most perfect form, such slight improvements having been made every year as experience seemed to suggest. We give the work our warmest commendation.

AMYL-NITRITE IN WHOOPING COUGH.—1 to 2 minims repeated every 2, 3, or 4 hours, according to the age of the child and the urgency of the symptoms. No antagonism exists between the remedy and quinine.

The annual death-rate of Edinburgh is about 15 per thousand.

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

On the 25th September, in Toronto, Mrs. McCollum, of a son.

On the 16th ult., the wife of Dr. Terrence, Toronto, of a daughter.

At Stratford, on the 10th ult., J. R. Hamlin Esq., M.D., to Sarah Leonora, eldest daughter of Mr. A. B. Orr.