long, sides straight from base to beyond middle, thence rounded into apex, hind angles rectangular; disk rather closely, not coarsely aciculately punctate, the punctures separated by nearly their own diameters. Elytra scarcely wider at base than thorax, sides parallel for two-thirds their length, then converging and rounding to the obtuse apex; striæ very fine, their punctures small, round, close-set; intervals flat, each with two rows of minute punctures, each puncture bearing a rather long, strongly inclined, pale brown hair. Abdominal segments 1–3 finely and sparsely punctate, four and five almost smooth.

Length 6.7-7.2 mm.

Described from nine specimens taken at Sanford and Dunedin, Fla., March 29–Oct. 31, mostly by beating, some at porch light. In colour resembles *dorsalis* Sz., but larger, broader, less parallel, with shorter antennæ and more sparsely punctate thorax, the red hue of elytra less distinct. In *dorsalis* the eyes are as widely separated in male as in female, the back portion of occiput is sparsely punctate, the middle of seventh joint of antennæ reaches base of thorax, and the punctures of elytral intervals are much more distinct than in *dichrous*.

Hymenorus sabalensis, sp. nov.—Elongate-oblong, smaller and more slender than *dichrous*. Head, thorax, antennæ and basal third of elytra dull red, legs paler; apical two-thirds of elytra dark brown. Head rather large; interocular area and clypeus coarsely and very sparsely punctate; eyes separated by one-half their width. Antennæ rather stout, half the length of body, the third joint two-thirds the length of fourth. Thorax one-half wider than long; sides evenly and broadly curved from basal third to apex; disk vaguely and broadly impressed each side on basal third, its surface sparsely and rather finely punctate, the punctures separated by twice or more their own diameters. Elytra at base slightly wider than thorax; striæ fine, their punctures small, close-set; intervals slightly convex, each with two rows of punctures which are almost as large as those of striæ. Under surface dull red, the abdomen punctate as in *dichrous*, the prosternum more densely so. Length 6 mm.

One specimen taken by beating palmetto leaves on Hog Island, March 22. Distinct by its peculiar coloration and widely spaced punctures of thorax.

Hymenorus sobrinus Casey.—One specimen, so determined by Casey, taken at Lakeland, Feb. 22, by beating masses of Spanish moss. The species was described from Florida without definite locality.

Andrimus brunneus Casey.—Frequent at Dunedin and La Belle in February and March. Taken by sweeping, and, in late March, at porch-light. Described from Haulover, Florida.

Andrimus parvulus, sp. nov.—Elongate-oblong. Pale chestnut-brown, shining; legs and palpi paler. Head small, with a wide groove between the eyes; clypeus and occiput finely and densely punctate. Eyes large, coarsely granulate, separated by a distance one-third greater than their width, Antennæ stout, joints 4–11 flattened, 2 and 3 together only one-third the length of fourth. Thorax subquadrate, slightly wider than long, base squarely truncate, front and hind angles rounded; disk minutely alutaceous, very finely and sparsely punctate, without trace of basal foveæ. Elytra one-third wider at base than thorax, sides subparallel to apical fourth, then feebly converging to the separately rounded tips; striæ fine, their punctures small, close-set; intervals flat, each