

God forbid that I should glory, save in the Cross of our Lord Issus Christ; by whom the world is Crucified to me, and 1 19
the world.—St. Paul, Gal. vi. 14.

MALIFAX, JANUARY 11, 1845.

CAPATINA ER.

JANUARY 12.—Sunday within the Octave of the Epiphany,—Ves-

18.-Monday, Octave of the Epiphany.

14.—Tuesday, St. Hilary, Bishop and Confessor. 15.—Wednesday, St. Paul, Hermit Confessor.

... 16.—Thursday, St. Marcellas, Pope and Martyr.

17.= Friday, St. Anthony, Abbott.

. 16 -Saturday, Feast of the Chair of St. Peter.

CREAL RISE & CRURIES W

THERE WERE MERRY DAYS IN ENGLAND.

"G—call the soas; instruct them what a debt
They one their ancestors; and make them swear
To just it—by transmitting down cutire
Those energy rights to which themselves were born."
AREASIDE.

There were merry days in England—and a blush is on my brow.
When I thinklyd what our land has been and what our hopes are
now:

When our peasantry and artisans were good as well as brave, And mildly heard the biessed truths the old religion gave.

There were merry days in England when a common let we felt. When at one shrine, and in one faith the perrand peasant knelt; A faith that instead in hely bonds, the cottage and the throne, Before a thousand priests uprese—with each a creed—his own!

There were merry days in England, when on the village green, The good old paster that they loved, amid the flock was seen. The parish Church. "at even then, had seen an earlier day. There only like their rerefathers, the people went to pray.

There were merry days in England—now, mark the Sabbath-day, How many seed the fances where their good forcithers lay, Some 'new light' glitters in their path—but let the truth be told, Lind who can say be's happier now, than those who lived of old?

Therewere merry days in England—ere Edgland's direct focs. To clamore forth sedition, in their wickedness arose. To riot in the scenes of which, once, Britons would recoil To wreck a shousand hearths and homes, and—fatten on the spoil.

There were merry days in England - ere theer traiters enapped the

The Ackwrights of society, whose towering fortunes are built spenths rains of a thousand families.

The bond of faith and truth that bound the poor man to the lord,

When the people loved their rulers, their religion, and their laws, And the welfare of the nation was to all a sacred cause.

There were merry days in England-there were joss we never

Ere our poor men were so many and our rich men were so few ;*
When by honor or integrity our rich men will stand or fall,—
Refore the great King Mannon was the King that governed all!

LIVES OF THE SAINTS.

The following is from the pen of Mr. Newman, Pusey's celebrated associate in the great movement towards a "Union of the Churches." One feels surprised while reading such productions, that these, Gentlemen do not, at once, join the Roman Catholic communion. There is so much of deep reverence and of enthusiastic admiration in their productions, that the most devoted Catholic would feel unwilling, in this sceptical age, to publish the details of ascetic history found in their books. Why do they not become Catholics? Because, "Spiritus spirat, ubi vult."-the grace of God is His gift, not of our acquiring; -and no brightness of intelligence can affect the will; until the moving power of his interposition begins to operate. There is a species of unchristian forgetfulness in reducing grace to the rules of nature, as we do by such questions as, "Why do they not become Catholics?" The time of the Almighty has not come. "Tempus meum nondum advenit. Tempus restrum semper est paraparatum."

The patrons of the following are now said to be two-thirds of the active officiating clergy of the