

RADNOR

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Wholesale Agent, 17 Radnor, 19 Jordan-street
Toronto, Ont.

SIXTEENTH YEAR

THREE FRENCH MINISTERS SAID TO HAVE RESIGNED.

But the Resignations are Not Confirmed and May Be a Bluff.

GOVERNMENT PLEDGED TO REMEDIAL LEGISLATION

If Manitoba Refuses a Settlement There Will Be a Fall Session.

Under the Impression That an Amicable Arrangement Can be Reached the Prairie Province is to be Again Asked to Remedy the Grievances—If the Answer is No Then the Government Will Attempt Coercion by a Remedial Bill to be Introduced at a Fall Session—This the Gist of the Announcement in Both Houses—Mr. Angers, Dissatisfied at Again Appealing to Manitoba, Resigns, and Messrs. Caron and Oulmet Support Him—The Action of the Government Looked Upon by Ontario Conservatives as a Mistake—How D'Alton McCarthy Views the Announcement.

Ottawa, Ont., July 8.—Not for a good many years has there been such excitement at the Capital as has been noticeable to-day. That something extraordinary was about to happen was evidenced from the crowded state of the galleries in the Commons. At the opening of the sitting representatives of the ultra-Protestant element of Ottawa and long-robed priests were there cheek by jowl, anxious to know what decision had been come to by the Government. They had not long to wait.

Mr. Laurier rose and reminded the leader of the House of his promise the other day to make a statement as to the course of public business.

Mr. Foster thereupon, amid a most unusual stillness, read the following announcement:

"I desire to state that the Government has had under its consideration the reply of the Manitoba Legislature to the Remedial Order of the 21st of March, 1895, and, after careful deliberation, has arrived at the following conclusion: Though there may be differences of opinion as to the exact meaning of the reply in question, the Government believes that it may be interpreted as holding out some hope of an amicable settlement of the Manitoba school question, on the basis of a possible school by the Manitoba Government and Legislature; and the Dominion Government is most unwilling to take any action which can be interpreted as forestalling or precluding such a settlement."

The Premier, however, has also considered the difficulties to be met with in preparing and perfecting legislation on so important and intricate a question during the last hours of the session. The Government has, therefore, decided not to ask Parliament to deal with Remedial Legislation during the present session.

Will Ask Manitoba to Compromise. A communication will be sent immediately to the Manitoba Government on the subject, with a view to ascertaining whether the Government is disposed to make a settlement of the question which will be reasonably satisfactory to the minority of the province, without making it necessary to call into requisition the powers of the Dominion Parliament. A session of the present Parliament will be called together, to meet not later than the first of January next. If by that time the Manitoba Government fails to make a satisfactory arrangement to remedy the grievance of the minority, the Dominion Government will be prepared, at the next session of Parliament, to be called, as above stated, to introduce and press to a conclusion such legislation as will afford an adequate measure of relief to the said minority, based upon the lines of the judgment of the Privy Council, and the Remedial Order of March 21, 1895.

The Premier made the Premier read the identical statement, adding, however: "This is clear and sufficiently distinct. Involving the policy of the Government upon this very important and intricate question. It must be for the Houses of Parliament and the people of the Dominion to say whether they approve of this policy or not."

A Hubbub in the House. In the Commons, immediately Mr. Foster sat down, Mr. Lariviere, the champion of the Catholics of Manitoba, arose and said: "In the name of the minority whom I represent, I emphatically declare that the present attitude of the Government is unacceptable to them."

He could proceed no further with his observations, as the Speaker called him to order, and Mr. Taylor rose to submit his motion for the reservation of certain Islands in the St. Lawrence as a national park. There were loud cries from the Opposition of the House, to move the adjournment of the House, but his opportunity to speak further was gone, the orders of the day having been called. During Mr. Taylor's observations there was a tremendous commotion in the chamber. Members stirred nothing but the air. The Opposition, they wanted to compare notes upon the situation. There was an immediate exodus into the lobby, and Room 16, the Conservative headquarters, adjacent to the chamber. There it was not difficult to learn how the Government's decision was accepted. "It is a mistake," said a pro-

vincial Conservative admit the same thing, that Manitoba had to do nothing. Why, then, say they, should the Government hold out hopes of a compromise such as this? It is said that the paragraph relative to possible action on Mr. Greenway's part was founded upon information conveyed to the Dominion Government by Lieutenant-Governor Schultz.

Not All Quebecers Here. It appears that not all the representatives of Quebec object to the line of policy which the Government has taken. Mr. Grouard of Jacques Cartier, one of the most influential men from that province, did not hesitate to say to his friends this afternoon that the Government had adopted the right course, and that if the Ministers had chosen to step out they had adopted an unwise policy.

Hon. Mr. Costigan in His Seat. Later on in the afternoon another rumor was started that Mr. Costigan would tender his resignation. He took his seat in the House as Minister and voted in the division on the question of Mr. Foster's motion, and Mr. Foster, respecting aid to the creameries of the Northwest.

It is significant in connection with this division that nearly all the Quebec Catholic Conservatives abstained from voting.

The Ontario Conservative members are more or less cut up at the Government's decision, but they refrained from making anything like an antagonistic statement. Hon. Clarke Wallace would say nothing, but immediately after Mr. Foster's announcement he made up his mind to attend the Orange demonstration here on Friday, which promises to be the greatest ever held in these parts.

The English-speaking Catholics in the House will to a man stand by the Government in its policy.

It is currently reported that the Government will be here to-morrow, the crisis having turned him Ottawa-wards.

Angers the Only One Out. A prominent French-Canadian informed me to-night that, as a consequence of Mr. Angers's resignation, the other two Ministers who have resigned, but that the other two are pledged to stand by him. However, to-morrow will set this at rest.

D'Alton McCarthy on the Government. Considerable interest was manifested as to the stand Mr. McCarthy would take on the political situation. He is reported to have substituted for one of the clauses in the House this afternoon? The question was put by the speaker to Mr. D'Alton McCarthy, who is reported to have said: "I am not prepared to say anything on this subject."

It seems to me, replied the member for North Simcoe, that the Government have made a desperate effort to prolong the life of the Administration for a few months. The members of the Administration are, in fact, themselves, and no person else can accept, that they have treated the answer to the Manitoba question as a compromise on the part of the Government, as clear as the sun at noonday that, though the reply was couched in temperate language, the Legislature of Manitoba has in fact, in the circumstances, it will be the Remedial Order.

The challenge of the Manitoba Government to make an inquiry into the condition of the schools system, as it was and as it is, is the best evidence that the Manitoba Government can offer that it is not afraid of the justice and the wisdom of its course in abolishing the Separate School system and establishing the common schools. That pretext for delay, therefore, is one plainly trumped up.

"The other, that the Government is not prepared to accept the Remedial Bill which would be constitutional and at the same time effective, is one more readily accepted than the other. The attempt will be made, it will be very difficult under the circumstances of those who are now ruling the destinies of Canada. The fortunes of the whole thing is to force the Manitoba school question to the front, a question which a wise Administration would never have allowed to become paramount in Canada politics, and that the unhappy feelings which arise will be still more intensified and still more aggravated by the failure of the Government to do the thing which is the duty of the people at the polls is obtainable."

I hope that before the House rises its opinion will be taken as to the wisdom of the pledge which the Ministers have given to-day that another session will be called to pass the Remedial Bill. If a Remedial Bill is passed at all, it could be as well passed now in January next, and the 39 Government supporters will be called upon to support the Remedial Bill which will find themselves in a very awkward position when they are willing to accept the policy of a Government which has allowed to become paramount in Canada politics, and that the unhappy feelings which arise will be still more intensified and still more aggravated by the failure of the Government to do the thing which is the duty of the people at the polls is obtainable."

As to the reported resignations of the three French Ministers, I am the last man in the House fitted to express an opinion. English Ministers, when they have resigned, are neither ashamed of it nor do they care to be known, but it is currently reported that the Ministers are merely making a demonstration and have no serious thought of resigning. It is thought that they will be found in their places to-morrow.

Le Canada says: "We learn from a source almost positive that the French Ministers—Sir A. P. Caron and Messrs. Oulmet and Angers—have sent in their resignations to the Prime Minister, Sir Mackenzie Bowell."

French members to the number of a dozen, when appealed to for confirmation of the reported resignations, said that undoubtedly the news was correct. Object to Further Dealings With Ottawa. The reason given for the resignations is not that the Ministers are dissatisfied because the Government has not seen fit to bring down a Remedial Bill this session. They fully recognize the utility of attempting to pass such a measure at this late stage of the session, but they object to the Government having any further dealings with Manitoba. They declare, and even Ont-

ario Conservatives admit the same thing, that Manitoba had to do nothing. Why, then, say they, should the Government hold out hopes of a compromise such as this? It is said that the paragraph relative to possible action on Mr. Greenway's part was founded upon information conveyed to the Dominion Government by Lieutenant-Governor Schultz.

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THEIR EVIDENCE INADMISSIBLE. CALLS THE INQUIRY A HOWLING FARCE

Ald. Gowanlock's Civic Investigation Motion Carries.

SAYS THE FACTS DID NOT COME OUT

Stringent Clauses in the Baron to Railway Company's Bill.

Trifling Offences Contrived Into Serious Crimes—Deputation to the Governor-General Appointed—Letter to the Minister of Justice—Baron Commissioners Must Pay for Island Dredging—Works Cool to be Tested by Prof. Mills—Days of Grace for Payment of City Taxes.

When the City Clerk met yesterday afternoon City Council he read a letter from the Mayor stating that illness prevented his attendance. Mayor Ald. Dunn and Sheppard the chair was occupied by Ald. Shaw. All the members were present save Ald. Lamb, Hallam and Burns.

Ald. Gowanlock carried his civic investigation motion, and Judge McDougall will be asked to produce certain papers. A deputation will go to Ottawa to present the Governor-General against severe penalties which would enable the Toronto Railway Company to constitute small offences into serious crimes. There will be a further scientific test of the alleged inferior waterworks coal; the Commissioner must pay for island dredging, and the works must be tested by Prof. Mills before taking its usual two months' holiday.

The Civic Investigation. Ald. Gowanlock, seconded by Ald. Frankland, moved: "That the proper officer be requested to lay on the table all papers and documents in connection with the late civic investigation, and especially the agreement or writing between His Honor the Mayor and the Hon. William Nesbit, Q.C., or both, with the Toronto Railway Company, B. B. Oeler, Q.C., or any other person, affecting the said civic investigation, and all communications received by and from the said company, and the names of the persons who suggested or suggested the name of the said company."

In submitting his motion Ald. Gowanlock stoutly maintained the existence of the agreement referred to. The public were not asked of all the facts which would be in effect given to his solution.

Indication of Character. Ald. Dunn failed to see the council had anything to do with a closed investigation. His loss, as if Ald. Gowanlock, to whom name had been mentioned, wished to be once again vindicated.

Ald. Leslie, in a good reason for pressing his motion. Ald. Dunn, after his evidence in the court, and the re-endorsement of his constituents, it is unnecessary and the press for the vindication of his character. It was very questionable if the council would now that the proceedings were so long thereto.

Was It a Howling Farce? Ald. Leslie was of the contrary opinion. Such an agreement, as alleged, is sufficient to damn the civic investigation and will more convince the citizens than ever that the enquiry was a howling farce from beginning to end.

The President saw no objection to the council passing the motion. Why should aldermen as honest as the day is light have the insinuations against their characters once more published broadcast?

Ald. Gowanlock said if there was nothing wrong they need not be afraid. Ald. Hubbard: The average member of this council have had quite sufficient of the lawyer's business. He advised Ald. Gowanlock to let the deed rest bury its dead.

The stalwart representative of Ward 6 positively declined, adding, if want no references among any members of the council, I do not want that agreement between the judge and the street railway company."

A Scandalous Sham. The investigation was a scandalous sham and a howling farce. If the true facts of the case were known men proudly walking about the city would soon be out of it and Ned Hewitt would be back here. (Applause from the gallery.) The men with money equipped and the men without money had to leave the city.

Ald. Scott favored the motion if names other than those on the alleged agreement were eliminated. It would be fair to rake up aldermen's names on mere trifling or unimportant insinuation. The motion in its amended form, as given above, carried.

Severe Penal Clause. The City Solicitor wrote to his attention had been called to certain amendments proposed to be made in the criminal code which might affect the traveling public in the city of Toronto. It was proposed to amend clause 363 of the code so that it would read: "Every person guilty of an indictable offence and liable to six months' imprisonment who, by means of any false ticket or order, or of any other ticket or order, fraudulently and unlawfully obtains or attempts to obtain any passage on any carriage, tramway, railway or street railway, or in any steamer or other vessel."

Upon this matter the City Solicitor addressed to Hon. Sir Charles H. Tupper a letter of protest. The bill, he believed, passed its third reading, so that, subject to the assent of the Governor-General, the clause is now law. Mr. Laibach was willing to let the amendment of the clause go so as to prevent any question being raised on transfer tickets, but the objection the City Solicitor had to it is that it makes a crime out of a comparatively trifling infraction.

An honest citizen reading his newspaper may well believe he has paid in full when in fact he has not done so. The City Solicitor asked for instructions from his Council. The Hon. Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, Minister of Justice:

Dear Sir,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of a copy of a bill further to amend "The Criminal Code, 1902," in cases so as to prevent any question being raised on transfer tickets, but the objection the City Solicitor had to it is that it makes a crime out of a comparatively trifling infraction.

Letter to the Minister of Justice. Ald. Scott read the following letter of the City Council to Sir Charles Tupper, Minister of Justice:

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Allow me to thank you, on behalf of myself and the Corporation of the City of Toronto, for the marked courtesy you have extended to me and to my clients in this matter.

The clause to which I particularly desire to call your attention is section 363,

PROVED WINDOW STAND FOR HOUSE PLANTS

Patented June 5th, 1895. U. S. Patent Applied For. Sold to the inside or outside of window from 15 to 25 pats. Finished in all woods.

Durable and Out of the Way. Any part of Canada on receipt of \$1.00 in advance.

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Treats Chronic Diseases and gives Special Attention to Skin Diseases.

SKIN DISEASES—Acne, Pimples, Ulcers, Etc.

TUESDAY MORNING JULY 9 1895.

THE RESIGNATIONS DISCREDITED

No One in Montreal Believes That the Three French Ministers Have Resigned.

Montreal, July 8.—The announcement in the Ottawa despatches to the local papers that three French Ministers had tendered their resignations was not credited for a moment in French political circles, as no one could believe any

such step would be dreamed of by experienced politicians like Sir A. P. Caron and Messrs. Angers and Oulmet. It is well known that these honorable gentlemen are in immediate touch with the Quebec electorate, and nothing that the trio of Ministers have yet accepted would for a moment convince them that the policy of deserting the national council chamber would be supported by the French Conservative party at large.

Your correspondent stated before and can be repeated to-night that, outside the party newspaper offices in Montreal and Quebec, there is no excitement in this province over the situation at Ottawa, and there is nothing to be seen, either beneath or above the surface, to indicate that the people of Quebec manifest any more than a passing interest in what is just now taking place at the seat of government. There is no desire on the part of the Conservative electors for the three French Ministers to vacate their seats at the Quebec table, and your correspondent learns, in fact, that more than one member of the French-Canadian episcopacy in this province desires to remain at their posts at all hazards, and that they will do all in their power to lessen the burden of the Manitoba minority, and why should they?

Lord Aberdeen Returns to Ottawa. Quebec, July 8.—Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Aberdeen left tonight by the 10:30 train for Ottawa. They were serried up in the morning in the wreck of an electric trolley and Pauline's slight injuries.

Five Injured in a Trolley Wreck. Quebec, July 8.—Five persons were seriously injured this morning in the wreck of an electric trolley and Pauline's slight injuries.

Child Poisoned by Vitrol. Comber, Ont., July 8.—Saturday night the 2-year-old son of John Campbell swallowed the contents of a bottle containing sulphuric acid. The child was taken to the hospital and the mother was charged with having taken a watch from Frank Golden in settlement of a case of lost driving.

Five Drowned in Lake Geneva. Lake Geneva, Wis., July 8.—Five persons were drowned in the lake yesterday afternoon by the swamping of the steam launch Dispatch in the tornado which swept over this section.

Drowned in the Welland. St. Catharines, July 8.—Joseph Myers, aged 18, son of Anthony Myers, baker, was drowned in the old canal below lock 2 Saturday night, while in bathing.

The Natural Gas and Vapor of Methane in Tuffi Falls. Tuffi Falls, N. B.

A Great Week at Niagara. The Ontario championship tennis tournament at the Queen's Royal Hotel, Niagara Falls, is in its seventh week with the occasion of a delightful holiday on the part of the spectators.

New Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge-st. Summer Resorts. Are you in search of a spot where every prospect pleases, and where the perfect quietude and tranquillity of so perfect a year attention to the Peninsula Park, M. McConnell, 46 Colborne-st., or the manager at hotel.

Going 40 Miles an Hour, but the Boy Escaped With His Life. Secretary Wilkinson of the Toronto School Board nearly lost his 16-year-old son and only son, Mr. Wilkinson's family are summering at Grimsby Park, and "Chris" on Wednesday last took a trip to Beamsville. On a return he boarded the Pacific express, which does not stop at Grimsby Park. He however was determined not to be carried past that place, and so just as the train was passing the park station he jumped out of the train, and was going at about 40 miles an hour and "Chris" was thrown into the ditch. He was picked up by a doctor an hour to bring him back to his senses. Fortunately he was not seriously injured. "Chris" will not again jump from moving trains.

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You can save money by buying your stationery from Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-st. Watch our prices.

Turkish Baths open all night, 129 Yonge-st. Arlington Hotel. The cool piazzas and central location of this comfortable hotel make it most desirable for summer tourists.

Lowest and highest temperatures yesterday. July 8.—Batford, 48-74; Qu'Appelle, 44-56; Winnipeg, 42-58; Port Arthur, 54-56; Toronto, 67-82; Kingston, 68-80; Montreal, 68-88; Quebec, 64-80; Chatham, 48-57; St. John's, 64-78.

PROBS.—Fresh to strong west and north-west winds; fair weather; a little lower temperature.

Deaths. FITCH—Suddenly, on Saturday evening, July 6, 1895, John Charles Fitch of Athol, Mass., aged 57 years, N. B. Funeral on Wednesday, the 11th, at 3:30 o'clock from his late residence to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

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