BLE SUICIDE AT NICE.—Par-
ble suicide at Nice are given
ios. On Sunday morning
s found in the grounds of
in the Valley of Montegat,
woman bleeding and insen-
moved to the town, but died
From her statements and
it appears that she was the
-seller, and was a brilliant
he winter months she was
ding at Nice, and had there
ance of a man named *Mor-*
being without resource,
put an end to their anxie-
mselves. According to the
ying woman, she left Nice
n. 'It was,' said she, 'our
ok with us a phial of laud-
and a sword-stick. We
ppot for our purpose. We
ur outer garment, laid upon
t till daybreak We had
g, and at 7 o'clock came
aken of my white petticoat
ng upon the branches of a
e laudanum. We suffered
d not die. *Morplain* said
ar it any longer; I shall
.' I cried out that I would
ith his corpse, and I said,
pointing to a spot where a
er breast was visible), I do
igured, and I entreated him
. He fired point-blank.' The
he *Gaulios* adds that the
d by the fact of the chem-
nd the skin blackened by
rplain, added the dying
elf through the head, and
ying yonder. He feared a
ll see that he yet holds a
d."

COA—*For Breakfast*—The
rious importers and manu-
mpte to attain a reputa-
Cocoas, but we dub
orough success has been
essrs. Taylor Brothers dis-
traordinary quailities of
. Adapting their perfect
ation to this finest of all
eobroma, they have pro-
hich supercedes every other
ket. Entire solubility, a
nd a rare concentration of
ts of nutrition, distinguish
coa above all others. For
nvalids we could not re-
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NT AND PILLS.—Helpless and Hope-
n external maladies have sunk be-
covery till they have tried Hol-
edies, which exhibit the most un
ating all taints from the body, and
wer in setting up reparative, in
action. Skin diseases, scrofulous
tly hereditary maladies yield to a
reatment, which cleanses the cor-
lest cases, and steadily continues
nization and reconstruction until
suits. These Pills create a strong
ppetite for food, and so improve
milation, that with the purifying
biously confer augmented strength
52*

dging that he is the Oxford pro-
Lothair as a 'social parasite,' Gold-
letter to Mr Disraeli, charging him
elf behind a work of fiction in order
unity the social character of a po-
characterising such expressions as
a coward.

ation Wanted

REABOUTS OF EDKAHN,
last a joint of the right fore-finger,
tall and stout for his age. Last
on the 12th April last, when he
ace River Mines. Address
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XPRESS LINE STAGES.

FROM YALE TO SODA
ed to.....$45 00
ARKERVILLE (or as far as
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to Soda Creek in 4 Days
Quesnelle 4½ "
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on when required.
lar Stage must leave Victoria by
RISE."
E. J. BARNARD.

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14, 1870, my15 2m

The Weekly British Colonist.

Wednesday July 20 1870

Spain in Search of a King.

King-making in Spain would indeed appear to be a difficult and dangerous business. It is now nearly two years since Isabella sought in France that safety she could no longer command in the nation she had debauched and disgusted. Since that the Throne, once so great and attractive, has gone a-begging all over Europe, and has been rejected by Prince after Prince—by the experienced old statesman Ferdinand of Coburg, by the boy Duke of Aosta, by the venerable old soldier General Espartero, and, it is believed, by the old but not venerable Regent Serrano. On the other hand the few to whom the Throne of Spain was acceptable were unacceptable to Spain. Don Carlos, the representative of the ancient Bourbon line, was unacceptable because he would reimpose religious slavery; the Duke de Montpensier, heir of the Orleanist traditions, was unfit to occupy the Throne because he was chiefly distinguished by those housewifely virtues which are repugnant to the Spaniard, and because Prim did not feel quite sure of his ability to keep him well in hand; the youthful Alphonso was unacceptable because he was his mother's son, and, consequently, unfitted by character and training to rule Spain of the present. Thus disappointed and wearied, knowing well that the interregnum could not last always, the temporary rulers hit upon the democratic expedient of electing a King. A bill was passed, under which the Cortes bound themselves to elect any King who should receive the votes of half the Cortes plus one. The scheme appeared to be a reasonable one; but it promised, in the hands of Spaniards, this result: The members would not vote for the men they knew and hated much, but for the opponents they knew and hated little Thus it was not improbable that all the candidates before the public would be rejected, and that the election would fall either to somebody hitherto overlooked, or to some one possessing such recommendations as would disarm dislikes. Let us look at the candidates. To begin with, the Infante Alphonso may be dismissed; for, although Isabella's recent formal abdication in his favor, in the presence of Napoleon, might be presumed to bring to him the moral influence, if not the material support of France, he would, indeed, be a bold monarch who would undertake to force the son of the Ex-Queen upon Spain! The dismissal of the Duke de Montpensier would be less easy, for he might possibly hope to receive the support of the Republicans, who, with his own party of ninety, and a few loose-fish, might carry the election. The Duke of Aosta might hope to stand well with Prim's support, provided the Montpensierists, hopeless of their own cause, would unite with them. But a reluctant candidate would stand at a disadvantage. He has already declined acceptance of the Throne; his father's people desire no such alliance with Spain, and his house is at open war with the Catholic priesthood. As for Serrano, he is Espartero over again, an old and a childless man. Thus but three candidates remained, the King of Portugal, Prim himself, and the 'dark-horse,'—that is some unknown Prince to be selected as the only escape from dislikes and endless faction. It would appear from the very imperfect information which has reached us by telegraph that, of all these expedients the last has been resorted to, and that the 'dark horse' is none other than Prince Leopold. Thus, however strange it may appear, considered in the abstract, to find Spain seeking a King in the House of Hohenzolern, it can take no one by surprise who has been a careful student of passing events. It is not the least strange, viewed in the light of the circumstances already narrated. Prim has offered the Spanish Throne to Leopold; and the offer has been accepted. Whether Napoleon will permit a German power to place one of its Princes on the Throne of Charles the Fifth is a problem which must await the evolution of events. He will doubtless hinder such a consummation if he can. But even Napoleon may not be able to do that single-handed. The recollections of Sadowa and of Mexico may induce wavering nations to stand aloof, if, indeed, they do not somewhat chill the ardor of Frenchmen. The neutral position assumed by Prussia would appear to be not inconsistent with the circumstances. If Spain desires Leopold for King, and if Leopold is inspired with an ambition to sit on the Throne of Charles the Fifth, why should Prussia interfere? and why should she be held responsible? For the matter of that, why should Napoleon interfere? He is the Emperor of France, and no more. Let him look to his own affairs. But, if Napoleon should seek to make the occasion a pretext for forcing an unjust war upon Prussia, he may find the needle-gun as effective as ever; and Bismarck as able as ever. The dispatches which reached us last night would seem to indicate that Napoleon is indeed in earnest in desiring a pretext for war. We shall see.

Wednesday July 13

Removal of the Colonist Office.

In a few days the office of the BRITISH COLONIST will be removed to the building in which was formerly located the *News*. The entire establishment has been leased for the purposes of our business. The store will be arranged as a publication office and as editorial rooms. In the rooms at the rear of the store will be placed the newspaper material and the presses; the front room upon the upper flat will be used for the purposes of a job office, and the large hall, popularly known as the Chamber of Commerce room, will be converted into a store-room for stock. The building is in every way eligible and easy of access, while our present location is exactly the reverse.

THE BOAT RACE.—The Race between the Amateur and Zealous Boys' Crews came off yesterday evening. The Course was from the Dredger round Dead Man's Island and back, a distance of about three miles. At the start the Zealous got away first, but in a bad form, which enabled the Amateurs in a few strokes to get up with them, but in a few lengths the Zealous settled down to their work in good style. Opposite Dickson, Campbell's Wharf the boats were even, the Zealous steering wildly; they took the Bridge almost together, and at Dead-Man's Island the Zealous had the inside turn, but, through bad steering allowed the Amateurs to take their water, when the boats came round on their return course the Amateurs were two lengths ahead, steering beautifully and pulling well together, and it looked all up with the Zealous, but being called upon they put on a spurt, which brought them up with their opponents, and at the Bridge the boats were again even, Amatures steering in a straight course, the Zealous keeping too far over towards Trabey's Yard. Between the bridge and the dead house, the boats kept almost even, but at the Ferry the Zealous had drawn half a length ahead, both crews pulling fresh and strong; from this point the water became lumpy in consequence of the fresh breeze blowing, which seemed to tell upon the Amatures and the Zealous gradually drew ahead and won the race by a length. The Crews and boats were equally matched, and we have no hesitation in saying that this was the best four oared race we have seen on the Island. Time, 20 minutes. Mr. Meldrum acted as Umpire and Starter.

THE ALIDA.—This steamer sailed at 2 o'clock this morning for ports on Puget Sound. She will run regularly between Victoria and Olympia, leaving the latter port at 4 o'clock every Monday morning and arriving the same evening at Victoria. The fare to Olympia is $5. To the owners of this vessel have been awarded the contract for carrying the mails on Puget Sound at the rate of $12,000 per annum. The Alida, in appearance, is not unlike the Enterprise. She is 115 feet long, 25 feet beam and has 6 feet depth of hold. She has two engines with 2 14½ inch cylinders and 5½ feet stroke of piston, tubular boilers and a heating surface of 1950 square feet. The engines were built at San Francisco and the hull was constructed at Seattle by experienced workmen. The hull is well braced and strengthened and has been so constructed as to resist successfully the fiercest gales she is likely to encounter in the Straits or Sound. The staterooms are 12 in number and will berth 36 persons. In addition there is a ladies *boudoir* or parlor, a spacious dining room and room for 60 tons of freight.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.—The yearly general meeting of this Bank was held on the 8th June at the London Tavern. The net profit of the year was £71,617 17s. 8d. and the usual dividend at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, with a bonus of 1 per cent in addition, was declared. The Chairman said it would be observed by the balance-sheet that the circulation had increased from £228,000 to £281,000, and the deposits—always a satisfactory test of public confidence—from £870,000 to £995,000, and as a further proof of that confidence he might mention that the shares of the bank were being taken up in the colony in a much larger proportion than formerly by the residents there, who were best able to judge of the position and prospects of the institution. The reports from New York, San Francisco, and British Columbia were also more cheering than they had been. The business of the bank had been carried on with great caution and within confined limits, but now he thought they saw symptoms of improvement. The report was adopted and the retiring directors re-elected.

PROBABLY LOST.—A skiff belonging to the Millvale water-boat was stolen some 9 days ago by two of H M sailors, and Capt Jones of the water-boat followed them to the American side, where he spent several days in search of the boat without meeting with any success. While prosecuting his search Jones' boat was capsized; but he managed to clamber on the bottom of the craft and after two hours' time was rescued by the U S custom-house boat. Subsequently Jones found an oar floating in the Straits and he is of opinion that the skiff in which the sailors decamped was upset and the both men were lost.

MR R URQUHART, JR., who, during the absence at the east of Col Evans, was attached to Wells, Fargo & Co's office in this city, leaves to day on the Pelican for California. During his connection with Wells, Fargo & Co, Mr Urquhart has been distinguished for his urbanity and obliging deportment and we are sure that all with whom he has been brought in contact will wish him every success in life.

THE Enterprise sailed yesterday. She will call at Maple Bay on the trip up and take on board the camp-meeting party, and will return here this evening.

THE PLUMPER PASS MURDER.—Officer McMillan, having been deputized to proceed to Plumper Pass and investigate the circumstances attending the recent murder of Clarke, sailed yesterday in a boat. He is accompanied by the four settlers who brought the body to Victoria. A reply from the Governor to the petition for a gunboat states that should any difficulty be experienced in apprehending the murderers, sufficient force will be sent to the spot to insure their arrest.

DESTITUTE.—A deserter from H M S Scylla was seen at Port Townsend the other day. He was in a most destitute state—minus hat and coat and boots and complained that he had not tasted food for two days. But for the fear of punishment he would have returned to Victoria with our informant.

THE defendant in the sailor secreting case was yesterday fined $50. Mr Robertson addressed the bench on behalf of the accused but failed to alter his honor's opinion. The conviction, certainly, seems to have been based upon very slight grounds.

H. M. S. ZEALOUS went to sea at 1½ o'clock yesterday afternoon. She went out under steam. On her way down the coast the Zealous will keep a bright lookout for the pirate Forward.

DR HELMCKEN will be first of the delegation to reach home. The hon gentleman left San Francisco on Saturday to come *via* Portland, and will arrive home on Monday evening by the Olympia.

THE FLYING SQUADRON AT HONOLULU.—On Thursday morning, June 16th, the British Flying Squadron, under command of Rear-Admiral G T B Hornby arrived at Honolulu, seven teen days from Victoria.

THE steamer Fly arrived yesterday afternoon from Burrard Inlet with a load of lumber for the schooner A P Jordan. The Fly towed out the ship General Windham from Burrard Inlet.

THE steamer Olympia sailed for ports on Puget Sound at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. Among those on board were Mr D Dudley Field, Rev Mr Stone and wife, and Mr F H Lamb.

THE steamship California, Capt Hayes, arrived yesterday noon from Portland and the Sound. She will load lime at Orcas Island from Portland.

THE steamship G S Wright, Capt Rogers, bound from Portland for Sitka with passengers and mails, called off the mouth of the harbor yesterday morning.

THE steamship Pelican will sail at 11 o'clock this morning for San Francisco direct.

Dominion Mail Summary.

Our Canadian files are to the 25th ultimo. The Hon Dr Tupper had taken a seat in the Cabinet as President of the Council. The leading papers on both sides speak approvingly of the accession of Dr Tupper. He is regarded as amongst the most able of Canadian statesmen, and he appears to possess in a remarkable degree the confidence of both parties. An Ottawa exchange of the 25th June says 'Mr H E Seelye, the special correspondent of the *British Colonist*, Victoria, B C, was entertained to dinner yesterday, at the Club, by Sir Francis Hincks and other members of the Government.' The health of Sir John A Macdonald continued to improve. He was moved into a tent erected on the Parliament grounds, where he remained for several hours and appeared the better for the change. From recent Red River intelligence it was thought the new Government would be peaceably inaugurated. Governor Archibald would not form his Council until after his arrival in Manitoba. Bishop Tache had paid a visit to the Swamp Indians, who have been threatening Reil, with the view of pacifying them by telling them that they must respect existing authority. Henry Prairie, their chief, who is son of the celebrated Geguis replied, 'Although we are Indians we have been taught that when one man steals an axe from another man's door the chief will be punished, and if one man killed another the murderer would be hung; and how is it that you ask us to respect these men who have done both?' The Bishop abruptly closed the council, during which the chief objected to smoking the calumet. The revenue of the Dominion for the month of May was as follows:—Customs, $927,207 Excise, $310 007, Post Office, $56 498. Public Works, including railways, $81,158. Bill Stamps, $140,057. Miscellaneous, $53,753. Total $1,514 927. The expenditure during the same period was $876 868. It was understood that the Hon J Howe was booked for Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia. Mr Haliburton is to be Secretary to the new Governor of Manitoba. A very destructive fire occurred at St Gabriel Locks, Montreal, on the night of the 21st destroying factories and property to the value of $200 000 and throwing 400 men out of employment. An Ottawa contemporary says it is understood that the Dominion Commissioner to Great Britain will press upon the Imperial Government not only the claims of Canada to compensation for the Fenian raids, the right to protection from such raids in future, and the necessity for a permanent arrangement for the protection of the fisheries; but that he will also urge the importance of Imperial aid towards the construction of a railway to the Pacific, in Imperial as well as colonial interests. A correspondent, writing to the Ottawa *Citizen* upon the subject of Canadian emigration to Colorado and Nevada, says:—

'If there are equal, or possibly superior, mining sections open under the old flag, why should not our young men go to British Columbia instead of the territory of a foreign nation, whence after three or four years' residence they return denationalised and republican in feeling? I know many Canadians and some Nova Scotians who would choose British Columbia in preference to the States, if they could learn anything definite as to the mining and other prospects which it offers to the emigrant. But while all other British colonies and the States have their agents and voluminous correspondents, British Columbia is comparatively unknown, except by the most meagre and obsolete descriptions. Could not some of the British Columbia delegates enlighten us a little on the agricultural, pastoral, mining, lumbering and fishing prospects of Vancouver Island and the mainland?'

European Mail Summary.

Dates to June 18.

The Oaks stakes at Epsom, were won by Mr. G Jones's Gamos; the favorite in this race, as in the Derby, being unplaced. An immense coal field is believed to have been discovered near West Bromwich, in Staffordshire, and sinkings are being made to ascertain the practicability of working it. Sir Charles Mordaunt intends to appeal to the House of Lords against the decision of Divorce Court restraining the progress of his suit during the insanity of Lady Mordaunt. The reported loss of the Dacia steamship, with the West Indian telegraph cable, is contradicted. A charge of fraud has been made against the manager of the Manchester Insurance and Banking Company, and the prisoner has been remanded without bail. There are still circumstances occuring in Ireland which prove the existence of a bad feeling. Assaults and threatening letters are continued, and a seizure of arms and ammunition has been made at a public-house in Cork. Two men, charged with attempting the life of Mr. Radcliffe, have been found guilty at Meath Special Commission. The reported purchase of Tollymore park by the Prince of Wales is declared to be unfounded. A letter written in a familiar style and purporting to be addressed by the Prince of Wales to his brother, Prince Alfred, which has been published in the Irish and some of the foreign papers, is declared upon authority to be a forgery. Mrs. Loyd, widow of one of the victims of the Atheniun brigands, has acknowledged an address of sympathy from the Greek merchants in London, accompanied by a sum of 2,000*l*. Other Greek gentlemen had sent about 570*l*. to the Editor of the *Times* for the benefit of Mrs. Loyd. Outrages have not entirely ceased in Ireland, but are not so frequent as they were some short time since. At the meeting of the Grand Orange Lodge, Mr. Johnston, M. P., announced his determination to preside over an Orange gathering on the 12th of July. The National Press endeavors to extenuate the collapse of the Fenian raid upon Canada. An Irishman, armed with dagger and revolver, was charged yesterday with shooting at three policemen. A telegram from New Zealand has been received by the Colonial-office, confirming the report of the defeat of the rebels by the friendly natives.

Australia.

The steamer *Wonga Wonga* left Sydney May 28th, and connected with the *Ajax* at Honolulu, bringing Australian dates. There is not much news of importance.

MELBOURNE, May 24—A collision occurred on the railway, by which sixty people were injured.

The volunteer review passed of satisfactorily. Twenty thousand people were present

May 26—Mr. Pendergrast, a barrister, and formerly member of Parliament, has been committed to Inglewood jail as a vagrant, having been five days in the bush without food. Intemperance is the alleged cause A stock broker in Geelong, named Frederick Brown, has been arrested on a charge of forgery and attempting to commit suicide.

May 27—Charles Day, chemist, committed suicide by taking prussic acid. He has lately been very intemperate. Another memte of the family died in a similar manner.

SIDNEY, May 19—The floods have again been accompanied by a sad loss of life, and a great destruction of property. At Maneroo, Mrs. Caldwell, her seven children, and a man whose name has not transpired, have been drowned. The Bompala bridge has been swept away, and property of different descriptions greatly damaged.

May 21—We have dates from Fiji to the 23d of April. A meeting of settlers at Vuna passed a resolution in opposition to a Republican form of Government at present.

May 23—The *Melanie* has arrived from the pearl fishery to Western Australia, and was immediately placed in quarantine, owing to the death of sixteen of her crew.

URALLA, May 26—A fierce encounter took place between Ward (Thunderbolt, the Bushranger), and the Uralla Police, at Blanche's Inn, Kentucky, near Uralla, yesterday. Constable Walker shot Thunderbolt dead after a desperate fight. Many shots were exchanged. Constable Walker showed great pluck on the occasion. Another report says: After exchanging several shots, Ward managed to escape, but was closely followed by Constable Walker alone, who succeeded in overtaking him after a hard ride of four miles. A desperate fight then took place, when Constable Walker shot Thunderbolt dead.

HOBART TOWN, May 16—A large number of Germans are coming out to Tasmania in the *Victoria*, and a continuous stream of emigrants may be expected from Hamburg.

ON Monday, Evan Jefferies made his 143rd appearance at the Salford Borough Police Court for being drunk, adding to his offence a refusal to quit the police office on Saturday night. He had come out of gaol that evening, where he had been imprisoned for a week for a like offence. He was fined 5s.; in default, seven days more in gaol.—*English Paper.*

THE GRAND PROMOTERS OF HEALTH.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

The grand secret of attaining happiness is to secure good health, without which life is stripped of a its pleasures. The first irregularity of any function should be checked and set right by appropriate doses of these fine purifying Pills, which strengthen the system by thoroughly cleansing the blood from all impurities They balance disordered action, remove the cause of disturbance and restore its normal and natural power to every organ, without inconvenience, pain or any other drawback

Derangement of the Bowels, Liver and Stomach Complaints.

This medicine is so well known in every part of the world, and the cures effected by its use are so wonderful as to astonish every one. Its pre-eminence as a remedy for billious and liver complaints and derangements of the stomach and bowels, is no longer a matter of dispute or doubt. In these diseases the beneficial effects of Holloway's invaluable Pills are so permanent and extensive, that the whole system is renovated, the organs of digestion strengthened, and full and easy assimilation protected, so that both physical and moral energy are increased

Determination of Blood to the Head.

This is generally occasioned by some irregularity of the stomach and bowels, which, if not quickly attended to frequently terminates fatally. A few doses of these famous Pills never fail to give tone to the stomach, regularity to the secretions, and purity to the fluids. Vertigo, dimness of sight and other indications of approaching apoplexy, are only dissipated by a course of this admirable medicine

The Female's Best Friend.

For all debilitating disorders peculiar to the sex, and in every contingency perilous to the life of women, youthful or aged, married or single, this mild but speedy remedy is recommended with friendly earnestness. It will correct all functional derangements to which they are subject

Scrofula and all Skin Diseases.

For all skin diseases, however inveterate, these medicines are a sovereign remedy While the Pills act upon the blood, which they purify, the ointment passes through the pores of the skin, and cleanses every stricture, as water saturates the soil or as salt penetrates meat. The whole physical machinery is thus rendered healthy, regular and vigorous

Coughs, Colds and Asthmas.

No medicine will cure colds of long duration or such as are settled upon the chest so quickly as these famous Pills. Even in cases where the first stage of asthmas has appeared these Pills may be relied on as a certain and never failing remedy, particularly if the Ointment be simultaneously well rubbed into the chest and throat night and morning.

Indigestion—Billious Headache.

These complaints may sometimes be considered trifling but it should be borne in mind that by inattention and neglect, they often end most seriously. Give early thought to a deranged stomach take Holloway's Pills, rub his celebrated Ointment over the pit of the stomach, and you will shortly perceive a change for the better in your digestion, spirits, appetite, strength and energy. The improvement, though it may be gradual will be thorough and lasting.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known the world for the following diseases:

Ague	Female Irregularities	Scrofula King's Evil
Asthma	Fevers of all kinds	Sore Throats
Bilious Complaints	Fits	Stone and Gravel
Blotches on the Skin	Gout	Secondary Symptoms
Bowel Complaints	Headache	Tic-Douloureux
Colics	Indigestion	Tumours
Constipation the Bowels	Inflammation	Ulcers
Consumption	Jaundice	Venereal Affections
Debility	Liver Complaints	Worms of all kinds
Dropsy	Lumbago	Weakness, from whatever cause
Dysentery	Piles	
Erysipelas	Rheumatism	
	Retention of Urine	
&c.....&c.....&c		

Sold at the Establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand (near Temple Bar), London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d 4s. 6d 1s. 22s., and 33s. each Box.

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OILMAN'S STORES,

All of Superior Quality

PICKLES, SAUCES, SYRUPS,
JAMS IN TINS AND JARS,
ORANGE MARMALADE,
TART FRUITS, DESSERT FRUITS,
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PRESERVED FRESH SALMON,
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FRESH AND LOCHFYNE HERRINGS,
FRIED SOLES,
FRESH AND FINDON HADDOCKS,
PURE SALAD OIL,
SOUPS, IN QUART AND PINT TINS,
PRESERVED MEATS IN TINS,
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OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE SAUSAGES,
BOLOGNA SAUSAGES,
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GALANTINES,
TONGUES, BRAWN, POULTRY
PLUM PUDDINGS,
LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Fresh Supplies of the above may always be had from every Storekeeper throughout the

CAUTION.

To prevent the fraud of refilling the bottles or jars with native productions, they should INVARIABLY BE DESTROYED when empty.

Goods should always be examined upon delivery, to detect any attempt at substitution of articles of inferior brands.

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PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN, THE EMPEROR OF THE FRENCH, AND THE KING OF THE BELGIUMS.

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At the Paris Exhibition of 1867, THREE Prize Medals were awarded to CROSSE & BLACKWELL for the marked superiority of their productions. ap27 lawly

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SOLE PROPRIETORS,

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THE COCOA (OR CACAO) OF MARAVILLA is the true THEOBROMA LINNÆUS. Cocoa is indigenous to South America, of which Maravilla is a favored portion. TAYLOR BROTHERS having secured the exclusive supply of this unrivalled Cocoa, have, by the skilful application of their soluble principle and elaborate machinery, produced what is so undeniably the perfection of prepared Cocoa, that it has not only secured the preference of homœopaths and cocoa-drinkers generally, but many who had hitherto not found any preparat on to suit them, have, after one trial, adopted the Maravilla Cocoa as their constant beverage for breakfast, luncheon, &c.

"AN UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS."

See following Extract from the Globe of May 14, 1868.

"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa.

Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this the finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage."

Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA and SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

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