

WHISKARD'S

THREE BUSY STORES,
228, 230, 232 Dundas Street, London.

OUR THEORY HAS ALWAYS BEEN

That people appreciate BARGAINS, and that the public of London are a discriminating people. The shrewdest buyer may get prices elsewhere, but will generally wind up by buying at the "Three Busy Stores." We never advertise anything especially cheap unless we have the goods to deliver in sufficient quantities to avoid disappointing our patrons. Has that been your experience elsewhere?

REMEMBER OUR RULE: "When we get bargains you get them."

Plenty of Bargains on hand just now.

HANDKERCHIEF DEPARTMENT.

38 dozen of Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs, special, 10c, 12½c, at 5c each.
Special line of Jap Silk Handkerchiefs, in white, hemstitched; regular 30c, our price 20c each—large sizes.

LACE CURTAIN DEPARTMENT.

Special purchase of Lace Curtains; regular \$3, fine goods, our price \$2 pair.
Another special in Lace Curtains; regular \$4.50, very fine goods, our price \$3.25 pair.

PRINT DEPARTMENT.

1,000 yards of Fine Prints, in indigo blue, spots, stripes, floral patterns, also white ground, spots, stripes, shirt waist patterns; regular 12½c, our price 8c yard.

RIBBON DEPARTMENT.

Beautiful line of Silk Taffeta Ribbons, 3 inches wide, in pink, blue, cardinal, white and cream, 15c, for 10c yard.
A very fine Taffeta Silk Ribbon, wide width, in all the best shades, at 19c and 25c yard.

CRINKLED SILK CHIFFON.

Regular 75c, our price, special 15c yard.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

New Shapes coming in nearly every day. Ready-to-wear Hats, nicely trimmed, 50c, 75c, \$1 each.
Children's Lace Straw Hats, beautifully trimmed, only 97 cents each.
Splendid line of Ladies' Black Jumbo Straw Sallors, wide silk band, only 45c each.
Boxes of Flowers of all kinds; regular 15c, 20c, 25c, for 5c bunch.

Nearly 3,000 yards of good embroidery, just in, our price 8c, 4c, 5c yard.

Embroidery, 8 inches wide, very special, at 7c yard, new patterns.

Special, 12 bunches White Tape, all sizes, only 8c.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Just in, Cream Lustres, special, 50c yard.
Special line of Cardinal Cashmere, very fine goods, 50c yard.
Baby Blue Cashmere Dress Goods, beautiful quality, 50c yard.

Come to the "Three Busy Stores" for
Genuine Bargains.

TERRIBLE COLLISION

On the New York Central at
Clyde, N. Y.

Two Trainmen Killed and Thirteen
Mail Clerks Injured.

Two Stowaways Perish in a Steamer's
Coal Bunkers—Other Casualties.

Clyde, N. Y., May 2.—The New York Central fast mail, No. 3, westbound, collided with a fast freight going in the opposite direction a quarter of a mile west of the station here at 5 p.m., killing the engineer and fireman of the mail and seriously injuring thirteen mail clerks.

The dead are: John Grant, engineer, Syracuse, jumped, head crushed, killed instantly. Wm. K. Naxon, fireman, Syracuse, jumped, skull fractured and arm torn off, died half an hour afterwards.

The injured (all mail clerks) are: J. W. Shepard, E. R. Force, R. Mills, E. E. Gibson, all of Cleveland, Ohio; R. C. Baird, John M. Mert, G. W. Nummer, of Elvira; J. P. Putnam, of Brockton, N. Y.; Geo. I. Smart, Geo. Brown, of Elvira; C. E. Wright, of Rochester; Arthur Underhill, of Norwalk, Ohio; John Pitbot, of Corvosa.

GOING FIFTY MILES AN HOUR.

The fast freight was going east on track No. 1, but crossed over to track No. 2 to permit an eastbound passenger to pass. When it started to cross back the mail approached at a speed of 50 miles an hour, and before its speed could be checked the two engines collided. They were torn to pieces and hurled into the air by the force of the impact. The first mail car and six freight cars were crushed to pieces and the other cars of both trains badly damaged. The crew of the freight jumped in time, but Grant and Naxon were killed by leaping. The mail clerks were badly tossed about and all were seriously injured, most of them internally, and many terribly bruised. Assistance was summoned from Syracuse and the injured were cared for. The tower man did not see the freight crossing, and gave the mail a clear track. It is said that the freight crew should have waited for the mail to pass, knowing that it was due.

HIS LAST FISHING EXCURSION.

Digby, N. S., May 2.—While returning from the fishing grounds at Centerville Lake yesterday, Egbert Robbins, aged 21, was drowned by the capsizing of his boat.

TWO STOWAWAYS PERISH.

New York, May 2.—When the British freight steamer Sir Richard Grenville, from the West Indies, arrived

here, Capt. Jones reported the tragic death of two West Indian stowaways, who were negroes. It is supposed that they got on board the vessel at St. Lucia by letting themselves down to the coal bunkers through the coal chutes. The men had evidently miscalculated the time that the steamship was going to remain at St. Lucia, and did not know that the vessel was to coal. After they had reached the coal bunkers many tons of coal were taken on board, and the two stowaways were literally buried alive. Nothing was

Will You Spend A Penny For a Sick Friend?

Here is my proposition: I have written the six books shown below. I want no money. I simply desire the privilege of sending the book needed to someone who is not well. I will do more: To prove my faith in my newly found principles of curing the sick, I will send you a trial bottle of my Restorative for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. I will let you or your friend take it for a month; and if it succeeds, he will charge you \$5 for it. If it fails your druggist will refund the bill to me. I will tell him to trust to your honesty, leaving the decision to you. You will know what my Restorative can do. My Restorative will gain your goodwill and indorsement more sure a trial.

No physician ever has nor ever will. I believe! make an offer like this—my remedy is the only prescription yet found to stand a test like this.

And I do exactly as here stated. No catch. No deceit. You deal with your own druggist, who must be your neighbor, and a stranger to me. The plan protects you absolutely.

You will see this offer published in every high-class magazine and widely circulated paper in America, and here lies the proof of my success. My records show that \$9 out of each 40 who accepted the six bottles paid for them. They paid because they were cured—there are 39 chances in 40 that I can cure you. I will not let this remarkable offer? I am not the record of cures, but this is a remarkable offer? I am not the record of cures, but this is a remarkable offer? I am not the record of cures, but this is a remarkable offer?

And how do I accomplish this? I will tell you. I have found a way to strengthen the inside nerves—the only way yet known. These nerves alone operate each vital organ. The Heart, the Stomach, the Kidneys, etc., each have their nerve branch. The power that makes each organ do its duty, is the inside nerve power. Nothing else. I know how to restore that power. No matter which organ is weak, this nerve system operates them all. Nerve strength or weakness extends to all.

My Restorative goes directly to this cause—these nerves. That is the secret of my success. Don't let prejudice keep you from learning what my books will tell you. They are practical books written for intelligent people. I am not appealing to ignorance, and I wish to discourage prejudice. No matter what your doubts, remember I have spent a lifetime on my method, and it is unknown to you. I cannot call personally upon 75,000,000 people. Then I must tell you of my offer through the papers you read.

The telephone, the telegraph, the wonders of electricity have been solved by man. May I not have found a way to do as much for human life?

Thousands who were sick will read this—who are discouraged because of others' failures to cure them. That is no reason why they should not get my book. You cannot know too much about ways to get well, when such ways can be tried at my risk. This offer is too fair to need argument. Won't you spend a penny for a sick friend? Write a postal today for the book he needs. Your reward will come in knowing you opened the way to a cure.

Simply state which book you want, and address Dr. Shoop, Box 41, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

known of the death of the men until the morning of April 18, when one of the bodies slid through the coal chute into the furnace room. Capt. Jones ordered the body buried in the sea. Six days later the stokers were again horrified by another body which came through the coal chute into the furnace room. A search was then made, but no more bodies were found.

WOMAN SHOT BY SHERIFFS.
New York, May 3.—Deputy sheriffs in pursuit of striking dyers in the village of Lodi, N. J., surrounded the house of Frederick Behne, and called on him and his friends to surrender. As Mrs. Behne, carrying her child in her arms, ran from the house, the deputies opened fire and a bullet struck the woman in the arm. The shooting infuriated the strikers, who marched through the quiet village streets threatening to make trouble. Several clashes ensued, in which a number of persons were beaten.

Terse Telegrams.

Canada's official celebration of Coronation Day is likely to take place at Montreal.

A Rat Portage merchant named W. A. McLeod, arrested in Winnipeg on the charge of having defrauded the Bank of Ottawa of the sum of \$7,000.

The copyright case of Henry Graves & Co., London, vs. George T. Corrie, Toronto, is to be carried direct to the Privy Council without passing through the Supreme Court.

J. Y. Cane, late accountant at the Winnipeg court, has been sent up for trial on thirteen charges of forgery. The charges date from 1896, and amount of checks forged total \$2,324.

The body of Mrs. Henry Smyth was found on Monday in Lake Ontario, near Oswego, N. Y. It is believed she committed suicide while temporarily insane. She disappeared from home last Sunday night.

E. J. McMillan, a graduate of the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, who has been employed lately at that institution, has been appointed superintendent of Farmers' Institutes for Prince Edward Island.

Gone Up In Smoke.

Aylmer, Ont., May 3.—Yesterday fire broke out in the center of the Walker block, E. C. Coughlin's drug store and John H. Walker's jewelry store being badly damaged. Loss covered by insurance.

Davenport, Iowa, May 2.—Fire last night destroyed the main portion of the plant of the Bettendorf Steel Axle Company. Loss estimated at \$250,000. The company suffered a \$200,000 loss by fire last November.

Norfolk, Va., May 2.—Fire broke out in the heart of the business section of the city, near the city hall, and destroyed a number of buildings, including the Dispatch newspaper office. The loss is conservatively placed at \$125,000.

SMALLPOX IN NEW YORK.

Albany, N. Y., May 3.—The state department of health bulletin reports smallpox in the Adirondack region. The number of about 75 cases. During April five cases occurred at Mount Vernon, Tarrytown, Mamaroneck and Islip, near New York city; twelve cases have developed in Albany, two at Troy and one at Auburn direct from Virginia.

TORNADO IN IOWA.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 2.—A tornado struck Bayard, Iowa, early last night. Two elevators, the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway station and a number of dwellings were destroyed. The agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway is missing, supposed to have been killed or injured. The Adirondack demolished property to the value of \$20,000. The storm path was 100 yards in width, and over a dozen houses were damaged.

BETTER PAY FOR POSTAL EMPLOYEES

Mr. Mulock Proposes New
Scale of Wages.

Letter-Carriers To Be Paid by
the Day.

Wages According to Length of Service—Commons Passes Main Estimates.

Ottawa, May 2.—The Hon. William Mulock's bill to amend the postoffice act was considered today in committee of the whole house. The postmaster-general explained that the proposed departmental examination of a practical character would be a better test of the qualifications of applicants for the postal service than the ordinary civil service examination.

This, contended Mr. Tette (Winnipeg), would remove the postoffice officials from the jurisdiction of the civil service act and place them on the per diem system. That being the case, he contended that as there was no limit placed to the hours which employees should work under this bill the hours constituting their work should be fixed in the bill. Eight hours work performed within eleven hours' time would, he thought, be fair.

Hon. Wm. Mulock in reply said there was an exaggerated opinion respecting the hours employees of his department worked. A careful investigation of the facts disclosed that the average time worked by all the letter-carriers in the dominion was eight hours and 21 minutes, and there was, he assured Mr. Tette, no intention to increase the hours.

MR. MULOCK'S REPLY.

In reply to a query by Mr. E. F. Clarke as to whether the time occupied by the carriers in sorting their letters for delivery had been taken into consideration, the postmaster-general said that the whole time they were on duty was included. In reply to a further question by Mr. Barker, Mr. Mulock stated that there would be no change respecting the tenure of office by the postoffice employees under the bill. They would, as had always been the case, be subject to removal by order in council. The good feature of the bill was that no one in the service at present would come under its operation unless he voluntarily chose to do so.

Those who did not do so were left in the enjoyment of all their existing rights. The only complaints he had heard were in reference to the letter-carriers. The various changes made in the schedule of wages of letter-carriers were referred to by Mr. Mulock. In 1878 the minimum salary was reduced from \$400 to \$300, and in 1882 the reduction was confirmed and the statutory increase reduced from \$40 to \$30.

In justification of the measure before the house, Mr. Mulock said his experience taught that there should be some incentive to letter-carriers to report for duty promptly and regularly. When a letter-carrier failed to report for duty, the postmaster-general said that the letter-carriers who were on duty were paid their salary when absent, were off duty three times as long each year as when on duty. Those who were not under that act, the bill provided for a per diem wage paid for the days worked. In England, if a man failed to report for duty he lost his day's pay, the greater portion of it. There was in the postal service a manifest advantage in having some measure of incentive to the staff to induce them to report for their duty regularly.

The measure, he continued was in other respects of advantage to the letter-carriers. The bill provided that the maximum of \$2 per day in one-half the time it was now possible for them to do so. They would, after six months' probation at \$1.25 per day, receive \$1.50 per day, and in still two years, the maximum of the class, \$2 per day, or \$26 per year, could be obtained. Under the new schedule the letter-carrier would be earning the first nine years of his service an average annual increase of \$33.94, without the \$20 cash which he might take in lieu of ten days' extra holidays. If the \$20 bonus were included, the average increase would be \$103.94.

MR. HEYD.

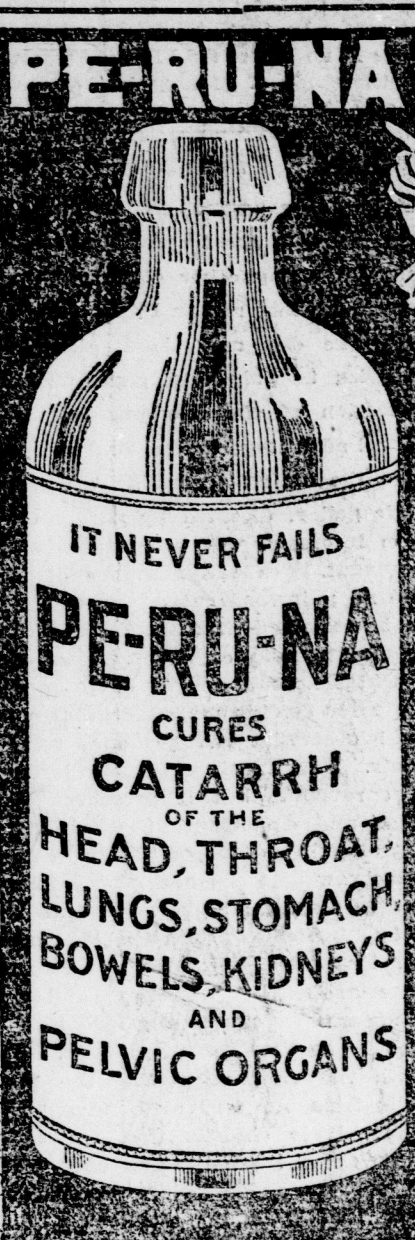
Mr. C. B. Heyd contended that there was no employment in the country today where the employees would be better off than would the officials of the postoffice under the postoffice bill. He gave the man entering the service ten cents per day more than at present, and afterwards he received promotion to the maximum more rapidly. Comparing the new with the existing scale, Mr. Heyd pointed out that the man employed at present having four years' service would get \$626 a year instead of \$480, with six years' service he would get an increase of \$116 per annum, seven years' service \$36 increase, eight years' \$56, and so on. When the man had attained a minimum of \$626, he could, if desiring and qualified, be promoted to another class with a salary of \$705. The street car conductors required as high qualifications mentally and morally as the letter-carriers, and while they received in Ottawa \$9 per week for ten hours' work, the letter-carriers would receive \$12 per week for an average day's work of 8 hours 21 minutes.

Mr. Heyd contended that the wage of \$626 per annum was higher than the average wage for work requiring a similar degree of intelligence and ability in industrial pursuits, and read a communication from the postoffice employees of Brantford, urging him to support the bill as being decidedly in their interest and conferring great advantages upon the service.

An amendment was made to the bill providing for the division of class 3, outside employees into two classes, one to be known as class 4, and to receive from \$400 to \$600, and the other class 3, to receive from \$600 to \$800, the annual increase for former rate clerks to be \$30 a year. Another clause makes the fund now maintained for the reimbursement of the crown for

WOMEN SAY OF PE-RU-NA:

"I Will
Never be
Without
It."



"Pe-ru-na
Saved me
From the
Grave."

A Heart to Heart Talk With
Women. S. B. Hartman,
M. D.

IF ALL the sick mothers, invalid daughters and diseased sisters in this broad land would take the following ladies' simple and direct testimony to heart and do as they have done, no pen could describe the benefit that would follow.

There are so many women, especially married women, who drag themselves wearily around from year to year without any particular disease and yet miserable beyond description.

They ache and tremble and throb, growing more nervous, tired and debilitated every day.

For this class of sufferers, Pe-Ru-na is the most perfect remedy in existence. It soothes, it quiets, it strengthens, and no tired, overworked woman in the land should be without Pe-Ru-na in the house for a single day.

Pe-Ru-na Brings Health.

Miss Inez Henderson, 554 Adelaide street, Toronto, Ont., financial secretary of the Royal Templars, writes:

"There is nothing so good in life as health, and the one who brings you health should be your friend, and this is how I consider Pe-Ru-na."

"For years I have been in delicate health, and while not exactly sick in bed, I have been unable to enjoy life. Frequent headache, earache and a drumming in my ears made me realize that there was something decidedly wrong with me. My physician said it was a deep-seated catarrh, and that to be cured I must seek a different line of treatment."

I felt pretty blue, until reading of the cures performed by Pe-Ru-na I decided to try it. I took four bottles, which brought me great relief, so that I kept on taking it for four months, when I found that my head was clear and all the unpleasant symptoms gone."

INEZ HENDERSON.

Saved From the Grave.

Mrs. Sophia Hartful, of Spencer Brook, Minn., writes:

"I was very seriously sick last spring—sick enough to die, and I did not know what to do. I was looking over one of your almanacs and found that Dr. Hartman was the best one for my trouble. I suffered from systemic catarrh. I described my sickness to Dr. Hartman and he wrote me that I should use Pe-Ru-na. I did, and now I am a healthy woman."

I would now be in my grave, but Dr. Hartman, of Ohio, saved me from death."

SOPHIA HARTFUL.

A Prominent Club Woman of New Orleans Recommends Pe-Ru-na to Worn-out Women.

Mrs. M. Van Vrancken, chair-lady of sick convalesces of Leidy Standard Benevolent Association, New Orleans, La., writes:

"I would now be in my grave, but Dr. Hartman, of Ohio, saved me from death."

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INEZ HENDERSON.

theft by officials available for payment to the public, so that in such a case as theft from a registered letter by a postoffice employee the government can make a payment to a private citizen. The bill was read a third time.

The census estimates were taken up in the evening. Having cleared up all the main estimates, save the item for the Trent Canal, which stood over for discussion, owing to the absence of Lieut.-Col. Hughes and other members of the opposition, who desire to discuss the vote.

Hon. Mr. Fielding moved that the committee rise and report, having made great progress.

The house adjourned at 11:25 until Monday at 11 a.m.

THE CAMPAIGN IN ONTARIO!

Premier Ross at Dundas Makes a
Telling Speech.

Only One Nomination Made on Friday—
The List Almost Completed.

THE PREMIER AT DUNDAS.

Dundas, May 2.—Premier Ross addressed a meeting in the town hall here tonight in the interests of Mr. R. A. Thompson, Liberal candidate in North Wentworth. Although the notice was very short, the attendance completely filled the hall. The premier, as usual, gave one of his illuminating and convincing campaign speeches, which was heard with the greatest interest, and which brought forth frequent cheers during its delivery. In addition to dwelling on several features of the government's record, and explaining the development of new Ontario, Mr. Ross pointed out some

glaring inconsistencies in recent Conservative speeches, explained some features of recent progress in agriculture in Ontario, and spoke at some length in criticism of Mr. Whitney's attitude toward the taxation of corporations. In discussing the latter Mr. Ross showed how impractical would be the burden of those interested in the companies affected, amounting in the case of the premium on an ordinary life insurance policy for \$1,000 to but eight mills per year.

The speech of the candidate, Mr. Thompson, showed an intelligent understanding of public questions, and the enthusiastic manifested by him gives an excellent prospect for redeeming the riding.

FRENCH CANDIDATES.

Ottawa, May 2.—The officers of the French-Canadian Union, an organization which was formed a few days since and in which Rev. Father Paradis and Mr. Noiset, of Le Temps and two leading figures, met tonight and decided to bring out a French-Canadian candidate in Ottawa and East Nipissing. The reason assigned for this is that there are 175,000 French-Canadians in the province who desire a larger representation in the Provincial Legislature. Among those present at tonight's meeting were Messrs. Champagne and Vincent, who attended the Conservative convention on Wednesday and pledged themselves to support the nominees, Messrs. Powell and Murphy. Their defection seems to indicate a serious split in the French

DR. WILLIAMS' VITALIZER.

For Diseases Peculiar to Men.

Quickest permanent cure guaranteed in all cases of blood and skin diseases, red spots, pain in bones, eruptions, ulcers, infectious discharges, gleet, stricture, etc.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS, nervous debility, impaired memory, absence of will power, lost vitality, impotency, involuntary losses, and all diseases resulting from excess, indiscretions, over-work, recent or old cases, speedily and thoroughly cured.

A plain wrapper, free from observation. A \$2 package for \$1, but only one package sent to the same address at this price.

AGENTS WANTED.

THE F. WILLIAMS CO.

Lock Box 74, Morrisburg, Ont.

wing of the Conservative party in Ontario.

PRINCE EDWARD LIBERALS.

The Liberals of Prince Edward will meet in convention at Pictou today (Saturday) to select a candidate for the riding. Mr. James A. Clapp, who had accepted the nomination, having been obliged to retire owing to ill-health.

PROSPECTIVE MEETINGS.

Monday, May 5—Premier Ross at Sarnia; Hon. Mr. Harcourt at Jarvis; Hon. Mr. Stratton at North Monaghan; Hon. Mr. Davis at Parry Sound.

Friday, May 6—Premier Ross at St. Catharines; Hon. Mr. Stratton at St. Marys; Hon. Mr. Latchford at Cayuga; Hon. Mr. Davis at Sundridge.

Wednesday, May 7—North Oxford Conservatives, Woodstock; Hon. Mr. Davis at Dundalk.

Thursday, May 8—Premier Ross at Cornwall; Hon. Mr. Harcourt at Peterboro; Hon. Mr. Davis at Barrie.

Friday, May 9—Premier Ross at Alexandria (afternoon); Hon. Mr. Stratton at Campbellford; Grenville Reform convention, Preston; Hon. Mr. Davis at Beaverton.

NOTES.

The annual meeting of the North Middlesex Conservative Association will be held in Alisa Craig Town Hall on Tuesday next.

At a meeting of the Conservative Association of South Renfrew, held at Renfrew on Friday, Mr. Moss, of that place, was tendered the nomination, which he provisionally accepted.

The Conservatives of South Perth gave Mr. Whitney and Mr. Poy a good reception Thursday night in the St. Mary's Opera House. Mr. Whitney was suffering somewhat from the heavy campaigning in which he has been engaged.

Langour and weakness, due to the depleted condition of the blood, are overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great vitalizer.

Berlin's Black Book, the criminal record kept by the police, now consists of 37 volumes, containing 21,000 photographs of criminals of all classes.

Drink Grano Cereal Coffee