

The Advertiser

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JOHN CAMERON, President and
Man. Dir.

God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.
—Browning.

London, Saturday, July 11.

The description of a new electrical contrivance for the thawing out of old oil wells, contained in our news columns today, will prove particularly interesting to "Advertiser" readers in the Canadian oil region. If the invention can be successfully worked in the United States it will, no doubt, be given a trial in Canada also.

No telegraph wires or poles are to be found in the British metropolis. If they were allowed, the sky would be black, and the streets impassable with them. Such is the contention of Mr. Perrault, one of the Canadian delegates to the Congress of Boards of Trade. In an interview with the Montreal Star, Mr. Perrault says that every wire in London is under ground—that is, under the footpaths. Nine 3-inch iron tubes are imbedded, and clustered under the pavement about two feet deep, and in these pipes are enclosed hundreds of isolated wires and cables. At certain distances from traps two feet square are located to make connections and perform any necessary repairs. The system works admirably. Doubtless, it will in due time be adopted in all large cities on this continent. The danger, in case of fire, from a network of poles and wires in the crowded streets of a city, is very great.

Whiskered men are not in it in the United States this year. Both the candidates of the two great parties are bare-faced.

Sir Charles Tupper never sat in the House as Premier. He did not take hold till Parliament was dead, but he started in to promise offices with a greater prodigality than had ever been displayed by a Parliamentary leader.

The warmth of the reception tendered to the visiting Boston military men by Queen Victoria is said to have much displeased Col. Denison, of Toronto. It is not improbable that the fiery colonel may take steps to impeach her Majesty for lack of loyalty to herself.

One of the pre-election threats of the Conservative managers was that the Kingston cotton factory would shut down unless Tupper was sustained. A combine organ went the story one better, the other day, and asserted that the mill had actually been closed. Now the secretary of the company asserts that this is a lie, and that the mill is running full time and is likely to do so for some time to come, as there are sufficient orders on hand to keep the present staff employed. There is no talk whatever of closing the mill. Cotton manufacturing was a paying industry very many years ago, and will continue to be so.

Something awful may happen if Premier Laurier and his Ministers refuse to read the diatribes planned for their instruction by disgruntled correspondents of Tupper newspapers.

A man who had been dead several years had the enterprise to come back and vote at polling division 15, Moore, West Lambton, at the recent general election. As his name was on the antiquated voters' list, no one was able to prevent the ghost from exercising the franchise.

Mr. Gladstone recently wrote an interesting article for a New York Journal, in which he stated that far too many persons wasted their energies on writing mediocre verse. His advice is that no one should write poetry unless he can make it really good verse. The trouble with the embryo poet, however, is that he is rarely contented to accept the judgment of others as to his abilities, and the longer he lives the more firmly does he become possessed of the idea that he is a Shakespeare, or a Burns, or a Moore, in disguise. If anyone says him nay, woe unto him!

Fate of Offensive Partisans.

When Sir Charles Tupper left his High Commissioner's office in the British capital, in 1891, and came to Canada to help to fight his party's battles, he acknowledged that a civil servant who became a party worker when his friends were in power necessarily had to look for retirement when they were defeated. Taking the defeated Prime Minister's declaration as a fair statement of the risks which civil servants openly run when they become offensive partisans, it is readily seen why some officers, with strong Conservative proclivities, who entered violently into the recent campaign, are now afraid that they will have to go. If they are superseded, they will only have themselves to blame, for they got ample warning from their own political leader.

A civil servant who has simply been doing his duty has nothing to fear from a change of Government. The fearful ones are those who know they deserve dismissal.

Imperative Work for the First Session.

It has been stated that the only business to be done at the ensuing session of Parliament will be the passage of the estimates for conducting the public service for the next twelve months.

Something more must be done. In view of the bye-elections that must come off, a measure must be introduced and passed providing the cheapest and best means for securing a decent voters' list.

This is especially necessary in city elections, where the constant change of population makes an up-to-date list an absolute necessity.

A simple measure would surely have the unanimous support of the new House.

Certainly no greater farce could be enacted than to hold the bye-elections on the voters' lists now existing.

Burked Inquiries and the Duty of the New Parliament.

It would not surprise us if a considerable portion of the time of the new Parliament, soon to hold its first session in Ottawa, is taken up with the investigation of rascalities condoned or glossed over by the men who were recently driven from power. Under the regime which has just closed, when most serious charges were made against Ministers of the Crown, members of Parliament and judges, if the accused were partisan friends of the men in power, no proper investigation was permitted, and men who ought to have been sent to the penitentiary were sympathized with and honored, apparently because of the very evil that they had done.

For example, Mr. Edgar, M.P., formulated a straight indictment against Sir Adolphe Caron, a member of the Government, and asked for a committee of the House to investigate the charges, which, on his responsibility as a member of Parliament, he declared to be true. The Conservative Government first refused point blank to permit any investigation, on the ground that the charges were not specific, and though there was not a precedent for their course, the baffled Ministers resolved to appoint a commission of their own creation to inquire into the charges. But the Conservative leaders declined to accept Mr. Edgar's indictment. They emasculated the charges made by him, so as to deprive them of their true meaning, and by this means whitewashed their Ministerial associate! Why should the accusations, as originally laid before Parliament, not be investigated now?

Then there were the charges of gross partisanship of judges, of which those made in the London election case are a sample. It will be remembered that after the election scandal of 1892 a petition couched in respectful terms was presented to Parliament. In it responsible citizens of London made serious allegations against County Judge William Elliot, and respectfully petitioned the representatives of the people to appoint a committee to inquire into the charges set forth in the document. All investigation was contemptuously refused, though no defense of the conduct of the judge was essayed. It will be for the new Parliament, the majority of the members of which, we feel assured, are ready to say that justice must be done, to consider whether the treatment of this petition by the late Ministry shall be allowed to stand as a precedent.

Inquiry ought also to be made as to whether or not there was warrant for voting down all investigation into the charges against Hon. John Haggart, and it might not be out of place for the new Parliament to satisfy the country if it can, why Ouderdonk, the con-

tractor, found it so easy to get from Sir Charles Tupper far more money than the estimated value of the work which was paid for.

And when these burked investigations have been cleared up, the new Dominion Parliament will find that it has but touched the outer edge of that which has been hidden away because it would not bear the light of investigation.

Outlets for Our Factories.

The successful enterprise of the Bennett Manufacturing Company, of this city, suggests further development in the same direction in the near future. This company conducts a business of a staid character than the majority of Canadian enterprises. A large portion of its trade is done with Great Britain, though it does business in every section of Canada. Within the last few days it has shipped seats for the historic chapel of Linlithgow Palace, besides filling orders for school desks for Swansea and West Ham, a suburb of London, which has grown at a marvelous rate, and other old world cities. The Bennett Company places the manufactures produced by London workmen in competition with the world and carries the day.

Are there not other departments of the woodworking industry in which our mechanics could be employed for the export trade with suitable profit to capitalists? We ought to be just as able to compete with other countries in the manufacture of portable houses as in the production of school and church furniture. It is remarkable how the manufacture of houses of this description has increased in New York State in recent years. According to the Sun, there are portable dwelling houses and portable boat houses, and portable barracks, and portable club houses, lawn pavilions, engineers', miners', contractors' and other offices; bathing houses, stables, bowling alleys, billiard rooms, hospitals, and so on. There have lately been made two-story portable houses. A two-story portable house of ten rooms costs \$1,800. A house of one room, \$ by 11, with one door and one window, can be bought for \$50; with two cots, two tables and two stools, for \$90. Sometimes a man who owns a portable house hires land on the seashore or in the mountains and sets his house up there for a season, takes it down and stores it in the fall, and next season hires land in another place and sets his house up there. Portable houses are set on stones or blocks, and on posts, and sometimes they are set on permanent foundations. People sometimes have chimneys built where they set up their houses. The portable house manufacturers sell terra cotta chimneys in sections to be stacked up, and it is not unusual for the house owner simply to run out a stovepipe for a chimney.

The United States now exports portable houses to Cuba, South America and South Africa. With our wealth of timber, moderately-paid skilled labor, and other natural advantages, our manufacturers ought to have a fair share of the ever-increasing trade in portable houses. If the taxation on tools or raw materials required in this or kindred manufactures is such as to in any way handicap our manufacturers, we are certain that under the new Government at Ottawa representations to that effect will have every consideration.

What this country needs above everything else is markets—good customers for its products.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR

G. and Commandery of Michigan to Visit London in September.

Detroit Commandery, No. 1, of the Knights Templar, of the Grand Encampment of Michigan, will visit London during Fair week, and by special request will give one of their unequalled exhibitions of drill before the people on the afternoon of Sept. 17. For the past 25 years this body has led all competitors in the United States in the friendly contests of the triennial Templar conclaves for prize drilling. They do not perform for money, their members being composed of Detroit's leading citizens and men of means. They will be joint guests of the Great Priory of the Canadian Knights Templar, the local preceptory and the Western Fair Board, and have consented to remain over for a day and give an exhibition of Templar tactics for the benefit of London's visitors. This body has, perhaps, the largest number of banners and trophies of any order of its nature in America, and at all conclaves in which they have entered, competitors have stood in the background. This exhibition of drill will possibly serve as an educator to all those interested in military movements.

Taken in time Hood's Sarsaparilla prevents serious illness by keeping the blood pure and all the organs in a healthy condition.

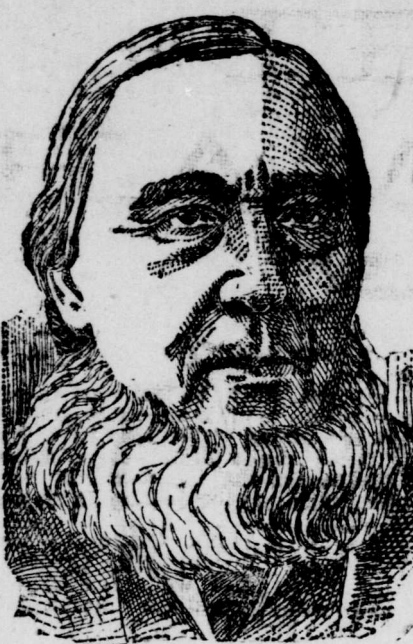
Fear no anguish, no conflict, for the cross is encircled with the crown of victory.
10 Cents Cures Constipation and Liver Ills.—Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are the most perfect made, and cure like magic, Sick Headache, Constipation, Bilelessness, Indigestion and all Liver Ills. 10 cents a trial—40 doses.

CONSIDERED HOPELESS.

FRIENDS FULLY EXPECTED THAT DEATH WOULD RESULT.

Heart Failure and Old Age Infirmities Were Ending Mr. Holdsworth's Life.

Paine's Celery Compound Makes Him Well and Strong.



This marvelous rescue from death requires no lengthened remarks. It is sufficient to say that Paine's Celery Compound made a cure that no other human agency could have effected. The following letter from Mr. John Holdsworth, 104 Claremont street, Toronto, plainly indicates the only safe and sure road to health and new life. Mr. Holdsworth says: "I was taken sick last summer, and was in bed for five weeks or more, and my physician was attending me all the time. My case was pronounced to be weakness of the heart and old age, for I am now 78 years old. "I kept growing worse, until my recovery was considered hopeless. One of my relatives recommended me to use Paine's Celery Compound, which I did with good results. After the first dose I felt relieved, and after a few days I was able to leave my bed and walk around. I used four bottles, and found your medicine to be a most excellent remedy, as I am now quite well. I hope other sufferers will receive as much benefit as I have received."

Thoughtfulness for others, generosity, modesty and self-respect are the qualities which make a real gentleman or lady, as distinguished from the veneered article which commonly goes by that name.—Prof. Huxley.
Hay fever and Catarrh relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes.—One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this Powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness.

The Summer Girl

Who is out in the sun—Bathing—has to take special care of her complexion. Things She Should Know: That WHITE ROSE COMPLEXION CREAM is most delightful preparation for removing Tan, Sunburn, Chaffing, etc. Price 15c. That JASMIN KOSMETIC is the finest of Toilet Creams. It is soothing, healing, cleansing. Renders the skin soft and velvety. When used with EUCALYPT POWDER prevents freckles and tan. All orders filled promptly and accurately. Send stamp for Health and Good Looks. The Graham Dermatological Institute, 41 Carlton Street, Toronto. xt

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(Affiliated to McGill University.)
SIMPSON STREET, MONTREAL.

For the Higher Education of YOUNG WOMEN

President,.....REV. JAS. BARCLAY, D.D.
Vice-President,.....A. F. RIDDELL, LL.D.
Principal, MISS GRACE FAIRLEY, M.A., Edg.
The Institute will re-open on
Tuesday, 15th September.

For prospectus and other information apply to the Principal or to
A. F. RIDDELL, Sec.etary.
42 St. John street, Montreal.
Edg. jvt

Bicycles Repaired

Lawn Mowers, Razors, Knives, and Saws sharpened; Stencil Cutting, and general repairing.
W. J. MARSHALL,
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Timber reserved on short notice. Hardwood built and sent out to order.
DRY SUMMER WOOD FOR SALE
773 Bathurst Street.

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EDWARD FISHER, Musical Director.
Special Summer Term Session
JULY 2ND TO 21ST, INCLUSIVE.
LECTURES AND PRACTICAL CLASSES
WORK designed for teachers and students of Music. Private lessons given in rudimentary work. Calendar and Prospectus sent free.

Saturday Night Fair

From 7 to 10 O'Clock.

CHAPMAN'S.

ON GROUND FLOOR.

HOSE—Ladies' Fine Maco Cotton Hose, Hermsdorf black, double soles, heels and toes, worth 25c.
Saturday Night 19c
HOSE—Ladies' Italian Silk Hose, double heel and toes, worth 60c.
Saturday Night 42c
HOSE—Ladies' Mago Cotton Hose, Hermsdorf black, double heels and toes, worth 18c.
Saturday Night 13c
HOSE—Children's Black Cotton Hose, small sizes, worth 8c.
Saturday Night 5c
GLOVES—Ladies' Silk Taffetta and Lisle Gloves, worth 20c.
Saturday Night 10c
GLOVES—Ladies' Colored and Black Silk Gloves, worth 35c.
Saturday Night 25c
TIES—Colored Silk Windsor Ties, worth 30c.
Saturday Night 20c
HAIR PINS—Worth 2c box.
Saturday Night 6 for 5c
GLOVES—White and Natural Chambray Gloves, worth \$1.
Saturday Night 65c
GLOVES—Ladies' Black Silk Gauntlet Gloves, worth 75c.
Saturday Night 45c
NIGHT DRESSES—Ladies' Fine Cambric Night Dresses, trimmed with embroidery, worth 90c.
Saturday Night 63c
BLOUSES—Fine Muslin Blouses, lace or embroidery trimmed, worth \$1 50.
Saturday Night \$1 15
SHIRTS—Men's Fine Cambric Shirts, worth \$1 and \$1 25.
Saturday Night 59c
SHIRTS—Men's Fine Oxford Shirts, separate collar, worth 60c.
Saturday Night 39c
SHIRTS—Men's White Unlaundered Shirts, worth 75c.
Saturday Night 50c
SOCKS—Men's Natural Cotton Socks, worth 25c.
Saturday Night 2 for 25c
SHIRTS—Boys' White Honeycomb Shirts, worth 50c.
Saturday Night 39c
SWEATERS—Boys' Sweaters, all colors, worth 50c.
Saturday Night 39c
TIES—Men's Silk Wash Ties, worth 18c.
Saturday Night 10c
TIES—Men's Light Ties, flowing ends, worth 50c.
Saturday Night 25c
SHIRTS—Men's Black Sateen Shirts, worth 65c.
Saturday Night 50c

DRESS SHIRTS—Men's White Dress Shirts, sizes 17 and 17½, worth 65c.
Saturday Night 29c
LACE—1 lot Colored Wool Lace, worth 10c.
Saturday Night 2c
PLUSH—1 lot Black Plush, to clear
Saturday Night 5c Yard
BINDING—1 lot Combination Binding, velvet, rubber and Wigan, worth 12½c.
Saturday Night 2c
HAIR CLOTH—1 lot Hair Cloth, for stiffening shirts and sleeves, worth 35c.
Saturday Night 12 1-2c
DEBEIGE—1 lot 42-inch All-Wool Debeige, worth 35c.
Saturday Night 17c
WASH GOODS—1 lot Wash Goods, velvets, organdy, muslin, princess checks and chambray, worth 25c.
Saturday Night 10c
DRESS GOODS—1 lot Colored Dress Goods, worth 35c, 50c and 75c.
Saturday Night 25c
CHENILLE CURTAINS—7 pairs only Chenille Curtains, worth \$3 50.
Saturday Night \$2 50
SILKS—1 lot Silks, worth from 30c to 50c.
Saturday Night 17c
GIMPS AND BRAIDS—1 lot Gimps and Braids.
Saturday Night 2c
SHEETING—Bleached Twill Sheetting, 2 yards wide, good quality, worth 25c.
Saturday Night 20c
LAWN—45-inch Victoria Lawn, fine texture, worth 15c.
Saturday Night 12 1-2c
CHAMBRAY—Pink and Blue Scotch Chambray, fast colors, worth 25c.
Saturday Night 12 1-2c
SATEEN—Broadened Sateen, pink, cream, garnet and rose, worth 25c.
Saturday Night 12 1-2c
DAMASK—Bleached Table Damask, worth 65c.
Saturday Night 50c
QUILTS—White Quilts, toilet patterns, full size.
Saturday Night 90c
CHALLIE—Figured Wool Challie, dark colors, worth 30c.
Saturday Night 12 1-2c
LAWN—Apron Lawn, 42 inches wide, fancy border, worth 13c.
Saturday Night 10c
MUSLIN—Swiss Muslin, fine quality, worth 13c.
Saturday Night 10c
FLANNEL—Canton Flannel, heavy nap, worth 7c.
Saturday Night 5 1-2c

ON FIRST FLOOR.

SUITS—Men's All-Wool Waterproof Bicycle Suits, worth \$8.
Saturday Night \$4
SUITS—Men's Good-to-Wear Light Tweed Suits, worth \$5 50.
Saturday Night \$3 95
SUITS—Men's Fine All-Wool Tweed Suits, all shades, worth \$7 50.
Saturday Night \$5
SUITS—Men's All-Wool Fine Colored Worsted Suits, worth \$10 50.
Saturday Night \$7 95
SUITS—Men's Black, Brown and Gray Tailor Made Paris Cord Suits, worth \$13.
Saturday Night \$10
SUITS—Men's Fine Tailor-Made Black Worsted Suits, worth \$12.
Saturday Night \$9 50
PANTS—Men's Good All-Wool Summer Pants, worth \$2.
Saturday Night \$1 25
COATS AND VESTS—Men's Fine German Silk Coats and Vests, worth \$6.
Saturday Night \$3
COATS AND VESTS—Men's Black Luster Coats and Vests, worth \$3.
Saturday Night \$1 50
COATS—Men's Fine Gray Luster Coats, worth \$2.
Saturday Night \$1
SUITS—Boys' 3-Piece All-Wool Tweed Suits, worth \$4.
Saturday Night \$2
SUITS—Boys' 2-Piece Fine English Tweed and Worsted Suits, worth \$4 75.
Saturday Night \$3 50
SUITS—Boys' Fancy Trimmed Duck Blouse Suits, worth \$1 25.
Saturday Night 93c

SUITS—Any Child's Jersey Suit in the house, worth \$3 50.
Saturday Night \$2
KNICKERS—Boys' Good-to-Wear Knickers, worth 50c.
Saturday Night 30c
SILK WAISTS—Silk Waists, pale green and blue, very new, worth \$5.
Saturday Night \$3 19
SILK WAISTS—Black and White Check Silk Waists, natty goods, worth \$5.
Saturday Night \$3 75
SILK WAISTS—Figured Silk Waists, worth \$3 75.
Saturday Night \$2 71
SKIRTS—Ladies' Nobby Tweed Skirts, summer weights, lined throughout and bound, worth \$4 50.
Saturday Night \$3 21
SKIRTS—Black Skirts, Black Figured Lustre and Cashmere Skirts, worth \$5.
Saturday Night \$3 71
WRAPPERS—Ladies' Print and Wool Delaine Wrappers. Note special prices—Worth \$1 15, for 75c; worth \$1 75, for \$1 25; worth \$2 50, for \$1 50; worth \$3 for \$1 75.
Saturday Night
DRESSES—Children's Dresses, gingham, cambric, lawn and cream cashmere, worth \$1, for 50c; worth \$1 35, for 85c; worth \$1 75, for \$1 25; worth \$3, for \$2.
Saturday Night
MILLINERY—See our west center window. Hats for \$1 50, worth \$4; Hats for 50c, worth \$2; Hats for 10c, worth \$1. Flowers and Ornaments for 5c, worth 40c. Everything a bargain
Saturday Night

CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas Street, London.