

# The Edmonton Bulletin.

SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION

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VOLUME V.

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NUMBER 573

## PARADISE VALLEY HOMESTEADER TRIED FOR ATTEMPTED MURDER

Young Irishman, Who Attacks Neighbor With Pitchfork, Arraigned in Supreme Court—Insanity Through Isolation Is Plea Based by Defense—Twelve Prisoners to Stand Trial at Criminal Assizes, Opened Today.

Alfred Carson, a young homesteader of the Paradise Valley, thirty miles south of Lloydminster, charged with the attempted murder of William Aitkin, a neighbor, on the night of November 23rd last, was the first of twelve prisoners arraigned at the opening of the Criminal Assizes before Chief Justice Harley yesterday to come up for trial.

Carson, between one and two o'clock at night on November 23rd, entered the shack of Wm. Aitkin, who was asleep, and attacked him with a pitchfork. Aitkin was severely injured by the prongs of the fork, but with the aid of his companion, John McLean, succeeded in ejecting Carson from the shack. In the defence of Carson, conducted by W. C. Elmore, the defence made to discredit the story of the attack, but an effort is being made to prove that Carson was at the time suffering from an attack of insanity, brought on through isolation on his homestead. The evidence of the prosecution was all taken in morninging. E. B. Cozswell appearing for the Crown, and at the re-opening of the court in the afternoon Carson was placed in the box to give evidence in his own behalf as the first witness for the defence.

William Aitkin was the first witness called at the morning session. He told of the attack made upon himself by Carson. He works upon "I'll do for you," and immediately he was attacked by the intruder, who hit him over the legs with a pitchfork and thrust the prongs into his body in several places. Getting out of bed, with the aid of his bed-fellow, John McLean, he put Carson out of the shack. He was then driven to Lloydminster, where he spent 23 days in the hospital while his wounds were being treated.

Cross-examined, Aitkin told of suspicious he had entertained as to Carson's sanity. He had known the man in Ireland seven years ago. Later, Carson came to a marked change in his disposition. He had become sullen and morose, talked against religion and was quarrelsome with people. About a year and a half ago Aitkin had begun to think that Carson was not all there. Carson's brother, who had been with him, was beginning to fear for his brother Alfred's sanity.

John McLean gave an account of the assault similar to the description by Mr. Aitkin.

Robert MacAdam, a neighbor to Carson, who had known the young man in Ireland, was the next witness called. He had thought that Carson was losing his mind and had reported-

## PLAGUE CANNOT AFFECT EUROPE

Its Deadly Nature Prevents Victims Travelling and Spreading Infection.

Paris, Feb. 21.—Dr. Burnet, of the faculty of Paris university, who has made a special study of the bubonic plague, affirms that the sole means of preventing its spread from Manchuria to Europe is by isolation. Dr. Burnet says on his head: "The greater the number of quick deaths from the plague, the smaller the number of perambulating victims of the plague. It is from the latter that the work of the European physicians who are fighting the plague in Manchuria is to result badly come to the conclusion that it was quite sane though not very bright. Dr. Ayles thought that Carson's condition had not been suffering in any way by confinement in the barracks.

**Barriers to Stand Trial.**  
The charges on which the other prisoners were arraigned were as follows:—

Ex vs. R. W. Melnyk; the abduction of a girl under the age of sixteen years at Turin, Lake.

Ex vs. R. W. Melnyk; the abduction and wounding a steer belonging to K. Mathson of Mellowdale.

Ex vs. Alfred Burton; charge, the theft of a package of goods addressed to S. R. Rindinger by the T. Eaton company, at Wabamun.

Ex vs. T. R. MacDonald; charge, the getting of money under false pretences from a bank in Strathcona. The accused lives at Colmar.

Ex vs. Thomas Baker; charge, the converting to his own use of \$109 stored for the Merchants Bank at Vegreville on a cheque which he understood to cash for Lucien Cole, of Duck Lake.

Ex vs. J. B. Pott; charge, the theft of a time cheque at Prairie Creek.

Ex vs. John Scott, A. Chandler and F. Herzig; charges, the forging and attempting to utter at Edmonton, of cheques raised from \$4.50 to \$40.50, from \$4.20 to \$50.20, and from \$4.40 to \$40.40.

Ex vs. W. Morrow; charge, shooting with intent to kill Jacob Berger, at Innisfree, Oct. 30, 1910.

## ENGLAND SIDES WITH AMERICA

REACHING PARTING OF WAYS WITH RUSSIA AS RESULT OF CHINESE TROUBLE.

London, Feb. 18.—England is at the parting of the ways with Russia. This statement was obtained tonight from a reliable, although confidential source very close to the British foreign office.

From a number of other sources it was also learned tonight that the English diplomats, contrary to Russian Chinese aggression and threat to occupy Kuldai as a definite abandonment of the frontier of England's friendship.

England has long been recognized by the powers as friendly to China and the hope with Russia is further emphasized by the obvious fact that Russia is co-operating with Japan.

English diplomats figure that Russia's attitude is plainly calculated to offend America, generally regarded as China's protector, with the object of forcing England to choose between Japan and the United States, to whom she is bound by blood and kinship.

In the event of a crisis, it is admitted here that English public opinion, despite the temporary flurry over the Canadian annexation incident, would compel Great Britain to side with America, even to the extent of breaking the Anglo-Japanese treaty.

## CANADA MADE GOOD BARGAIN

THIS IS OPINION OF PROMINENT ENGLISH BANKER IN DISCUSSING NEW TARIFF.

Canadian Associated Press. London, Feb. 18.—The Morning Chronicle says: "The tariff reformers here have rooted the idea that the overseas dominions stand in a relation of dependence to the mother country, whereas Canada claims treaty making as one of the attributes of her nationhood. There is not a man there who would not recognize a British ambassador encroaching on that right."

The Daily Telegraph says: "It will be most interesting to see whether Sir Wilfrid Laurier is in favor of the imperial conference to see whether the allied route, which Laurier championed in shape."

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—That Canada has a good bargain in the reciprocity agreement with the United States and that it will stimulate rather than check the investment of British capital in the Dominion is the opinion of R. A. Grenfell, son-in-law of Earl Grey, the Governor General, and a prominent English banker with large Canadian connections.

In a cable message from London which reached here today, Mr. Grenfell is quoted as giving the following interview on reciprocity: "From my recent trip to Canada, I am convinced that Canadians fully realize that progress and prosperity have accrued to Canadian manufacturing and agricultural industries from cheap money sent out at a rate of over 20,000,000 pounds per annum by English investors. I am confident that the first thing taken into consideration by the Canadian ministers would be whether this reciprocity agreement with the United States might affect securities against which these large investments have been made."

"I believe it will prove of inestimable advantage to Canada. Great material benefits will be derived by the enhanced value of both agricultural and manufacturing industries from the opening of the American markets."

"The future prosperity of Canada will be largely based on the soundness of the agricultural industry, and the enhanced value of Western farm lands that will result from reciprocity will mean greater prosperity to English investors. The new markets that reciprocity will open to the farmers of the West will cause greater demands for the products of the factories of the East."

"Canadian shippers have taken advantage of the fact that the tariff appears to me they have secured splendid terms for Canada in exchange for giving the Americans what the Americans could have taken for themselves at any time by simply lowering their tariff wall without asking permission from Canada."

## BRUCE WOMAN TAKES STRYCHNINE WHEN CHILDREN ARE REMOVED

Dependancy Over Her Condition Leads Mrs. Manglemann to Make Away With Her Life When the Constable has Driven Away With Her Children—Her Husband was Found Dead From Strychnine Poisoning Four Years Ago—A Sad Story.

Within an hour of the time when her children had been removed by the Mounted Police, Mrs. Manglemann, of Bruce, committed suicide by taking strychnine and was found by a constable, writing in the grip of the dead poison. Constable Bailey, who had charge of the children, hurried back from Bruce, but before his arrival she was already dead and there was nothing to do but call a coroner.

The death of Mrs. Manglemann closes a long and painful story in which the whole family has been involved. Four years ago Mrs. Manglemann, her husband, was found dead sitting on a log in the act of cutting his noon-day lunch. Evidence of strychnine poisoning was found in the analysis of the stomach contents and Mrs. Manglemann, a Karl Paul, a man with whom she was connected, were arrested on a charge of murder. The trial took place at Fort Saskatchewan and dragged out to great length. The evidence was entirely circumstantial and both the accused were acquitted on the charge.

Two months ago, Karl Paul was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary for cattle stealing and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary for murder. Since then, Mrs. Manglemann has been several times threatened with the Children's Aid Society and the Children's Aid Society decided some time ago that home conditions were such as to warrant the removal of the children—three girls aged 15, 12, and 11 respectively.

On Friday last Constable M. G. Bailey of Vimercato drove to Mrs. Manglemann's to remove the children. A short time later, however, the Constable explained the situation however, as previously mentioned, to part with her children without a scene. This was done, and the Constable drove off to Bruce to carry the girls to Edmonton. Luckily he missed the train, half an hour later, a saloon hurried into town and informed him that Mrs. Manglemann was at her home in great distress. She died in a few minutes and the cause was clearly indicated by the presence of a large bottle of strychnine which clearly bore the label of a Winnipeg drug firm and indications that had been carried by her property among her things.

Whether the deadly contents were the same that brought death to Mrs. Manglemann's husband, there is nothing to say.

Constable Bailey brought the children to the Children's Aid Society and they are being cared for by the Children's Aid Society and their property administered for them until they are of age.

## OTTAWA MILITARY MAN UNDER ARREST

Major Arnold, Well Known in Militia Circles of the Capital, Accused of Forgery of the Embarcation on a Cheque for \$107.20.

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Major Ernest C. Arnold, a well known local military officer, was arrested on a warrant charging him with forgery of an endorsement on a check. It is alleged that Major Arnold cashed a check at the Bank of Montreal, drawn by Burgess and Company, local contractor on the Midland Railway.

He was their agent of the Don Valley Brick Works and it was this endorsement he is alleged to have forged. The check was for \$107.20 and was passed on November 25 last. The information was laid by Archibald Parkin, manager of the Bank of Montreal.

At the police court on Saturday the case was remanded till Friday next on request of Arnold's counsel, bail being accepted.

Major Arnold is a well known citizen engaged in the brokerage business. He has been long connected with military life. He was in Ottawa and was until recently the adjutant of the 4th Artillery Brigade. He was also at one time major of the 2nd Field Battery.

Great Northern Into Winnipeg. Winnipeg, Feb. 19.—Controller Harvey, Alderman Douglas, A. M. Yarnor, J. M. Chambers, H. S. Mid-dleton and T. Ryan, sent, returned today from St. Paul, after a conference with J. Hill, and announced definitely that the company's passenger station will be an independent one on Paulin street, between Ross and Pacific avenues.

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Canadian seed growers association which opens its session here on Thursday and Friday, will have full control of works of the 4th Artillery Brigade. Hon. W. B. A. H. Black and Geo. Bath, Winnipeg, were elected to the executive.

Sutton, W. Virginia, Feb. 18.—Seven persons lost their lives in a fire which destroyed the home of J. D. Mardin in this city early today. Only

## DISCUSS THE STRIKE OF MINERS AT FRANK

Investigation of Situation Will Be Made by Board Before An Action Is Authorized—Search for Suspected Murderer is Still in Progress.

Lethbridge, Feb. 18.—The miners' commission assembled here yesterday and discussed the strike situation at Frank. The miners there asked the Major to endorse and support them financially in a strike. The convention decided to express no opinion on the matter but requested President Powell and the international board members Rogers and Garner, to go to Frank and investigate the situation thoroughly and report to the district executive board.

It is understood the president will order the men back pending the negotiations with the company. The convention will ask the government to have established life saving stations equipped with Dragger apparatus at different mines.

The search for Ubyria, the supposed Japanese murderer of Louis Marquis and Jack Skirine, at Taber last Tuesday, continues diligently and it is believed he is still in this district. The victims were buried yesterday at Taber.

Rate Increase Again Postponed. Washington, February 21.—Freight rate advances on grain products and seeds, filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission a few weeks ago by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroads and several other lines operating in the Northwest, and subsequently suspended by the commission until March 1, 1911, were further suspended today until July 1. The suspension became necessary on account to complete the inquiry into proposed advances by March 1.

Three Killed as Negro Dance. Crittenden, Ky., Feb. 21.—Three negroes were shot and killed and others seriously wounded in a fight which broke out Sunday morning. Ben Robinson and Chapman Coleman engaged in a pistol duel in a dance hall both being instantly killed as well as a bystander.

## SEES NO REASON FOR DUTIES IN AMERICA

The Country is a World Within Another World—Reciprocity, Says Philadelphian Editor, Would Destroy This Continent Independent of All Others.

Washington, Feb. 17.—E. A. Van Velsor, editor of the Philadelphia North American, one of the few progressive Republican papers east of the Allegheny mountains, has a message to the American people. He says that reciprocity with much vigor, although he believes it does not go far enough. He says that the United States is between Canada and the United States, he said when here the other day. "To me, it is an absurdity to force the United States to follow the parallels of latitude. The people along the same parallel will produce much the same output, no matter what their line of industry may be. The true lines of commercial activity, it seems to me, ought to be along the meridians of longitude. Let the people who produce that which the people north or south of them cannot produce, exchange their products with those who produce the things they desire but cannot themselves produce."

"My idea is to develop this trade principle with Canada and afterwards gradually with Mexico and then with the other countries of the Western Hemisphere as circumstances warrant it."

"In the end, I predict such a course would make the two Americas absolutely independent of the rest of the world; would make this hemisphere totally unnecessary and superfluous."

"We would, or at least could, be a world to ourselves, able to supply ourselves with every single thing we might desire."

## ARE OPPOSED TO THE TARIFF AGREEMENT

Wholesalers Send a Strong Statement to the Government Setting Out Their Opposition to the Proposed Reciprocity Agreement.

Toronto, Feb. 18.—Eighteen of Toronto's most prominent Liberals, all substantial and influential financiers, merchants or manufacturers, have signed a strong statement setting forth their opposition to the proposed reciprocity agreement. The list includes: Sir Edmund Walker, President of the Canadian Bank of Commerce and Sir Wm. Mortimer Clark, former Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario.

The others are: John L. Blackie, financier; W. D. Mathews, grain merchant; W. K. George, manufacturer; A. Laab, K.C.; W. T. White, financier; G. T. Somers, banker, and vice-president of the board of trade; R. J. Christie, manufacturer; H. Blain, wholesale grocer; H. S. Straty, banker; L. Goldman, financier; Geo. A. Somerville, financier; W. Francis, K.C.; Jas. D. Allen, wholesale farmer; E. R. Wood, financier; John C. Eaton, president of the T. Eaton company.

To Entertain Visiting Troops. London, Feb. 21.—For the suitable reception and entertainment of the colonial troops at the coronation, a special committee has been formed, with the Duke of Abercorn as president, and the Duke of Argyll as vice-president. A sum of \$7,500 has been already contributed.

## LONG FILIBUSTER IN CONGRESS SUSPENDED

Agreement to Suspend Hostilities Reached During Intervention of Three Hours Devoted to Memorial Services and Eulogies of Late Senator and Representative.

Washington, Feb. 18.—A truce, entered into shortly before four o'clock this afternoon brought the long filibuster in the House against the omnibus bill which temporarily to suspend the agreement to suspend hostilities was reached during an intermission of three hours devoted to memorial services and eulogies to the late Senator Clay, of Georgia, and the Legislative Representative Brownlow of Tennessee.

The services occurred at midday of Sunday, seemed to put the House combatants in a more peaceful frame of mind. A recess was ordered until 12 o'clock, tomorrow, when the fighting will be resumed.

When the House convenes tomorrow an effort will be made to adopt a rule shutting off further delay. It will be bitterly fought by a new band of filibusters, made up of former advocates of the measure as it came from the Senate.

Amendments for Grain Act. Winnipeg, Feb. 17.—Members of the Grain exchange here believe that the new tariff arrangements will have an important effect upon the wheat grain trade and in order that it may be conserved for Canada, a motion to the present Grain act are necessary. A committee has been appointed to study the situation and suggest changes in the legislation.

## G.N.W. TELEGRAPH CO. FACES THIRD STRIKE

Operators Ask for Fixing of Minimum Scale and Management Immediately Discharges Committee Handling the Demand—35 Have Been Dismissed.

Toronto, Feb. 18.—For the third time, in seven years, is the Great Northern Telegraph Co. threatened with a strike of its operators. A new schedule of wages, asking for a minimum salary of \$20 per month, was presented to the management on February 2 by a committee holding authority from the great majority of the employees and the committee asked for a conference. The company replied by first discharging the committee and then dismissing eight of those who refused to sign a paper which stated that they were satisfied with present conditions and that the committee was not authorized to act. Approximately 25 employees have been dismissed so far and it is reported that the case now goes to the Supreme Court to fix the damages aggregating claims in excess of half a million dollars, and other claims aggregating probably over another half million, depend largely upon the result of this action.

Cheeket Asks for Papers. Ottawa, Feb. 17.—In the public accounts committee "his morning" S. Crockett moved for the papers in connection with the payment of \$2,184,000 to the Grand Trunk Construction company for work done on the eastern section of the G. N. W.

## GREAT NORTHERN MAY HAVE MILLION TO PAY

Jury Fixes Responsibility For Great Fire on Nelson and Fort Sheppard Line of G. N. R. in B. C. on the Railway Company Aggregate Over a Million.

Nelson, B. C., Feb. 18.—Responsibility for the great fire on the Nelson and Fort Sheppard line of the great northern line, which was fixed upon the railway company by a verdict given yesterday at the close of the long trial of the G. N. R. by the jury, was fixed on the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Co. by the jury. The jury was out for an hour and a half, following the charge by His Lordship lasting an hour and twenty minutes. The entire morning sitting was taken up with addresses by respective counsel, A. H. MacNeil, for the defendant company, and E. P. Davis for the plaintiff. James O'Shea was associated with MacNeil and C. R. Hamilton with Davis. Liability having been fixed, the case now goes to the spring sittings of the Supreme Court to fix the damages aggregating claims in excess of half a million dollars, and other claims aggregating probably over another half million, depend largely upon the result of this action.

## THE WEEK'S MARKETS

EDMONTON CITY MARKETS.

The following prices to be paid to shippers at Edmonton from Feb. 20 to Feb. 21, 1911:

HOOGS—Choice quality hogs 160 to 200 lbs. 5 1-4, 6 1-4, 7 1-4, 8 1-4, 9 1-4, 10 1-4, 11 1-4, 12 1-4, 13 1-4, 14 1-4, 15 1-4, 16 1-4, 17 1-4, 18 1-4, 19 1-4, 20 1-4, 21 1-4, 22 1-4, 23 1-4, 24 1-4, 25 1-4, 26 1-4, 27 1-4, 28 1-4, 29 1-4, 30 1-4, 31 1-4, 32 1-4, 33 1-4, 34 1-4, 35 1-4, 36 1-4, 37 1-4, 38 1-4, 39 1-4, 40 1-4, 41 1-4, 42 1-4, 43 1-4, 44 1-4, 45 1-4, 46 1-4, 47 1-4, 48 1-4, 49 1-4, 50 1-4, 51 1-4, 52 1-4, 53 1-4, 54 1-4, 55 1-4, 56 1-4, 57 1-4, 58 1-4, 59 1-4, 60 1-4, 61 1-4, 62 1-4, 63 1-4, 64 1-4, 65 1-4, 66 1-4, 67 1-4, 68 1-4, 69 1-4, 70 1-4, 71 1-4, 72 1-4, 73 1-4, 74 1-4, 75 1-4, 76 1-4, 77 1-4, 78 1-4, 79 1-4, 80 1-4, 81 1-4, 82 1-4, 83 1-4, 84 1-4, 85 1-4, 86 1-4, 87 1-4, 88 1-4, 89 1-4, 90 1-4, 91 1-4, 92 1-4, 93 1-4, 94 1-4, 95 1-4, 96 1-4, 97 1-4, 98 1-4, 99 1-4, 100 1-4.

## THE WEEK'S MARKETS

Winnipeg Wheat Markets.

Winnipeg, Feb. 21.—Cables were lower and the market was soft and very unsatisfactory. Some export worked No. 2 Northern, but found it impossible to go by it. The amount of export worked could not have been large, as several of the larger houses reported bids out of line. The demand for cash wheat was very moderate. Winnipeg May sold down to 93 3-8 to 1-2 and closed 93 3-8 to 7-8, or 1-4 to 1-8 under yesterday. Oats were fractionally higher. Americans were stronger. Chicago closed 3 3-8 to 1-2 higher. Minneapolis May was 2 3-8, July 2 3-8 to 3-8 higher. August 2 3-8 to 3-8 lower. Winnipeg Options—Wheat—Open Close May, 93 1-4, 93 3-8. July, 94 1-4, 93 3-8. August, 94 1-4, 93 3-8. October closed 90.

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Winnipeg, Feb. 21.—Cables were lower and the market was soft and very unsatisfactory. Some export worked No. 2 Northern, but found it impossible to go by it. The amount of export worked could not have been large, as several of the larger houses reported bids out of line. The demand for cash wheat was very moderate. Winnipeg May sold down to 93 3-8 to 1-2 and closed 93 3-8 to 7-8, or 1-4 to 1-8 under yesterday. Oats were fractionally higher. Americans were stronger. Chicago closed 3 3-8 to 1-2 higher. Minneapolis May was 2 3-8, July 2 3-8 to 3-8 higher. August 2 3-8 to 3-8 lower. Winnipeg Options—Wheat—Open Close May, 93 1-4, 93 3-8. July, 94 1-4, 93 3-8. August, 94 1-4, 93 3-8. October closed 90.

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