TIVE PILLS
system in three months. Any
rooms, may be restored to sound
aints these Pills have no equal.
HEY diseases. Sold everywhere.
S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

p, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism. JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (for Internal and External) will instantaneously relieve these terrible es, and will positively cure nine cases ten. Information that will save many ent free by mail. Don't delay a moment! ction is better than cure.

nsumption, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarse-, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, and SON & CO., Boston, Mass.

HENS LAY
old everywhere, or sent by mail for 25c. in in large cans, price $1.00; by mail, $1.20. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

BARGAINS!
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General Agent.
P. CONROY,
IAN & SURGEON,
GEORGE STREET,
LOTTETOWN.
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# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES. CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 1884. VOL. XIII—NO. 31

## THE HERALD.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

*ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR*
IN ADVANCE.

OFFICES:
**Macdonald's Building, West Side Queen Street, Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.**

THE HERALD
HAS NOW THE
*Largest Circulation of any paper on this Island,*
AND IS INCREASING AT THE RATE OF
TWO HUNDRED COPIES A MONTH

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates.
Advertisements, without instructions to the contrary, will be continued until forbidden.
Items and general news of interest, in a condensed form, solicited.
Remittances can be made by registered letter
Address all letters and correspondence to the HERALD Office, Queen Street, Charlottetown.

RICHARD WALSH, Publisher.

McLEOD, MORSON & McQUARRIE,
BARRISTERS & ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Office in Old Bank,
[UP STAIRS.]
Charlottetown, February 27, 1884.

SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Solicitors in Chancery,
*NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.*
OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great George Street, Charlottetown.
☞ Money to Loan.
W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL.
jan17

M. HENNESSY,
FURNITURE DEALER,
No. 35 Great George Street, Charlottetown.

All kinds of Furniture made to order at the lowest rates.
☞ Undertaking attended to in all its branches, either in town or country, cheaper than ever. Caskets and Coffins, latest styles, always on hand.
Charlottetown, March 19, 1884—1y

JAMES PHILLIPS'
Marble Works,
*KENT STREET,*
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
I HAVE on hand a CHOICE LOT of MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, TABLETS, &c.,
—OF—
Italian & American MARBLE,
*From New and Beautiful Designs,*
which are superior to anything I have previously had to offer in the market.
I will guarantee to give satisfaction to all who favor me with their orders.
JAMES PHILLIPS
June 6, 1883—1y

GROCERY
—AND—
Tea House,
MONAGHAN'S BRICK BUILDING,
*West Side Queen Street.*
THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he is prepared to supply them with
FLOUR,
MEAL,
TEA,
COFFEE,
SUGAR,
MOLASSES,
and all other articles to be found in a first-class Grocery Store, at lowest possible prices.
Also, 10,000 CIGARS, choice brands, which will be sold cheap.
P. MONAGHAN.
Charlottetown, June 6, 1883.

1884 DRY GOODS. 1884
SPRING & SUMMER STYLES
—AT—
PERKINS & STERNS
Quick Importations, personally selected in the best English and American Markets.
We are now offering a splendid Stock of new and desirable Goods for this season, and are offering No. 1 value in
DRESS GOODS,
with all the newest Trimmings.
Prints and Sateens in great variety, and no better value to be found.
French, English and American Millinery, Hats, Bonnets and Shapes, Feathers, Flowers, Pompons and Ornaments, Parasols and Umbrellas, newest and very cheap.
Full line of Staple Goods, House Furnishing Goods and Room Paper
GIVE US A CALL.
PERKINS & STERNS.
Charlottetown, May 7, 1884.

AFTER THE FIRE.
The undersigned having resumed business in the premises
Adjoining Watson's Drug Store,
QUEEN STREET,
will sell the stock of Goods now on hand at a considerable reduction. It comprises
GOLD AND SILVER JEWELRY
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Waltham and Elgin Watches,
An extensive assortment of
SILVER-PLATED WARE, CLOCKS, &c.,
which are offered cheap to make room for new stock.
We will be pleased to see all our former customers, and as many new ones as may favor us with their patronage.
E. W. TAYLOR,
March 26, 1884—3m Next to Watson's Drug Store

Freehold Farm
FOR SALE.
FOR SALE at Mitchell River, north side of Cardigan, a Freehold Farm containing 92 acres, forty of which are in a good state of cultivation, and ten acres can be stumped at small expense, the balance is covered with hardwood, shinglewood and rails. This farm will be sold at a moderate price for cash.
Apply to A. A. Macdonald Bros., Georgetown, or to the owner on the premises.
MURDOCK McKENZIE.
Mitchell River, April 9, 1884—3m

Farm for Sale
THE Subscriber offers for Sale his FARM on Grand River Road, containing 100 acres of land; 20 acres of which are under cultivation, and 40 acres are in good condition for clearing, the balance is covered with an excellent growth of hard and soft Wood. There are several brooks on the farm, also a quantity of alder mud.
The Subscriber, wishing to dispose of the above property, will sell it reasonable and on easy terms.
For further particulars apply at Cardigan Bridge to the undersigned.
HUGH L. MACDONALD.
Cardigan Bridge, March 19, 1884—3m

Land for Sale.
FOR SALE, on the Montreal Road, Lot 55,
*A piece of Land containing 79 Acres,*
with the exception of a few acres cleared. The entire piece is covered with a fine and valuable growth of Hard and Softwood. Title is good, and possession can be given immediately. Price $450.
Apply to
A. A. MACDONALD & BROS.
Georgetown, March 12, 1884—3m

Imperial House.
THE Subscriber takes this opportunity of notifying the public that he has engaged the premises on Richmond Street, opposite the London House Tailoring Establishment, where he is prepared to accommodate permanent and transient boarders.
In connection, he will also continue the Imperial Grocery Store, and will constantly keep on hand a choice selection of Groceries.
JOHN J. TRAINOR.
April 16, 1884—3m

Farm for Sale
A Very Desirable Property.
THE Subscriber offers for sale his very valuable Farm containing 150 acres of land fronting on the Cardigan River. On the premises there is a Dwelling House and Barn, and a never failing well of water at the door.
The above property is situated in a thriving settlement, and only one and a half miles from Cardigan Bridge.
Terms liberal. For further particulars apply on the premises to
JOHN L. MACDONALD.
Launching Road, March 19, 1884—3m

Norman's

Electric Belt Institution
(ESTABLISHED 1874).
4 QUEEN STREET EAST, TORONTO.
*Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Lame Back,*
and all Liver and Chest Complaints immediately relieved and permanently cured by using these
Belts, Bands and Insoles.
Circulars and Consultation Free.
April 2, 1883—1y

CARROLL & McALEER,
Carriage Builders,
FORMERLY occupying the premises of Messrs. J. & R. Scott, lately destroyed by fire, beg leave to inform their patrons that they have engaged the premises of Mr. P. H. Trainor,
OPPOSITE THE ROCKLIN HOUSE,
KENT STREET,
where they are prepared to attend to all work in their line.
*Repairing and Painting done with Neatness and Despatch.*
Charlottetown, March 5, 1884—tf

STEAMER
"HEATHER BELLE"
Summer Arrangement.
ON and after Tuesday, May 13th, the new steamer *Heather Belle*, Hugh McLean, master, will run as follows:
Every Tuesday morning, at 4 o'clock, will leave Charlottetown for Orwell Brush Wharf; leaving Orwell Brush Wharf at seven a. m., for Charlottetown, calling at China Point and Halliday's Wharves; leaving Charlottetown at three p. m., for Halliday's, China Point and Brush Wharves, where she will remain over night.
Wednesday, will leave Brush Wharf for Charlottetown at seven a. m., calling at China Point and Halliday's Wharves; leaving Charlottetown at three p. m. to return, remaining at Brush Wharf over night.
Thursday, will leave Brush Wharf for Charlottetown at seven a. m., calling at China Point and Halliday's Wharves; leaving Charlottetown at three p. m. to return; leaving Brush Wharf about six p. m. for Charlottetown.
Friday, will leve Charlottetown for Crapaud at four a. m.; leaving Crapaud for Charlottetown at seven a. m.; leaving Charlottetown for Crapaud at three p. m., remaining over night.
Saturday, will leave Crapaud for Charlottetown at seven a. m.; leaving Charlottetown for Crapaud at 1 30 p. m.; and returning to Charlottetown from Crapaud same day.
FARES:
Cabin, to and from Orwell and Wharves, 30 cents; deck, 20 cents.
Cabin, to and from Crapaud, 40 cents; deck, 30 cents.
Excursion return tickets will be issued from Charlottetown to Orwell every Thursday evening, at one first-class fare. Also, excursion return tickets will be issued every Saturday to Crapaud, at one first-class fare.
JOHN HUGHES, Agent.
Ch'town, May 14, 1883.—3m

THE KENSINGTON
DRUG STORE
OFFERS A FULL LINE OF
Pure Drugs,
Chemicals, and
Medicinal Preparations.
Family Medicines,
Spices, Essences,
Perfumery, Soaps, Sponges,
Chest Protectors, &c.
*Diamond, Handy Package & Star Dyes, Horse and Cattle Medicines, Thorley's Improved H. and C. Food, all the leading Patent Medicines.*
Stationery and Choice Tobacco.
☞ Prescriptions accurately prepared.
D. DARRACH.
Kensington, Feb. 20, 1884—1yr

NO MORE NAUSEOUS PILLS!
LONG FELT WANT SUPPLIED.

Campbell's Cathartic Compound is a specific for the cure of Liver Complaints and Bilious Disorders, Acid Stomach, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, and all complaints arising from a disordered state of the stomach or bowels.
Children like it! Mothers like it!
For it is agreeable to the taste, does not gripe, nor sicken without griping, is certain in its effects, and is effective in small doses.
Sold by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers.
PRICE, 25 CTS. PER BOTTLE.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE COMPANY, Limited, Wholesale Agents, Montreal.
May 14, 1884—1m

AYER'S PILLS.
A large proportion of the diseases which cause human suffering result from derangement of the stomach, bowels, and liver. AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS act directly upon these organs, and are especially designed to cure the diseases caused by their derangement, including Constipation, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Headache, Dysentery, and a host of other ailments, for all of which they are a safe, sure, prompt, and pleasant remedy. The extensive use of these PILLS by eminent physicians in regular practice, shows unmistakably the estimation in which they are held by the medical profession.
These PILLS are compounded of vegetable substances only, and are absolutely free from calomel or any other injurious ingredient.
A Sufferer from Headache writes:
"AYER'S PILLS are invaluable to me, and are my constant companion. I have been a service sufferer from Headache, and your PILLS are the only thing I could look to for relief. One dose will quickly move my bowels and free my head from pain. They are the most effective and the easiest physic I have ever found. It is a pleasure to me to speak in their praise, and I always do so when occasion offers."
W. L. PAGE, of W. L. Page & Bro.
Franklin St., Richmond, Va., June 3, 1882.
"I have used AYER'S PILLS in numberless instances as recommended by you, and have never known them to fail to accomplish the desired result. We constantly keep them on hand at our home, and prize them as a pleasant, safe, and reliable family medicine. FOR DYSPEPSIA they are invaluable."
J. T. HAYES.
Mexia, Texas, June 17, 1882.
The REV. FRANCIS B. HARLOWE, writing from *Atlanta, Ga.*, says: "For some years past I have been subject to constipation, from which, in spite of the use of medicines of various kinds, I suffered increasing inconvenience, until some months ago I began taking AYER'S PILLS. They have entirely corrected the costive habit, and have vastly improved my general health."
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS correct irregularities of the bowels, stimulate the appetite and digestion, and by their prompt and thorough action give tone and vigor to the whole physical economy.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

YOUNG, OLD, AND MIDDLE-AGED.
All experience the wonderful beneficial effects of
Ayer's Sarsaparilla.
Children with Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, or any scrofulous or syphilitic taint, may be made healthy and strong by its use.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

A PRIZE! Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help all, of either sex, to more money right away than anything else in this world. Fortunes await the workers absolutely sure. At once address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. ap 16 1y

### Some Fallacies of the Day Refuted.

"What is man without religion?" This was the subject of the discourse delivered lately by Mgr. Capel, in the Church of St. Agnes, East Forty-third street, N. Y. After a few introductory remarks, in which the preacher said that he would disappoint those newspapers which had announced that he would refer in his sermon to the character of the people with whom he was staying at present, the Monsignor continued: The question, what is man that thou art unmindful of him, is one that is eminently personal and interests everybody. Men here on earth are generally judged by the axiom laid down in the Word of God: "By their fruits ye shall know them." He paid a becoming tribute to American enterprise, talent, and energy as exemplified in the society of prominent men of this country with whom he had come in contact here and abroad. But he continued, saying that the accomplishments of men gave no answer to the question contained in the text. "Rather than be the improved monkey," he said, "I will choose my position on the Christian doctrine." He then pointed out the characteristic distinction between man and animal, which consists of the consciousness of a moral responsibility to God that no animal possesses. We have within us the germ of power to detect that there is a God. The faculty to determine between right and wrong is implanted in the human mind as being the impress of God. Through baptism the child which has been heretofore but the reflector of God, becomes participant of God's grace and nature. It then looks upon God in his own essence and nature. Under the influence of that new inflatus man bears his cross, and can toil patiently, seeing his eternal home before him. Self is suppressed, and all its desires and associations are swamped, and the Christian grows into fullness and power. "And now turn to the other side of the question," continued the preacher, "and mark the difference between him who has religion and him who has not. Our path may seem to be strewn with roses and flowers, but beneath the surface are sorrow and misery. Wealth cannot keep off sickness or death. And perhaps the bitterest of crosses is the rapidity with which life glides by. The young feel it; but speak to those who have arrived at the middle of life, and they will tell you that life to all intents and purposes is over with them. If there is nothing else beyond this life, then let us eat and drink and be merry, for to-morrow we shall be dead. It is but the cream of mankind taht is possessed of wealth, culture and knowledge; the masses must ever remain in poverty and toil in the sweat of their brows. Say to the mass of the people, 'There is no other world to pass into, there is no home and crown in store for you,' do you expect that mankind, looking at your wealth and the power it gives, will rest peacefully? I say if there is no God, then all mankind should raise against those who have the goods of this world. What holds the sensual man in check? Is it learning? It has been tried and failed, as the history of ancient Greece and Rome shows. Religion alone can keep man's passion down."

### Charitable Irish Society of Halifax.

AN INTERESTING RECORD.

At a meeting of the Charitable Irish Society, recently held at Halifax, N. S., a very valuable report was submitted, which we condense for the benefit of our readers:

A number of gentlemen of Irish faith and extraction residing in the town of Halifax, and, as the preamble of the society sets forth, "sensibly feeling the obligations which they owed to society, and zealously wishing to promote and encourage friendship and good will amongst men," met at the house of one John O'Brien, known as the "Golden Ball," on the evening of the 17th January, 98 years ago, and there formed the nucleus of what is known to-day as the Charitable Irish Society of Halifax. They not only wished to promote and foster a love and veneration for the deer old land beyond the sea, they had a higher and nobler object in view, viz.: to bestow upon the poor a portion of the goods of life, which God in His bounty had bestowed upon themselves, and to afford relief to their distressed countrymen, as well as the poor of other nations who might from time to time be cast upon the shores of Nova Scotia and need the sympathy and assistance of the charitably disposed. They possessed the three essentials necessary to success. They had faith in their undertaking, they were hopeful of success, and the groundwork was charity. After referring to the organization meeting of the Society, and its system of relieving the poor, the report says money grants were also made to certain persons and under certain conditions. It was not an uncommon practice for members in good standing to receive relief by way of loans in sums varying from £1 to £50. It is recorded were one of the early vice-presidents of the society was granted £25 "to relieve his present distress." It was customary at the annual meeting to appoint a committee to interview all strangers coming to the town known to be of Irish birth or extraction and request them to become members of the society; should they refuse to do so their names were reported at the next meeting and they were forever after excluded from becoming members. Any member absent from a meeting was fined the sum of one shilling, and for absenting himself from the festival dinner was fined the sum of five shillings. At the first dinner held by the society, one hundred gentlemen, including the governor, admiral, chief justice, several army and navy officers, and the president of the North British and St. George's society, sat down at 4 o'clock, p. m., and separated at 6 o'clock the following morning. Thirty-eight toasts were proposed and duly honored. Each member had to deposit with the secretary, two weeks previous to the festival, one guinea, towards defraying the expense. It was customary for each new member on admission to order one jug of punch at his own expense. (This was before the days of the Scott Act.) No Irishman, not a member, was allowed to dine with the society. The state of the funds the first year of its formation showed £400 in the treasury. Large donations were given by members for the purpose of forming a fund, the sums varying from £5 to £25. Richard John Uniacke, the society's founder, presented it with £50; Lord Beresford, son of the marquis of Waterford, donated £20; the lord bishop, father of general Inglis, the defender of Lucknow, presented £10 the night of his election as a member. In 1793 the ballot system was introduced in the society. On St. Patrick's Day, 1794, the Duke of Kent, father of Her Majesty, dined with the society. John O'Brien, at whose house the dinner was held, presented the society with a valuable punch bowl used on that occasion. In 1803 His Lordship Bishop Burke, the first Roman Catholic Bishop of Nova Scotia, was elected a member. The Society acted in a very liberal spirit with its funds. In addition to the handsome amounts voted to the poor of the city, mention is made of monies been devoted to other laudable purposes. The following is an extract of an account given of the dinner of the society held on St. Patrick's Day, 1820, presided over by Richard John Uniacke, Jr.: "The Earl of Dalhousie, who was present, proposed the health of the president in terms so flattering that it touched the hearts of all present, and he also paid a high compliment to the sons of Ireland, and expressed his warmest prayer that Ireland might ever flourish with undiminished splendor. The society was also indebted to the Honorable Judge (afterwards Sir Brenton) Haliburton, president of the North British society, who proposed the health of the Hon. Richard John Uniacke, the founder of the society. Mr. Uniacke responded to the toast in such a humerous speech that it kept the company in roars of laughter. The health of His Lordship Bishop Burke was drank with great enthusiasm, testifying to the high esteem in which His Lordship was held by all creeds and classes. The room was gaily decorated with portraits of St. Patrick, St. Andrew and St. George. A bower was erected, in which sat an Irish harper, dressed in minstrel costume, who favored the company with many Irish selections, during the evening. There was also present an Irish piper, who gave the company "The Fox Chase," bringing up pleasant recollections to the minds of many present of the sports of their younger days in Ireland. The singing of "Paddy Carey," by Mr. McSwiney, vice-president; and of "Paddy O'Rafferty" by the Hon. Michael Tobin, could not be excelled. The company separated at 5 o'clock in the morning, well pleased with the celebration of St. Patrick." In 1822, the Hon. Michael Tobin was elected president, a position which he held during the years 1832, 1833, 1834. Many amusing anecdotes are related of him, for he possessed the wit and humor for which the Irish are proverbial. It was his custom at the festival dinner of the society to have at either side of him on the table a sod of Irish turf, a big Irish potatoe, together with a short Irish blackthorn stick with which to stir the punch to give it the real flavor of "Ould Ireland." In 1842, the society presented him with an address and a service of silver plate costing £80 stg. The service of plate is at present in the possession of ex-Mayor Tobin, who no doubt treasures it as a "souvenir" of the high esteem in which his venerated grand sire was held. Mr. Tobin died in 1843, and at a special meeting of the society resolutions of condolence were passed and the members attended the funeral in a body, and wore mourning for a month. In 1822, the Rev. Father Carroll was elected a member, and when leaving the province in 1828 he presented £5 to the funds. The Reverend gentleman, who is said to be the oldest Catholic priest in America, is at present residing in Chicago. * * * * * * *
In 1836 the society celebrated its 50th anniversary in grand style. The Hon. Joseph Howe was elected president, and filled the chair for three successive years. * * *
In 1841 the venerable Sir Edward Kenny, was elected president, a position which he also filled in 1848. He is the father of the society, having become a member in 1828, 56 years ago, and he is to-day the only living member that was in the society at that time. Were he now to attend our festive gatherings and miss the old familiar faces, he would say with Moore—

"When I remember all
The friends so linked together,
I've seen around me fall
Like leaves in wintry weather,
I feel like one who trod alone
Some banquet hall deserted,
Whose lights are fled,
Whose garlands dead,
And all but thee departed."

Our next oldest member is the venerable Rodger Cunningham, who was admitted a member 52 years ago, and who may still be seen at our quarterly meetings. In 1843, £100 was presented by Thomas S. Tobin, Esq., as a bequest to the funds of the society, from his lamented father, the Hon. Michael Tobin. * * * * In 1846, a grand picnic was held at the Prince's Lodge, over 600 persons, including Sir John Harvey, Lieut.-Governor, were present. An address was presented to Sir John on that occasion which proved a great success. * * * *
In 1847 the society heard with much regret of the death of the illustrious Daniel O'Connell. An address of condolence was sent to his family and the society attended a requiem mass offered for the repose of his soul. At a special meeting the following resolution was adopted:
*Resolved*, That the Irishmen of Halifax will manifest a deep interest in all matters for the welfare of Ireland, in commemoration of the illustrious dead, and that the members wear mourning hat bands for one month, as a mark of respect for his memory.
In 1849, the Rev. Theabold Matthew, the great apostle of temperance, sent his thanks to the society for their generous donation to the starving poor of Ireland. The report deals with many other matters between the years 1847 and 1873 which must have proved of interest to the Society. In August of the last named year a grand pic-nic was held at McNab's Island, at which the Earl and Countess of Dufferin, Admiral Fanshawe and lady, Governor Archibald and lady, Archbishop Connolly, Mayor Dugan, Hon. W. A. Henry, and several army and navy officers were present. Archbishop Connolly proposed the health of the Earl and Countess and congratulated the society on having as its guests two such distinguished country people. The Earl returned thanks in a most humorous speech. Mayor Dugnan proposed the health of His Grace the Archbishop, which was duly honored. In 1875 the society celebrated the centenary of the birth of Daniel O'Connell, by a grand procession of all the Irishmen of the city, being one of the largest ever seen in Halifax. A grand banquet was held in the Skating Rink, presided over by M. J. Power, Esq. An oration was delivered on the life and labors of the great Liberator by Mr. (now the Hon. Judge) Thompson. * * * *
In 1879, $500 was sent to Archbishop McHale, for the starving poor of Ireland, a like amount having been forwarded a few years previously with the same object. His Grace sent his thanks to the society and his blessing to the good people of Halifax for their generosity. A reception was given to His Grace Archbishop Hannan on his arrival from Rome. Resolutions condemning the murder of Lord Cavendish and Mr. Burke were passed by the society and sent to the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone and Mr. Parnell. An address of welcome was presented to His Grace Archbishop O'Brien on his appointment to the See of Halifax, to which he replied, wishing the society every success and offering his name for enrollment as a member. After giving a list of the Presidents of the Society since its formation, the secretary closes his report with the following paragraph:
"You will therefore perceive that the society has ever been anxious to place at its head gentlemen not only possessing their confidence, but that of the coummunity,—gentlemen who have borne with grace and dignity the judicial ermine, who have distinguished themselves in the profession of law and medicine, who have occupied prominent public positions within the gift of the citizens, as well as representing the interests of the people in the parliaments of the country. And now we have glanced through the retrospect of time and conversed (as it were) with the men of the past, who have spoken to us to-night in the language of the society's records, who have told us they brought it into existence, watched by it in its infancy, saw it grow in usefulness, and take its place among the national and philanthropic organizations of the community. They have left it to you, gentlemen, to promote its interest and support it, not in its declining years, but in all its fulness, life and vigor; supported by men possessing the same spirit of enthusiasm, patriotism and charity, as animated those of 1786. We are aware that the requirements exist now as then, ever mindful of the divine precept, 'The poor you have always with you.'"

### General News Items.

The Toronto *Mail* has donated $200 to the fireman's benevolent fund in recognition of the brigade's valuable services in the late fire.

The Anchor line steamer *Furnessia* sailed from London for New York on the 28th inst., with 500 state aided emigrants on board.

Special despatches from points in Wisconsin and Illinois report a blighting frost which has done considerable damage to crops.

Advices from Kassala, of April 12th, report that that town is completely isolated. All communication from the outer world either by letter or newspaper has been cut off.

A stranger fell over the bank of Niagara River last week, a distance of one hundred feet and was instantly killed. He had letters in his pocket addressed to Wm. V. McDonald, for his father, Brooklyn, N. Y.

William England, the English pugilist, who arrived in New York lately, visits America with the avowed object of seeking a match with Sullivan. England is 5 feet 10½ inches tall, and weighs 200 pounds. He was formerly a stevedore.

The Dominion Government paid over to the Bank of Montreal, as agents of the Nova Scotia Government, $1,400,000, purchase money for the railway between New Glasgow and Canso and for the rights of Nova Scotia in the Pictou Branch.

The Paris *Gaulois* says that Waddington, French minister to England, has informed Earl Granville that Europe would regret to have England abandon the Soudan and especially Khartoum, which France desires the Khedive to retain.

The new Mahdi, who is stated to have appeared in the Soudan, claims the power of becoming invisible at will. The story is told by the natives that the Mahdi sent soldiers to capture the new prophet but when the soldiers had surrounded him he suddenly vanished in the air.

The will of Charles O'Conner, the late jurist, bequeaths to the New York Institute $20,000 and all the bounded volumes of his own works; also several silver testimonials; $50,000 in private bequests to relatives and friends, and two-thirds of the residue to his sister, Eliza M. Sloan, and the remaining third to Julia Pardon Mullany.

At Oak Creek, Milwaukee, relatives of Horace Baldwin sawed off his legs after his death last week to make them fit the coffin. His nephew commenced to sever his feet from his body with a common saw. While at work he thought Baldwin moved and fell in a dead faint when another relative finished the job. At one time it was thought that the nephew would be mobbed by the neighbors.

Lord Dufferin has stipulated that if Turkish troops are despatched to Suakim the English must command them, England to pay all expenses and to have sole control during the period till the withdrawl of the Turks from the Soudan. The sultan declined this proposition and negotiations are pending for a mixed expedition of English and Turkish troops. It is reported settled that the Egyptian conference will meet on the 23rd June.

A number of heavy wheat growers from all parts of Northern Dakota were at Fargo last week to witness an experiment in plowing by steam. A fraction engine drew eight plows, turning the sod four inches thick as evenly and as well as could be done by horse power, and at the rate of over 25 acres per day. This will mark a new era in wheat growing, as it will enable farmers to plough at a cost of not more than $1 per acre.

Krupps tunnel on the South Pennsylvania Railroad was the scene of a terrible accident by which eight men were instantly killed and eleven others seriously injured by the falling of a scaffold at the main entrance. All available force was put to work at once digging out the crushed remains of the victims. The scene was heartrending, as one after another of the mangled bodies were brought out. The men killed were all foreigners with one exception.

Near Seneca City, S. C., there lives one of the largest families in the United States. Joel Vaughan has been married four times. His last three wives were widows, all of whom had children by previous husbands, respectively eight, seven and four, a total of nineteen. These four wives bore Mr. Vaughan twenty-seven children, which, added to the step-children, gave Mr. Vaughan control of forty-six children. There are seven different sets of children. The old man is now 80 years of age, and his youngest child is an infant.

Rev. Richard Kearns died at Halifax, on Tuesday the 27th ult., of hemorrhage of the lungs. The deceased was one of the most gifted and prominent of the Roman Catholic clergymen of Nova Scotia. He was born near Thurles in the County of Tipperary, Ireland, on the 18th of February, 1847, and was consequently 37 years of age. When 18 years of age he was brought to this country by the late Archbishop Hannan, and spent five years under the tuition of the Sulpician Fathers in Montreal. He was ordained priest on the 21st May, 1870. Then he came to Nova Scotia and was for three years in charge of the parish of Tusket Wedge, Yarmouth Co., and subsequently was in Yarmouth town for four years. At the end of that period, in 1877, he was called to the charge of St. Mary's College, Halifax, which position he held until the college closed.