

Get a SHARPLES Tubular Cream Separator IN THE FIRST PLACE

Write to us for "Junk Pile Pictures." They will show you how rapidly disk-filled and cheap cream separators are being discarded for Tubulars.

Others have paid good money to learn that disks are not needed in a modern separator, and that cheap machines lose their cost in cream the first year.

Why should you pay for the same experience?

Sharples Dairy Tubulars are built in the only known way which overcomes the many parts and faults of others. Patented. Cannot be imitated. No disks. Twice the skimming force of others. Skim faster and twice as clean. Wear a lifetime. Guaranteed forever by the oldest separator concern on this continent. Repeatedly pay for themselves by saving what others lose.

These are the reasons

why you will never be satisfied with any other — why you will finally have a Tubular — why you should get a Tubular in the first place.

See the quality separator — The World's Best — for the asking. Our local representative will be glad to show you a Tubular.

If you don't know him, ask us his name. Write for catalog No. 342.



30 Yrs
Sharples

THE SHARPLES SEPARATOR CO.
Toronto, Ont. Winnipeg, Man.

The Brunswick

Corner of Main and Rupert Streets, Winnipeg. Newly renovated and furnished. Attractive dining room, excellent service. New Fireproof Annex. Opened July 14th. Containing 30 additional single bedrooms, two large poolrooms, shine stand and barber shop. Finest liquors and cigars at popular prices. FREE BUS meets all trains. James Fowle, Prop.

Rates: \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day

Imperial Hotel

Corner Main St. and Alexander Ave. The Farmers' Hotel of Winnipeg. Centrally located. Good meals, and warm, comfortable rooms.

Rate - \$2.00 a day

ANGUS McLEOD } Proprietors
JAMES MORTON }
FREE BUS

LIGHTNING RODS

When you buy a Lightning Rod you want ABSOLUTE PROTECTION. Only a PERFECT ROD will afford it.



Made of the CHOICEST MATERIALS Only. The most Costly Rod Made and Commands the Highest Price. Avoid "Imitations" the GENUINE has C B F R Stamped on the Coupling of every Rod Section. Every foot Guaranteed.

COLE BROS. L. R. COMPANY
316 S. 7TH STREET SAINT LOUIS,
MISSOURI, U.S.A.

the demands of the country. Hence they find the conditions under which a tariff may operate to enhance prices — an understocked market. As we have seen in a previous article, this condition is necessary if the tariff is to operate to raise prices. In the case of the products just named, nature sets the limit of production; in the case of manufactured goods, combinations limit production, and so in these two cases the tariff does raise prices. But this is not true in regard to the produce of the general farms of our country. Combinations to restrict production are not possible, and nature has set no limit. The general farms of the country produce three main classes of products; grains, meats and dairy products. In all these lines we produce more than we can use; if we utilized to the full our great agricultural resources, we could produce ten times as much as we now use. Hence prices are set in the world's market. It needs no figures to prove this. The farmers of this country know from practical experience that in all these main lines of production the export prices rule. Thus the farmers of Canada are placed in the disadvantageous position of having to sell their goods at prices set in a distant market, in competition with the cheapest production in the world, and of having to produce these things in a country where they must pay more than world's prices for labor of all kinds, for machinery, and for all the manufactured goods they use, on account of a highly protective tariff. Under these circumstances is it any wonder that the farmers of this country are not prospering as they should, or that rural population is decreasing? The tariff stands convicted of the greatest injury that can be dealt to our national life — the depletion of our rural population.

There is, indeed, a possibility that we may see in Canada a condition when the tariff will be of value in increasing prices of farm products. Let the burden of the farmer be increased, let the rural exodus go on, and there will come a time when our lessened farm population, even with limitless land at their disposal, cannot produce enough to supply the needs of the people. In some lines of production we are now nearing the limit. When this is reached we will have higher prices, because of the tariff, but it will not be agricultural prosperity, but agricultural decay. There is, in Canada, only one way by which the tariff can help the farmer, and that is by ruining him.

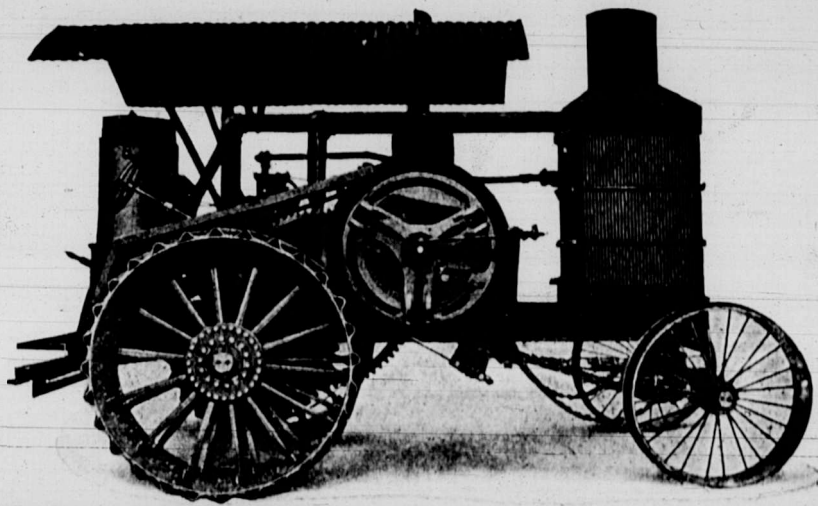
BIG STOCK BONUS

Renewed activity has been manifested in the shares of the Montreal Cotton Co., this week the stock selling up to 159, although easing off towards the end of the week. A public announcement is expected to be made almost any day. Those who know state that this will be to the effect that a bonus of 100 per cent. of 6 per cent. preferred stock will be handed to the present shareholders and the common stock placed on a five per cent. dividend basis. Very little of the stock is coming out and several insiders have increased their holdings.

The Montreal Cotton Co., was established over 36 years ago and its mills, which are among the largest in Canada, operate 5,000 looms and 200,000 spindles, and are located at Valleyfield, Quebec. For the past three years the company has paid 8 per cent., although earnings have been very little in excess of that amount, which, however, has been caused by abnormal trade conditions brought about by the depression in the cotton industry. Previous to 1908 the average earnings of the company have been 13½ per cent. The company has always enjoyed prosperity owing to its strong financial position and the directors state that they expect to show even better figures for this year than for the past couple of seasons. From the last annual report of the company which was figured on a very conservative basis, the assets were \$6,650,368 less bonds \$966,943. This leaves each \$100 worth of common stock, of which there was 83,000,000 issued, secured by \$189 worth of assets. — Financial Post.

A hog needs all his time to make pork and should not be expected to spend any moments fighting lice.

Did you ever come across a farmer who would admit that he did not know how to feed pigs? Yet the real pig feeder is rare.



The Gold Coin WINNER For Threshermen

You're looking for a steady profit-maker, not a grand stander! What care you how many medals some Tractor has won? You want the engine that month after month "rakes in the coin." That's what Hart-Parrs have done nearly nine years. Here's proof that it's a money making proposition to buy a

Modern Farm Horse

(Hart-Parr Gas Tractor)

James McAlister, Pense, Sask., paid all his expenses and \$2800 for his engine in three years, and had \$1200 over.

Conboy Bros., Asquith, Sask., made all operating expenses and had a balance of \$1300 in one season.

F. B. Eaton, Wilson, Kansas, threshed 53,000 bushels hard Turkey wheat in 38 days, fuel cost averaging 33 cents an hour.

Davidson Bros., Green Briar, Sask., threshed 40,000 bushels of grain in 32 days. Daily fuel expense \$7.80.

We have handfuls of such letters. They prove the Hart-Parr Tractor a dependable, reliable, every day-in-the-month money-maker. It is not a "show piece" in its early experimental stages, but a seasoned, tested and steady power-source manufactured by the original gas tractor firm—

HART-PARR

Whose name is your Steel-Riveted Guarantee.

Let Us Show You Cold Facts.

Send for our newest literature and catalog.

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