Latest Morning Edition

The Standard.

The World's News

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GRAFT AT OTTAWA EXPOSED BY FLIGHT OF OFFICIAL

F. S. Gouldthrite, Superintendent of Government Stationery Department, Fugitive from Justice Leaving Vast Sums Unaccounted For---Country May Lose $1,000,000 as Result of Fraud.

Rotteness of Interior Department Revealed By Incredible Story of Missing Official Instituting System of Rake-Offs -- Allowed to Carry On Thieving Operations for Many Years.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, June 24.—F. S. Gouldthrite, superintendent of stationery in the government printing bureau, is a fugitive from justice. He has been superintendent at the bureau for 20 years. The Dominion police have instituted a search for him but he has not been in the city for several days, and it is understood that he has gone out of the country.

There is a serious charge laid against him by Hon. Chas. Murphy, secretary of state, who is in control of the bureau, namely that Gouldthrite has been guilty of fraud and graft. Besides Gouldthrite one official and four employes has been dismissed and one official suspended pending investigation. Mr. Murphy refused to divulge the names of these men.

Goudthrite was in charge of the stationery department of the printing bureau and the purchase of all paper and stationery supplies was under his direct supervision. The purchases totalled hundreds of thousands of dollars in the course of a year.

Graft was worked in this way: Supplies were ordered from firms in the United States. The government paid in the case of cuts 25 cents an inch, but only 15 cents an inch found its way to the American firms. The ten cents went into the pockets of Gouldthrite and his accomplices.

Fraud In Safety Device,.

It is a curious fact that one of the frauds was connected with a stationery article that was introduced some years ago to prevent fraud in all the departments. As the result of the Martineau defalcations some years ago an order-in-council was passed that all government cheques should be printed on a special safety paper. This paper was bought from a certain New York firm for a time. Then the order was subsequently transferred to another New York firm. It has been discovered that this latter firm has been supplying a fictitious safety repair paper worth considerably less than the amount for which Gouldthrite has been authorizing payment. Mr. Murphy made a special trip to New York lately in connection with the matter. In this case, however the Government will suffer no loss, as it happens that the same firm has already furnished to the bureau a large quantity of other supplies which have not yet been paid. The payments will not be withheld until there has been a general adjustment.

In other cases it is stated the Government has been mulcted to the extent of 40 per cent. It is calculated that Gouldthrite has handled about $700,000 worth of supplies each year and that for at least fifteen years he has been working this game. It is estimated that the very least sum he has stolen during these years would be a quarter of million dollars, but this might be very much more, possibly one million. Exact figures, of course, will never be forthcoming.

Warning by Opposition.

Hon. Mr. Murphy stated today htat for nearly twelve months he has been conducting an investigation into the affairs of the printing bureau. He preferred to make the investigation himself rather than call for a special commission of investigation. It will be remembered however, that this is one of the cases which the Opposition in Parliament two or three years ago demanded should be investigated. The Government, however, refused point blank to go any further than to investigate the marine and fisheries department, in consequence of which some leading officials, notably Commander Spain and Deputy Minister Gouardeau came under the ban. It is stated tonight that the Opposition having had its case proved, that serious malpractices existed in other departments, will call for an investigation of the interior department, which is alleged to be the most rotten in the departments of the Government.

Spent Money Freely.

The loose way in which Gouldthrite spent money, is said to be the cause of suspicion being attached to him. It should be said in justice to Mr. Murphy that the refusal of the Government to probe the scandal in the departments which have been common talk here for years, was given before he took office.

SANFORD IS DISCOVERED AT MAITLAND

Leader Of The Holy Ghosters Visits Nova Scotia Farm In Effort To Realize Money On Property.

Special to The Standard

Halifax, N. S., June 24.—The whereabouts of Frank W. Sanford, head of the Holy Ghost and Us Society, whose barquentine Kingdom is now in port, has been discovered. He went up to Maitland, N. S. last night and spent today at that place trying to get $500 from Captain Masters, a resident of the village. Masters had agreed to pay this money for a farm there which Sanford was selling . He had the cash a year ago, but there was delay on the part of the Holy Ghosters in getting a deed and in the meantime Masters' money was spent. When Sanford went up to Maitland he found the purchaser on the farm, but nothing to pay for it, and he had to return empty handed. What the society will do remains to be seen.

The property belonged to the late Captain MacKenzie who bequeathed it to his widow and six children. They joined the Holy Ghosters and made the property over to that society, which is now seeking to realize on it.

The widow MacKenzie is matron of the home at Shiloh. The barquentine Kingdom stocked up today with $2,000 worth of groceries purchased in Halifax and paid for in American bills.

CHARLTON MAY NEVER ENTER A COURT ROOM

Cannot Be Tried In New Jersey And Italian Authorities Have Made No Move For Extradition.

INSANITY PLEA OF PRISONER'S FRIENDS

New York, N. Y., June 24.—Porter Charlton will never be tried for murder in the courts of New Jersey. Whether he beat his wife on the head into insensibility with blows with a wooden mallet at Lake Como, Italy, then stuffed her, still living, into a trunk and sank the trunk in the waters of the lake is a matter outside the jurisdiction of Jersey courts.

On the other hand he will not be released until the question of his sanity is determined. This is assured by the Charlton family, who announced through counsel tonight that if the boy's mind proved dangerously unsound they would take the initiative in having him committed to some suitable institution. The father, Judge Paul Charlton, had previously said that he believed Porter to be crazy.

The attitude of the Jersey courts, as defined tonight by prosecutor Pierre Garven, of Hudson county is this:

The state of New Jersey now holds Charlton merely on the complaint of the Italian consul general as a fugitive from Italian justice, pending a request for his extradition. If extradition is not demanded, there is absolutely no action that the courts of this state can take. Whether the federal courts can still step in is a matter outside my province.

There is a possibility that Charlton may walk from jail a free man, without trial, for the trend of despatches from Rome seem to indicate that the Italian government will act in the matter with reluctance, if at all since to demand extradition to Italy of an American subject who has committed a crime within Italian jurisdiction, would imperil a cherished Italian precedent.

The Family's Position.

Explaining the attitude of the family, R. Floyd Clarke, the lawyer retained by Judge Charlton, said to night:

"The wish of the family is to see strict justice done as between the boy, the facts and the public. If there should be no request for extradition, and hence no prosecution under the laws of New Jersey, Judge Charlton will make application for a commission in lunacy to determine his son's sanity. If the boy is found insane, he will be committed to an institution. If he is found sane—well, that is a matter so far distant that I prefer not to take it up now."

Allenists retained by the family, who examined young Charlton today are Charles L. Dana, professor of Nervous Diseases in the Cornell Medical School; Dr. Edward B. Fisher, Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton, prominent in the Thaw trials, and Wm. J. Arlitz, city physician of Hoboken.

Charlton answered test questions of the allenists for nearly two hours. His attitude seemed to be one of total indifference. At the conclusion of the examination, Attorney Clarke, speaking for the party, said that no definite conclusions had been reached, and that a further examination would be made tomorrow. Dr. Arlitz who visited Charlton in his cell this morning, said before the afternoon conference that there was no doubt in his mind that the boy was partially insane, but questions as to where insanity began and partial insanity ended, or as to what specific form of insanity Charlton had, he avoided.

Capt. Scott Skeptical.

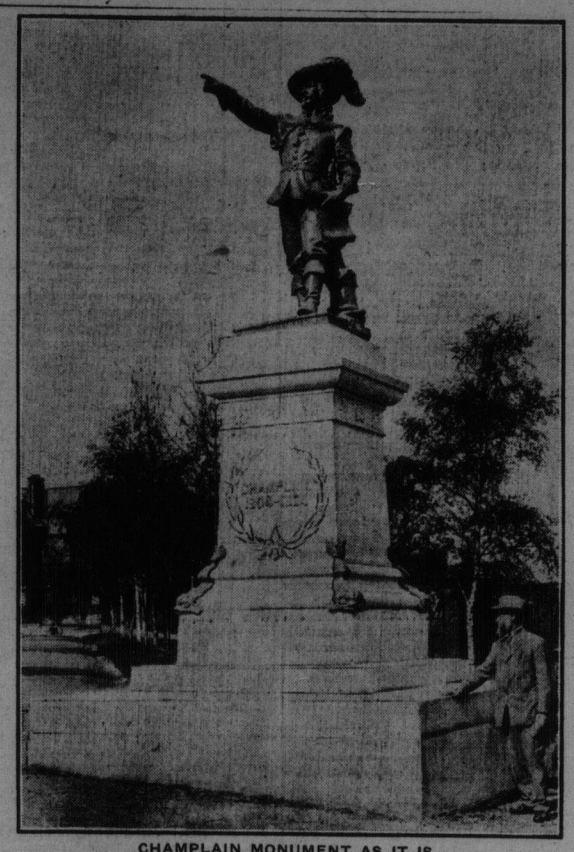
Capt. Henry Harrison Scott, U. S. A., brother of Charlton's murdered wife, whose persistency brought about the boy's capture is positive that the prisoner is sane.

"That boy," he says, "is as much in possession of his wits as I am. He is the picture of self-possession and quick wittedness. When they asked him yesterday "So your're Charlton," he caught up the slurring pronounciation and mimicked it into a different shade of meaning.

"Some persons may think me a Charlatan," he parried. Does that sound like insanity to you?"

Charlton, his brother Clarence, and his father, had an hour's conference after the consultation of the alienists. The two elders came out of it much depressed and refused to talk for publication.

CHAMPLAIN MONUMENT UNVEILED LAST NIGHT



CHAMPLAIN MONUMENT AS IT IS

Notable Ceremony on Queen Square Attended by Thousands of Loyal Citizens.

The Pouring Rain Could Not Dampen the Ardour of Speakers or Listeners.

Eloquent Addresses by Premier Hazen, Hon. Dr. Landry, Mayor Frink and Clarence Ward.

A very large crowd witnessed the ceremonies in connection with the unveiling of the Champlain monument on Queen Square, last evening, and in spite of the fact that a light rain fell most of the time, stayed to the end.

On a platform at the base of the monument was the mayor, the master of ceremonies, with the speakers, Hon. J. D. Hazen, Hon. Dr. Landry, and Clarence Ward, president of the Historical Society. In a roped enclosure seats were provided for the aldermen and their ladies, and the other guests. The 62nd Regiment, the 3rd Regiment, C. A., with a detachment of the Black Watch St. Andrew's church cadets were drawn up in the form of a square at some distance about the monument. Two bands rendered appropriate music.

After a historical sketch of Champlain's career by Clarence Ward, the mayor made a brief speech and unveiled the statue. Premier Hazen and Hon. Dr. Landry then delivered short addresses, and the ceremonies were brought to a close by the singing of God Save the King.

Secretary D. R. Jack deserves credit for the success of the affair, though he might have arranged for better weather.

When the soldiers had taken their positions, His Worship arose and said:

"Ladies and gentlemen. It has been deemed fitting that the ceremonies in connection with the unveiling of the monument to the memory of Samuel de Champlain should be opened by the president of the Historical Society, our esteemed fellow citizen and reliable chronicler of the early history of St. John. I have great pleasure in introducing to you the president of the Historical Society, Clarence Ward, a gentleman whose historical writings are doubtless familiar to many of you."

Mr. Ward's Address.

Mr. Ward then read the following address:

"We are assembled this evening to do honor in a fitting manner to the memory of Samuel de Champlain, by the dedication of this monument. In the discovery of our harbor his name is inseparbly connected with the history of the city.

"As president of the Historical Society a few words from me in reference to the inception of the memorial may be appropriate. At a meeting of the N. B. Historical Society held Nov. 25, 1902, Rev. W. O. Raymond called attention to the fact that the year 1904 was the 300th anniversary of the discovery of St. John river by Champlain, and arrangements were made to consult with other societies and public bodies to obtain their cooperation in having a public celebration commemorative of so momentous an event. D. R. Jack was appointed general secretary and rendered valuable service in that capacity.

A most successful series of public gatherings, literary and social were held commencing June 24, 1904—the tercentenary of the discovery. The republics of France and U. S. sent war vessels, which took up positions in the harbor, and in friendly companionship with a vessel of H. M. navy, discharged a salute in honor of the day.

A Permanent Memorial.

The success attending the celebration encouraged the society to undertake the project of having some permanent memorial erected, commemorative of this important epoch in our history. Negotiations were entered into with Hamilton McCarthy, the eminent Canadian sculptor, who cordially entertained the idea, and on Oct. 28, 1904, submitted a design for the statue of Champlain, with appropriate pedestal, which met with the approbation of the society, and an agreement was entered into with him for the execution of the monument.

The society went actively to work, and in conjunction with Edward Sears, then mayor, received generous support from the citizens, which, with liberal grants from Dominion, Provincial and Civic Governments, enabled them to guarantee the amount asked by Mr. McCarthy.

That he has accomplished his work faithfully and well, the finished design before us is ample testimony. I leave to minds more capable than mine to unfold to you the outline of Champlain's wonderful career as explorer, colonizer, and administrator, and in conclusion would express my pleasure as a citizen of St. John, and a descendant of the Loyalists, who 179 years

Continue on page 5.

FISHERMAN TO THE HAGUE

United States Commissioners Felt Need Of Practical Fishermen To Aid In Presenting Case—Capt. Young Going.

Gloucester, Mass., June 24.—Eminent lawyers all, the commissioners representing the United States before The Hague tribunal which is arbitrating the Newfoundland fisheries question are handicapped by the lack of a practical fisherman to present the fishermen's case. Their need, communicated to the State Department at Washington, is responsible for the appointment of Capt. Carl C. Young, who has sailed out of Gloucester for more than a score of years. The selection of Capt. Young was made through Congressman A. P. Gardner, after consultation with the leading fishermen of New England.

Capt. Young will start for The Hague immediately.

TITLE TO ARCTIC LANDS TO BE PROBED

Hon. J. C. Patterson Appointed Commissioner To Investigate Great Britain's Right Of Ownership.

Special to The Standard

Ottawa, June 24.—The Gazette announces that Hon. J. C. Patterson, a member of the former Conservative government has been appointed commissioner to investigate into titles of ownership by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland of all lands in the Arctic seas, whether acquired by discovery, occupation or otherwise.

Notice appears in the Canada Gazette that by supplementary letters patent the name of "Canadian Steel Corporation, Ltd.," has been changed to "The Steel Company of Canada, Ltd."

Ottawa, June 24.—To further demonstrate that there are no obstacles in the St. Lawrence channels and thus dispose of the doubts of the shipping federation, Hon. L. P. Brodeur left for Rimouski today. He will return to Montreal by a government steamer to which will be attached a channel sweep.

JAPAN WILL POLICE KOREA

Tokio, June 24.—A convention between Korea and Japan has practically been concluded. By it Korea delegates to Japan the entire police administration. The unified police system will be placed under the authority of a commander of gendarmes.

VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY

Trial Of Seven Charged As Accessories In Glover Murder Ends With Acquittal All Around.

Cambridge, Mass., June 24.—After District Attorney Higgins had stated in his closing address that he had never suspected that any of the defendants were in any way connected with the crime for which they were indicted, Judge Stevens late today ordered the jury to return a verdict of not guilty in the case of Mrs. Lillian Glover and six other persons charged with being accessories after the fact to the murder of Mrs. Glover's husband, Clarence F. Glover. Without leaving their seats, the jurymen complied with the instructions. Besides Mrs. Glover, the defendants were her attorneys, Samuel D. Elmore and A. F. Tupper; Glover's brother, Seymour Glover and his wife, and Mr. and Mrs. George A. Freeman, friends of the Glover family.

The specific charge against them was that they had assited Hattie LeBlanc, now under indictment, charged with the murder of Glover in his laundry on November 29, 1909, to conceal herself for three days after Glover's death. It was merely to clear the seven persons involved from such suspicions, the district attorney announced, that he secured their indictment and trial. After brief evidence had been completed today, District Attorney Higgins stated that he had never suspected that the defendants were in any way connected with the murder, but that they had been summoned before the court because he thought that persons against whom so much suspicion had been directed should have a fair chance to prove that they were not implicated in the crime.

When the verdict of not guilty was given, Attorney Elmore and Seymour Glover broke down and wept, but Mrs. Glover displayed no emotion.

Mrs. Glover, cool and collected, and with little apparent interest in the case, testified today that she did not conceal Hattie or give her food in her house, and that she had no idea that the girl was there until she was found under the bed. District Attorney Higgins was unsparing in his cross-examination. He asked Mrs. Glover if she had arranged with Hattie to have her husband sho,t if she knew that he was going to be shot, and if she had ever told Hattie that if Glover were not put out of the way she would harm him. To each of the questions she calmly answered "No."

Mr. and Mrs. Saymour Glover, testified that they had been to the house several times shortly after the murder, but knew nothing of the whereabouts of Hattie.

The closing arguments for the defense were made by Gen. Chas. W. Bartlett, for Mrs. Glover and by former Mayor A. J. Daly, of Cambridge, for the Freemans and the Seymour Glovers. Messrs. Elmore and Tupper argued their own cases.

Today's verdict is believed to mark the end of the preliminary proceedings in the Glover case. The trial of Hattie LeBlanc will occur in September.

STRIKE VOTE NOT REQUIRED

Trainmen's Committee Authorized To Take Action In Case C. P. R. Turns Down Ultimatum—Company Accepts.

Special to The Standard

Montreal, Que., June 24.—According to a statement made tonight by J. H. Murdock, vice-president of the Trainsmen organization, there will be no strike vote taken in case the Canadian Pacific Railway turns down the ultimatum sent to the company by the committee that the men must be given everything claimed by them.

The committee, Mr. Murdock states, is fully authorized to act as circumstances may require, and it will be ready to do so within two days of the announcement of the company's intention. The committee has not yet received the company's reply, but to a press representative this afternoon General Manager Leonard stated that the company had no intention of going any further than the award of the arbitrators. The company had accepted this, not only where it was unanimous in its findings, but also where the company's representative had declined to sign. The situation in regard to the Grand Trunk is not so far advanced.

HANSON IS BEFORE SUPREME COURT

Prosecution In Case Against Young Englishman Concluded—Charles Black Gets Two Years In Dorchester.

Special to The Standard

Amherst, N. S., June 24.—The case of Henry Hanson charged with manslaughter was before Judge Graham in the Supreme Court today. The evidence was the same as brought out at the preliminary examinations.

The prosecution rested its case just previous to adjournment and the defence will be heard tomorrow morning.

Charles Black, charged with receiving stolen goods, was sentenced to two years in Dorchester.

STR. TRIESTE 4 DAYS OVERDUE

Bombay, June 24.—The Austrian Lloyd steamer Trieste, which sailed from Trieste June 4, for Bombay, is four days overdue here and the company has ordered the steamer Silisia to search for her. The last report of the Trieste was on her arrival at Aden, June 14.

HUDSON BAY COMPANY FINED

Total Of $6,447.08 Levied Against Montizambert Factor On Charge Of Illegally Having Furs In Possession.

Special to The Standard.

Toronto, June 24.—For having illegally in its possession 78 otter, 165 beaver and 1960 muskrat skins, the Hudsons Bay Company through R. C. Wilson, factor at Montizambert, in the Thunder Bay district, has been fined $6447.08, including costs. The fines were imposed by Police Magistrate W. W. O'Brien, at Port Arthur and the confiscated furs reached the provincial department this morning. The capture of the Indians to whose care the transportation of the furs was entrusted and the apprehension of the company's factor were the result of a long and thrilling chase by Constable Symons and a fire ranger who passed themselves off as prospectors.

$15,000,000 FOR FAKE CONSUMPTION CURES

National Tuberculosis Association Says Quack Remedies Cost This Immense Sum Annually—Of No Benefit.

Boston, June 24.—Over $15,000,000 is annually poured into the coffers of those who exploit and advertise "fake" consumption cures, according to a statement issued by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis.

The report stated that for this vast sum the victims receive nothing in return but are often permanently in many cases deprived of the chance for a real cure.

7 NEW PEERS WERE CREATED

Brother Of Lord Northcliffe Included In List Of King's Birthday Honors—Sir C. Furness a Lord.

London, June 24.—Seven peers were created in honor of the birthday of King George, which was celebrated today, although the King was born on June 3.

The new peers include Sir Walter Foster, a noted physician, and member of Parliament for the Ilkeston Division of Derbyshire; Sir Weetman Dickinson Pearson and Sir Christopher Furness.

Sir Christopher Furness is the great shipowner, who as a Liberal, represented the constituency of Hartlepool in Parliament since 1900. He was unseated last month by the court, and his recent election was declared void on the ground that illegal payments had been made through his agents. The court stated that Sir Christopher was not personally guilty of corrupt practices, but that he must suffer for the acts of his agents.

Among the Baronets created today is Harold Harmsworth, brother of Lord Northcliffe.

A long list of Knights includes A. T. Quiller-Couch, the author.

INHUMAN TREATMENT OF LITTLE BLIND GIRL

Gaspe Bay, June 24.—A girl of seven years who went blind two weeks ago was abandoned by her father and mother and left with an idiot without any care died from exposure and neglect. The name of the family is Vezina. The coroner held an inquest and returned the remarkable verdict of excusable neglect. The district is much stirred up over the verdict as death was due to the child being deserted by the father and mother.

READY NOW TO LAY MONCTON PIPE LINE

Civil Engineer Arrives From Pennsylvania To Superintend The Work—Favorably Impressed With Gas Wells.

Moncton, June 24.—C. H. Law, a civil engineer of Ridgeway, Pennsylvania, has arrived here and tomorrow will commence preparing plans for the laying of pipes and the installation of the natural gas in this city. Mr. Law visited the gas wells today and expressed himself as very favorably impressed with what he saw.