avert it it is often cured and

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil.

Cures Coughs, Colds and

Weak Lungs. Physicians, the

Don't be deceived by Substitutes:

COUGHS AND COLDS.

25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

ARMSTRONG & CO., PROPRIETURS

Unwritten Law

world over, endorse it.

In 1711 an English law was passed gainst the wearing of calico, fining both earer and seller.

Aurora, Ill , was the first city in the world illuminate its streets with electricty. e wires were placed in position in 1881.

Russia, Roumania and Servia are the most illiterate countries in Europe, 80 per cent of the population being unable to read and write.

The entire circulation of the newspaper press of the world is estimated at 10,700,000,000 copies, and there exists one journal for every 82,600 inhabitants.

If Texas were laid down in Europe, it might be so placed as to include the capitals of England, France, Belgium, Switzerland, Austria, and Germany.

Italy gives to the world outside her borders 2,500,000,000 oranges; Spain 1,-400,000,000; Portugal, 80,000,000; Paraguay, 60,000,000; Florida, 65,000,000 Crime is more common in single life than in married; in the former, thirty-three in every 100,000 are guilty, while only eleven married men of the same number have gravely broken the laws.

To keep sponges soft and white, wash them in warm water with a little tartaric acid in it, then rinse in plenty of cold water. Do not put in too much tartaric acid, or the sponge will be spoiled.

An agricultural writer figures that the loss to the farmers of the country by the use of narrow wagon tires, through the wear and tear of horseflesh and the loss of time, amounts to \$300,000,000 a year.

There were 5,000 desertions from the British army during 1893, about a hundred more than during the previous year. A few over 10,000 men were discharged during last year; 11,500 were discharged in 1892.

If varnish shows white marks, take lin-seed oil and turpentine in equal parts; shake them well in a bottle and apply a small quan-tity on a soft piece of cotten until the color is restored; then wipe the mixture entirely

Some 250,000 canaries are trained each year in the Harz region of Germany, and of these 200,000 are sent to the United States, 27,000 are sent to England, 10,000 are sent to Russia and other European countries, and 10,000 remain in Germany.

Thefe are about 100,000 islands, large and small, scattered over the oceans. America alone has 5 500 around its coasts; there are 365 in the Bay of Rio Janeiro, 16,000 between Madagascar and India, and some 1,200 off the eastern coast of Australia, between its mainland and New Guinea.

A man can be married cheaper in Melbourne than in any other part of the world. Ministers advertise in the papers against each other. One offers to bind logether loving couples for 10s. 6d., and her for 7s 6d., and so on down to 2s. 6d. In some cases wedding breakfasts and rings are thrown in.

A German physiologist who devoted himself with great patience to the counting of the hairs on different heads, to ascertain the average number on a human head found that, taking four heads of hair, of equal weight, the number of hairs, according to color, was as follows: Red, 90,000: black, 103,000; brown, 109,000; fair, 104,000.

Advertising is not an outcome of modern necessity, but is a very ancient practice. The British Museum possesses a collection of old Greek advertisements printed on leaden plates. The Egyptians were great advertisers. Papyrus-leaves over three thousand years old have been found at Thebes describing rnnaway slaves and offering a reward for their capture; and at Pompeii ancient advertisements have been

The constant use of smelling salts and strong perfumes has been known to destroy the sense of smell. Many women are in the habit of snifling at smelling-bottles whenever they enter a railway carriage or a crowded place of entertainment, and the constant irritation of the nerve endings leads to their injury, which may even be permanent. Headaches and red noses are also said to be due to the abuse of the smelling-bottle.

It is a tradition among the gilders of New York that they owe their peculiar skill to the redecoration of Windsor Castle at the command of George 1V. Every available gilder of London was busied for a long time in gilding the palace, and when the work was done many of them tound that their places in the trade had been taken by apprentices. Unable to find work at home many came to America, and some established themselves in New York.

York.

The practice of throwing overboard from ships letters inclosed in sealed bottles is centuries old. Hollow copper spheres and oaken barrels have also been used as sea letter carriers in attempts to trace the direction of ocean currents or to send word from persons at sea to friends on land. Barnacles readily attach themselves to these dritting letter holders and sink them. Only a very few of the many messages that have been thrown into the sea have ever been recovered.

have ever been recovered.

Growing wheat is a vegetable that is not readily affected by a nipping frost. In fact, it is a hardy plant, and thrives when the temperature is several degrees below the freezing point. When only three or four inches high of snow and the mercury 15 degrees or thereabouts above zero for a day or two does not kill it. When the stem has reached six or more inches and becomes jointed it is more susceptible to the cold, and a blizzard is likely to work damage, but even then only in patches.

The Levelor denet of the Greek Festern.

damage, but even then only in patches.

The London depot of the Great Eastern Railway, the Liverpool street station, has just been enlarged and is now the largest railway station in the United Kingdom. It occupies an area of 14¾ acres, and has eighteen separate platforms, under four-parallel and one transverse span of glazed roofing. The platform space for the accommodation and easy circulation of passengers is notably large. Three hundred and seventy-six signalling levers are required to control the movements of the trains, 240 operated from one tower and 136 from another.

**DILET SOAP** JOHN TAYLOR 4 (O.)



EASY TO USE. They are Fast.

They are Beautiful. They are Brilliant.

#### SOAP WON'T FADE THEM.

Have YOU used them; if not, tre and be convinced.

One Package equal to two of any other make.

Sold in St. John by S. McDIARMID and J. E

### CAFFAROMA

For Sale Wholesale by Turnbull & Co., a C. L. Barbour and by all Retail Grocers.



SPECTACLES, EYE GLASSES OPERA GLASSES.

**CLOCKS AND BRONZES** SILVER GOODS JEWELLRY.

WATCHES AND DIAMONDS AT 43 KING ST FERGUSON & PAGE.

#### **A. & J. HAY**,

JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER AND REPAIRED. 76 KING STREET.

A Good Move and a Fine Store JAMES S. MAY & SON,

Tailors, Have removed from the Domville Building to 68 PRINCE WM. STREET, store lately occupied by Estey & Co. Telephone No. 748.

#### DAVID CONNELL. Livery and Boarding Stables, Sydney St.

Horses Boarded en reasonable terms. Horses and Carriages on hire. Fine Fit Out

CAFE ROYAL, Demville Building,

Corner King and Prince Wm. Streets

MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS. DINNER A SPECIALTY

WILLIAM CLARK.

Wholesale and Retail. Telephone 414. Office 18 Leinster Street.

Mrs. R. Whetsel

Use Horsford's ACID PHOSPHATE. Think of your head in the morning after a nights hard labor, and take Horsford's Acid Phosphate for speedy relief.

Playing Music Afar Off.

According to the Keenebec Journal, Charles H. O'Brien has invented a curious musical instrument which he has named the the chimagraph. It consists of a series of toned bells of several descriptions and sizes, stringed instruments, tuned wood pieces, steelpieces and drums, all connected by electric wires to a distant keyboard and capable of being played at almost any distance. Several instruments played in this manner he has named the harpophone. They consist of steel wires tuned and played by electric hammers. While operating this machine Mr. O'Brien has discovered that a piece of soft iron rapidly magnetized will produce a clear musical tone, which can easily be varied at the will of the operator.

More Tongue Than Brains.

The common fluency of speech in many men, and most women, is owing to a scarcity of matter and a scarcity of words; for whoever is a master of language, and hath a mind full of ideas, will be apt, in speaking, to hesitate upon the choice of both: whereas common speakers have only one set of ideas, and only one set of words to clothe them in, and these are always ready at the mouth. So people come faster out of a church when it is almost empty than when a crowd is at the door.

"Tommie," said the teacher, "define the word widow—what is a widow?" "A widow," began Tommie, slowly, "is a—a woman"—"Yes" said the teacher—"a woman who wants to get married again," continued Tommie.

For Over-Indulgence

CONSUMPTION

Numerous Processes Necessary Between the Furnace and the Emery Wheel.

On entering the main workshop the first step in the operation which is seen is the formation of the axe head without the blade, says the Philadelphia Record. The glowing, flat iron bars are withdrawn from the furnace and are taken to a powerful and somewhat complicated machine, which performs upon them four distinct operations, shaping the metal to form the upper and lower parts of the axe, then the eye, and finally doubling the piece over so that the whole can be welded together. Next the iron is put in a powerful natural gas furnace and heated to a white heat. Taken out it goes under a tilt hammer and is welded in a second. This done, one blow from the "drop" and the poll of the axe is completed and firmly welded. Two crews of men are doing this class of work, and each crew can make 1,500 axes per day. When the axe leaves the drop there is some superfluous metal still adhering to the edges and forming what is technically known as a "fin." To get rid of the fin the axe is again beated in a turnace and then taken in hand by a sawyer, who trims the ends and edges. The operator has a glass in front of him to protect his eyes from the sparks which fly off by hundreds as the hot metal is pressed against the rapidly revolving saw.

The iron part of the axe is now complete.

is pressed against the rapidly revolving saw.

The iron part of the axe is now complete. The steel tor the blade, after being heated, is cut by machinery and shaped. It is then ready for the welding department. A groove is cut into the edge of the iron, the steel of the blade inserted and the whole firmly welded by machine hammers. Next comes the operation of tempering. The steel portion of the axe is heated by being inserted in pots of molten lead, the blade only being immersed. It is then cooled by dipping in water and goes to the hands of the inspector. An axe is subject to rigid tests before it is pronounced perfect. The steel must be of the required temper, the weight of all axes of the same size must be uniform, all must be ground alike, and in various other ways conform to an established standard. The inspector who tests the quality of steel does so by hammering the blade and striking the edge to ascertain whether it be too brittle or not. An axe that breaks during the tests is thrown aside to be made over. Before the material of the axe is in the proper shape it has been heated five times, including the tempering process, and the axe when completed, has passed through the hands of about forty workmen, each of whom has done something toward perfecting it. After passing inspection the axes go to the grinding department, and from that to the polishers, who finish them upon emery wheels.

House Parties, Afternoon Receptions and Five o'Clocks, the necessary, nay, the indisp

in the

Society

Best

Music as a Medicine.

The soothing and calming influence of music is known to all of us. How often, when oppressed by care and anxiety, have we found oblivion and reart in the sweet strains of violin or voice! Yet till recently, no attempts had been made in our day to utilize this power of music in the domain of curative medicine. It, however, we can judge from poets and historians, the power of music was well known and much employed among the ancients. There is evidence that Galen, the father of medicine, employed such music as was known in his day for its healing power. Shakeepeare, in 'King Lear,' shows a physician restoring the King from his madness by lulling him to sleep to the sound of soft music. Nor does the doctor doubt that his remedy will succeed. "When we do awake him," he says, "I doubt not of his temperance. Please you to draw near. Louder the music there." And King Lear gradually awakes, in his sound mind, and recognizes his daughter Cordelia. So, too, in Holy Writ, we have David playing before Saul, when the evil spirit was upon him. Many other references from the old writers might be given to this soothing effect of music.

There is a distinction between the class of music which should be given to alleviate pain and to produce sleep. In the latter case the music should be of course, very soft and monotonous. There should be a constant repetition of similar phrases, and no striking or unexpected effects should be of a more attractive order, but still soft. Whether in all cases soft music is better as a medicine than lively and exhilarating airs, has not yet been clearly determined. Probably it varies with each particular case; but, at any rate, with soft music one does not run the risk of injuriously exciting the patient, which might possibly be done by music of a lively character. The softness must be extreme. adjunct to the correct repast is Chocolat-Menier? Only Vanilla Chocolate of highest grade, is manufactured by Can be taken just before retiring. ASK YGUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER and your address to MEXICE, Canadian Branch, No. 14 St. John St., Montreal, Que.

FOR FIFTY YEARS! MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP as been used by Millions of Mothe or their children while Teething for ou fry Years. It soothes the child, softens i ums, allays all pain, cures wind colle, a the best remedy for diarrhoss.

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The Leading \$1.50 per day nouse of the City, facing the beautiful King Square. Large rooms. Good Table. Efficient service.

CONNORS STATION, MADAWASKA, N. B.

JOHN H. McINERNEY, Proprietor Opened in January. Handsomest, most spacious and complete house in Northern New Brunswick.

BELMONT HOTEL, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Directly opposite Union Depot. All modern improvements. Heated with hot water and lighted by dectricity. Baggage to and from the station free of charge. Terms moderate.

J. SIME, Prop.

QUEEN HOTEL,

FREDERICTON, N. E

J. A. EDWARDS, Proprieto Fine sample room in connection. Also, a first-cla-Livery Stable Coache, at trains and beats.

It is not generally known that Sarah ernhardt, the great actress, was once a is averted, or if too late to

The queen is sometimes rather shaky in her spelling. When she is in doubt she writes the word so illegibly that the pos-sible mistake is hidden.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage will soon com-lete his twenty-fifth year in the Brooklyn astorate, and it will be enthusiastically elebrated by his friends.

The late Lord Tweedmouth left by will \$1,000 to his chef, John Rance, "whose conduct and cooking" during many years gave him "great satisfaction." Mrs. George W. Childs, who has announced her intention of making her home in Washington, will soon begin the erection of a fine residence in that city.

William Chambers, of Chatham, Ont., who is claimed to be a survivor of the battle of Waterloo, is reported to be well and hearty at the great age of 107 years.

Miss Dodd, the lady tennis champion of England, only recently celebrated her 21st birthday. She is an expert bicyclist and golf player, as well as a singer and pianist,

For the first time in the history of the English university boat races a married man, Sir Charles Ross, rowed in one of the crews this year. He was married two years ago.

The Archduchess Stephanie of Austria has joined the already full ranks of novelists. She has recently finished an exciting romance, which is to be illustrated by the best Austrian artists.

Daniel Curry, who died several days ago in Brooklyn, was the first president of the first professional baseball club in this coun-try, Knickerbocker, organized in 1812. He was 82 years of age.

The remains of Edwin Forrest, the tragedian, will soon be removed from the old vault in St. Paul's churchyard, Philadelphia, where they now rest, to the Forrest Home at Holmesburg.

Donald Graham, who died the other day in England, aged 85 years, was a school-nate of Gladstone, and it was his proud boast that he used to "beat the prime min-ster at the Shorter Catechism."

M. Alphonso Daudet is engaged on a new work. It is to be called 'Memoires d'un Paysan,' and is a translation from the Languedoc of the memoir of Baptiste Bonnet, the Burns of Provence.

Though she is past 70, Rosa Bonheur spends a long and busv day at her easel. Photography is her only recreation. Her atelier is so crowded with artistic treasures as to be, in an admirer's phrase, "a private Louvre."

Miss Ray Fuller, of Tacoma, is the first woman to reach the summit of Mount Rainier, of Tacoma, which is 14,444 feet above the level of the sea. Her costume was a flannel bloomer suit, thick woollen hose and heavy corked shoes.

Barrie, the "Thrums" novelist, is a shy, boyish looking man, 34 years old. He said to a recent visitor that he intends to marry "some day, if only to have the convenience of using my wife's hairpins to clean out my pipe." "My lady nicotine" might object.

object.

"Ben" l'illman, Governor of South Carolina, is described as a little man, weighing not over 140 pounds, with only the one good eye, but a good deal of fire in it. No other man in the state can rouse a rustic audience to a higher pitch of enthusiasm.

It appears from some family reminis-cence of Lord Rosebery, recently published, that the title of Rosebery was borrowed from Yorkshire. The first lord married an heiress from Rosebery Topping, in the broad-acred shire, and when he was en-nobled he took the name of the place for his title.

The Archduchess Stephanie of Austria has joined the already tull ranks of lady novelists. She has recently finished an exciting romance, which is to be illustrated by the best Austrian artists. The archduchess has previously written several descriptions of travel, but this is her first attempt at fiction.

The only woman astronomer of any importance on the Pacific coast is Miss Rose O'Halloran. She is also the only woman member of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific, having been nominated to the honor by Professor Holden. The San Francisco Chronicle says that from her earliest childhood she was attracted by astronomy.

The Emperor of Germany drinks nothing but Mexican coffee, and a year's supply is sent to him regularly after every harvest from a plantation in the state of Michoacan, which lies on the Pacific coast of Mexico about midway between the United States and Central, America. There is a large German colony there which has been cultivating coffee for many years.

The Rev. F. E. Clark, the originator of the Christian Endeavor movement, is generally known as "Father Endeavor" Clark. "The name originated as a huge joke," he says. "It was given me by an old schoolmate, who possessed a remarkable propensity for punning on names. He took the initial letters of my name, and from these originated the name, 'Father Endeavor Clark.'"

Clark.'"
Walter Besant, though he writes a great deal about love and talks even more on that interesting topic, does not look like a man of sentimental inclinations. His high forehead and his full beard suggest a scientist, and he is sedate and middle aged. Mr. Besant is broad enough to have a keen admiration for some of his fellow craftsmen—particularly for Kipling, Stevenson and George Meredith.

enson and George Meredith.

Princess Louise, is fond of occasionally throwing off the restraints imposed upon her by her rank, and of visiting incognito those friends to whom she is strongly attached. Not long ago she thus favored a friend who has a castle on the Isle of Wight, and a merry delightful guest she proved to be. She took an active part in all amusements, and was as thoroughly at home in kitchen chat as in that of the drawing-room. Her pratical suggestions of domestic economy proved whas is said of her to be true—that she is a most accomplished housewife.

## **THNSON'S** ANODYNE

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