Attorney General. They had made the charge, through their mouth-piece, Mr. Pitts, and having scattered it over the length and breadth of the country they hoped that would be the end of it. If they had had the faith in the Quinn documents that they professed to have, why had they kept silent about them for over a year? Why had they skulked around Mr. Quinn's place in the darkness of the night to induce him to sign a declaration, when they themselves were afraid to formulate their charge? The Attorney General, however, had not been afraid to have the fullest investigation and on his motion a committee was appointed. What position did these high-minded gentlemen take then? Why, they claimed that they could not get a fair and full investigation of the matter; that the inquiry would be burked; that the charge had been limited and the evidence would be shut out. Of course the charge was limited to the Attorney General, for against whom else was the charge preferred? Was the conduct of any other member of the House impugned? Would any member of the opposition say that they had been unfairly treated in that investigation? Would they say that the inquiry had not been a full and fair one? Could they have produced any testimony that they were not allowed to produce? It was not true even that the evidence had been narrowed down to the Attorney General's connection with the case, for every possible fact bearing on the whole matter had been elicited. Every question that was asked, with one or two exceptions, had been allowed. True, Mr. Quinn was not allowed to state what he understood the $50 endorsed on the note was for, but would it not have been absurd to allow one man to give what was in his own mind without allowing the other man to state what was in his? Mr. Quinn was asked to state all that was done and all that was said, and it was for the committee to draw a conclusion as to what the understanding was. When hon. gentlemen opposite say that Mr. Quinn was the party charged they know they are stating what is not correct. Mr. Blair was the party charged, but they were afraid to make it openly and squarely. They must have had some reason for this course, and his (Tweedie's) belief was that they themselves had doubts about the authenticity of these papers. Vigorous warfare against a political opponent is an admirable thing, but when prominent public men assume the role of the detective and eaves-dropper, prowling about at night for evidence against the object of their hatred, and then stand up in the House with an air of sanctimony and express the hope that he will be able to clear his skirts, they are taking a course which the people of this country will not endorse.

The attitude assumed by the hon member for York was an extraordinary one. He seemed so entirely oblivious of what was right that it was difficult to answer him. The whole thing appeared to him (such was his moral obliquity of vision) like a huge joke. It might be a very amusing thing for him to seek to destroy the character and good fame of the Premier of this Province, but the people would not regard it so.

Mr. Tweedie strongly condemned the course of Mr. Hazen, who had assumed Mr. Blair to be guilty before there was the semblance of trial. He could assure that gentleman that the Conservatives of this Province were not in accord with him. Not many years ago Mr. Hazen was the firm friend of the leader of the Government and he came to Fredericton and voted an open ballot for him; now, having secured his own ends, he had turned against the party with which he was once allied, and hated it and its leader with the relentless hatred of a renegade.

The hon member for Kent claimed that the charges were narrowed down to the Attorney General. If so, upon what ground could he justify his course in addressing himself for over an hour to the charges against Mr. Wilson? He claimed that there must be perjury somewhere. Yet he had entirely ignored the clear and positive evidence of the Attorney General that he had no dealings himself, nor any knowledge of the dealings of others with respect to trafficking in public offices; that he had never received a dollar or known of anyone else receiving a dollar for political purposes from the Quinns. Was Mr. Phinney prepared to say that he did not believe that evidence? He would ask the hon member for York (Mr. Pitts) who had an occasional glimmer of fairness in his make-up, if he did not feel when the inquiry closed that no charge had been made out against the Attorney General?

Mr. Pitts—I always said the charge hadn't been made out and couldn't be made out.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie—Then why didn't you act upon it?

Mr. Pitts—I acted upon it and you know I did.

Hon Mr. Tweedie—Yes, you were with us in the committee room, but you went up stairs with Mr. Powell and came down with your name signed to a refined argument that was drawn up by that gentlemen. I say I will submit that evidence to any fair-minded man on earth, and unless he believes the Attorney General swore falsely he will be obliged to admit that there was not a syllable of evidence against him. Indeed, if Mr. Blair's testimony were ignored altogether he could come to no other conclusion. Were the sins of others to be visited upon the Attorney General? Was he his brother's keeper? Was he responsible for what Mr. Wilson or others may have done behind his back?

But I take the ground also that there is nothing that can fairly be charged against William Wilson. I say that any jury would find, without leaving their seats, that he was guiltless. It does not follow that in order to believe Wilson you have got to discredit the evidence of Mr. Quinn and his daughter, but I say that knowing Mr. Wilson as I have, it requires a greater stretch of imagination than I am capable of to believe that he would produce a receipt that was forged before that committee and which had no existence prior to the meeting of this committee, and that he would perjure himself before his country and his God.

Mr. Phinney had bitterly complained of what had appeared in the Telegraph newspaper by way of criticism of himself and the leader of the opposition. Why did the honorable member not rise in his place and protest against the slanderous articles that appeared in the opposition press. He (Tweedie) did not believe in misrepresentations in papers of either political side, and he felt free to say that in his opinion the newspapers of this province had to a great extent forgotten their high mission as educators of the public, and prostituted themselves to the ends of partizen warfare. He would ask the honorable member for Kent in all fairness what he thought of the treatment the Attorney-General had received from the Daily Sun? The opposition were not sincere in their claim that their interests had suffered because no counsel had been allowed to appear for Mr. Quinn. Mr. Powell, one of their ablest members had conducted the examination with great shrewdness and force. Mr. Quinn was an outsider altogether—he stood merely in the position of a witness, and had no more right to be represented by counsel than had Mr. Wilson, Mr. Barry, Mr. Wetmore or Mr. Anderson. The committee had decided in strict accordance with legal principles when they rejected that application. The opposition members themselves could not have been very strongly impressed with the force of their contention, for they also put forward with equal vehemence the equally absurd claim that they had a right to appear as counsel for the legislature.

In conclusion Mr. Tweedie urged the opposition members to rise above the selfish motives of political warfare, and do justice to the Attorney-General in a matter that affected his personal character and reputation. If they did this they could not fail to find that not a tittle of evidence had been adduced in support of the charges made against that honorable gentleman.

Mr. Mott's resolution was then put to the House and carried.

On Tuesday of last week Mr. Hill introduced a bill amending the game laws. He said the bill proposed to protect partridges for three years; also to shorten the season for the killing of deer. He could not hope to succeed with the bill unless the surveyor-general, in whose department this matter especially came, would be willing that the proposed bill should pass.

Mr. Tweedie said that during recess he had many suggestions on a line with the proposed bill, and the hon. member for St. John county (Dunn) had petitions on this question. His (Tweedie's) idea was that the game laws, which were only consolidated a year ago should not be amended until after we had some little experience with their working. There was a considerable difference of opinion regarding the hunting of deer with dogs. Once dogs are trained to hunt deer there is danger that they may, on their own account start off and destroy sheep. He was aware that some sportsmen were of opinion that partridge should not be killed for sale, but merely for sport, and that idea he knew would not be generally accepted in all sections of the province. He was gathering information on all matters dealt with by our game laws, and would request that the hon. member (Mr. Hill) would not press his bill this year.

Mr. Hill spoke of the interest taken in the game laws in his county, and said that in view of the Hon. Mr. Tweedie's request, he would withdraw the bill, feeling satisfied that the surveyor general would propose legislation, perhaps next year, on this important question.

On Wednesday, in answering Mr. Phinney, Mr. Killam made a statement to show that he had had no disposition to keep from Mr. Quinn any papers submitted by the latter at the recent investigation, and after remarks by Messrs. Tweedie and Blair it was agreed that these papers should be returned to Mr. Quinn.

Mr. Pitts—What about the return of the statutory declaration?

Mr. Blair—There will be no disposition to interfere with the return of the statutory declaration to the member for York. He is welcome to it, as it is the only thing he will be able to take out of the investigation.

Mr. Tweedie committed a bill authorizing the municipality of Northumberland to issue debentures for fire purposes in the town of Chatham. Agreed to with amendments.

Mr. White committed a bill to amend chapter 62 of the Consolidated Statutes of courts of probate, Mr. Flewelling chairman. Mr. White said there had been, for some years, a general feeling against the practice and procedure of probate courts, especially as to costs. In 1886 the government called upon the judges for returns of their fees, with a view of introducing remedial legislation in York, Carleton and some other counties. There was little or no complaint as to fees charged being excessive under the present system, There was a strong temptation for the judges to interpret the schedules somewhat too liberally, and proceedings are so constructed as to involve much unnecessary cost. He had thought it wise to adopt the practice of Ontario, providing that probate should not be granted of any will or letters of administration issued until 14 days after the decease of the testator. The bill also provided that judges and registrars should be paid salaries instead of fees as heretofore. The amount is based upon the return of fees submitted to the government in 1886. In some of the counties the population had somewhat increased, and it might be necessary to alter some of the amounts named. The fees are paid in stamps and the money goes into the provincial secretary's office and a return is made of the fees paid every three months. If the amount is less than the salary the officials may not receive the full salary; if there is a surplus over the amount of the salary it must be applied to the deficiencies there may be in other counties. In some cases the salaries fixed is considerably larger than the fees now received. The fees paid on small estates are very much less than heretofore. Under this bill the salary of the registrar is fixed at four-fifths of that allowed to the judge. The bill provides also for appointment of a public proctor whose jurisdiction extends over the whole province and applies to the passing of accounts where the interests of infants are concerned. Also to cases where it is proposed to sell the property of an infant to pay the debts of the estate. He thought a great deal of the feeling against the present procedure in probate courts has been caused by the fact that small estates were entirely eaten up in costs.

The bill was particularly directed to reduce to the lowest possible amount the tax upon such estates. The burden would be shifted from the small and placed upon the large estates. The fixing of salaries would remove the temptation of the judge to nurse the business and increase the costs.

Mr. Phinney opposed the passage of the bill.

After long debate progress was reported, and the bill made the order of the day for Thursday.

Mr. O'Brien, of Northumberland, committed a bill incorporating the Newcastle Driving Park Association; Mr. Sivewright chairman; agreed to with amendments.

On Thursday Mr. Blair committed a bill amending the law relating to the provincial lunatic asylum; Mr. Killam chairman.

Dr. Stockton moved an amendment that sections 11, 12 and 13 of last year's act, providing for the sending of pauper lunatics to the asylum at the expense of municipalities, be repealed.

Mr. Russell said the idea had been created that the government were unloading on municipalities burdens that should be borne by the province. There was something radically wrong regarding the system of admission to the asylum, and he thought if that were remedied a good deal of difficulty would be got clear of. He thought the the asylum superintendent or his assistant should examine all persons before they were admitted as patients to the asylum.

Mr. Blair said the question of admission was surrounded with difficulties. He had given much thought to it and had invited suggestions on the subject. It had been suggested that the medical superintendent be given discretionary power as to who should be admitted, and he (Blair) was not unwilling to accept that suggestion. If that were done, however, municipalities would still have to pay the cost of having the person taken to the institution whether such person was admitted or not. Another suggestion was that the superintendent or assistant should go to the locality where the person reported to be insane lived and examine him there. It not infrequently happened that there was an epidemic of lunacy and it would be impossible for the superintendent or his assistant to be in two or three different places at the one time. To carry out anything like that idea it would be necessary to increase the medical staff of the asylum by the appointment of one or two or perhaps a greater number of doctors, and that was not desirable. Watever might be said as to what the municipalities could or should not pay, no one would put forward seriously the proposition that the province should incur the expense of sending officers of the asylum to different parts of the province to make examinations. The present bill should be acceptable to all reasonable persons. It proposed that when it was found that any person was in the asylum who should be in the alms-house of the country from which he came, it shall be the duty of the superintendent to notify the secretary of such municipality and the latter shall notify the overseers of the poor or alms house commissioners, and they shall have 20 days in which to remove such pauper lunatic from the asylum, and in case of such withdrawal the municipality shall not be chargeable with any expense for the maintenance of such lunatic under the said act, and prior to such withdrawal nothing could be fairer than this. If the parishes did not want to have the pauper insane in the asylum they would have every opportunity to withdraw them. If they wanted them in the asylum they could have them there at an expense of about one half what it cost to keep them at home.

Mr. Russell said he thought Mr. Blair had made the difficulties greater than they really were. He (Russell) was opposed to making a provincial poor house of the asylum and had no doubt if there was a better system regarding admissions many now in the asylum would not be there.

Mr. Shaw asked if after a pauper lunatic was removed from the asylum he became dangerous and was sent back would a new admission fee be charged.

Mr. Mitchell replied in the negative.

Mr. Howe said he was much impressed with the remarks of Mr. Blair regarding the difficulties of the case. He thought, however, all the insane of the province should be in the asylum and be supported by the province.

Recess.

Mr. Hill said last year he had been opposed to the lunatic asylum bill. His recollection was that several members of the opposition spoke against the bill. He had asked a prominent member of the opposition if they proposed to divide the house and he said no, it was too late in the session and was not worth while. As he did not appear on the record last year he wished to appear this year and would therefore vote in favor of the amendment of the leader of the opposition.

If the amendment failed to pass he would support the bill as it was an improvement on existing legislation.

Mr. Blair said some relief was absolutely necessary owing to the increasing cost of maintaining the asylum. It was not possible for the government to spend $2 when their income was only $1. The interest charges of the province had increased from $40,000 to nearly $120,000. The great increase was almost altogether the results of the railway legislation of 1882. The opposition, in the interests of the province, ought to be willing to strengthen the hands of the government in their efforts to restore the equilibrium between income and expenditure.

Dr. Stockton said Mr. Blair had made an extraordinary admission as to the deplorable state of the finances, when only a short time ago he said the public sources of revenue were so ample that he could reduce it by $20,000. If it was necessary to call upon the municipalities to contribute, let the collection and expenditures of the money be controlled by themselves.

Mr. Blair said the first section of the present bill simply provided that the assessments of last year in the various counties should not be illegal, merely provided that the overseers of the poor or alms house commissioners should be notified, in case a patient was sent to the asylum who would be a charge under the existing law so that they may remove them within 20 days if they wish. He (Blair) did not say that the financial position of the province was not such as to bear the expense of maintaining a class of dependents, who ought to be maintained at home, it would be supposed by the hon. gentlemen's suggestion that the municipalities should if necessary assess themselves and disburse the money themselves that such legislation as the government proposed was unheard of. How was the county school money obtained, and how was it distributed in Nova Scotia? The counties are called upon to pay just as it is now proposed by this government to call upon them in a minor degree.

Dr. Stockton said the rule adopted in Nova Scotia was not necessarily to be followed here. He wished the committee to understand that the government had made no change in the law of last year, by which all patients who were not of suicidal or homicidal tendencies could be thrown upon the municipalities. The effect of this was that four-fifths of the entire inmates would be unloaded upon the counties.

Mr. Blair said the hon. member had made a very inaccurate statement. It was not the intention of the government to make unreasonable demands upon the municipality. The law could at any time be repealed if it was found to work injustice.

Dr. Stockton said the law had already been found to be unjust, and the experience of one year showed that it should be repealed.

The amendment was lost on the following division—

Yeas—Powell, Stockton, Phinney, Shaw, Smith (St. John), Alward, Pitts, Gogain, Howe, Pinder, Russell, Perley, Smith (Westmorland), Hill—14.

Nays—Blair, Tweedie, Mitchell, Emmerson, White, Labillois, Lewis, Harrison, Theriault, Sivewright, Mott, Flewelling, Scovil, O'Brien (Northumberland), Dibblee, Robinson, Dunn, McLeod, Wells, Ferris, O'Brien (Charlotte)—21.

(Messrs. Allen and Baird were paired).

The bill was agreed to.

Mr. Blair stated that the probate bill would not be pressed this session, The government had no intention of abandoning it, and it would be re-introduced early next session.

On Friday Mr. Mott's bill amending the Campbellton incorporation act and Mr. Sivewright's bill reviving and continuing the act incorporating the Gulf Shore Railway were agreed to.

Mr. Pitts committed a bill respecting the law of libel portions of which were adversely criticised by Messrs. Stockton, Phinney and Alward.

Progress was reported at the suggestion of the Attorney-General and after a time the bill was recommitted and agreed to with amendments.

Mr. Blair recommitted the bill to amend practice and procedure in the supreme court which was agreed to after being amended.

The House adjourned until 9 a. m. Saturday and was prorogued on that morning at 10.

Among the acts assented to by His Honor the Lieutenant Governor are the following:—

To facilitate departmental inquiries.
Further relating to crown lands.
Further to amend the law relating to the solemnization of marriage.
To provide for the incorporation of societies for the sale and distribution of seed grain on credit.
To amend 55 Victoria, cap 48, intitituled: An act to authorise the municipality of Gloucester to issue debentures.
In addition to and in further amendment of act 46 Victoria, cap 62, intituled: "An act to revive, continue, and amend the act to incorporate the Northwest Boom Company."
To provide a woodman's lien for wages.
Further in amendment of 50 Victoria, Cap 5, relating to the registration of births, deaths and marriages.
Respecting liens of mechanics, laborers and others
Further relating to highways
To provide more effectually for repairing roads and bridges in the parish of Derby, in the county of Northumberland
To authorize the Canada Eastern Railway Company to extend its railway.
To declare and make uniform the law relating to certain expenses in criminal prosecutions
For the protection of wage earners
Respecting registry of deeds and other instruments relating to land
Relating to the office of the deputy sheriff
In further amendment of cap 106, of the consolidated statutes, of non-resident pedlars.
To amend cap 60 of the consolidated statutes, relating to justices' courts.
To further amend "The succession duty act of 1892"
In addition to and in amendment of the documentary evidence act 1893
To incorporate Campbellton curling and skating club
In amendment of cap 51 of consolidated statutes county courts
To incorporate the Newcastle Driving Park Association
Further to amend act 53 Victoria, cap 4, intituled "an act respecting practice and proceedings in supreme court in equity"
To amend the liquor license act of 1887
To amend the act 56th Vic, cap 4 relating to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum
Relating to the supreme court
To authorize the municipality of Northumberland to issue debentures for fire purposes in Chatham
Respecting the action of ejectment
Relating to the Caraquet Railway Company
To revive and continue the act incorporating the Gulf Shore Railway Company
In further amendment of cap 99. Consolidated Statutes, of municipalities
In amendment of act 51 Victoria, cap 81, intituled, An act to incorporate the town of Campbellton
Respecting the law of libel
In addition to and in amendment of cap 37, consolidated statutes, of "proceedings and practice in the supreme court"

## Miramichi and the North Shore etc.

RIVER-DRIVING is excellent at the present time, and the prospects are good for its continuation.

BARNABY ISLAND BOOM privilege is to be let for a term of five years from April 1st. 1894 on May 1st. See advt.

W. T. HARRIS is making a specialty of boots and shoes and neckwear this week. He has a new stock of both lines in great variety and at prices that must be fetching.

MISS KENDALL is the latest candidate for the patronage of those who are looking for fashionable millinery. See advt.

MR. CREAGHAN is bound to meet the requirements of the season at his Newcastle and Chatham stores and his new announcement ought to be read by housekeepers especially. See advt.

SHORTHAND ETC:—Mr. S. Spear, at the Canada House, is open to give lessons in shorthand, bookkeeping, etc. at low rates—shorthand class forming at once—Mr. Spear is an experienced stenographer and teacher.

DECIDED:—As we go to press the sheriff's jury in the Reinsboro-Maloney replevin suit render their decision, finding the property in the logs in Mr. Reinsboro.

FRUIT CULTURE is more profitable to the farmer now than his other crops. Brown Bros. Co., the most extensive nursery house in Canada, have a vacancy in this section. Write them at Toronto, Ont, for their terms.

THE MILLS:—Mr. Hutchison's mill began sawing on Tuesday morning, Mr. Snowball's yesterday morning and Mr. Flett's at Nelson yesterday afternoon. The others have not yet started, but with one or two exceptions all will be running in a few days.

A GOOD opportunity to acquire a very desirable property is to be offered on Saturday next in front of the post office, Newcastle, at three o'clock in the afternoon. See advt.

PERSONAL:—Senator Snowball came home, via Ottawa, reaching Chatham on Saturday night and is warmly welcomed.

Messrs. Tweedie, Burchill, Robinson and O'Brien are home from Fredericton and the electors are abundantly satisfied with the manner in which they have represented them.

THE DALEY store, dwelling and outbuildings, in Nelson, are at the head of the public wharf and there is no better property in the village for a general business stand, or hotel. It is to be sold at three o'clock Saturday afternoon by auctioneer Lawlor in front of the post office, Newcastle.

FINE SALMON—The first salmon of the year, a perfect beauty of nine pounds weight, was served to the patrons of the Royal yesterday. The fish was captured a few miles up river and brought to the store of W. J. Halse & Co., Main street. A seven pound salmon was caught in the harbor. [Telegraph. of 18th

HEAVY FIRE:—About noon on Wednesday, 17th fire broke out in the attic of Mr. Alexander Dickie's hotel. "Seaside," Black Point, Restigouche county. The fire made great headway and in a short time the hotel and barns were totally destroyed; the stock and most of the furniture were saved. The hotel was well and favorably known, it being the only hotel in the locality. The loss is probably $3,000.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—A young lad named Herbert met with a serious accident at Harcourt station, Kent county, on Saturday night. He attempted to jump on a special freight train and fell. The wheels passed over one leg, cutting off the foot just above the ankle. The train hands complain that many small boys hang about the station, jumping on and off the cars.

THE ICE ran out of the river opposite Chatham on Saturday and the steamer Nelson began her regular trips for the season on Monday at two o'clock.

There was at last accounts considerable ice between the bar and Oak Point and in Negnac Bay, but it is expected that it will be all out next week, so that the steamer Miramichi will be enabled to go on that route for the season's work.

S. OF T.:—At the regular meeting of Red Bank Division No. 361, held on the 6th inst., the following officers were installed by the G. W. P. for the ensuing quarter:—

W. P.—Eliza Keys.
W. A.—Maud Matchett.
R. S.—Ethel Parks.
A. R. S.—Annie Matchett.
I. S.—Liva B. Johnstone.
Treas.—J. D. Murray.
Chap.—Mrs J. D. Murray.
Con.—Evelyn Keys.
A. C.—Lillie Parks.
I. S.—Master Allister Murray.
O. S.—Jeddie Sutherland.

Red Bank Division is not large in numbers, but is in a very healthy condition. There were two initiations last quarter, and we look for a fair increase in the present quarter. [Advocate.

MR. MCINERNEY OF KENT:—At an entertainment given in the academic hall of Ottawa University on Thursday evening last there was a musical programme and address. The *Free Press* says: "The chair was occupied by Hon. R. W. Scott, who introduced the lecturer, Mr. McInerney, M. P., in choice terms. The learned lecturer had as a theme, 'A Canadian Retrospect and Forecast,' and for three-quarters of an hour held the audience spell bound with his eloquence. The lecture was one of the best ever heard in Ottawa and elicted the most favorable comment. After expatiating on Canada's past he dealt with the future, tabooing annexation, the colonial status, and looked forward to the time when Mother England and the colonies would form a grand federation of nations."

### A Stupid Business, Truly.

Inspector King's stupid attempt to change the route of the Tracadie mail, has resulted in arrangements being made with Mr. Angus Ullock of Chatham and also with Mr. Coughlan, the former contracter, for a continuation of the service as it existed before the attempted diversion from Chatham. The postmaster of Tracadie has been directed from Ottawa to deliver the mail to Mr. Coughlan and the postmaster at Chatham has been instructed by the assistant Post Office inspector to deliver the mails for Tracadie to Mr. Ullock. The result is that Mr. Ullock's teams take the mails from Chatham to Tracadie and Mr. Coughlan's take them from Tracadie to Chatham. It will now be in order for inspector King to go and kick himself for his mismanagement of the whole matter.

### Blake-Sweezey.

The Melrose, Mass, Daily Evening Item of the 20th inst. says:—A pretty home wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. D'Orsay, 79 Oakville street, Wednesday evening. The contracting parties were Alexander J. Blake and Miss Mary A. Sweezey, of Melrose, both formerly of Chatham, N. B. Rev. James F. Allen, pastor of the South Street Church, united the young couple in the bonds of holy matrimony in the presence of a large number of friends. The bride was lovely in an effective costume of light gray French novelty goods, trimmed with white silk moire and lace. She carried a large boquet of bride roses. The bridesmaid was Miss Flossie D'Orsay, niece of the groom, and was prettily gowned in pale pink crepon and lace and white carnations. The groom was attended by A. Ernest D'Orsay. After the ceremony an informal reception was held, after which the happy couple led the way to the dining room where a bountiful supper was served. The presents were many and beautiful, and included the usual variety of wedding gifts. The groom's present to the bride was a handsome gold brooch. Mr. and Mrs. Blake will reside at No. 101 Oakville street."

### Epworth League.

A Tennyson night was the Epworth League attraction last Monday evening in St. Luke's church S. S. room, which was filled with an appreciative audience. The programme was as follows:—

Opening Hymn (from 'In Memoriam'), 'Strong Son of God.'
Lord's Prayer.
Sketch of the 'Life of Tennyson,'—Mr. W. B. Snowball.
Song—'Break, break, break, on thy cold gray stones O Sea!'—Mrs. Harris.
Trio—'Sweet and Low,'—Mesdames Watters, Snowball and Nicol.
Reading—'In the Children's Hospital. The Nurse's Story.' Miss Carter.
Song—'True till death,'—Mr. Horace W. Cole.
Reading—'The Brook,'—Miss Tweedie.
Male Quartette—'Laugh! boys laugh!' Messrs. Nicol, Chesman, Harris, Fisher.
Song—'Ring out, wild Bells!'—Mrs. McLoon.
Reading—'Dora,'—Mrs. A. J. Loggie.
Solo—'The Brook,'—Mrs. Watters.
Song—'Charge of the Light Brigade.' Mr. Nicol.
Vocal Duett—'Too Late,'—Mrs. Snowball and Mr. Fisher.
Reading—'The Revenge,'—Mr. Bennett.
Mixed Quartette—'Crossing the Bar.' Mrs. McLoon, Mrs. Nicol, Mr. Nicol and Mr. Fisher.
God Save the Queen.

Miss Carter's reading was the best number of the evening, being exceedingly natural and sympathetic in its artistic rendition. Mr. Cole, also, pleased the audience very much. The other numbers were very acceptably given, some of them being encored and all heartily applauded.

### Y. M. C. A. Aims and Needs.

The good work done by the Y. M. C. A. in other places has encouraged us to try and extend the usefulness of our Chatham Association.

With this end in view we have secured the new rooms in the Hocken-McKenzie block, which are now being fitted up.

We will have in our new quarters a parlor, reading room, and gymnasium. To more efficiently carry on the work we have secured a general secretary, trained in Young Men's Christian Association methods.

We are aiming to fit up the parlor and social room in a *homelike* manner, and to supply it with interesting and instructive amusements and games, and also with musical instruments; to place in the reading room the best magazines, papers, (daily, weekly and local), engineering and mechanical journals, so that all may find suitable reading. Writing materials will be provided without charge:-The gymnasium will be fitted with parallel bars, ladders, health exercises, indian clubs, and dumb bells. Other appliances will be added later on.

Our aim is to supply such a home for young men, surrounded by helpful influences, as will tend to benefit them *morally, mentally* and *physically*.

Our financial needs for the ensuing year are as follows:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Salary, | $600.00 |
| Rent, | 140.00 |
| Furnishings, | 115.00 |
| Light and Fixtures, | 40.00 |
| Gymnasium, | 40.00 |
| Reading Matter, | 30.00 |
| Office Expenses, | 25.00 |
| | $990.00 |

We place this statement of our AIMS and NEEDS before the public, confidently soliciting their co-operation and support in this effort for the young men of Chatham.

W. B. Snowball,
F. O. Petterson,
E. W. Porter,
R. B. Bennett,
A. McKinnon,
} Finance Committee.

The above proposals appear to be as modest as the necessities of the work will permit. We fully sympathise with them, and believe that with a hearty and united effort, they can be fully carried out.

REV. N. MCKAY,
REV. GEORGE STEEL,
REV. JOS. MCCOY.

### A Pleasant Episode.

Quite an interesting event took place at the great Ponce de Leon Hotel, St. Augustine, Florida on 10th inst., the occasion being the presentation by the manager, O. D. Seavey, of testimonials and souvenirs to the twenty heads of departments in the famous establishment, which closed for the season on that day. The Miramichi had one representative amongst those honored, in the person of Miss Annie McKay; late of Boiestown, sister of Mr. J. D. McKay, and Mrs. J. D. Murray of Doaktown. The Daily Florida Citizen, in a report of the affair says:—

"Miss Annie McKay, the trusted housekeeper, received a letter filled with words direct from the heart, speaking praise of her worth. It was a touching letter, and Miss McKay listened with moistened eyes. Mr. Seavey spoke of her diplomatic manner in meeting all the duties she had to perform, of her tact in overcoming the numerous difficulties that daily fell to her lot, and of her being the same to all, men and women as well. "I regret leaving you behind," said Mr. Seavey, "but what is my loss is another's gain."

"When the presentations were all over the officers silently went off to their several departments. Inside the boxes of cigars each one found a photograph of Mr. Seavey and in the envelope was a souvenir card with these words written by Margaret May upon the presentation of the watch to Mr. Seavey last week:

"Nor time, nor space can ever efface
Our pleasant memories of the past.
May each hour's flight bring new delight,
And joys which shall all time outlast."

"Of course. Miss McKay did not receive a box of cigars. Hers was a smaller package and in it she found a beautiful diamond and pearl ring."

### The Right Spirit

The Telegraph's Petitcodiac correspondent notes the fact that two returned exodians have purchased farms in that vicinity, and of a third, he says:—

Another instance of Canada, the best, is seen in the return of Mr. Thomas A. Colpitts, who, some years ago, left this land for pastures green across the border, but the green pastures are now to be seen on this side of the St. Croix, and Mr. C. returns to the silent homestead and the deserted farm, and says there are worse places than Canada. These three farms within three miles of each other, will be changed from a state of decay and comparative uselessness to models of neatness, productiveness and profit, as the owners have experience, capital and push. There are dozens of other farms in this vicinity that are just as good and can be readily made to yield a comfortable and independent living. Why should our young men not take hold of this and not be liable to a repetition of last winter's street walking in some city of the neighboring republic. Let the cry and motto be "Canada for Canadians."

### Gloucester County.

BATHURST, April 23, 1894.

Theotime Blanchard Esq. the candidate for Federal honors in this county is continuing his canvassing tours with marked success. Since your issue of last week he has visited L'Ameo, Little River, Shippegan, Pokemouche and Tracadie and from accounts received from the very best sources we are led to the belief that his majority will not be less than 500.

In Tracadie particularly he was warmly welcomed and at a very largely attended meeting at which all the principal electors were present, his candidature was unanimously endorsed. This speaks well both for the candidate and the people. Tracadie has always well supported the Liberal Conservative standard bearers, but on this occasion they have good reason to express their gratitude to the present government for the generosity displayed in granting them a sum to erect a new Lazareeto. That they will do so handsomely is beyond question. Ex-Sheriff Doucet is the only opposition apparent. He is running as an independent, having no particular politics beyond a whining plea for sympathy because the provincial government was obliged to dismiss him. Add to this that Blanchard will be "Burns' tool," and that Burns is a "bad man" and the clique are against him, and you have all his politics.

The usual petty devices are being resorted to but the "old party" is solid to a man, and, with the additions to the ranks, occasioned by the shameful desertion on the part of the ex-sheriff and a few others, of Mr. N. A. Landry, will still carry victory wherever it goes throughout the County.

### Progressive Campbellton.

CAMPBELLTON, April 17.—The municipal elections were held today. A. E. Alexander is mayor by acclamation. Councillors for ward one are Wm. West and A. G. McDonald by acclamation. In ward two the vote is A. G. Adams 63, Wm. Dickie 50, Paul Roy 36. The first two are elected. In ward three, D. Murray, M. D., and J. P. Mowat are in by acclamation, and as assessors Wm. Murray, John Mowat and W. J. Duncan.

The ratepayers resolved by a large majority that water be brought in by the town and not by a company.

### Good Advice for Farmers.

The Campbellton Enterprise (which, by the way, is much improved of late in typographical appearance, and is also very creditably edited) gave, last week, an interesting report of a talk by Rev. Father Gagne of Maria, P. Q., on the subject of farming, which will apply as well to all North Shore communities as to that of Black Cape, where the reverend gentleman spoke. The gist of the discourse was that conditions had changed within the last few years and that it was no longer profitable to grow grain for market, as we cannot compete with the West where the soil and climate are adapted to growing grain; but we have a suitable soil and climate for keeping cows, and if properly fed and cared for these can be made very profitable by making cheese and butter. He gave several instances of what our common Canadian cows can produce if properly fed. Among others he mentioned a cow owned by the Rev. N. Thivierae, for which he paid only seventeen dollars, that gave enough milk, to supply 4 persons and also made three hundred lbs. of butter in one season. He also mentioned a farmer in St. Simon who has twenty-four cows, and made 990 dollars in one season by selling the milk to a Cheese Factory during the summer months and by making butter the rest of the season. He urged the farmers to keep cows, as they were very useful animals, furnishing milk, butter and cheese, and when killed their flesh was good to eat and the hide good for moccasins which are very useful during our Canadian winters. He claimed that there was not so much in the breed as the feed of cows and that animals ought not only to be well fed during winter so that they will come out in good condition in the spring, but also in summer when pastures are getting bare to grow soiling crops to feed them with.

The Enterprise adds that notwithstanding Father Gagne's enthusiasm on the subject of cows, he is still more ecstatic over horses, of which he is the owner of a very fine specimen. For while the lovers of the bovine were listening to the discourse in the church, the admirers of the equine were on the ice where a horse-race was in progress, in which Father Gagne's horse won an easy victory, so if we will follow the teaching of the Rev. Father we will not only have good cows but good fast horses.


## New Advertisements.

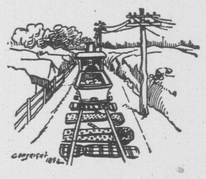
BARNABY ISLAND

# BOOM PRIVILEGE.

The boom privilege in connection with Barnaby Island in the Southwest Miramichi River owned by St. Paul's Church corporation, will be leased for a period of five years from 1st April 1894, at public auction, in front of the Post Office, Chatham, on Tuesday May 1st 1894 at 11 o'clock a. m.

WM WYSE.
Auctioneer.

## Railroad Ties.



Ties play a very important role, however you take them A railroad can't be built without ties and your attire would be conspicuously deficient if it were wanting in the indespensible feature of neckwear

We have just received a very fine line of

NECKTIES

which completes our stock of Gent's Furnishings If you haven't seen our stock you are completely in the fog as to how much you can get in the line of

Clothing, Hats, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Neckties, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Hosiery, Boots & Shoes

FOR THE LEAST MONEY. — EVERYTHING ABSURDLY CHEAP.

W. T. HARRIS,
CHATHAM, N. B.

## New Advertisments.

We Respectfully Invite You

TO CALL AND SEE OUR VERY LARGE STOCK OF MOST ELEGANT

Boots & Shoes

REQUIRED FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

For Style, Easy Fit and Serviceability

you will find it decidedly advantageous to look over our display of

UP-TO-DATE FOOTWEAR.

There's ease and comfort as well as style for every dainty foot our shoes encase and that makes it a case of perfect satisfaction every time. Quality unsurpassed for the price and the prize below the lowest. The experience of all our customers justifies their confidence.

W. T. HARRIS, CHATHAM.

# MILLINERY.

Miss Theresa Kendall, late of Boston, will open a

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT

on May 1st at the store known as Haviland's corner, opposite Masonic Hall, Chatham.

She has a full supply of Millinery goods of latest styles and is prepared to furnish all articles in her line of business in accordance with the latest fashions.

I offer for sale this spring eggs from any of the following breeds at a very reasonable figure, considering the stock

If you want eggs get S C Brown Leghorn
If for table fowl get Dark Brahmas
If a combination of the two get Silver Laced Wyandottes (See cut)
Single Combed Brown Leghorn and Silver Laced Wyandotte eggs $1,00 per 13; Dark Brahma eggs $1,50 per 13
I will also have a few settings of Houdan eggs to spare at $1,00 per 13
1st prize awarded to my Leghorns at the Provincial Exhibition 1893
Call and inspect stock

R. A. SNOWBALL,
Chatham N B.

# ISLAND MESSENGER.

This celebrated stallion is now owned by W P Howard of P E Island and will make the season of 1894 as follows:—Will travel the road from Point du Chene to Richibucto; starting from Richibucto will proceed to Chatham; thence up the south side of Miramichi river and down the north side to Douglastown, and cross to Chatham; thence towards Napan river, to Bay du Vin and Escuminac, and up through the back settlement to Chatham, and thence by train to Richibucto. This route will be travelled during the season, health and weather permitting.

ISLAND MESSENGER was sired by Bush Messenger; he by Imported Messenger, dam Morgan Messenger, her dam by old Flying Frenchman, one of the best old time racers.

ISLAND MESSENGER is 8 years old, standing 17½ hands high and weighs 1350 lbs., and is a handsome golden chestnut in color, with a large wavey mane and tail; he has an elegant set of limbs and feet, is well muscled strong and smooth. His temperment is all that can be desired in a horse. He is honest, kind and intelligent, but possessing much life and ambition. He has very stylish head, neck and shoulders, with good lines, back ribs and quarters, in all showing as fine a carriage stallion as can be found on P E Island. In 1893 he took first prize at Alberton exhibition, and also first prize at Summerside exhibition, and also took a diploma out of Summerside exhibition, proving himself the best carriage stallion on P E Island.

ISLAND MESSENGER has been in the stud service for a few years and left to his credit some of the best class of carriage horses to be found in the province. Though never handled for speed he is a very fast horse and shows a natural trotting gait. He can now strike a 2.40 clip with much ease and possesses great staying qualities.

TERMS: $5 single service; $10 for the season, to be paid through the season.

WILLIAM P. HOWARD,
Owner in Charge.

# LAND FOR SALE.