

of the Southern Island. At Hokinga the soil is so poor as scarcely to grow anything.

In Cooks' strait there is a small island of good pasturage, on which not many years ago a couple of cattle had been placed, which have since increased to a large herd in excellent condition. They are never molested.

At Lisbon there have been large importations of wheat lately; the amount of the import duties on which, are to be applied by the Government for the relief of the native growers.

Some boats usually employed in fishing at Ballinskelligs captured 63 grampusses in one day. The profit which such a take must afford the persons engaged in this (in Kerry) novel sport must be considerable. A vast number of porpoises have also been observed in Tralee Harbour, opposite the Spa, within the last eight or ten days.—*Tralee Mercury*.

Government, we understand, have agreed to grant to Mr. Brunel, a sum of £250,000 bearing an interest of three and a half per cent., for the completion of the Thames Tunnel.—*Morn. Herald*.

The emoluments of the Governor of Sierra Leone are estimated at £2,500 per annum.—The late ill-fated Governor (Octavius Temple, Esq.), had only received three-quarters salary when he fell a victim to the pestilential climate. The gallant officer who has accepted the inauspicious appointment (Major Dundas Campbell) has been taken from the Half-pay Unattached List of 1825.

The King of Wurtemberg, following the example of the Grand Duke of Baden, has issued an order prohibiting the artisans within his States from residing in Berne so long as Trades' Unions are suffered to exist there.

A correspondent, who for many years has been residing on his own estate in this country, writes thus:—"I have just returned from a two months' tour in Ireland. To see real misery and wretchedness, one must go to Ireland. I can only say that all the accounts which I had read, and even the reports which I had heard, fell far short of the shocking reality which I have there witnessed.—*Herald*."

The *Wester Mercury*, a journal printed at Hamilton, contains an address from the ministers of the Wesleyan Methodist church in Canada to Sir J. Colborne, expressing "their firm and devoted attachment to the crown of Great Britain," and disclaiming with strong feelings of indignation the recent avowal of revolutionary principles and purposes.

In parts of Kent, as well as in many other places, both the inhabitants and cattle have lately suffered much from want of water; the ponds and rivulets being all dried up, and the springs so low that many of the wells are in the same predicament.

The *Venice Gazette* announces that the Ottoman Porte has declared officially to the Intermuncio, that it has raised the blockade of Samos, the authority of the Sultan having been re-established without bloodshed, and consequently that friendly nations may renew their commercial intercourse with the Island.

M. Bichat, editor of the *Tribune*, was condemned on Tuesday in default of appearance by the Court of Assizes to a year's imprisonment and 10,000fr fine, for a libel upon the King contained in an article which was published in that Journal in September last.

THE STAR.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1835.



THE London GAZETTE announcing the melancholy intelligence of the decease of His Royal Highness the DUKE OF GLOUCESTER, and containing an Order for a GENERAL MOURNING, His Excellency the Governor hopes that the Inhabitants of this Colony will also put themselves into decent Mourning for His Royal Highness for Fourteen Days, commencing on the 11th Instant. Secretary's Office, 5th Jan., 1835.

WE shall be at our post, and do our duty, notwithstanding anything that may be asserted to the contrary by THE INVIDIOUS, MALIGNANT M—an of D—ceitfulness.

We observe by the Harbour Grace "*Mercury*" of the 9th instant, that a paper had been received by the LOUISA & FREDERICK, dated the 12th December being four days later than those from which we had made our extracts.

With respect to the new Ministry, it does not appear that Sir ROBERT PEEL had arrived in London; neither does it appear that anything definite had been agreed upon as to the persons who were to form the Cabinet. [The *Morning Herald* of the 12th instant, states, merely "that the Duke of WELLINGTON was last week acquainted with the fact, of Sir ROBERT PEEL's willingness to form an Administration;" and says—"It will doubtless be asked, would we have the Right Honourable Baronet sacrifice all character, and act with men with whom he has differed on a thousand questions during the last 20 years? To this we would merely reply, that nearly all the great questions which divided public men into so many parties, have been settled. Time and present circumstances, have totally changed the position of others. And how often were we told, that on the carrying of the Catholic question, the country was to reap the benefit of being able to combine in her Councils the talent of the most able men of the day? how often was the assurance repeated as an argument in favour of speedily carrying the Reform Bill? How these prognostications have been falsified, we need not stop to point out. Party is still the curse of the country, and is truly termed, 'the madness of many for the gain of a few.'" We respond to these opinions expressed by the editor of the *Morning Herald*. Party is indeed not only the curse of that country, but of ours. But by what name we should designate the different parties that are opposed to each other, either in England or this country, remains yet to be decided. We think that the spirit of "Whig" and "Tory," is gone by. Conservative and Radical will now more closely ally, not to political parties; parties are no longer political, and when they shall have pressed their different interests so closely into contact, that either one or the other must give way, or decide their differences by mortal combat, then will it be seen that the bone of contention, is not a political bone, that has been too closely picked, to be worth contention, and that the bone these parties are contending for, is one that would have grieved (*grieved*) the "fleshpots of Egypt." Concessions indeed! where are they to stop? The Catholic emancipation is to become a thing of nought, unless it be followed up by a Repeal of the Union. Was the Reform of the House of Commons, only intended to bring about a separation of the Protestant Religion from the State; destroy hereditary nobility; and call the King a President? or, if he should happen to assert his Kingly office, and repel attacks upon his crown, call him a "Dictator?" These things, indeed indicate "the madness of many for the gain of a few." Intelligence and wealth will govern mankind, these will for some time to come, be confined to the "few," and the madness of the "many," will but tend to concentrate the mighty energy of the "few," and the gains to the "few" will be many. We can witness in the present day, the madness of many for the gain of ONE. What has he done for them? nothing. Are they happier or more prosperous than they were before he was born? is it for them he is now labouring? We answer, no. "Nearly all the great questions which divided public men into so many parties, have been settled." They have: and Sir ROBERT PEEL, may now go into the Cabinet, with any other man, or any other man may go into the Cabinet with Sir ROBERT PEEL, provided they both of them, see the necessity of preserving the British Constitution unimpaired in its fundamental principles, constituted as it is with King, Lords, and Commons.

The term liberty is now become a watchword with the licentious, and a cloak for the bigoted. The enemy with which they have both to contend, is the sound, rational, orderly intelligence of the age.

The spirit of the age has been widely diffused amongst the "many," and the effect of it upon them, has been aptly termed madness. To curb this spirit, and bend it to the standard of common sense, and mould and fit it for contributing to the happiness of mankind, will be the work of a few; these, with a chaste, determined, and vigorous Press, will be sufficient for the purpose and equal to the contest; and under such a free and beautiful system of Government as that of the British, will support the laws, produce order, terrify the factious, and reward the orderly and exemplary.

Sir ROBERT PEEL is it seems, really at the head of the Administration; and O'Connell is to be at the head of the Reformers, to the utter surprise of his friends, the Repealers.

The Editors of the Conception Bay newspapers, must feel themselves under the most mighty obligations to the Bay-man who sent the latest English dates received by the LOUISA & FREDERICK, to the Saint John's Editors. We shall not, however, repine, seeing, that the columns of the "*Times*," received the preference. The Native Neutral "*Newfoundlander*," also found that the selections we had marked thus, + in the *Liverpool Albion* of the 8th December, were very serviceable in filling up his columns, and saved him no doubt, a world of rumination.

A correspondent at Harbour Grace, upon whom we can rely, informs us that the late English papers received in that neighbourhood, contain the intelligence of Sir Robert Peel's return from Italy, and of his appointment to the high and responsible office of First Lord of the Treasury, in the room of the Duke of Wellington, who, it appears, only held that appointment provisionally.—The Duke takes office as Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and Lord Lyndhurst as Lord Chancellor. Messages had been despatched into the country, for Lord Stanley, Sir James Graham, &c., and all was anxiety as to the further appointments to the vacancies in the new administration.—*Public Ledger*, January 9.

WE have authority for stating, that his Excellency the Governor will proceed to the Court-House at two o'clock on Thursday for the purpose of opening the annual Session of the Legislature, when the same ceremonies will be observed as have been usual on such occasions. The Council-Room is undergoing several alterations, but not such as will tend to afford greater accommodation of the public than heretofore. This inconvenience must we fear, continue to exist until the improved condition of the Colony, as regards its finances, will admit of the Legislature making provision for the erection of a suitable building for the transaction of the public business.

We learn, however, that accommodation will be found for such a number of ladies as the limited space inside the Bar of the House will admit of.—*Ibid*.

The Yacht *Maria*, Captain David Buchan—having on board Sir Thomas Cochrane, and family and Captain Buchan, R.N. High Sheriff—arrived hence at Portsmouth on the 29th November.—*Newfoundlander*, January 8.

The average temperature of last month, was 25.25. The highest observed point was 47 on the morning of the 15th. The lowest 12 below zero, on the morning of the 30th.

DIED.—At Clown's Cove, on Wednesday last, Mrs Moors, aged 90 years an old and respected inhabitant of that place.

At St John's on Tuesday the 6th inst., after a lingering illness, which was borne with Christian fortitude and patience, in the 75 year of his age, nearly 50 of which were spent in this country, Mr George Vey.

Shipping Intelligence.

ST. JOHN'S.

CLEARED.

- January 2.—Schr. Nelson Packet, Noseworthy, Oporto, fish.
- Brig Dianna, Fergusson, Spain or Portugal, fish.
- Piscator, Petherbridge, Oporto, fish.
- Dido, Biller, London, oil, dregs, tobacco, rum.
- 3.—Antelope, Griffith, Waterford, fish and oil.
- Funchal, Picken, Barbadoes, fish, salmon, sounds.
- 5.—Abeona, Hawson, Cork, fish, herrings, oil.
- 6.—Charles, Hart, Oporto, fish.
- Mary Anne, Tucker, Lisbon, fish.
- Frances, Collihole, Liverpool, oil fish, skins and sundries.
- Maria, Meagher, Cork, fish, cow hides.

Notice.

SOME evil disposed Persons having industriously circulated a report of my having an intention of LEAVING Carbonear; I have to state to my Friends and the Public, that such report, is invidious, malicious, and unfounded.

T. NEWELL.

Carbonear, Jan. 14, 1835.

For Sale by Auction

On SATURDAY the 17th Instant, AT NOON,

WILL BE OFFERED FOR SALE,

AT THE WHARF OF

Robinson, Brooking, Garland & Co.

THE FINE SCHOONER

SOPHIA,

Of the Burthen of 136 44-94 Tons.

Built in the most substantial manner, and of the best materials, at Murray's Harbour, Prince Edward's Island, in 1833; sails well, will carry a large Cargo for her Tonnage, and is a desirable Vessel for the general purposes of this trade.

For further particulars, apply as above.

St. John's, Jan. 5, 1835.

Notices

HARBOUR GRACE, Northern District of Newfoundland.

THOMAS DANSON, JOHN BUCKINGHAM, and WILLIAM STERLING, Esquires, Justices of our Sovereign Lord the King, assigned to keep the Peace in the said District, and also to hear and determine divers Felonies, Trespasses, and other Misdemeanors, committed in the said District, and all of us of the quorum.

To the Sheriff of Newfoundland Greeting.

On the behalf of our said Sovereign Lord the King, We command you that you omit not, by reason of any liberty within your District, but that you enter therein, and that you cause to come before us, or others, Justices assigned to keep the Peace, in the said District, and also to hear and determine divers Felonies, Trespasses, and other Misdemeanors committed in the said District, on THURSDAY the Fifteenth Day of JANUARY, now next ensuing, at the hour of Eleven in the forenoon, of the same Day, at HARBOUR GRACE, in the said District, Twenty-four good and lawful Men of the body of the District aforesaid, then and there to enquire, present, do, and perform, all and singular such things which, on the behalf of our said Sovereign Lord the King, shall be enjoined them; also, that you may make known to all Bailiffs, Stewards, Constables, Keepers of Goals, and all other Officers, within the said District, that they be then there to do and fulfil those things which by reason of their Offices shall be to be done; moreover, that you cause to be proclaimed through the District, in proper places, the aforesaid Sessions of the Peace, to be held at the Day and Place aforesaid; and do you be then there, to do and execute those things which belong to your Office; and have you then there as well the names of the Jurors, Bailiffs, Stewards, Constables, Keepers of Goals, and all other Officers aforesaid, as also this precept.

Given under our Hands and Seals, at Harbour Grace, in the District aforesaid, the Twenty-fourth day of December, in the Fifth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty Four.

THOMAS DANSON, J. P.  
J. BUCKINGHAM, J. P.  
W. STIRLING, J. P.

KELLYGREWS PACKET.

JAMES HODGE OF KELLYGREWS,

BEGS most respectfully to inform his Friends and the Public, that he has a most safe and commodious Four-sail BOAT, capable of conveying a number of PASSENGERS, and which he intends running the Winter, as long as the weather will permit, between KELLYGREWS, and BRIGUS and PORT-DE-GRAVE.—The owner of the PACKET will call every TUESDAY morning at Messrs. BLUNNET, MORGAN & Co's, for Letters and Packages, and then proceed across the Bay, as soon as wind and weather will allow; and in case of there being no possibility of proceeding by water, the Letters will be forwarded by land by a careful person, and the utmost punctuality observed. JAMES HODGE begs to state, also, he has good and comfortable LODGINGS, and every necessary that may be wanted, and on the most reasonable terms.

Terms of Passage.

One Person, or Four, to pay Twenty Shillings Passage, and above that number Five Shillings each.

Not accountable for Cash, or any other valuable Property put on board.

Letters will be received at Bennett, Morgan & Co's. at St John's. January 14, 1835.