influitely more henetleinl to mankind than the former." P. iii.

Our (Roman Catholic) authority proceeds:

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"The importance of the discovery of John Calaot, and its continuation by his son, Sebastian, can hardly be overestimated. It is nothing derogatory to the glory of Christopher Columbus, who must ever he honored as the greatest of discoverers, to say that John Calaot proceeded him in the attempt at trans-Athatic discovery, and although San Salvador was discovered nearly two years before the English possessions were, Cabot would have succeeded had Columbus never lived."

"Nor does it amount to anything to say that the discovery to the north would have been the inevi-

"Nor does it amount to anything to say that the discovery to the north would have been the inevitable result of European acquaintance with the West Indies; for it is equally true that the discovery of these and all south would have followed the discovery of 'Newfoundland.' Cubot had been for years looking for land to the West, led by a course of reasoning similar to that which influenced Columbus, and had Columbus never lived would have been Columbus Columbus and had Columbus never lived would have been Columbus. lumbus."

This, it will be remembered, is the language of a Roman Catholic authority.

"Celumbus and Cahot looked for a land of gold and spices. Columbus found the lands rich in precious metals, and the result there has been four centuries of cruelty, slavery, and oppression, of despotiem and marchy. Cabot found a land whose only wealth was in the codish that swarmed on its consta but that land became the cradle of liberty and jusbut that land became the cradic of interty and jus-tice, of resistance to tyranny and oppression, the refuge of the enslaved and down-trodden of every clime. The world, humanity, is better, nobler, hap-pier, for the discovery made by Cabot; but has any benefit to mankind resulted from the lands south of ns?" P. iv.

"It is further claimed for Sebastian Cabot that to

him is due the commercial greatness of England, and if so, of course, also that of the United States." Pp.

v, vi.

"It was under the impulse of these examples† and appeals that in 1480 the citizens of Bristol [England]

[†]The Norsemen.