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Landslide Liberal Victory: The Liberal Government of Prime Minister Louis S. St. Laurent was returned to office yesterday, June 27, in what the Canadian Press report of this morning describes as "an unprecedented Atlantic-to-Pacific election sweep which all but eliminated the C.C.F. as a national party and shattered a Progressive Conservative bid for power." The Canadian Press this morning gave the final party standing, by provinces, on yesterday's voting together with the standing at dissolution,

as follows :-

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1997 - Song States (1998) 1997 - States (1998) 1997 - States (1998)	Social Credit Ind	•• 10 •• 14
	Ind. L Others	
•	TOTAL	262
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Standing At Dissolution

Liberals	125	
Progressive Conservatives	69	
CCF	32	
Social Credit		
Others	6	

The margin of Liberal victory exceeded the most optimistic forecasts of any of its leaders and supporters, and pro-Liberal sentiment was not confined to any one province or region. From earliest Newfoundland returns until the time differences across the country finally yielded the Pacific Coast returns, it was the same story: an overwhelming swing to Government candidates.

Newfoundland and the other Maritime Provinces reported Liberal victories in about the proportion forecast for this region, but earliest Quebec returns, quickly following, heralded the ultimate, surprising Quebec Province result of 68 Liberals, 2 Progressive Conservatives and three Independents.

Manitoba voted in 12 Liberals, one Progressive Conservative and three C.C.F. members, and then Saskatchewan followed with one of the highlights of election surprises: 15 Liberals elected, one Progressive Conservative and only four C.C.F. members, whereas Saskatchewan had sent 18 C.C.F. members to the last Parliament. British Columbia, where the two main' opposition parties had considerable hopes, voted in 11 Liberals, three Progressive Conservatives and three C.C.F. members. Yukon's one seat went Liberal.